

EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbeds and Workshops for MTG User Preparation



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The EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed 2022

Testing of novel MTG products (FCI, LI and IRS)

combined with intense real-time training of forecasters

- In the year 2022: 3 weeks with forecaster testbeds at the ESSL Research and Training Centre in Wiener Neustadt, Austria
- 45 participants from 18 different countries:
BG, HR, FI, DE, HU, PL, PT, RO, SK,
UK, IT, AT, GR, EE, LT, ES, CZ, DK



Group photo of
the first
EUMETSAT-ESSL
Testbed week in
June 2022



The EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed 2022

In plenary

- Testbed introduction
- Expert talks
- Discussion on product evaluations
- Daily weather briefing
- Daily verification session

In small breakout groups

- Daily forecasting
- Daily nowcasting
- Realistic time pressure
- Full range of data sources
- Evaluation of forecast and nowcast supporting tools

The EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed 2022

In plenary



In small breakout groups



The EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed 2022

Updates on the MTG status presented to the forecasters

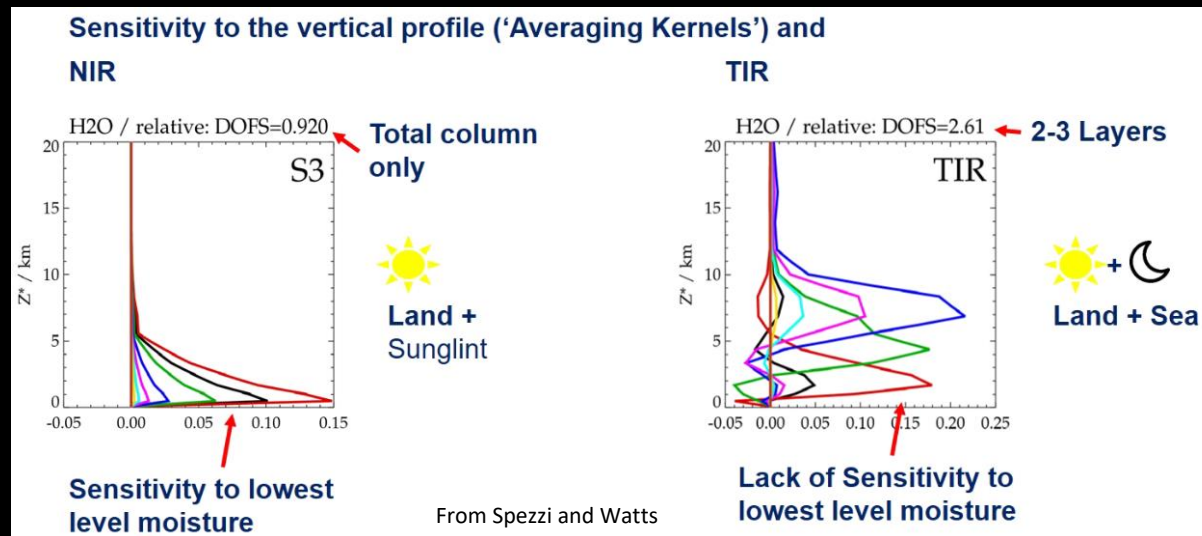


The EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed 2022

In the focus last year

Experimental proxy product for MTG

- Low level moisture



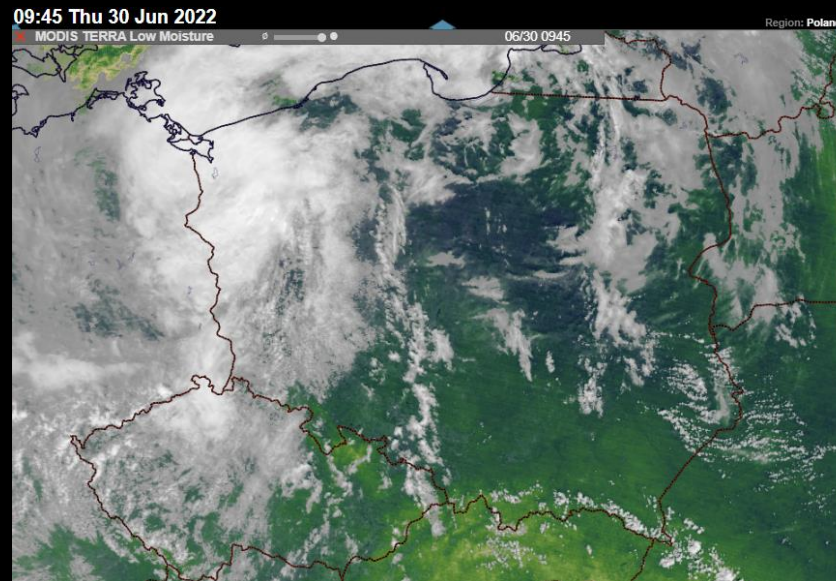
Retrievals of moisture using Near Infra Red (NIR) and visible (VIS) channels near 0.91 μm and 0.86 μm (proxy, but soon FCI data).

The EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed 2022

In the focus last year

Experimental proxy product for MTG

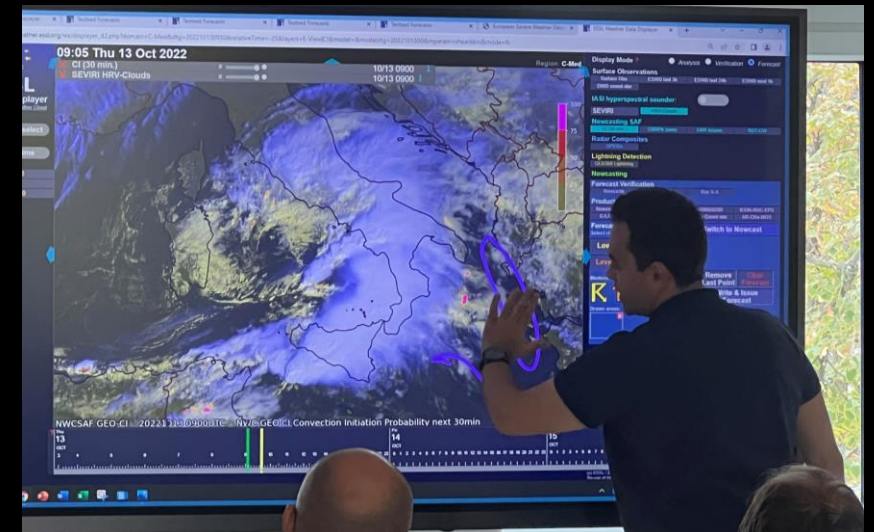
- Low level moisture



Retrievals of moisture using Near Infra Red (NIR) and visible (VIS) channels useful for forecasters in operational forecasting practice.

NWC SAF products

- Convective Initiation
- Rapidly developing thunderstorms
- Convective rain rate

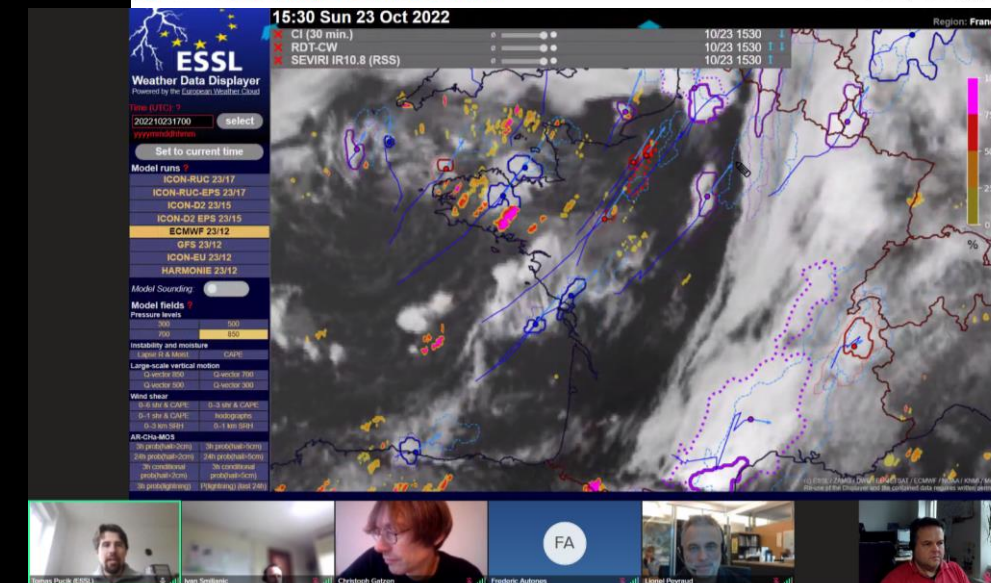
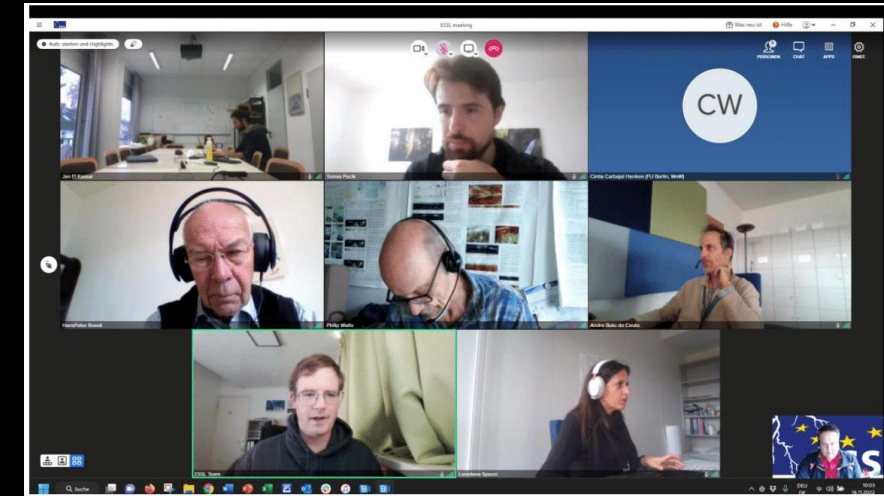


Expert Workshops

4 workshops in hybrid mode in 2022

Contents:

1. Low level moisture
2. Convective initiation and mature storms
3. Low level moisture with
Testbed feedback taken into account
4. NWC SAF products including
Testbed feedback, active
forecaster participation

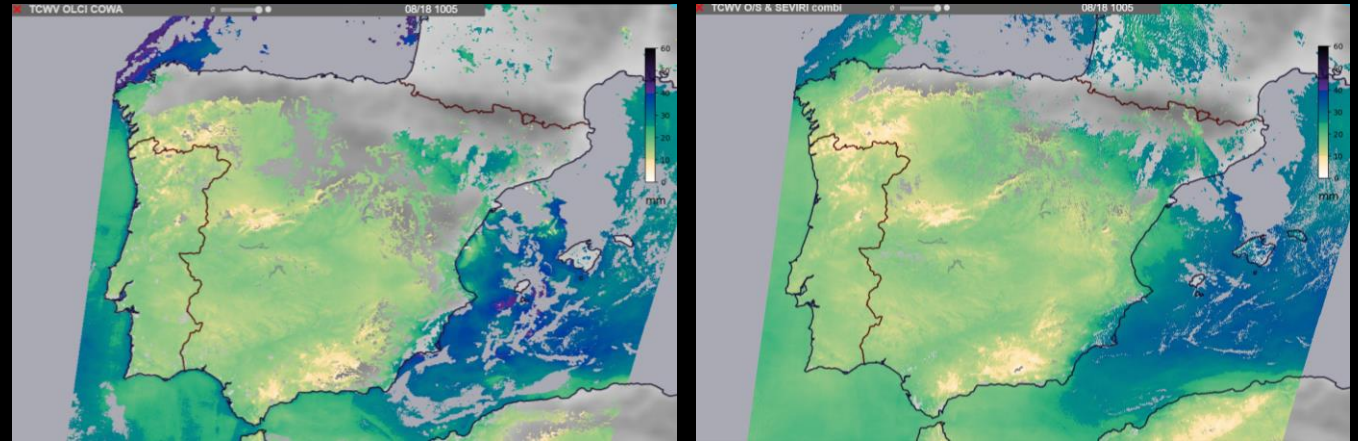


Expert Workshops

Low level moisture

MTG proxy data

Case of 18 August 2022



Comparison between OLCI COWA (left) and OLCI SLSTR (right)

OLCI SLSTR provided a smoother picture of low-level moisture distribution over the sea, more data coverage
- i.e. less masking from clouds, and smoother transition between land and sea than COWA method.

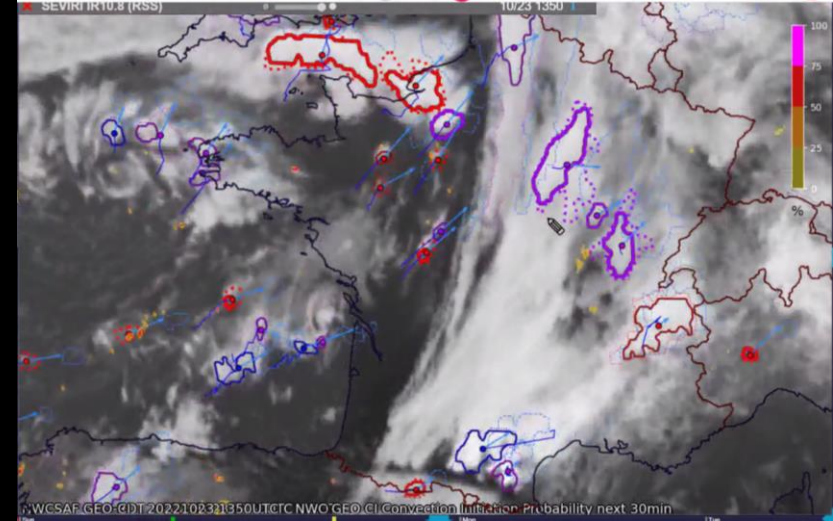
Forecaster assessment:

- substantial nowcasting potential seen in such a product from MTG
- both as stand-alone product (loop!) and comparison with model values

Expert Workshops

NWC SAF products

- ❑ Discussion on added value for manual nowcasting
- ❑ Important to assume realistic user needs during warning operations
- ❑ Low forecaster usability of some NWC SAF products under such assumptions



Forecaster see biggest future potential in the following aspects of NWC SAF products:

Convective Rain Rate product

- for rough estimate of accumulated convective precipitation (daytime)
- for identification of active cells and cell tracking

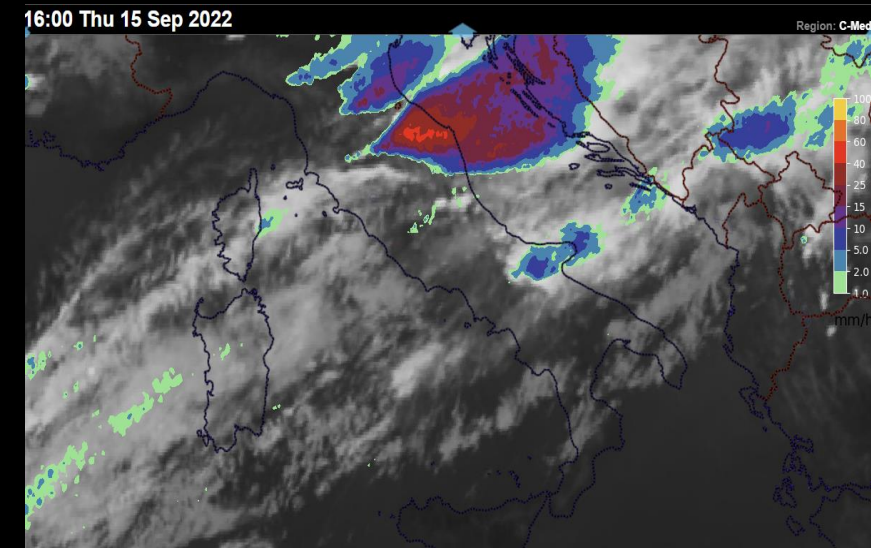
Convective Initiation product

- during daytime (high FAR during dusk, dawn, and nighttime)

RDT-CW product ... led to proposal on future

„forecaster friendly RDAT product“

- Storm top texture identification (overshooting tops, AACP, ...)
- Minimum temperature trends
- Lightning trends (new possibilities with LI!)



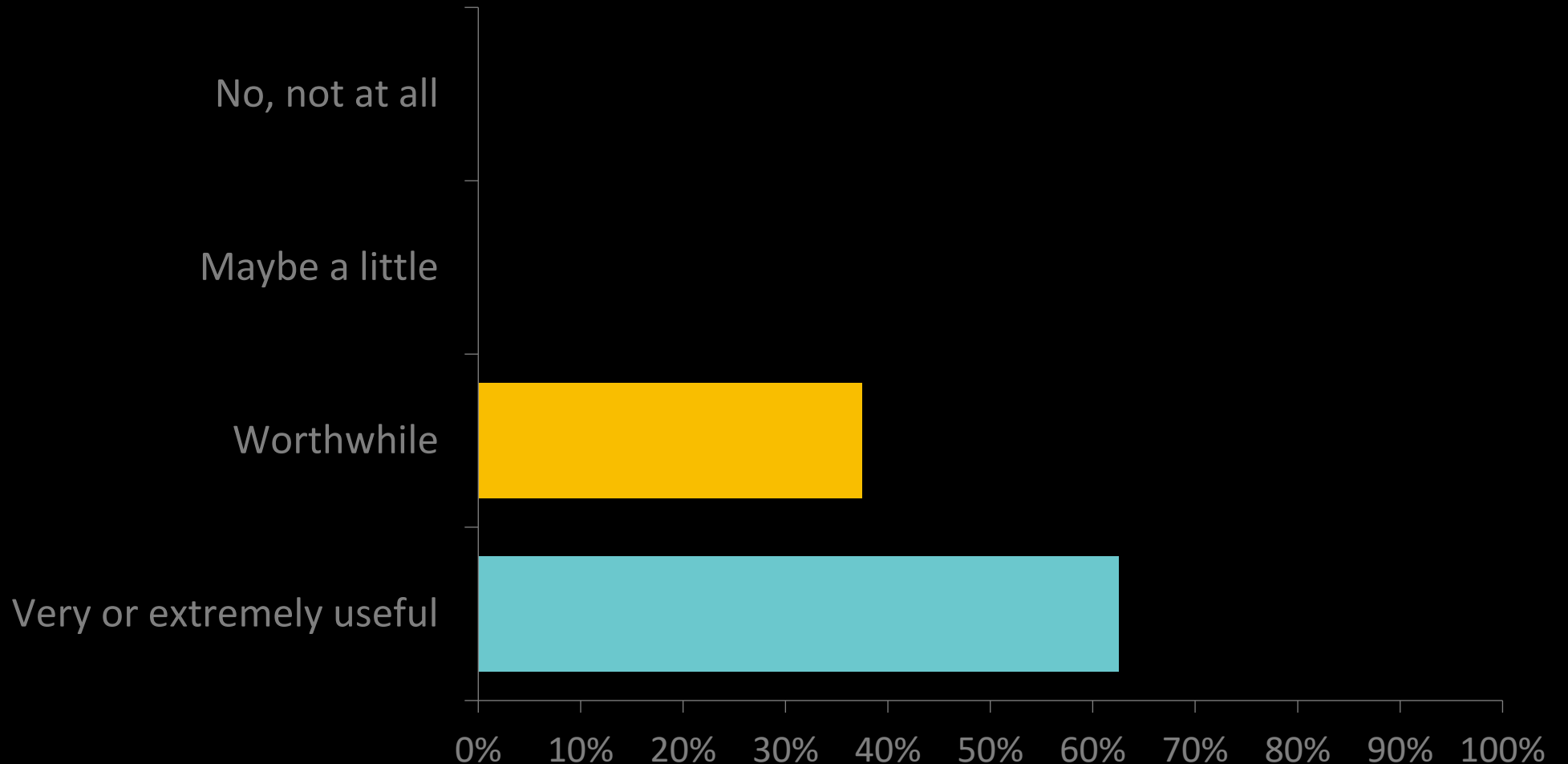
CRRPh 1 h precipitation accumulation on 15 September 2022 from 15:00 to 16:00 as displayed in the testbed displayer of the EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed 2022 (deadly flooding in Italy)

EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed 2022 Workaday Feedback

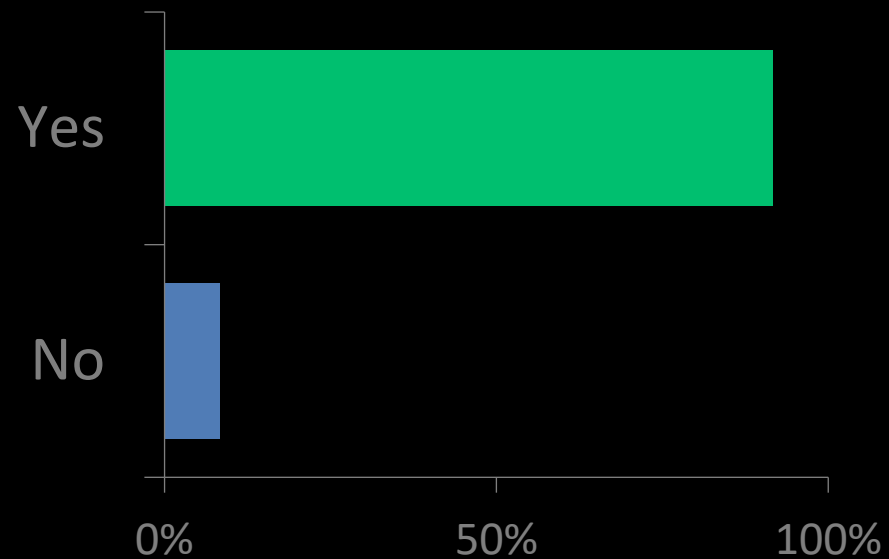
- High return rate: more than 50 % of testbed participants (24 out of 45)
- Online survey 6 to 9 months after the testbed, i.e. in real workaday situation - long time after the event
- In addition, qualitative online interviews

Is there a lasting positive effect resulting from the testbeds?

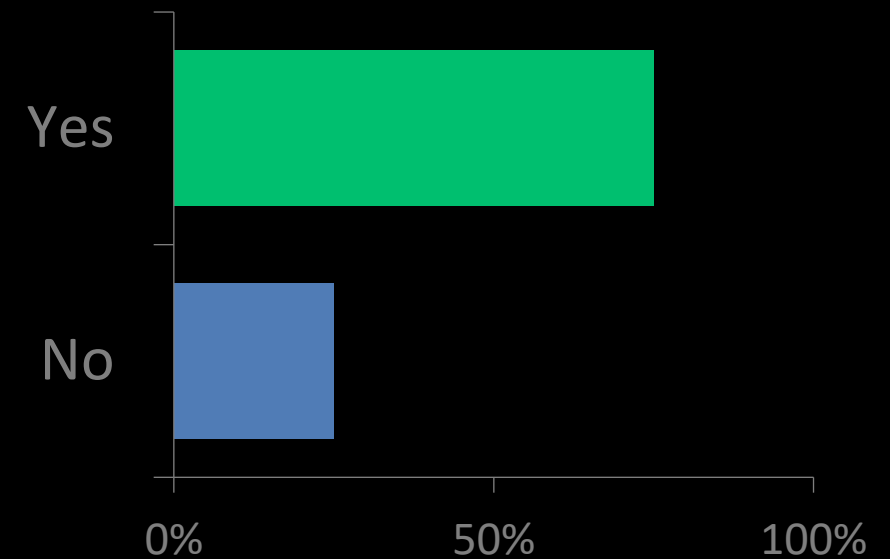
Q1: Looking back some months after your testbed participation, do you feel this has been a useful activity and experience?



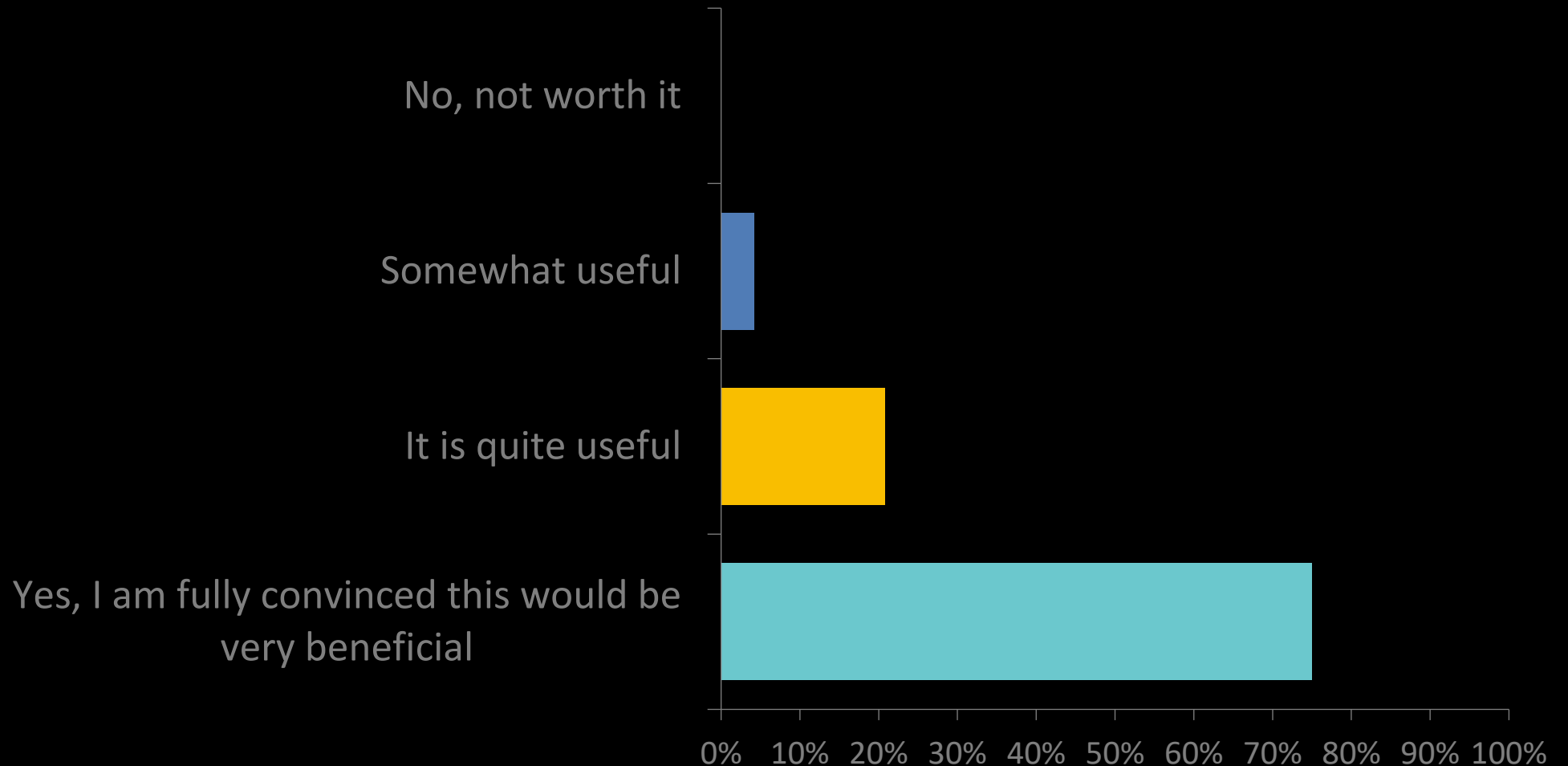
Q2: Did the storm forecasting, as it is done in the EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed, change the way you do this in your everyday work?



Q3: Did the knowledge you gained at the testbed help you in a real forecast situation of the past months?



Q6: Would you suggest colleagues to come to the EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed and learn more about the newly available satellite products?

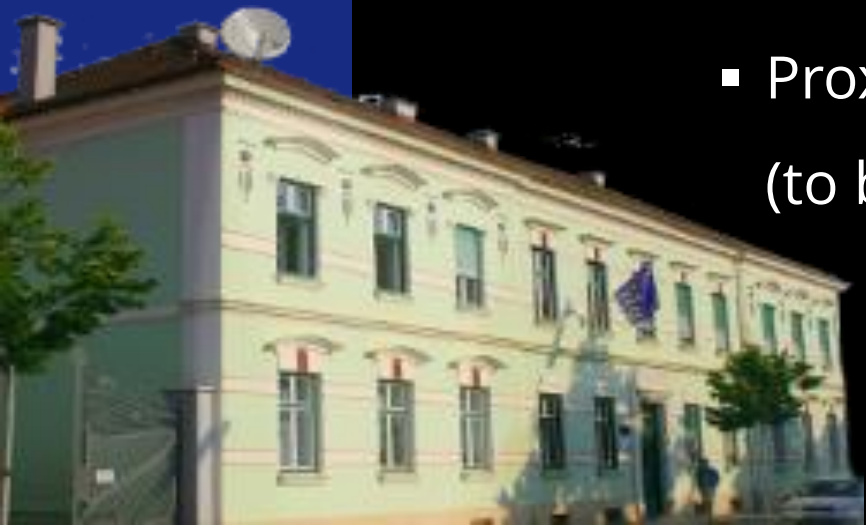




European
Severe Storms
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Outlook to the EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbed 2023

- Fully booked already.
4 weeks of forecaster testbeds (+1 compared to 2022)
- 2 weeks in autumn to best cover the activity over the Mediterranean region.
- Completing preparations for shift from proxy data to real MTG data, including the LI.
- Proxy data visualized for hyperspectral infra red sounder (to be launched in 2024).





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