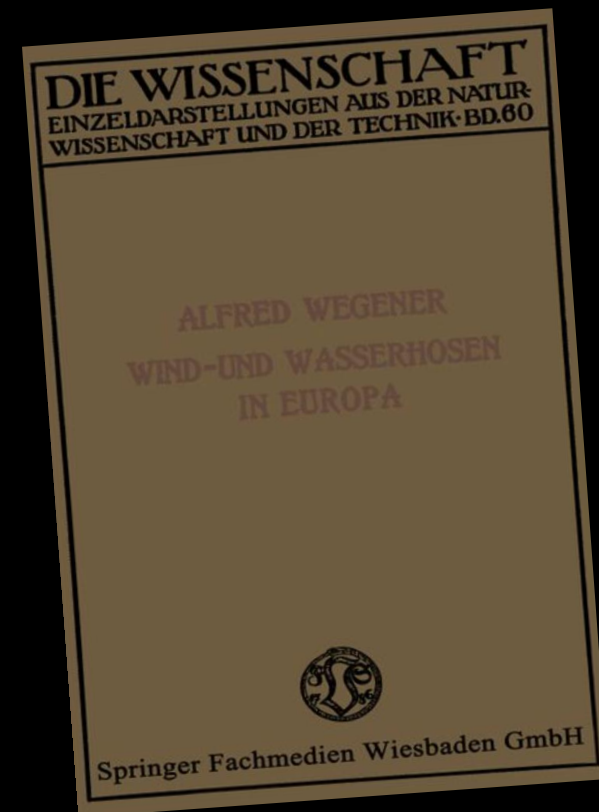


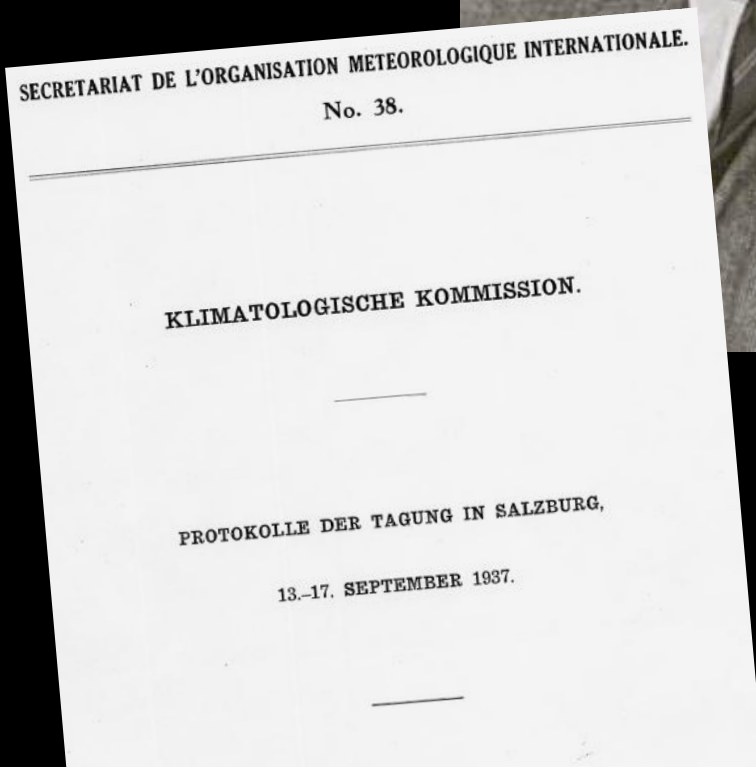
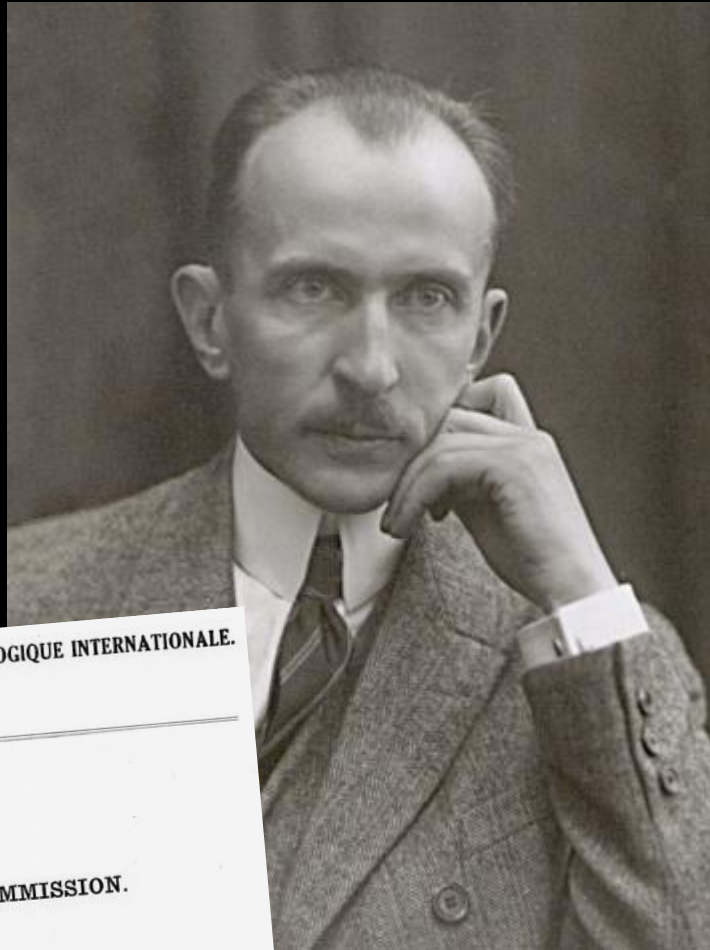
1917

First collection of tornadoes from
all over Europe



1937

- Organisation Météorologique Internationale (WMO predecessor): First international guidelines for tornado damage assessment
- First tornado collection point initiated by Johannes Letzmann at the University of Tartu, Estonia



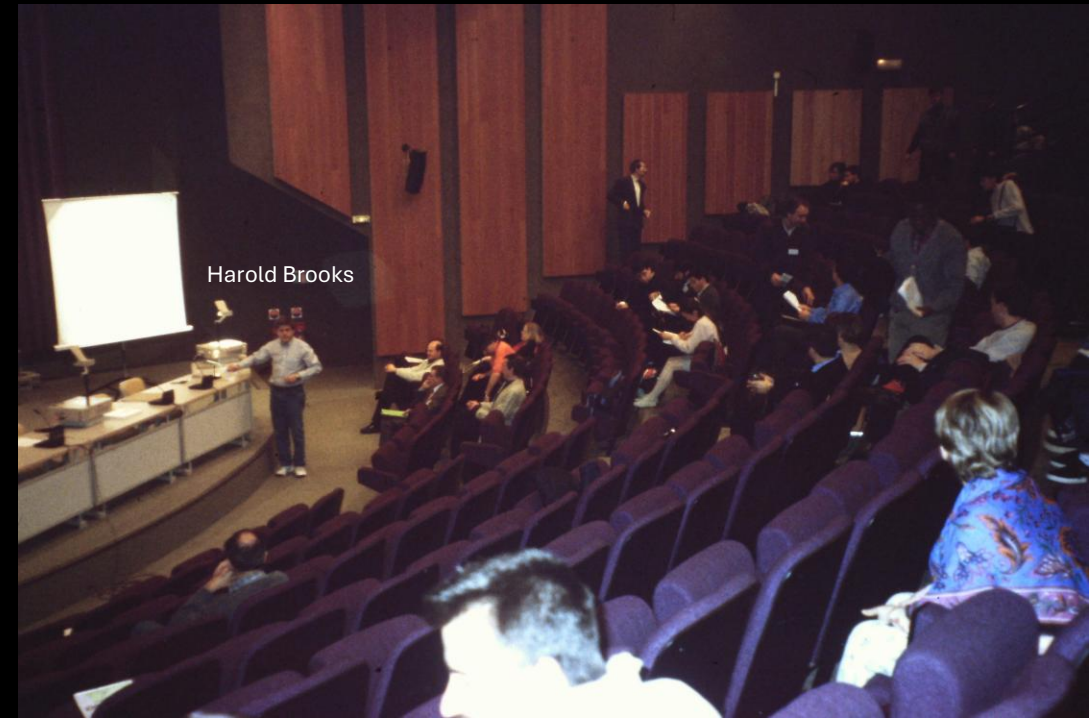


2000

First ECSS
(European Conference on Tornadoes and Severe Storms)
at MeteoFrance HQ in Toulouse

Main initiator: Jean Dessens
Heino Tooming Lifetime Achievement Awardee 2019

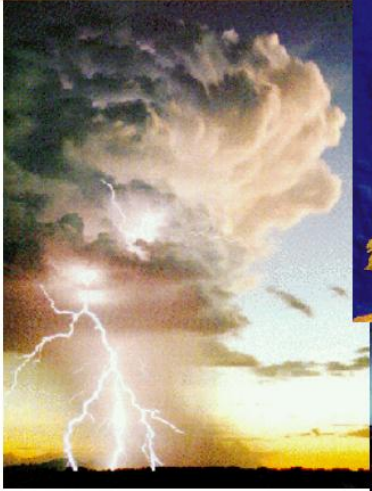
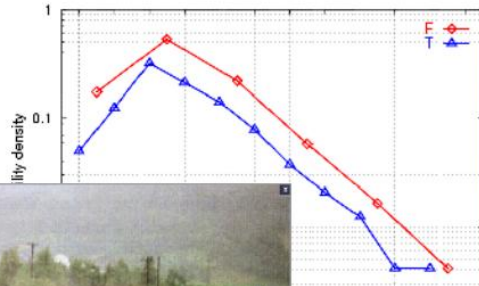
Vision of ESSL first presented by Nikolai Dotzek
at this conference



Pilot study for a European Severe Storms Laboratory

ESSL

Dr. Nikolai Dotzek,
DLR-Institut für Physik der Atmosphäre,
Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt,
Oberpfaffenhofen,
D-82234 Wessling, Germany



2002

Vision of ESSL formulated in a pilot study by Nikolai Dotzek, while visiting the NSSL in Norman, Oklahoma



2004

Third ECSS conference in León:

Version 1.00 of the European Severe Weather Database adopted by the ESWD data format committee, chaired by Pieter Groenemeijer.

First version of ESWD hosted on the website of the European Storm Forecast Experiment (ESTOFEX):

Severe Weather Reports

Internet Archive Wayback Machine snapshot of 24 Sep 2004

This application is in a test phase and may contain errors.

red: tornadoes yellow: wind gusts green triangles: hail blue circles: heavy rain white: funnel clouds pink: gustnadoes orange: dust-, sand- or water devils

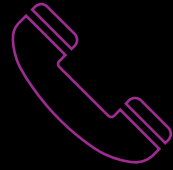
shown: All reports of dust, sand- or steam devils, funnel clouds, gustnadoes, large hail, heavy rain, tornadoes, severe wind gusts in all countries, occurring between 15 10 2004 6:00 GMT/UTC and 23 10 2004 6:00 GMT/UTC (reports of the last 7 days)

wind gust Biscarosse, Landes FR 44.40 N, 1.17 W Friday 15 10 2004 13:00 (+/- 1 hr.)	based on: a report by a weather service. The event occurred over flat terrain. The event occurred over land. windspeed: 26 m/s the event was of a convective nature 10 minute average wind: 15 m/s Information from 13 UTC synop. Radar and SFLOCS indicated that the windgust was associated with a thunderstorm. Also windmeasurements of the hours before and after the event indicated that the gust was not due to a synoptic scale storm, but purely of convective nature. This report has not been verified. contact: M. van der Haven (KNMI), severeweather@ilse.nl
hail Landsberg am Lech , 30 km S of Augsburg, Valentin-Kindlin-Strasse 10, 86899 DE 48.05 N, 10.87 E Friday 15 10 2004 16:50 (+/- 1 min.)	based on: a report on a web-page, an eye-witness report. The event occurred over flat terrain. The event took initially place in a town or city. The event occurred in a rural area (crops, grassland, both or unknown), over grassland or pastures, in a town or city. maximum hail diameter: 2.0 cm average hail diameter: 1.0 cm local duration of event: 10 mins Supercell storm. This report has not been verified. contact: peter duschi, unwetterzentrale.de, gatzten@estofex.org
hail Mindeltheim , 60 km W of Munich, 87719 DE 48.05 N, 10.48 E Friday 15 10 2004 16:15 (+/- 1 min.)	based on: a report on a web-page, an eye-witness report. The event occurred over flat terrain. The event took initially place in a town or city. The event occurred in a rural area (crops, grassland, both or unknown), over grassland or pastures, in a town or city. maximum hail diameter: 2.0 cm average hail diameter: 1.0 cm local duration of event: 15 mins Supercell storm moved ENE-ward over Bavaria. This report has not been verified. contact: Hans-Peter Schneider; unwetterzentrale.de, gatzten@estofex.org

Important ESWD predecessors:

- UIB
(Gayà, Romero, Homar, Llasat)
- Tornado database at ARPA FVG
(Giaiotti, Giovannoni, Pucillo, Stel)
- TorDACH
(Dotzek, Schmid, Holzer)

Founding assembly



for the non-profit research association ESSL
on invitation by Nikolai Dotzek,
chaired by Alois M. Holzer on 28 September 2006

Other ESSL founding members:

Bernold Feuerstein, Pieter Groenemeijer,
Dario Giajotti, Maria-Carmen Llasat, Romualdo
Romero, Martin Setvák, Fulvio Stel and
Jenni Rauhala (née Teittinen).

First institutional member in 2007:



2006-2007



First ESSL Executive Board in 2007
Photo in front of DLR main gate in Wessling



European Severe Storms Laboratory

Advance meteorology and related sciences in the field of research on severe convective storms and extreme weather events on a European level

Operate and extend the European
Severe Weather Database, ESWD

Organise the European Conferences on
Severe Storms, ECSS

Strong ties with members



30 institutional
full members

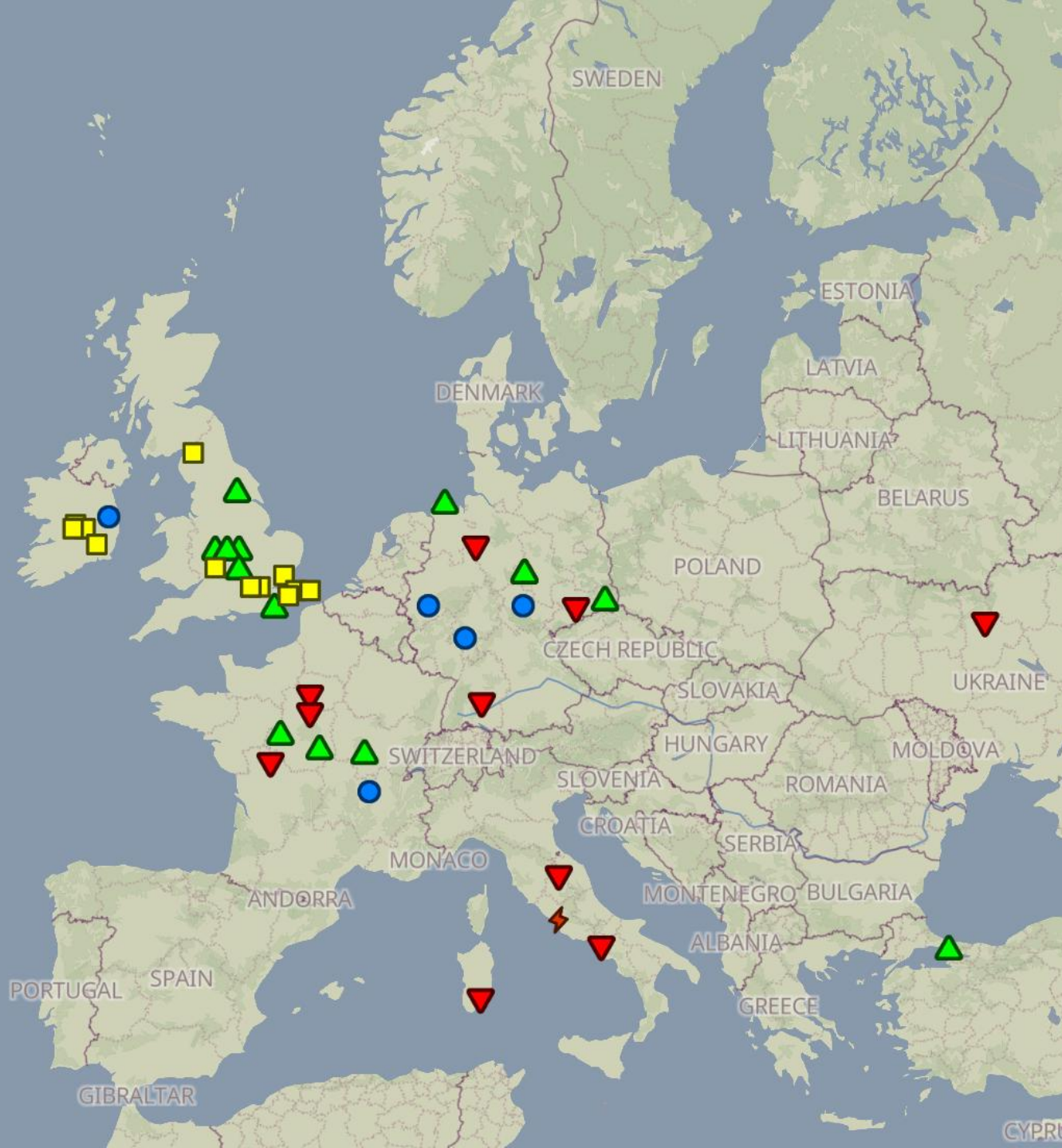
39 institutional
supporting members

40 personal members

ESWD

*starting point of
research within and
outside of ESSL*

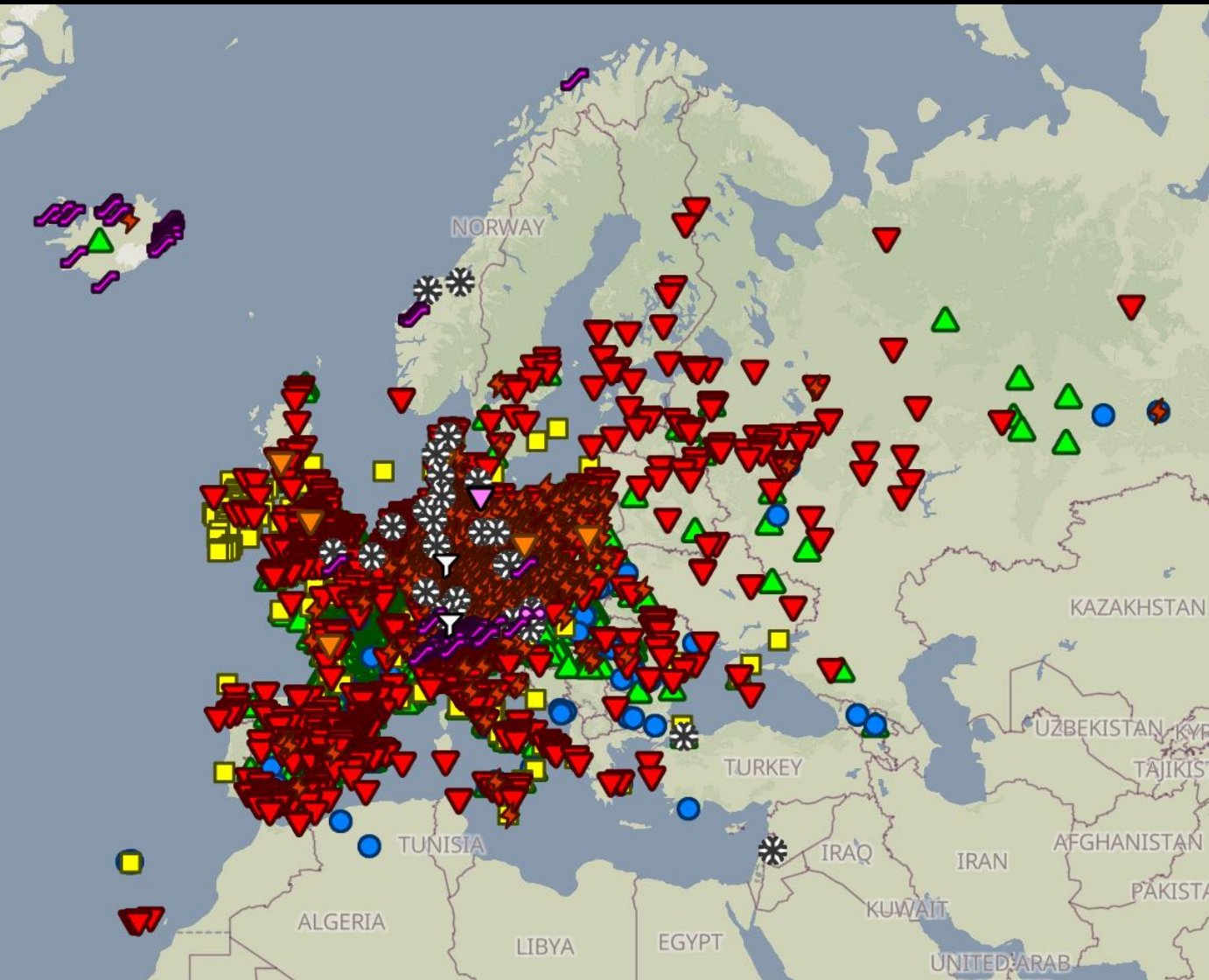
43 events before the year 1000



ESWD

*starting point of
research within and
outside of ESSL*

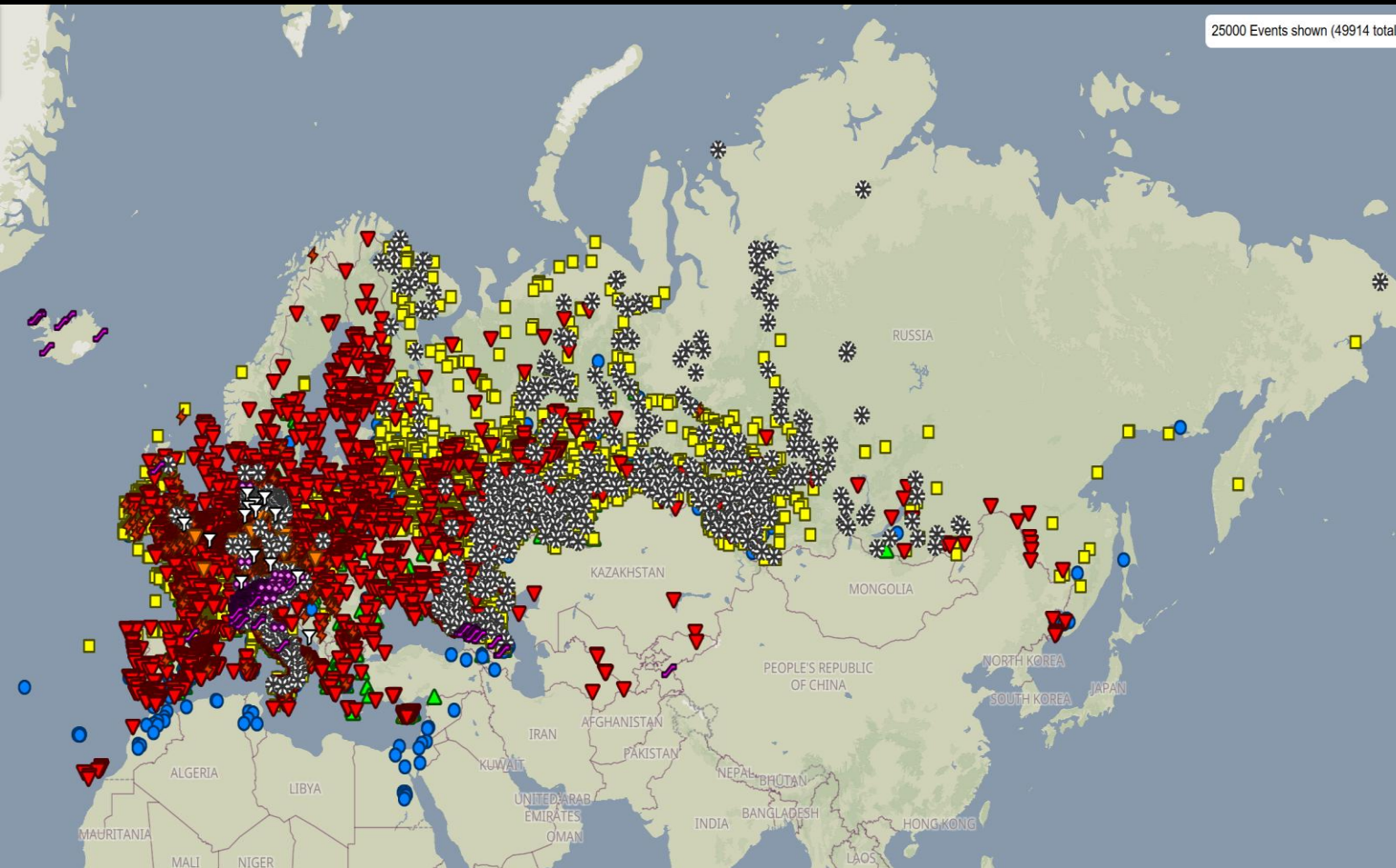
7960 events before 1900



ESWD

*starting point of
research within and
outside of ESSL*

49914 events from 1900 to 1999
82903 from 2000 to 2009
around 400 000 since 2010



ESWD

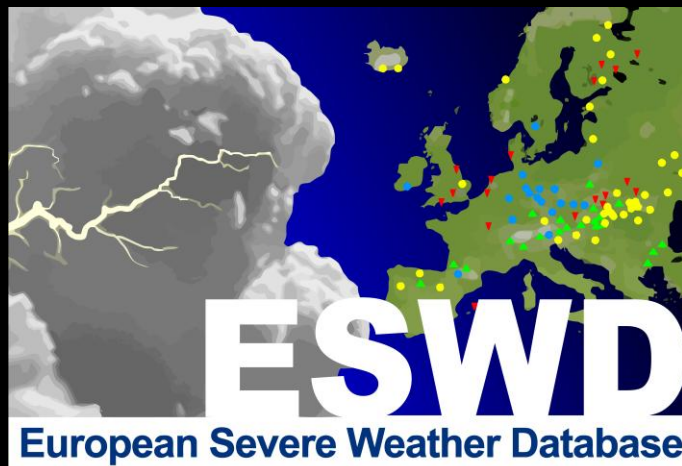
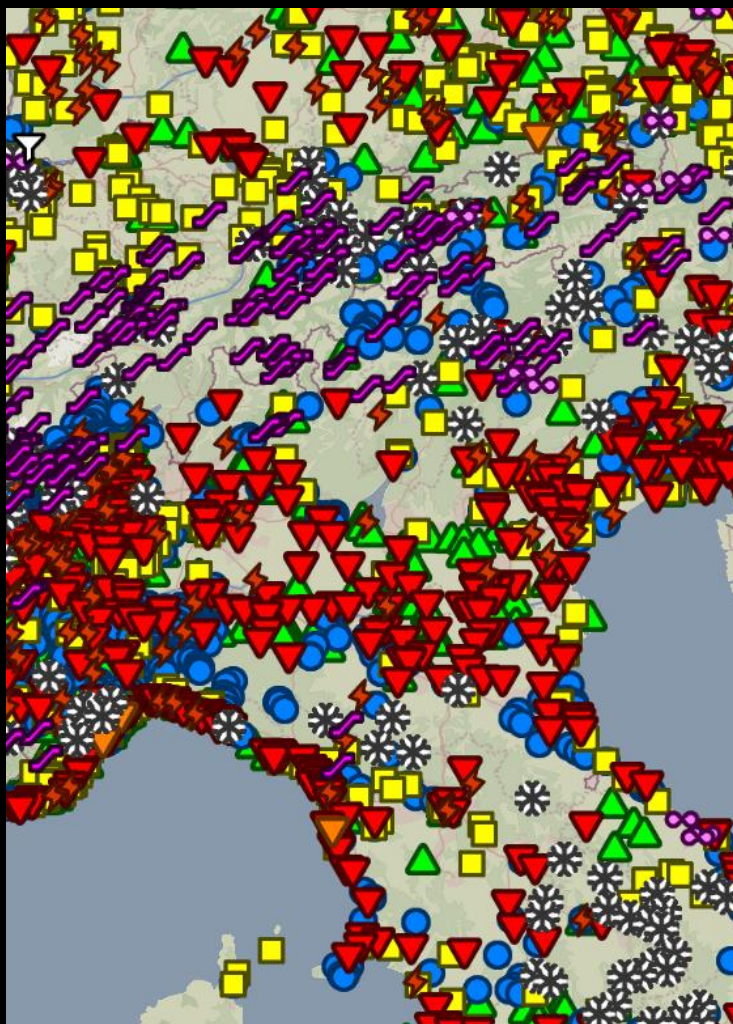
The very first ESSL employee

1 August 2008

Thilo Kühne

„Minijob“ for 400 EUR per month





*Current total:
542 000 severe
weather events
recorded*

Tornado

QC1

Rome

Lazio, Italy

09/11/1925 13:30 UTC (+/- 15 minutes)

Reporter: Federico Pavan (PRETEMP)

Likely tornado in the (at the time) poor suburb of Primavalle. Furniture and tableware were found some distance from origin and people were reported lofted into the air. with one woman being injured in the landing

Coordinates

Lat.: 41.9104° Long.: 12.4149° (+/- 1 Kilometer)

Number of Injured

1

Impacts

Roofs destroyed

Walls (partially) collapsed

Information Source

Newspaper

Eye Witness

Eye Witness of Damage

VOP/N = Voluntary Observer Person/Network

ESSL Research

inspiring a growing
European storm research
community

lightning
studies

historical
and recent
tornado
case
studies

eswd
fatalities

convective
hazards
under
climate
change

AR-CHaMo

stormforec
ast.eu

major
hailstorm
swaths
across
Europe

global
forecast for
large hail

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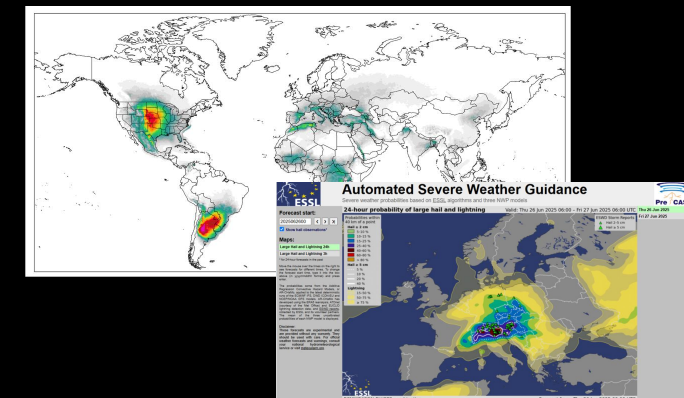
AR-CHaMo

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t.eu

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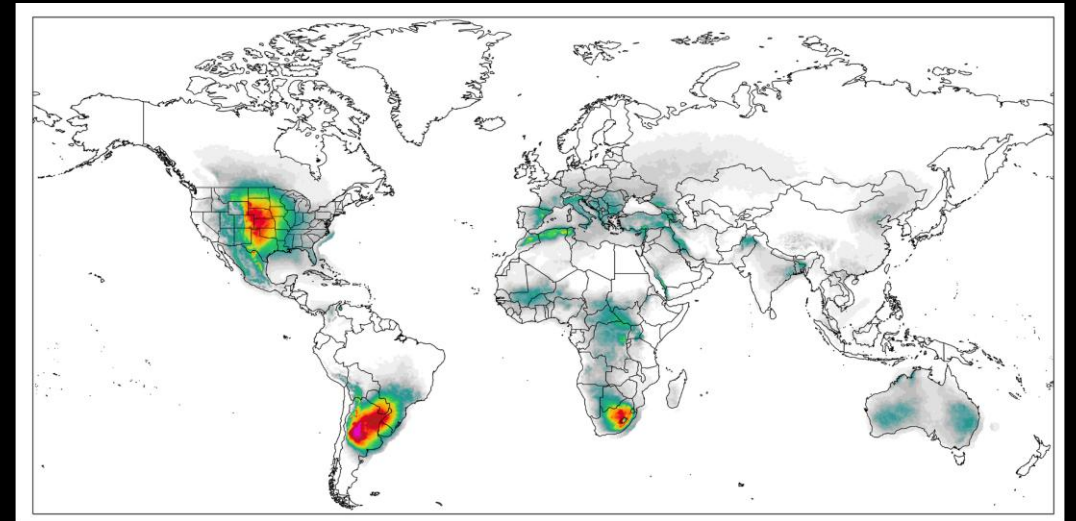
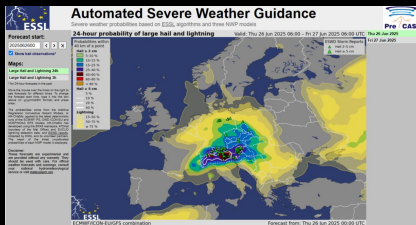
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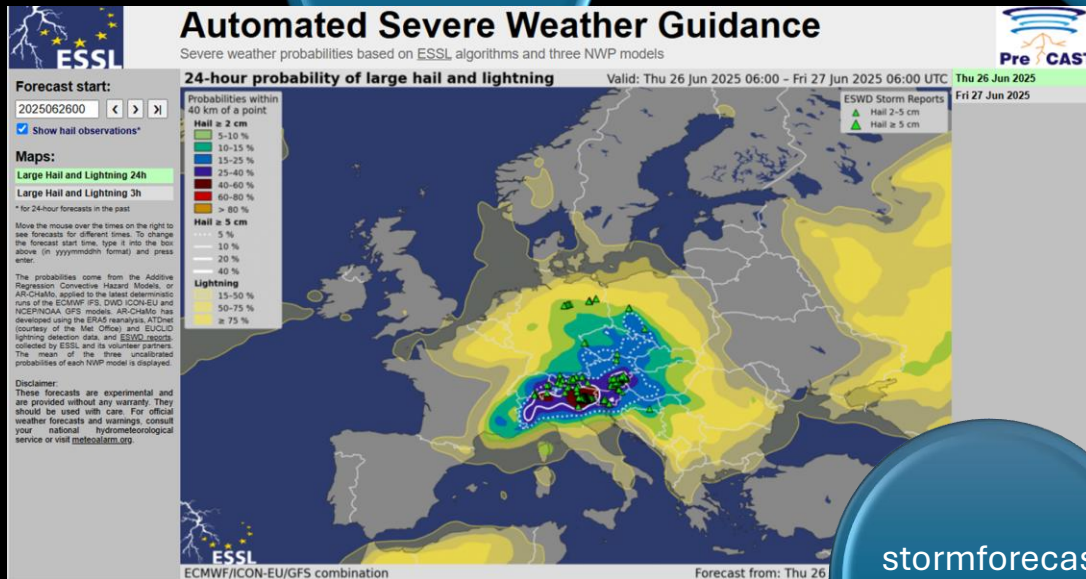
lightning
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eswd
fatalities

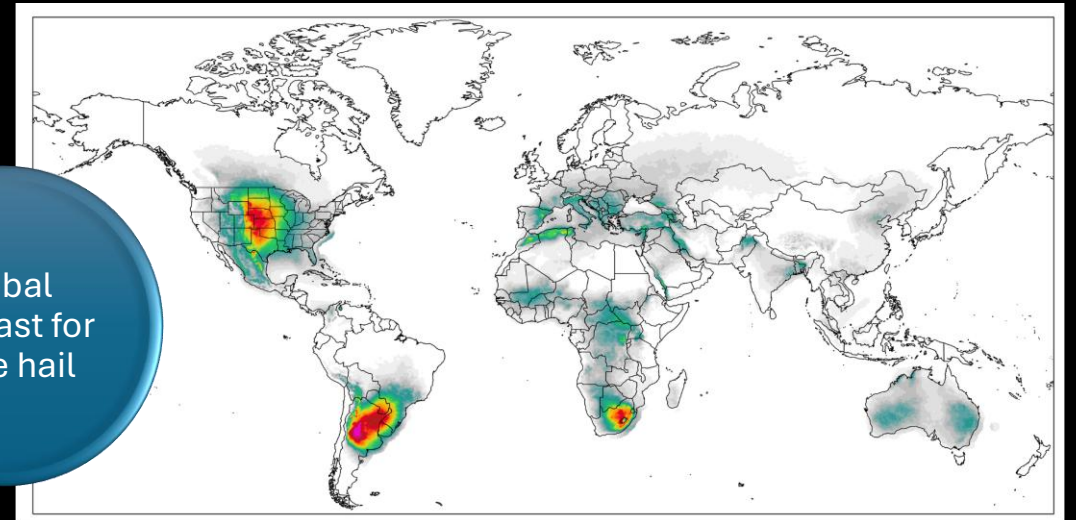
historical
and recent
tornado case
studies

AR-CHaMo

convective
hazard
models
under
climate
change



global
forecast for
large hail



stormforecas
t.eu



Most influential woman

Aurora Bell (Stan-Sion), Romania

Important role for decisions after the sudden
passing away of the first ESSL Director Nikolai Dotzek
in 2010

Strong supporter of the ESSL Testbed idea in 2010



Most influential non-European

Charles A. Doswell III

Strong supporter of ESSL, the ECSS,
the ESWD, the ESSL Testbed, and ESSL courses
from the very beginning

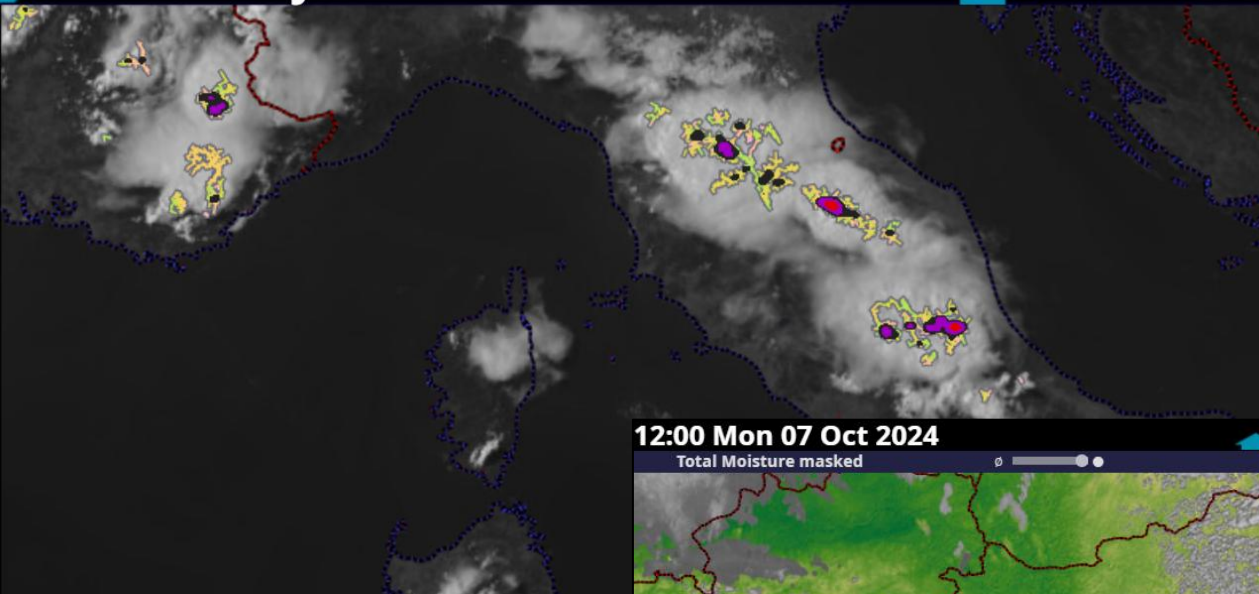
2nd Nikolai Dotzek Awardee (Helsinki, 2013)

Evaluation of new forecasting tools since 2012



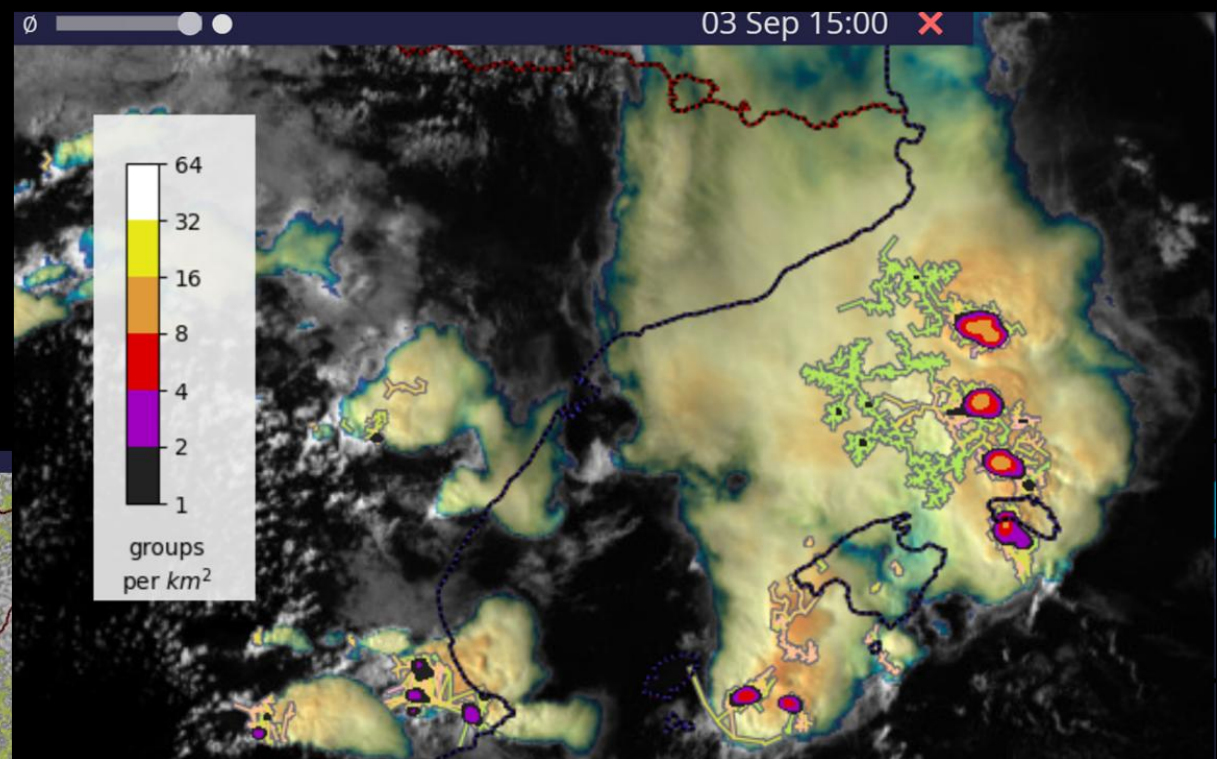
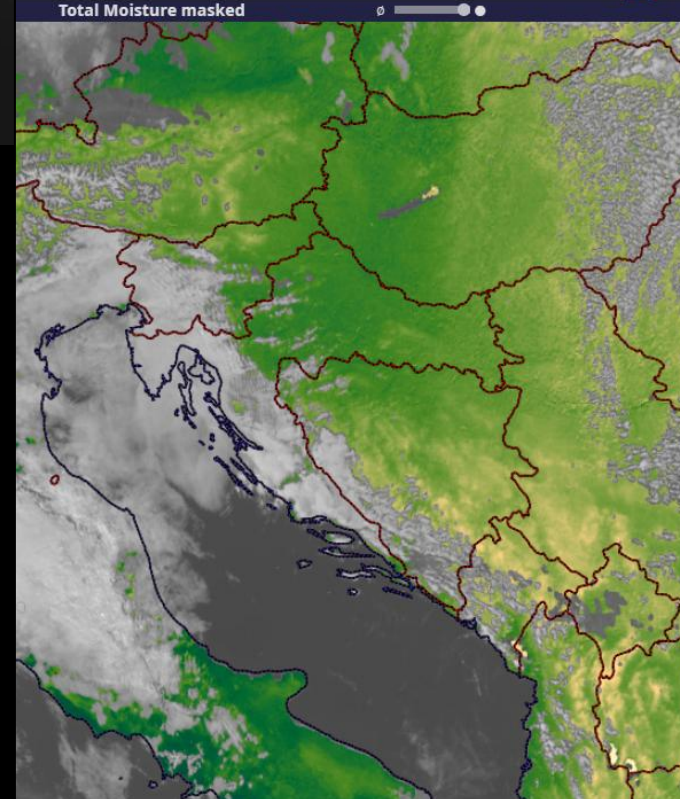
Classic „ESSL Testbeds“ and „EUMETSAT-ESSL Testbeds“

15:05 Wed 02 Jul 2025

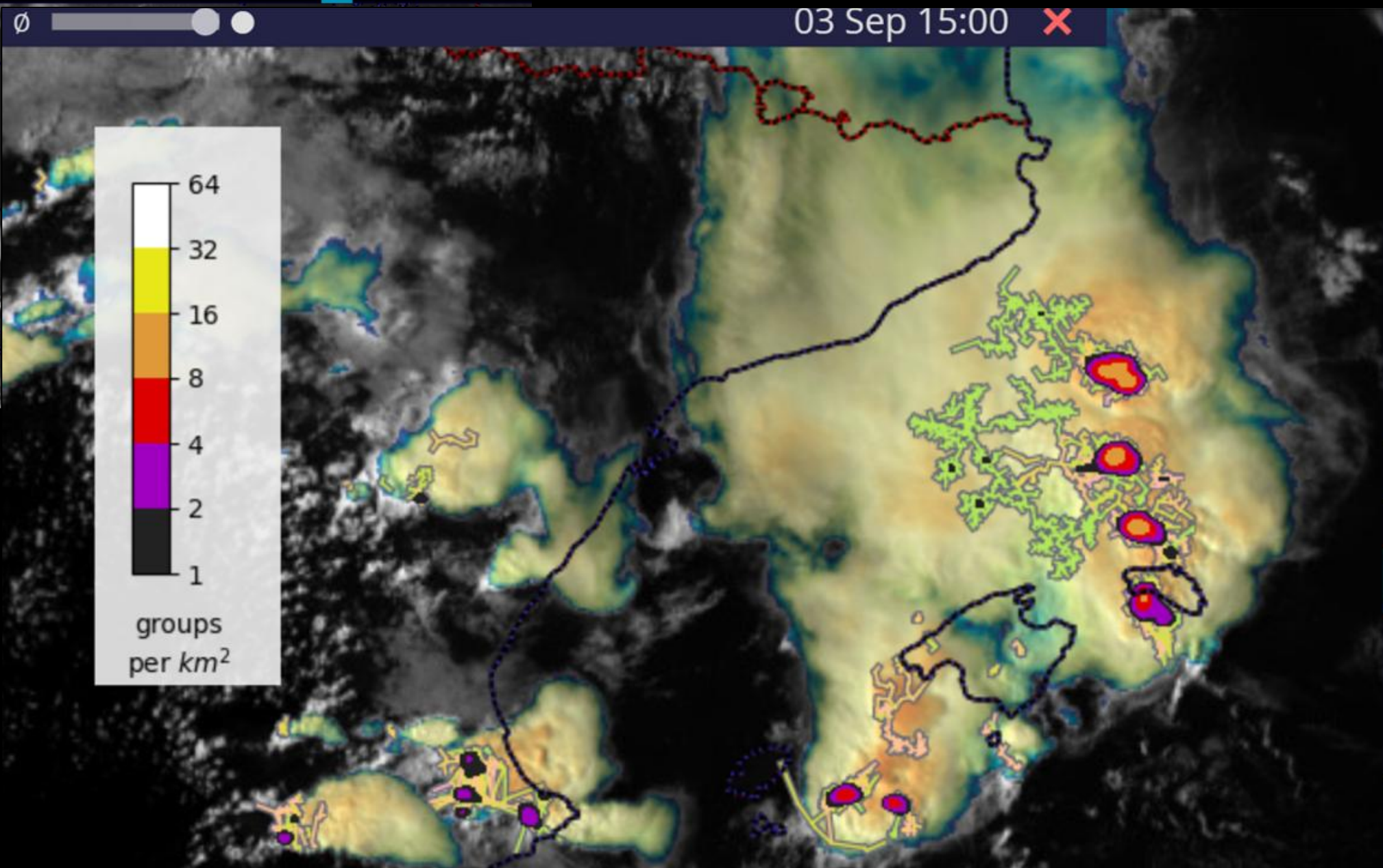
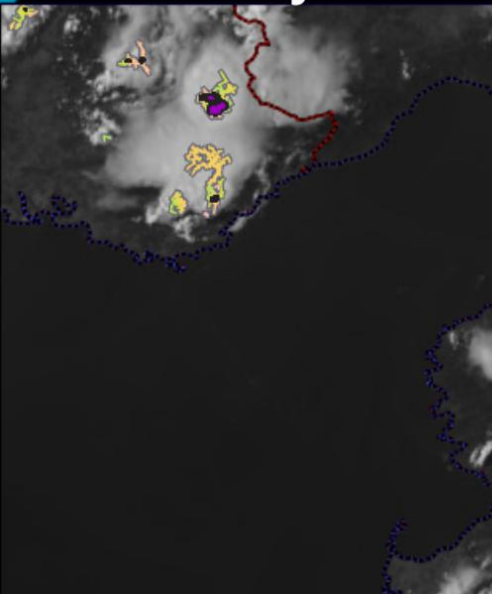


12:00 Mon 07 Oct 2024

Total Moisture masked



15:05 Wed 02 Jul 2025

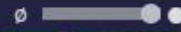


15:05 Wed 02 Jul 2025

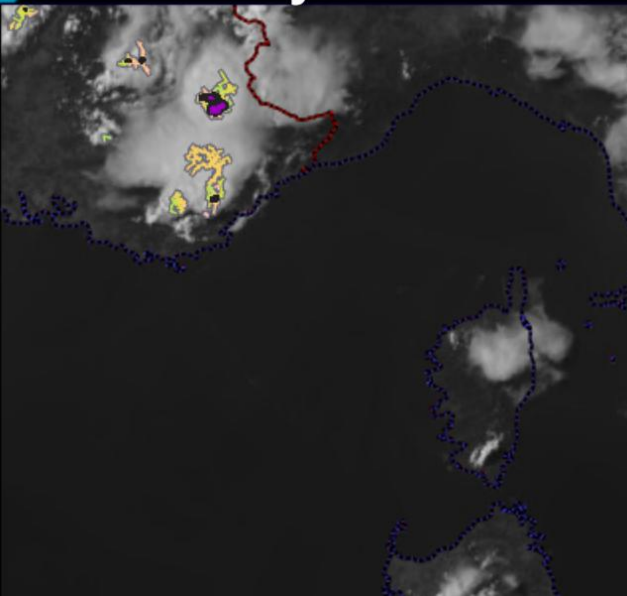
12:00 Mon 07 Oct 2024

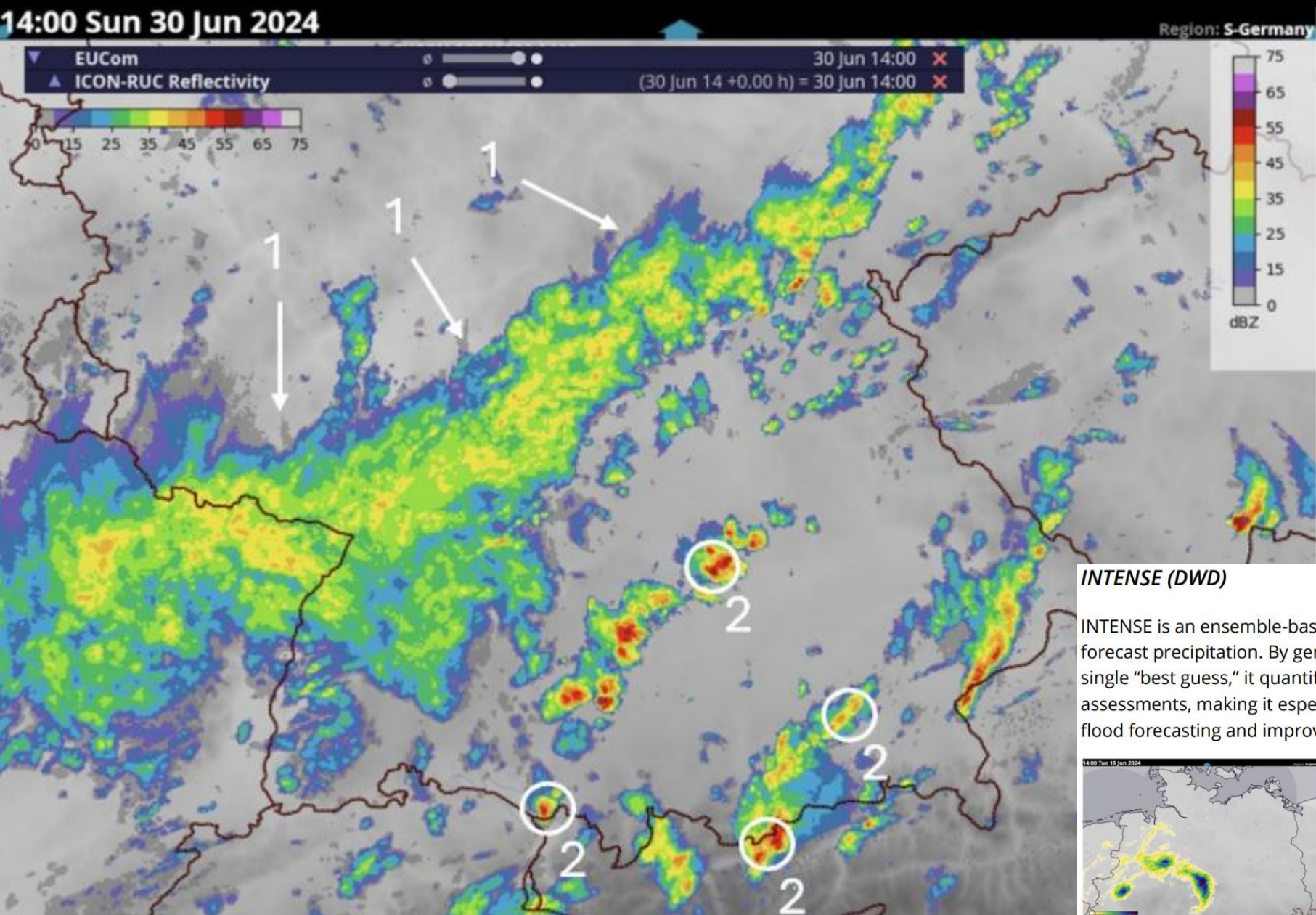
Region: Balkans

Total Moisture masked



07 Oct 12:00 ✕





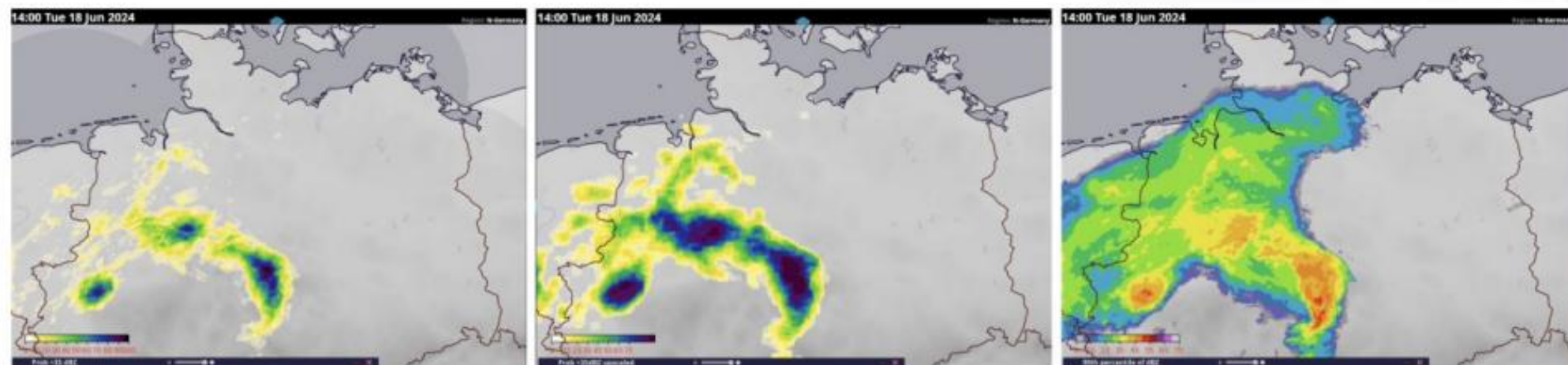
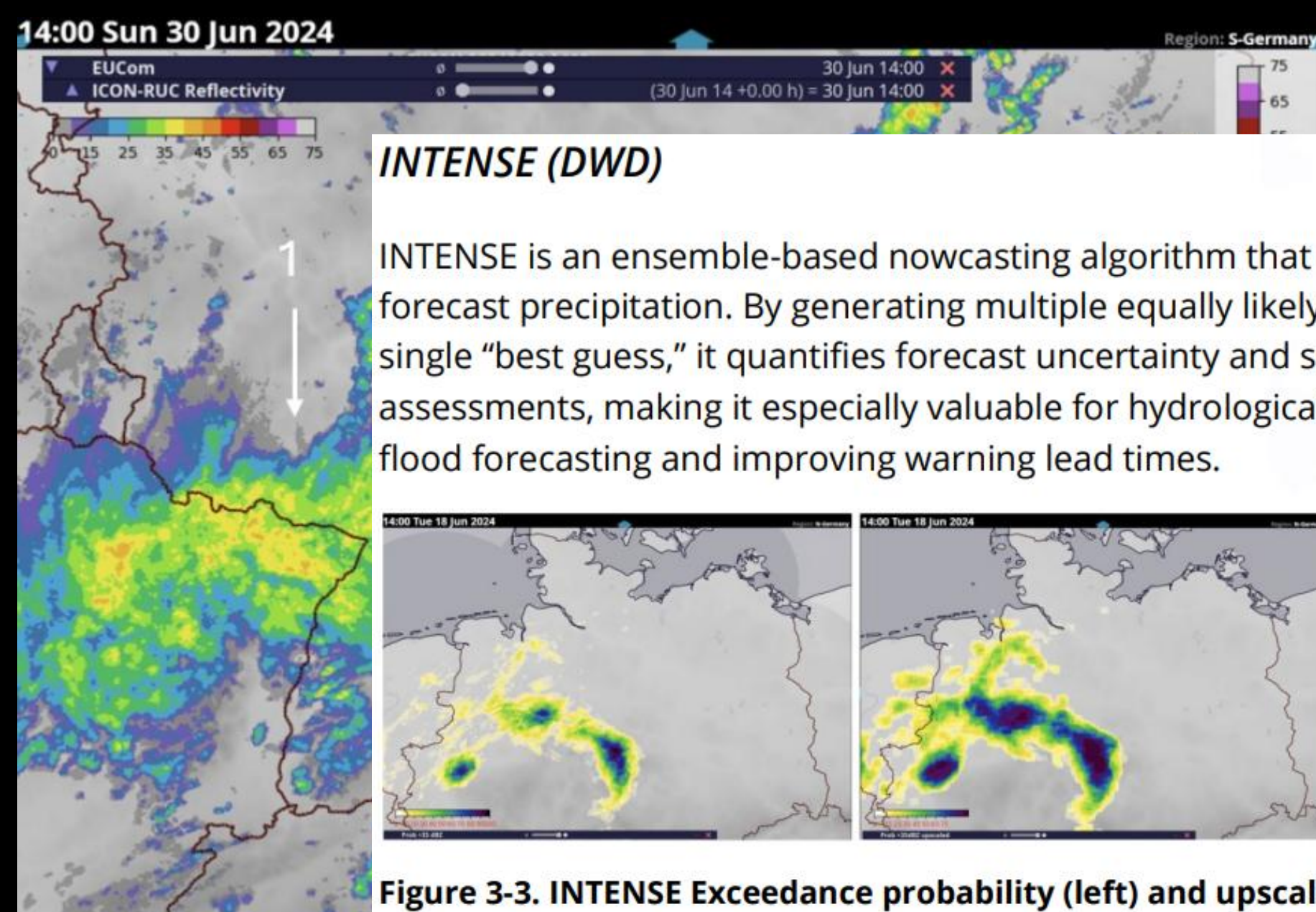
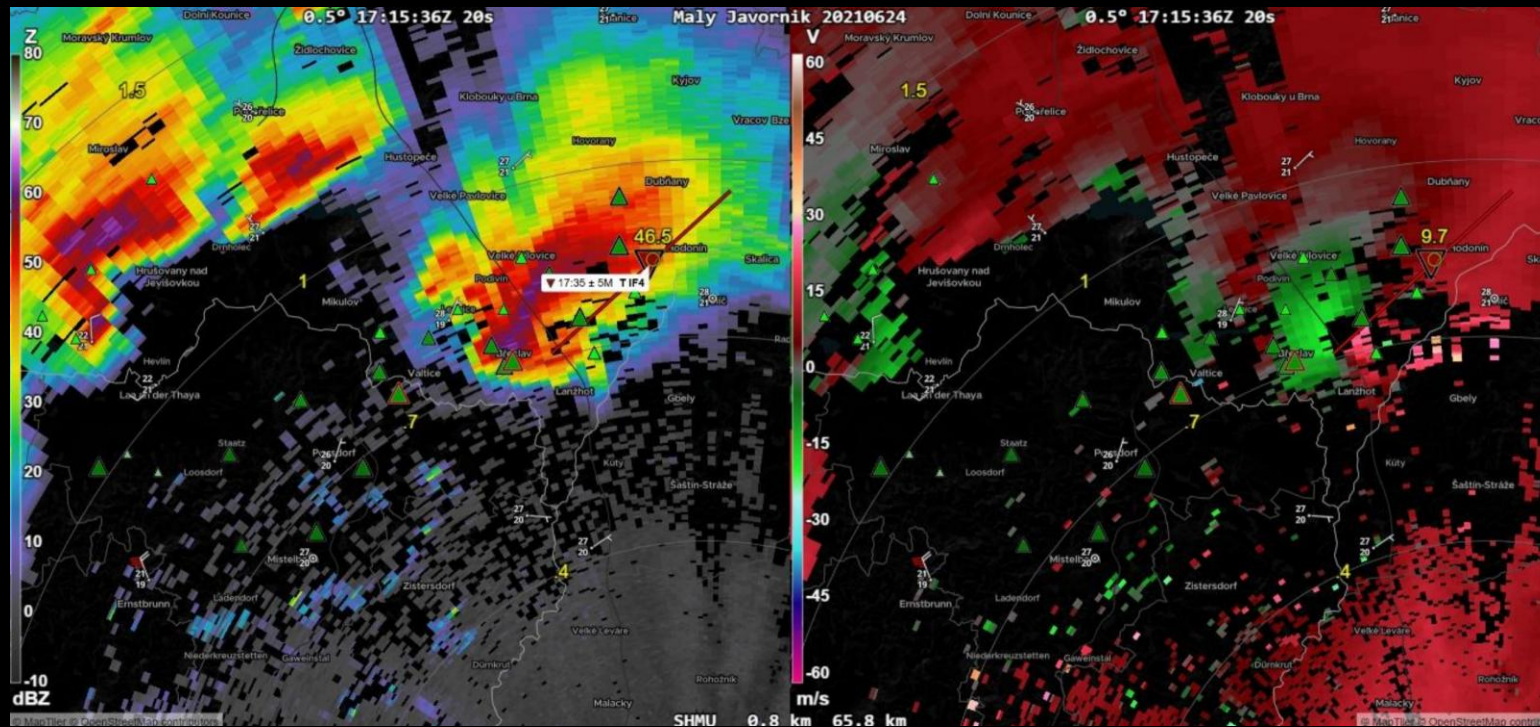


Figure 3-3. INTENSE Exceedance probability (left) and upscaled exceedance probability (centre) forecast for +60 minutes starting at 18 June 2024 at 1300 UTC for the threshold 35 dBZ. 90th percentile of dBZ for the same forecast (right).

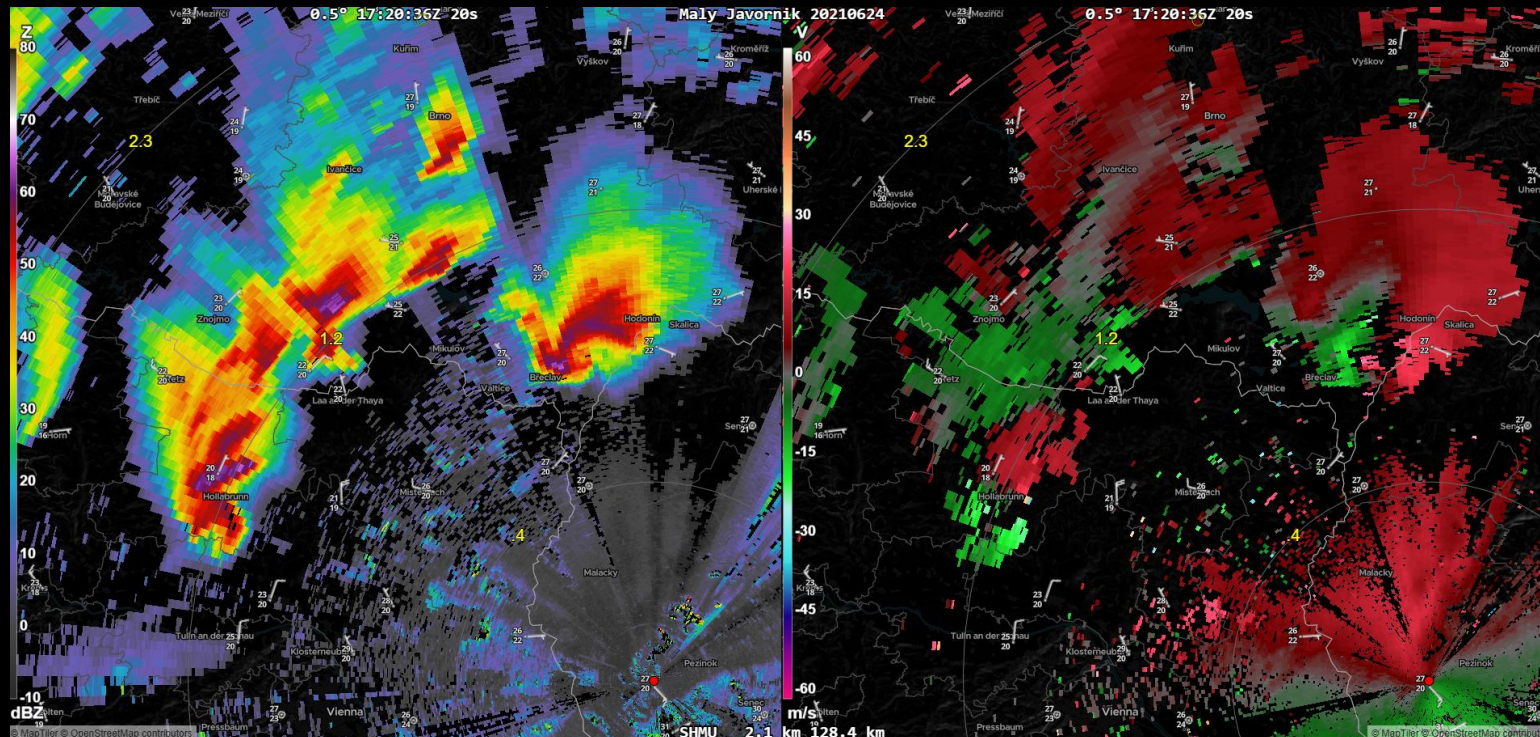
ESSL Weather Data Displayer and Radar Displayer

Licenced by ESSL Subsidiary



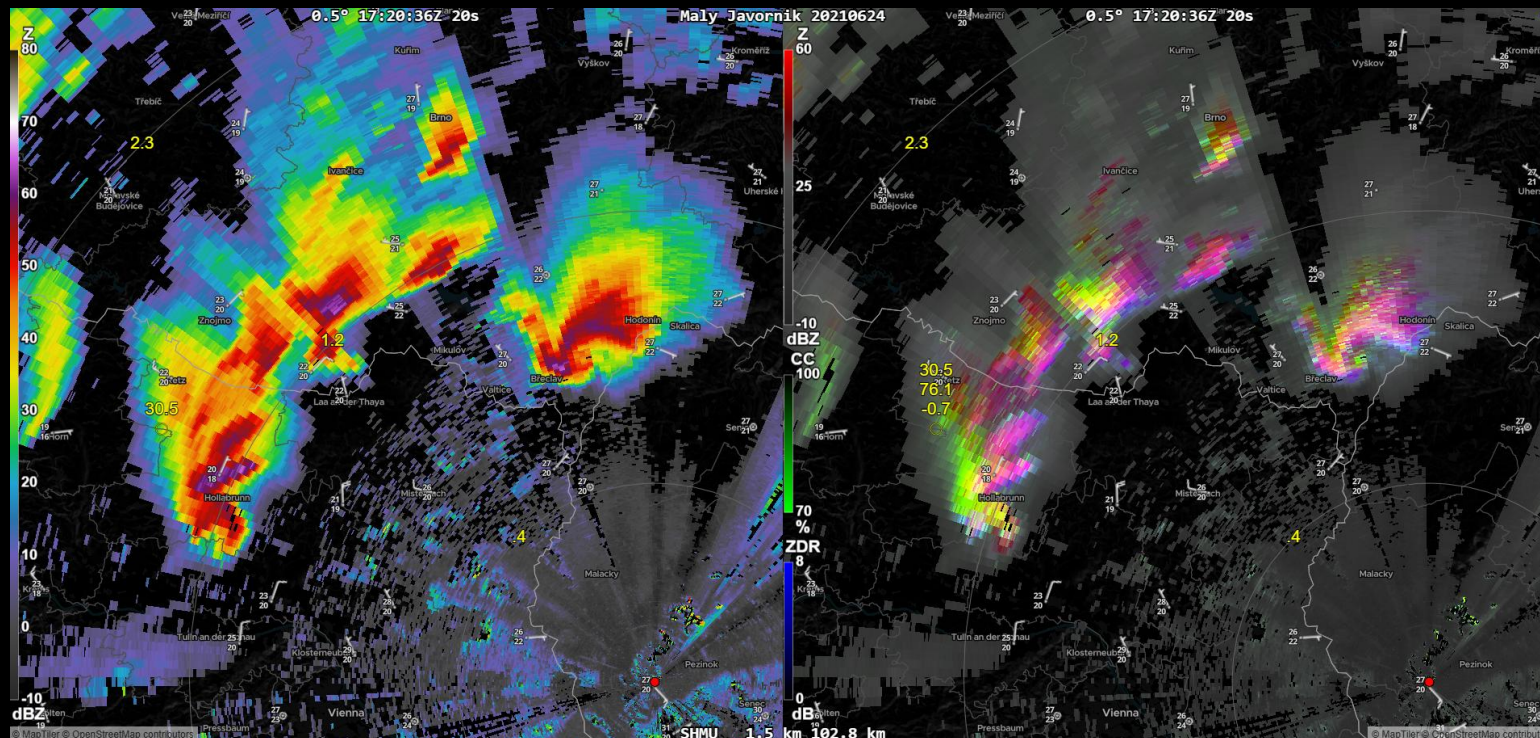
ESSL Weather Data Displayer and Radar Displayer

Licenced by ESSL Subsidiary



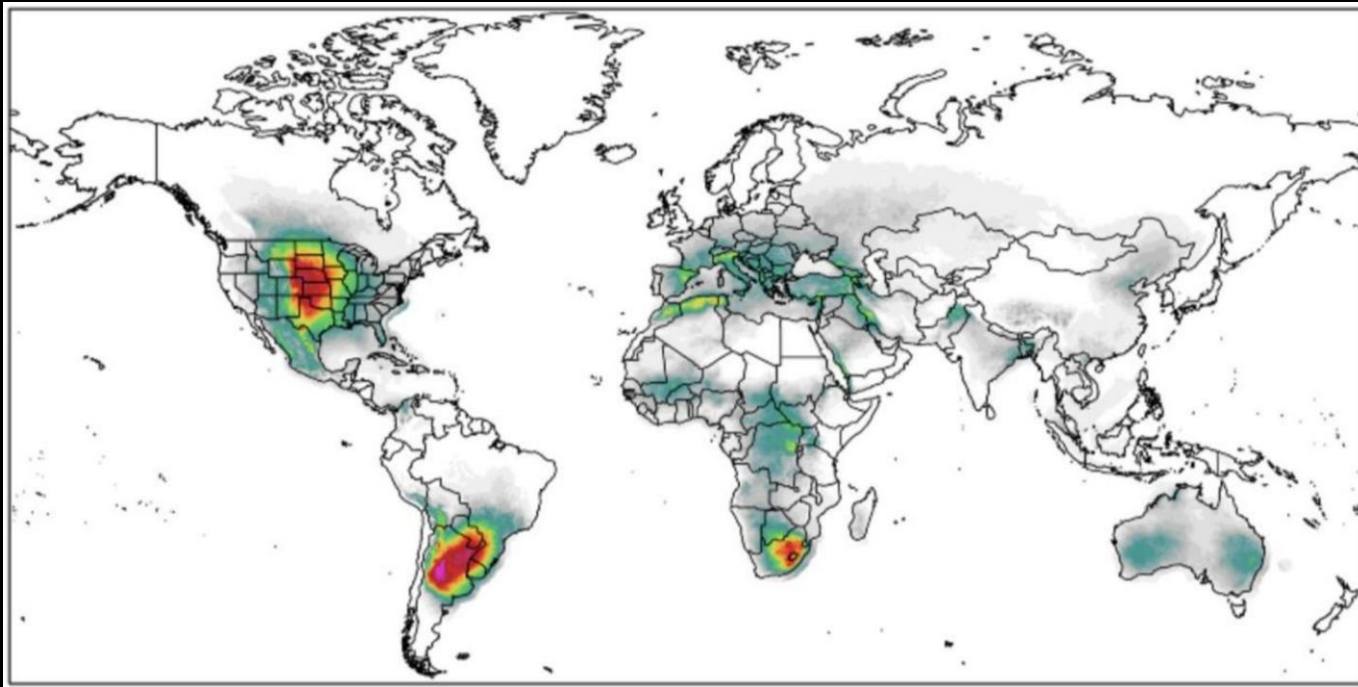
ESSL Weather Data Displayer and Radar Displayer

Licenced by ESSL Subsidiary



ESSL Weather Data Displayer and Risk Modelling

Enabled by ESSL Subsidiary



Training of forecasters
and various other
courses

Forecasting severe convection

Optimal use of radar data in severe storm nowcasting

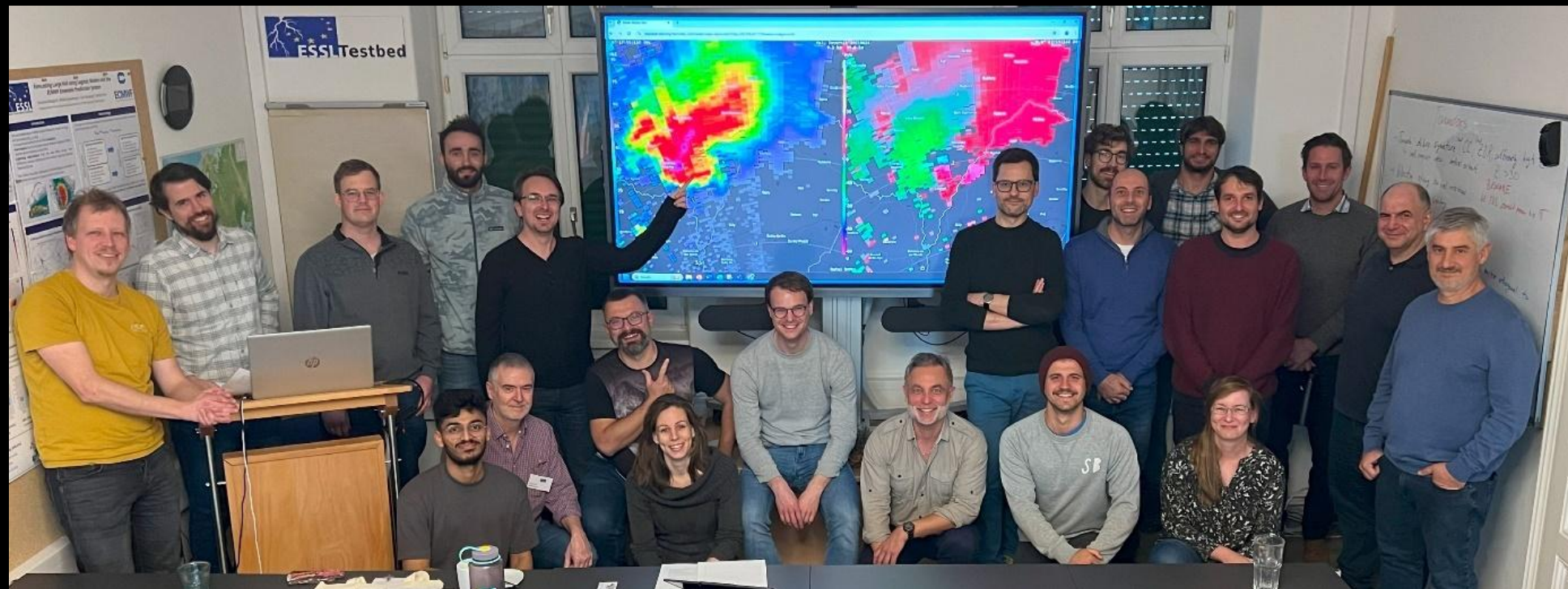
Aviation nowcasting of severe convection

2-day online refreshers

Communication of meteorological content

Wind damage assessment

MTG FCI and LI course



Forecasting severe convection

Optimal use of radar data in severe storm nowcasting

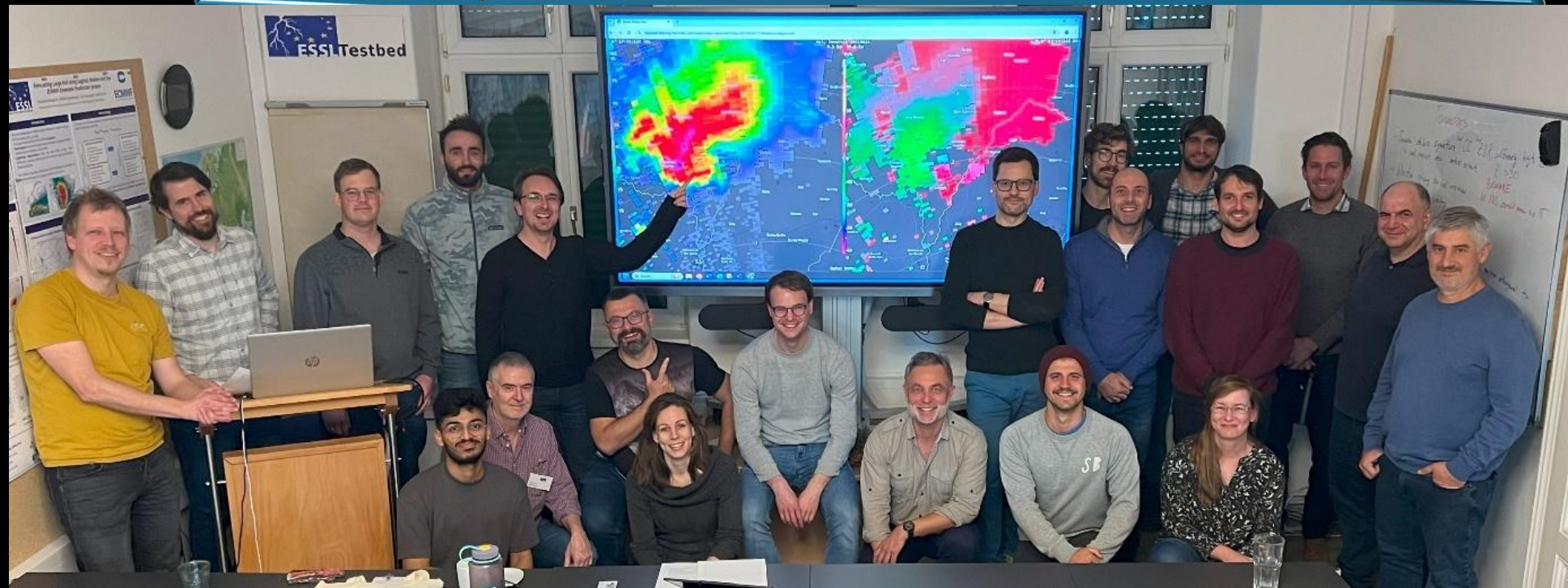
Aviation nowcasting of severe convection

2-day online refreshers

Communication of meteorological content

Wind damage assessment

MTG FCI and LI course



How would you grade the ESSL Testbed as a whole on a scale from 1 (terrible) to 10 (excellent)?

10+++

Do you have any other wishes / suggestions for the future?

I was very impressed how amazing the teachers were. They were professional of course but also very talented to teach and create a good atmosphere! This was the best course I have ever attended. relating

Very very big thank you! relating

How would you grade the ESSL Testbed as a whole on a scale from 1 (terrible) to 10 (excellent)?

10+++

Do you have any other wishes / suggestions for the future?

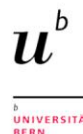
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Very very big thank you! relating



TIM

SEVERE STORMS
FIELD CAMPAIGN



Europe's centre of competence on severe convective storms approaches its 20 year anniversary



Pieter Groenemeijer, Alois M. Holzer,
the ESSL employees and Executive Board

When, before its founding in 2006, the European Severe Storms Laboratory (ESSL) was conceived by its initiator, Dr. Nikolai Dotzek, he had the vision of it becoming a leading “Center of Competence” on convective storms in Europe. Since its inception, the Laboratory has gradually expanded and now employs 15 staff members, including part-time personnel.

ESSL’s main activities include the development and maintenance of the European Severe Weather Database, conducting comprehensive research on severe weather phenomena, including the assessment of new forecasting tools, organizing the European Conferences on Severe Storms, and providing training for weather forecasters. These efforts are made possible through the support of institutional and individual members, funding from international, national and regional agencies, and the valuable contributions of volunteers who report severe weather events to ESSL.

Over time, ESSL has also built strong, long-term collaborations with organizations such as ECMWF, EUMETSAT, and various national weather services. Since 2024, the two legal entities in Germany and Austria responsible for ESSL’s operations, together with its employees, have co-owned a commercial venture that facilitates the use of ESSL’s hazard models and the popular online Weather Data Displayer by members and others.

Some of ESSL’s other current developments include the organization of the field campaign on Thunderstorm Intensification from Mountains to plains (TIM) and leveraging several new avenues in research and education enabled by the classification of ever more European meteorological data as “Open data”.

In our presentation, we will reflect on ESSL’s achievements over the years, highlight key milestones and events, anticipate the celebration of its 20th anniversary in 2026, and share a forward-looking perspective on the Laboratory’s future development.