

Microbial fuel cell as mitigation strategy for methane emissions from paddy fields

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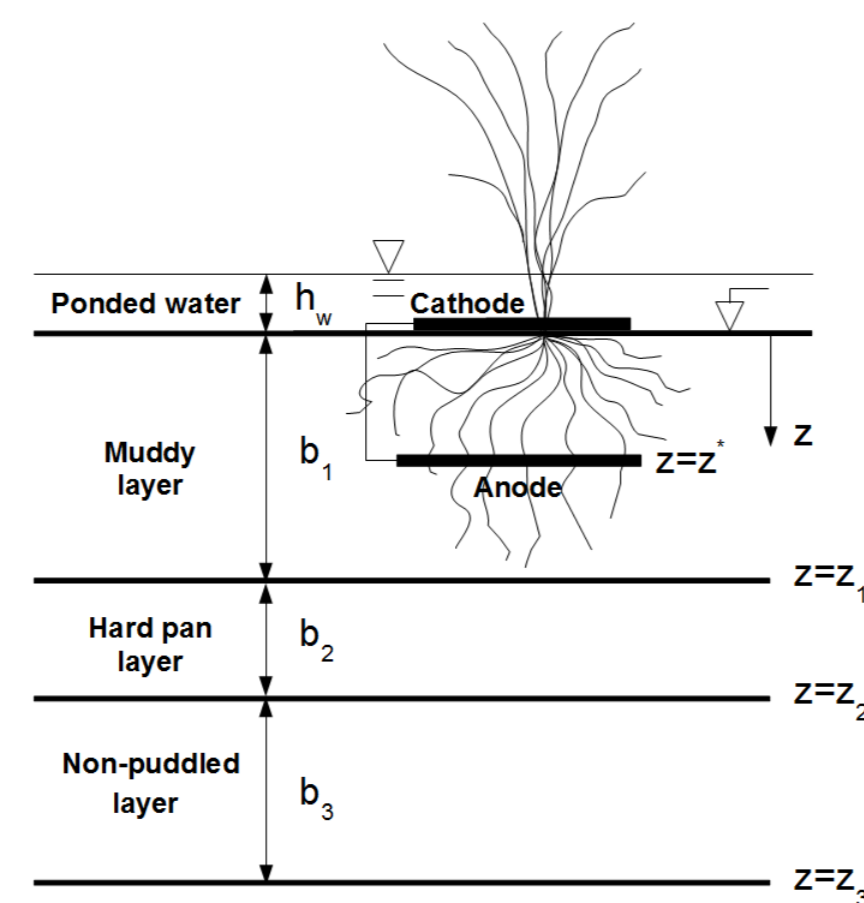


Introduction

- Eco-compatibility of rice production is compromised by emissions of methane (CH₄ – green house gas with GWP₁₀₀ ~25)
- microbial fuel cells (MFCs) can generate electricity from paddy soils [1]
- MFCs could also reduce CH₄ emissions from paddy [2]
 - MFC → dissolved organic carbon (DOC) sink
 - DOC → microbial energy source for CH₄ production
 - MFC → ↓↓ DOC → ↓↓ CH₄ production → ↓↓ CH₄ emissions
- Objective**
Investigate MFC effectiveness in reducing CH₄ emissions
→ process-based model approach

Process-based model

- Hydro_chemical model** [3]
 - Soil stratigraphy** → three layers
 - Hydraulic** → Subsurface flow
 - Roots** → gas mass balance PDE
 - Biogeochemistry** → chemical compound mass balance PDE
 - Temperature** → heat transfer equation
- MFC model** → additional DOC sink
 - I current intensity [1,4]
 - A_{MFC} anode projected area [1]
 - e_{DOC} mol_{e-} per mol_{DOC} $R_{DOC}^{MFC} = \min \left[\frac{I A_{MFC}}{e_{DOC} F}, \frac{DOC}{\Delta t} \right]$
 - F Faraday constant
 - DOC dissolved organic carbon concentration
 - Δt time step



Results

- S_x^y → Current intensity, I, in mA/m²
 x → anode depth, z_{MFC}, in cm
- up to -26.5% total CH₄ emissions
- CH₄ emissions = f(I)
 - ↑↑ Current intensity ↓↓ CH₄ emissions
 - asymptotic plateau
 - transport processes limit CH₄ mitigation
- CH₄ emissions = f(z_{MFC})
 - near the top → ↓↓ CH₄ emission reductions
 - Middle of muddy layer → ↑↑ CH₄ emission reductions
 - near the bottom → no maximum reductions → ↓↓ roots

Conclusions

- MFC can be an effective mitigation technique for CH₄ emissions
- process-based model can be a powerful tool for preliminary investigation of novel mitigation strategy of CH₄ emissions from paddy field

References

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