



An empirical expression to relate aerodynamic and surface temperatures for use within single-source energy balance models

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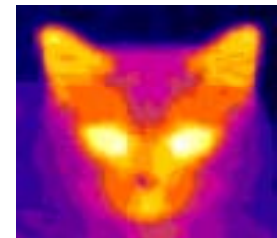
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Context

- Single source energy balance models are commonly used to retrieve Latent Heat flux LE from surface temperature T_{surf} data acquired in the TIR domain
- Most methods derive LE as a residual of the surface energy balance :


$$LE = R_n(T_{surf}) - H(T_{surf}) - G(T_{surf})$$

- However, the temperature source of sensible heat flux H is not the surface temperature but the aerodynamic temperature T_{aero} :

$$H = \rho c_p \frac{T_{aero} - T_{air}}{r_a}$$

- The link between T_{aero} and T_{surf} is often parameterized as an excess resistance :

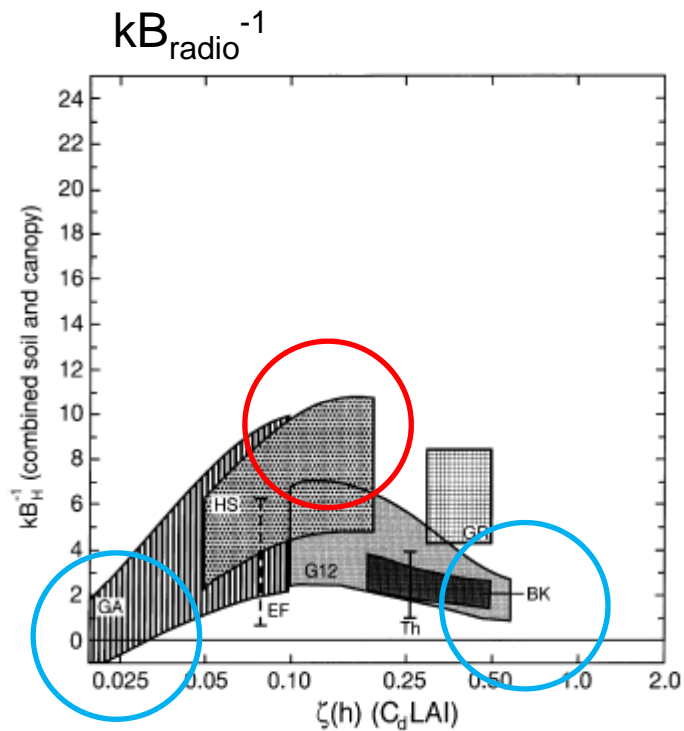
$$H = \rho c_p \frac{T_{surf} - T_{air}}{r_a + B_{radio}^{-1} / u_*}$$

- Or a β function: $\beta = \frac{T_{aero} - T_{air}}{T_{surf} - T_{air}}$  $H = \rho c_p \beta \frac{T_{surf} - T_{air}}{r_a}$

- β mostly depends on the vegetation extent (Leaf Area Index LAI)

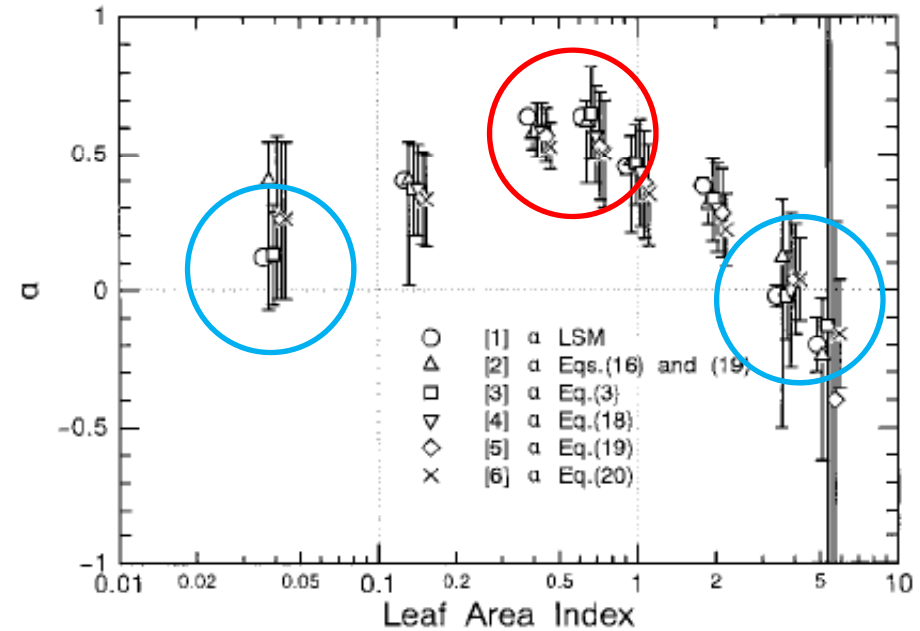


$\beta(\text{LAI})$ function



Massman JH 1999

$$\alpha = 1 - \beta = 1 - \frac{1}{1 + kB_{\text{radio}}^{-1} / r_a k u_*}$$



Matsushima JMSJ 2005

Proposed relationship:
$$\beta = 1 - \frac{a}{\text{LAI} * b * \sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{(\ln(\text{LAI}) - c)^2}{2 * b^2}}$$



Objectives

- to retrieve β variations against Leaf Area Index for 9 experimental agricultural plots where seasonal evolution of micrometeorological conditions is available and LAI values range from 0 to above 2.
- to compare several formula, including the new one, of $\beta(\text{LAI})$ against observed trends.
- to compare the model performances in computing sensible heat flux from observed surface temperature.



Published $B^{-1}_{radio}(LAI)$ and $\beta(LAI)$ relationships

Author	Formula for B^{-1} or β
Lhomme et al.	$B^{-1} = 8.6347 + 24.33LAI - 40.969LAI^2 + 26.121LAI^3 - 8.5759LAI^4 + 1.4378LAI^5 - 0.0972LAI^6$;
Matsushima	$\beta = [0.88 \ 0.6 \ 0.36 \ 0.36 \ 0.55 \ 0.62 \ 1.02 \ 1.2]$ if $LAI = [0.04 \ 0.14 \ 0.42 \ 0.68 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3.8 \ 5.4]$;
Blümel	$kB^{-1}(f_c) = \frac{C(f_c)}{\ln(z_{eff}/z_{omeff})} - \ln\left(\frac{z_{eff}}{z_{omeff}}\right)$ where $f_c = 1 - e^{-0.5LAI}$; $C(f_c) = \left(\frac{C_s - C_c}{1 - e^{-2.6(10h/z)^{0.355}f_c}}\right) e^{-2.6(10h/z)^{0.355}f_c} + C_s - \left(\frac{C_s - C_c}{1 - e^{-2.6(10h/z)^{0.355}}}\right)$; $C_s = \ln\left(\frac{z}{z_{oms}}\right) \left[\ln\left(\frac{z}{z_{oms}}\right) + kB_s^{-1} \right]$; $kB_s^{-1} = 2.46(z_{oms}u./v)^{0.25} - \ln(7.4)$; $C_c = \ln\left(\frac{z-d}{z_{om}}\right) \left[\ln\left(\frac{z-d}{z_{om}}\right) + kB_c^{-1} \right]$; $kB_c^{-1} = 16.4(\sigma_\alpha LAI^3)^{-0.25} \left[0.05u / \ln\left(\frac{z-d}{z_{om}}\right) \right]^{0.5}$; $\sigma_\alpha = 1 - \frac{0.5}{0.5 + LAI} e^{-LAI^2/\beta}$; $z_{eff} = z - f_c d$; $z_{omeff} = z_{eff} e^{-k/\sqrt{g(f_c) \left[\frac{k}{\ln((z-d)/z_{om})} \right]^2 + (1-g(f_c)) \left[\frac{k}{\ln(z/z_{oms})} \right]^2}}$; $g(f_c) = \sqrt{f_c} + f_c(1-f_c)$; $z_{oms} = 0.005$;
Su/Massman	$B^{-1}(f_c) = \frac{1}{2 \frac{u_*}{u(h)} \left(1 - e^{-0.1LAI \left(\frac{u_*}{u(h)} \right)^2} \right)} f_c^2 + \frac{2 \frac{u_*}{u(h)} \frac{z_{om}}{h}}{1.25(z_{oms}u./v)^{0.5}} f_c(1-f_c) + B_s^{-1}(1-f_c)^2$ where $u(h)$ is the wind speed at the top of the canopy



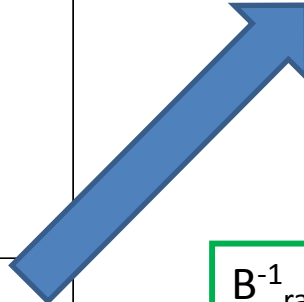
$B^{-1}_{radio}(LAI)$ from SVAT simulations



$\beta(LAI)$ from EC/TIR data on rice paddy



$B^{-1}_{radio}(LAI)$ from the theoretical wind profile within the canopy



B^{-1}_{radio} relationships translated into β :

$$H = \rho c_p \frac{T_{surf} - T_{air}}{r_a + \frac{B_{radio}^{-1}}{u_*}} \quad \rightarrow \quad \beta = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{kB_{radio}^{-1}}{r_{a,obs} ku_{*,obs}}}$$



Dataset

- 9 agricultural seasons at 3 locations (Toulouse, Avignon, Marrakech)
- Eddy Covariance and std meteorological data
- Destructive + hemispherical photo. LAI
- Longwave emission measured by 2 types of thermoradiometers (small FOV/narrowband and hemispherical/broadband)



Rationale to retrieve β_{obs} (LAI)

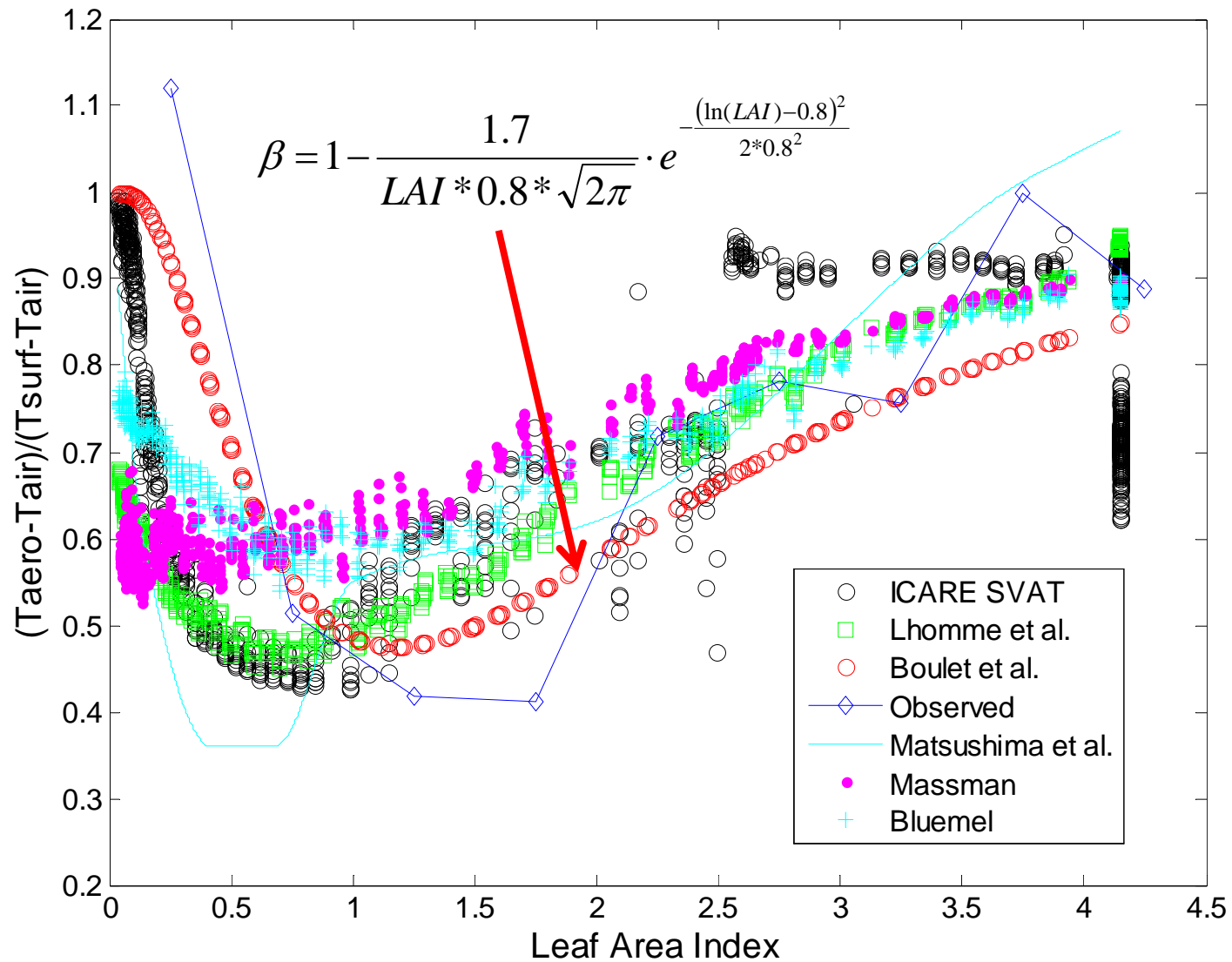
- Observed β (median values per 0.5 LAI interval) retrieved from observed sensible heat flux, surface temperature and friction velocity (10AM-4PM):

$$\beta_{obs} = \frac{r_{a,obs} H_{obs}}{\rho C_p (T_{surf,obs} - T_{air,obs})} \quad r_{a,obs} = \frac{\left[\ln\left(\frac{z-d}{z_{om}/e^{kB_{aero}^{-1}}}\right) - \Psi_h\left(\frac{z-d}{L_{obs}}\right) + \Psi_h\left(\frac{z_{om}/e^{kB_{aero}^{-1}}}{L_{obs}}\right) \right]}{ku_{*,obs}}$$

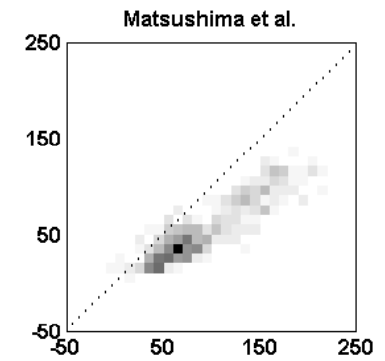
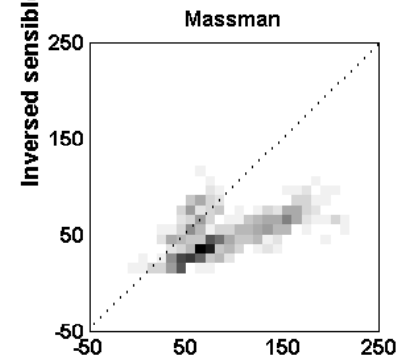
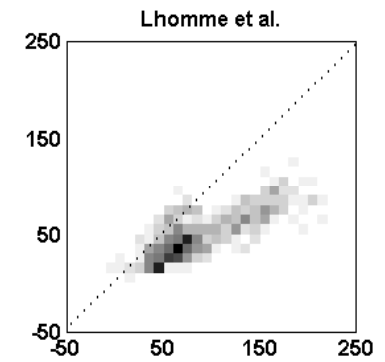
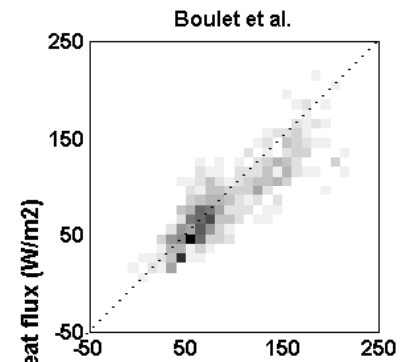
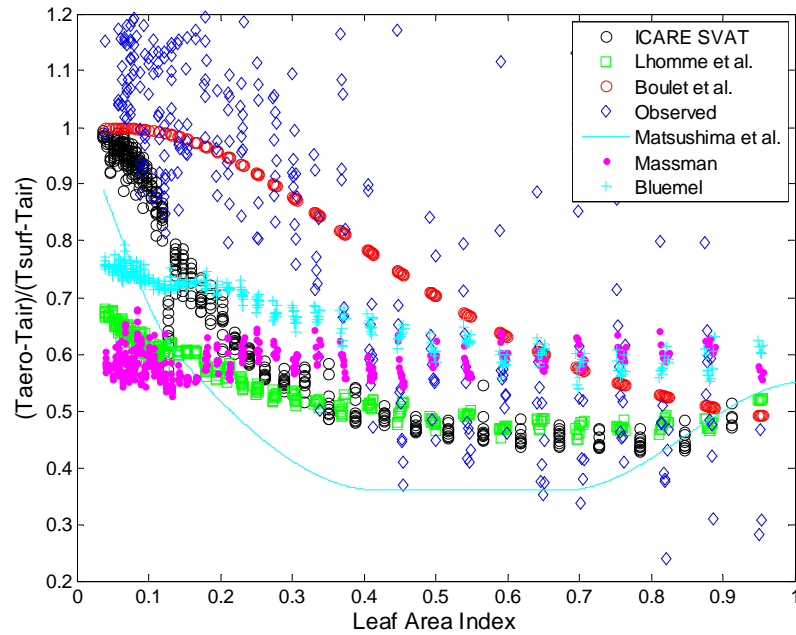
- Roughness length z_{om} and displacement height d from Pereira et al. (1999) checked with the help of observed friction velocity $u_{*,obs}$ values
- Vegetation emissivity correction (0.98) and B_{aero}^{-1} (~ 0) adjusted within realistic bounds so that β_{obs} tends towards 1 @ max LAI
- Errors on H_{obs} , $T_{surf,obs}$, z_{om} and $u_{*,obs}$ produce β_{obs} error bars



β retrieval for the R3 wheat site



Retrieval for $0 < LAI < 1$

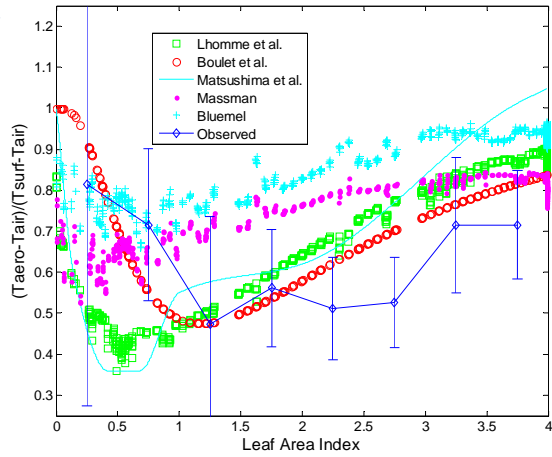


Observed sensible heat flux (W/m^2)

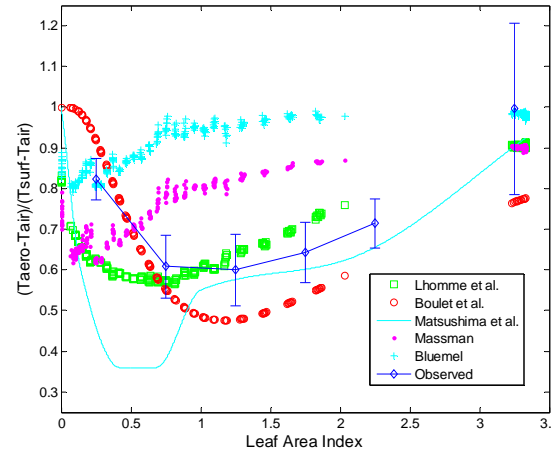
$$H = \rho c_p \beta \frac{T_{surf} - T_{air}}{r_a}$$



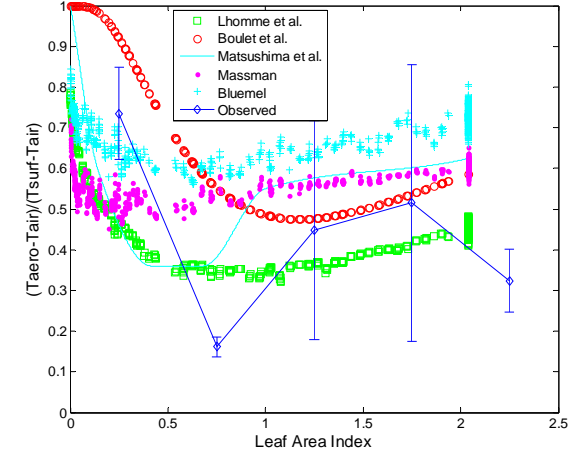
$$\beta = (T_{\text{aero}} - T_{\text{air}}) / (T_{\text{surf}} - T_{\text{air}})$$



Avignon in 2004 (Wheat)

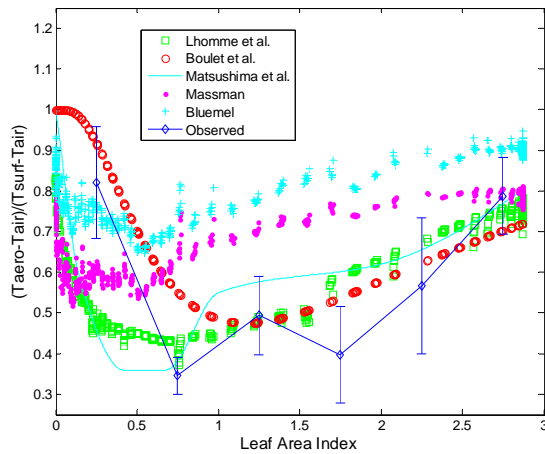


Lamasquère in 2006 (Corn)

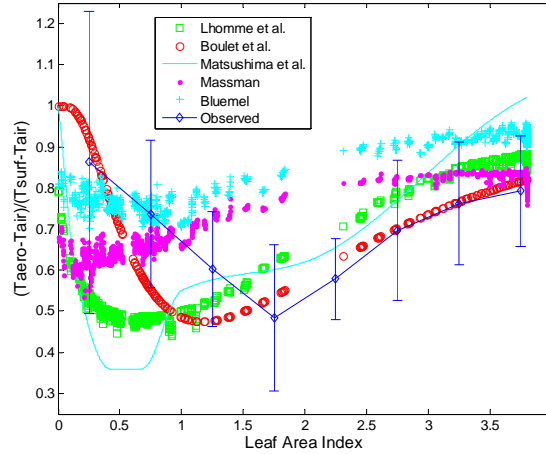


Auradé in 2007 (Sunflower)

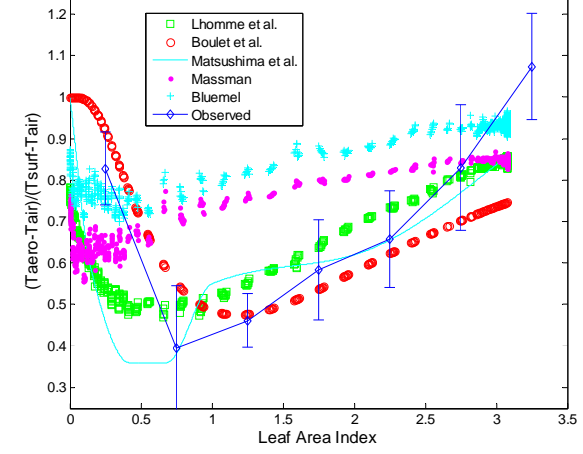
New formulation: a=1.7, b=c=0.8 (cal. on R3 dataset) kept for all datasets



Avignon in 2005 (Peas)



Auradé in 2006 (Wheat)



Avignon in 2007 (Sorghum)

Leaf Area Index



Sensible heat flux retrieval

$$H = \rho c_p \beta \frac{T_{surf} - T_{air}}{r_a}$$

	Boulet et al.	Lhomme et al.	Matsushima	Su/Massman	Blümel
Wheat R3 2004	52	62	76	61	57
Wheat Avignon 2004	45	46	52	50	47
Peas Avignon 2005	55	53	50	53	53
Wheat Avignon 2006	41	-*	47	45	40
Sorghum Avignon 2007	52	54	66	54	68
Wheat Auradé 2006	45	49	66	47	54
Sunflower Auradé 2007	72	61	45	65	59
Corn Lamasquère 2006	78	88	95	86	76
Wheat Lamasquère 2007	45	60	51	48	50

(RMSE in W/m² with modelled aerodynamic resistance)



Values beyond interval of validity of the empirical regression

Conclusion

- A simple 2 parameter expression of the link between aerodynamic and surface temperatures is proposed
- This expression matches fairly well the observed variations along LAI values
- Its performance in estimating sensible heat flux with calibrated values on the R3 site is at least comparable to, and often better than, the previously published relationships
- Need to reassess impact of geometry for vegetation with strong geometric features, as well as roughness length for heat exchange (kB_{aero}^{-1})

