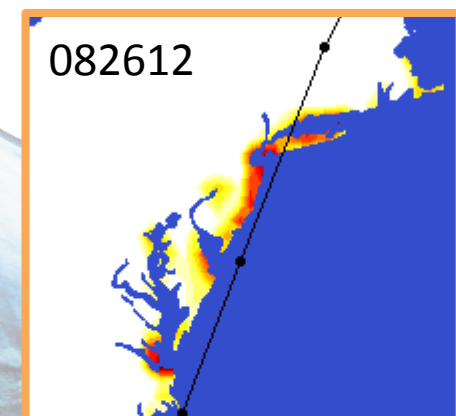
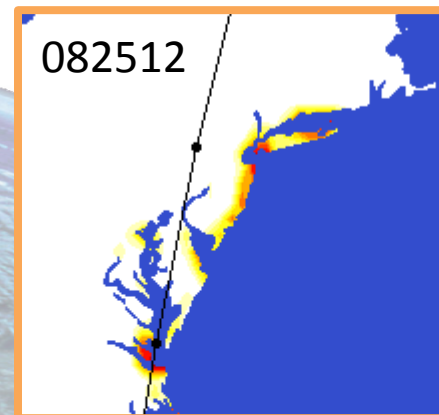
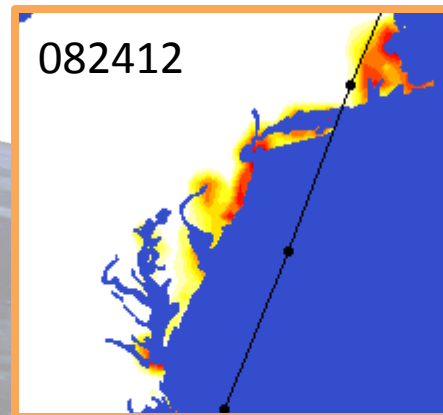


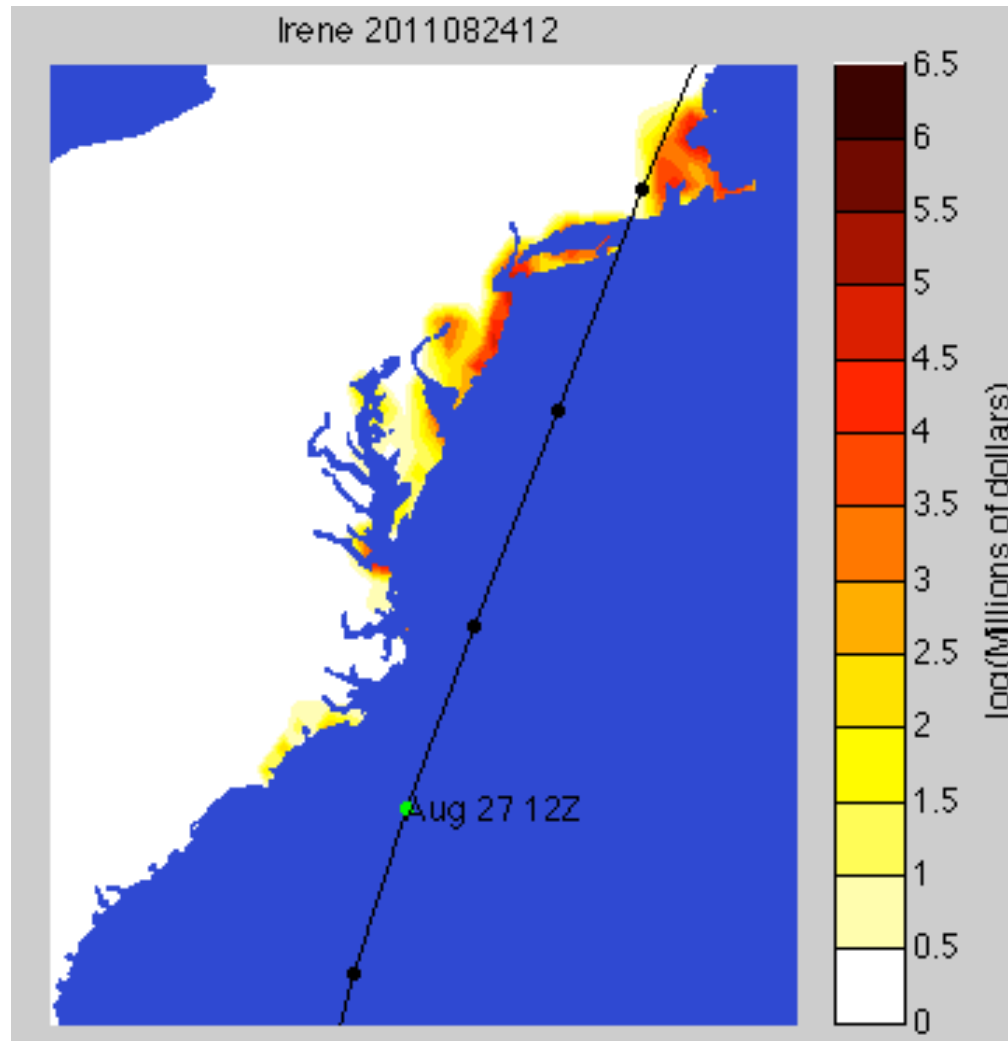
Ensemble-based exigent analysis of Hurricane Irene (2011)

April 11, 2012

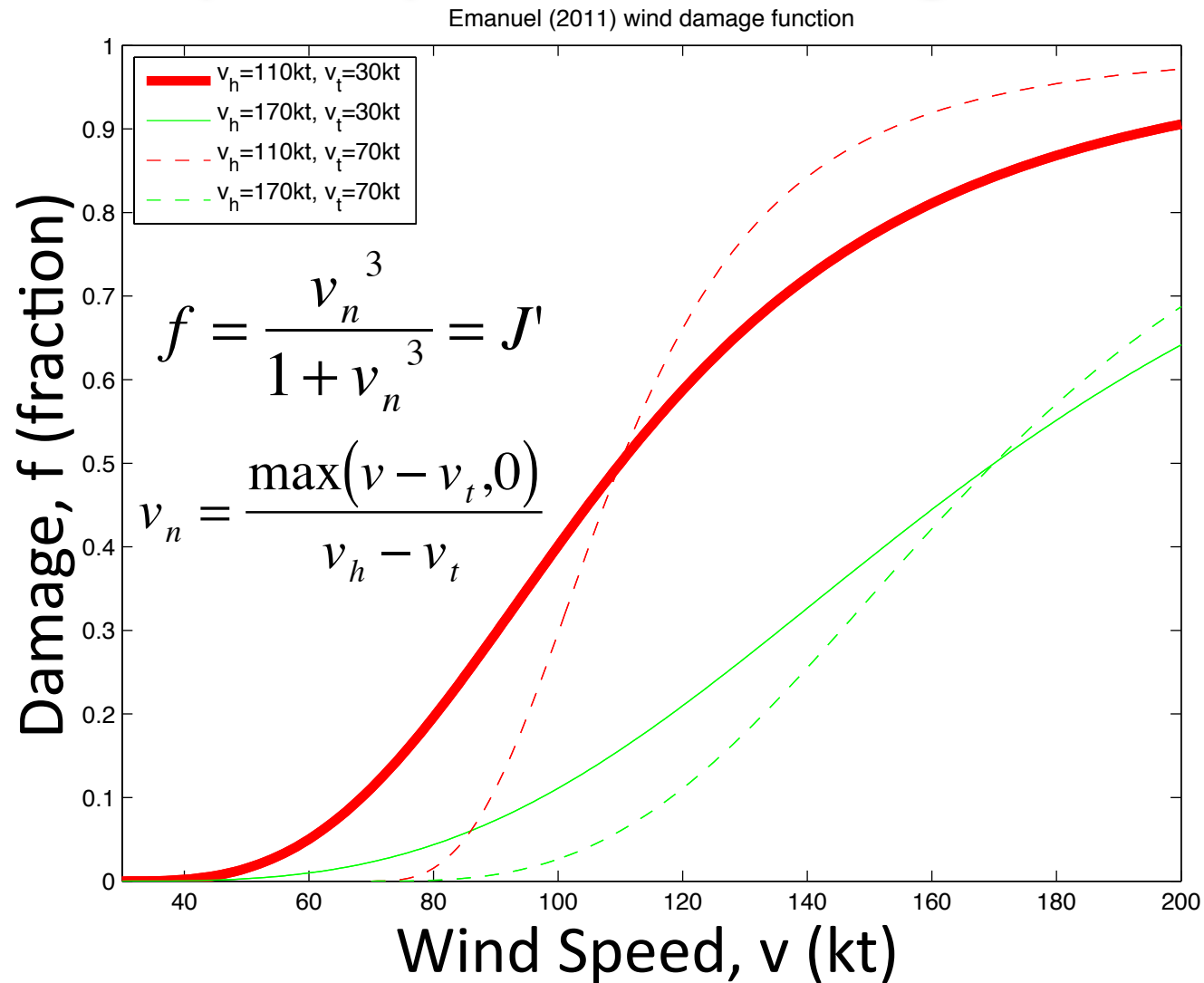
Daniel Gombos and Ross Hoffman



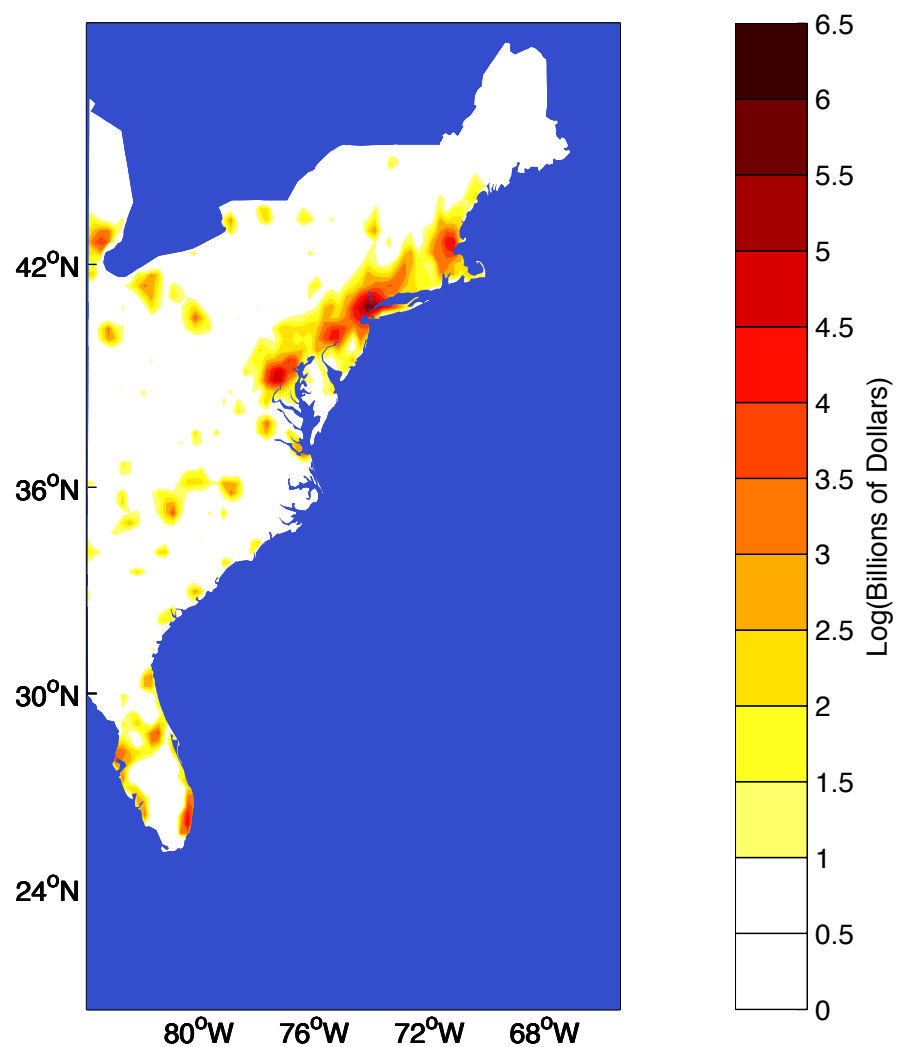
Irene exigent property damage :: 082412



Emanuel (2011) wind damage function



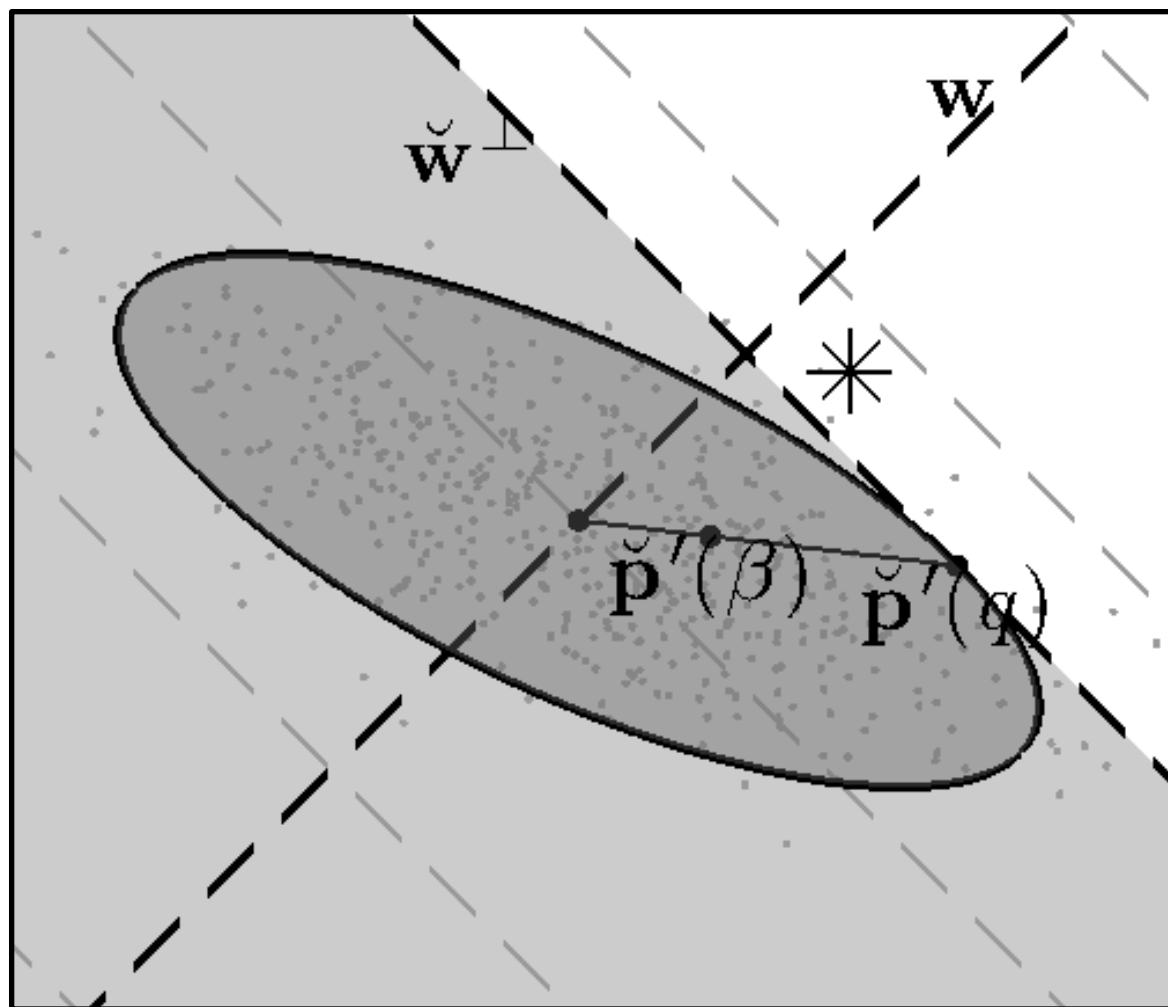
U.S. occupied household value (log \$B)



Exigent analysis

- What is the worst case total damage $J = w^T p'$
- Worst case?
 - Damage increases as wind speed increases and as area affected increases.
 - What p' maximizes J over all scenarios on the 90th probability percentile, estimated from the ensemble
 - Feasible p' s constrained by the correlations in the forecast ensemble

2d example



Exigent algebra

- Use Lagrangian multiplier to
Maximize $J = w^T p'$
Constrained by $Q_p^2 = p'^T \mathbf{S}^{-1} p'$
 - Where $Q_p^2 = \chi^2(1/q)$ [Inverse χ^2 of q]
- Solution is $p'_{\text{MAX}} = (Q_p/Q_w) \mathbf{S} w$
 - Where $Q_p^2 = w^T \mathbf{S} w$
- Example
 - p' = fraction of value damaged by max sustained winds (max over entire forecast)
 - w = summed value of US occupied households closest to each grid-point

Case 3: Irene property damage :: 082412

$$(\bar{\mathbf{p}} + \check{\mathbf{p}}') \circ \mathbf{w}$$

$$v_h = 110kt$$

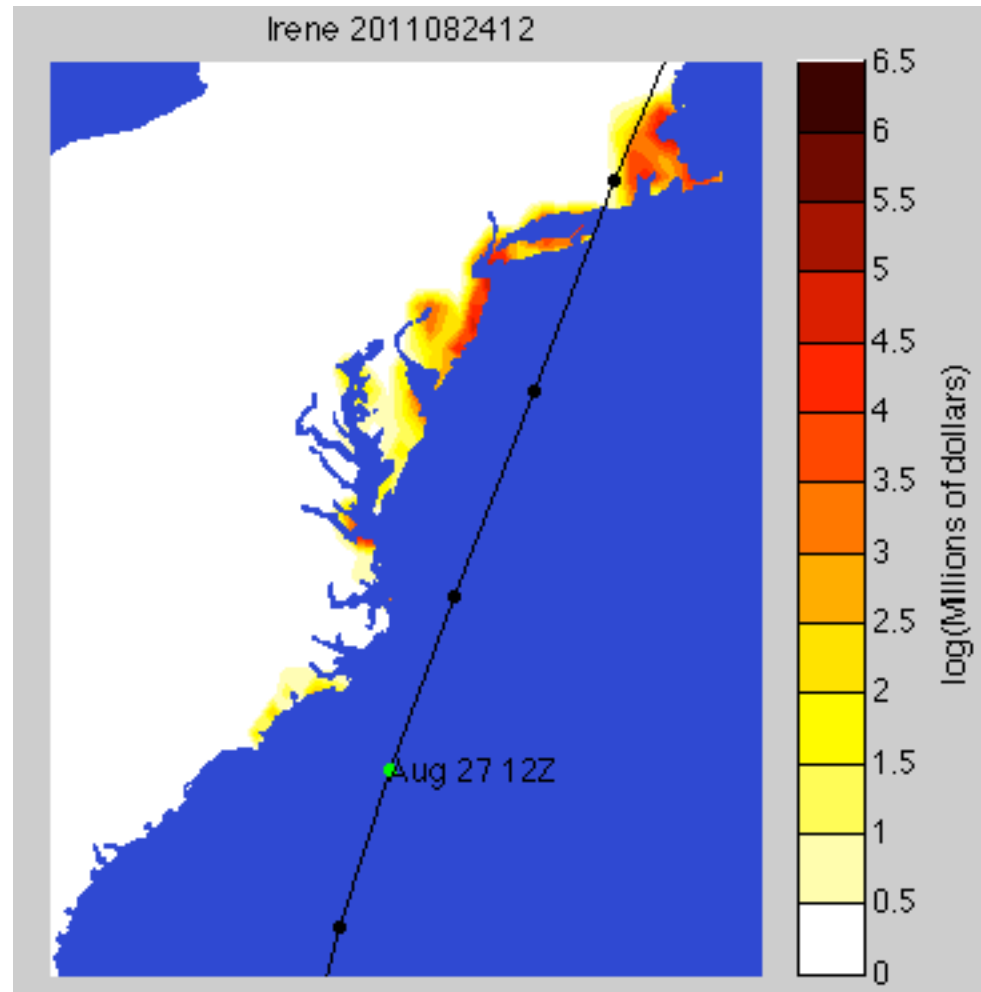
$$v_t = 30kt$$

$$v = n_p \sim 12$$

$$q = 0.9$$

w = US occupied
household dollar value

Note: values for v_h and
 v_t chosen to produce
most extreme damage



Case 3: Irene property damage :: animate

$$(\bar{\mathbf{p}} + \check{\mathbf{p}}') \circ \mathbf{w}$$

$$v_h = 110kt$$

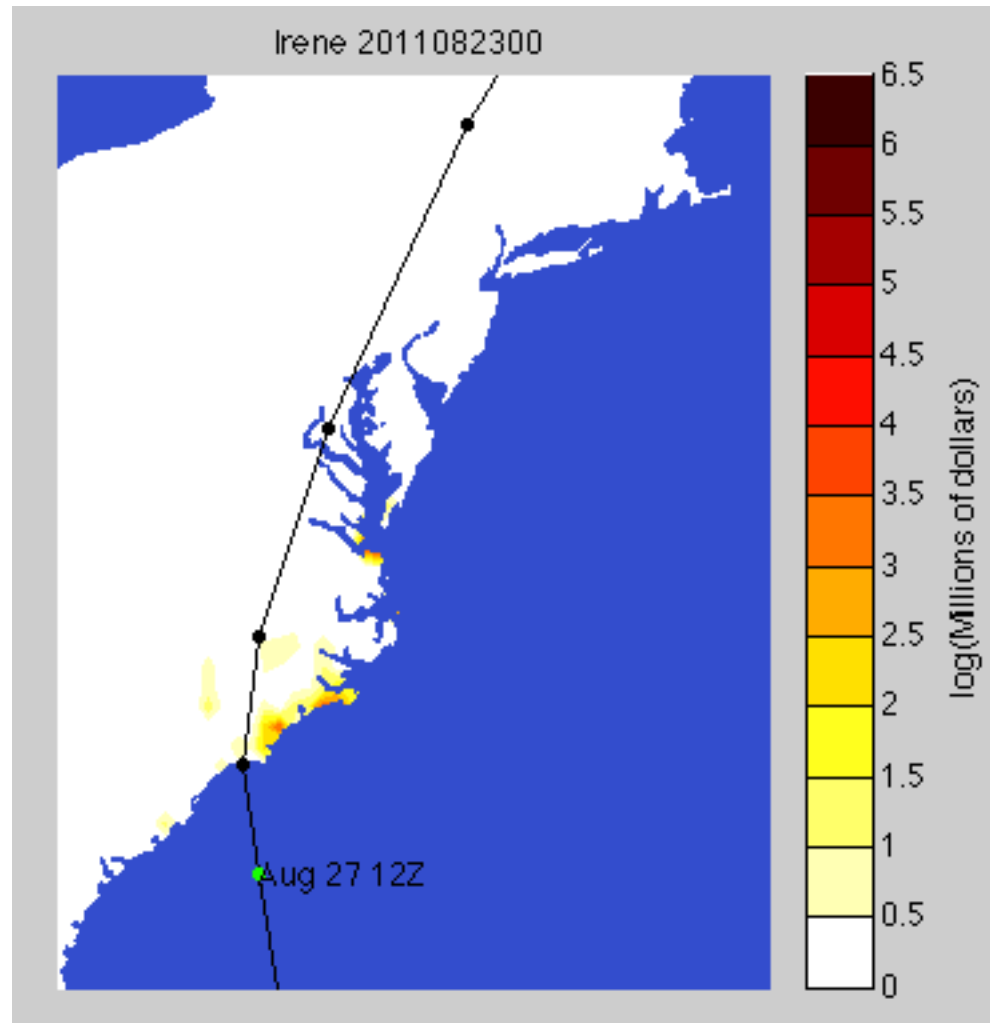
$$v_t = 30kt$$

$$v = n_p \sim 12$$

$$q = 0.9$$

w = US occupied
household dollar value

Note: values for v_h and
 v_t chosen to produce
most extreme damage



Limitations

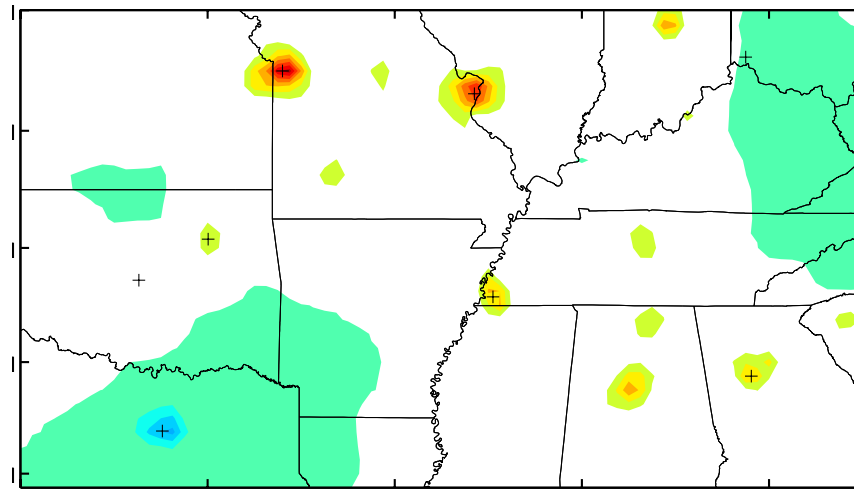
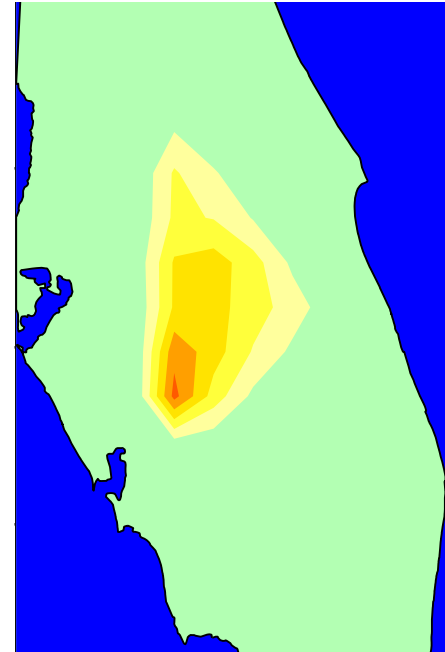
- Must estimate d.o.f.
- Ensemble should be multi-Gaussian (mG)
- Solution is in subspace spanned by the ensemble
- We solve a linear problem, but problem is inherently nonlinear when variables are not mG.

Refinements

- Transform non-mG ensembles into mG ensembles.
 - For nonlinear transforms, damage functional becomes nonlinear
- Linearize nonlinear problems and use an iterative solution method

Applications

- Citrus freeze events
- HDD :: energy demand
- Tornado potential
- Route planning
- Road conditions
- Etc.....



Summary :: Irene property damage

