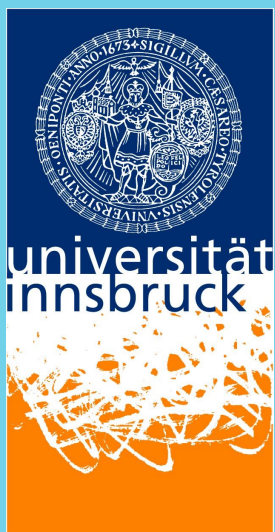


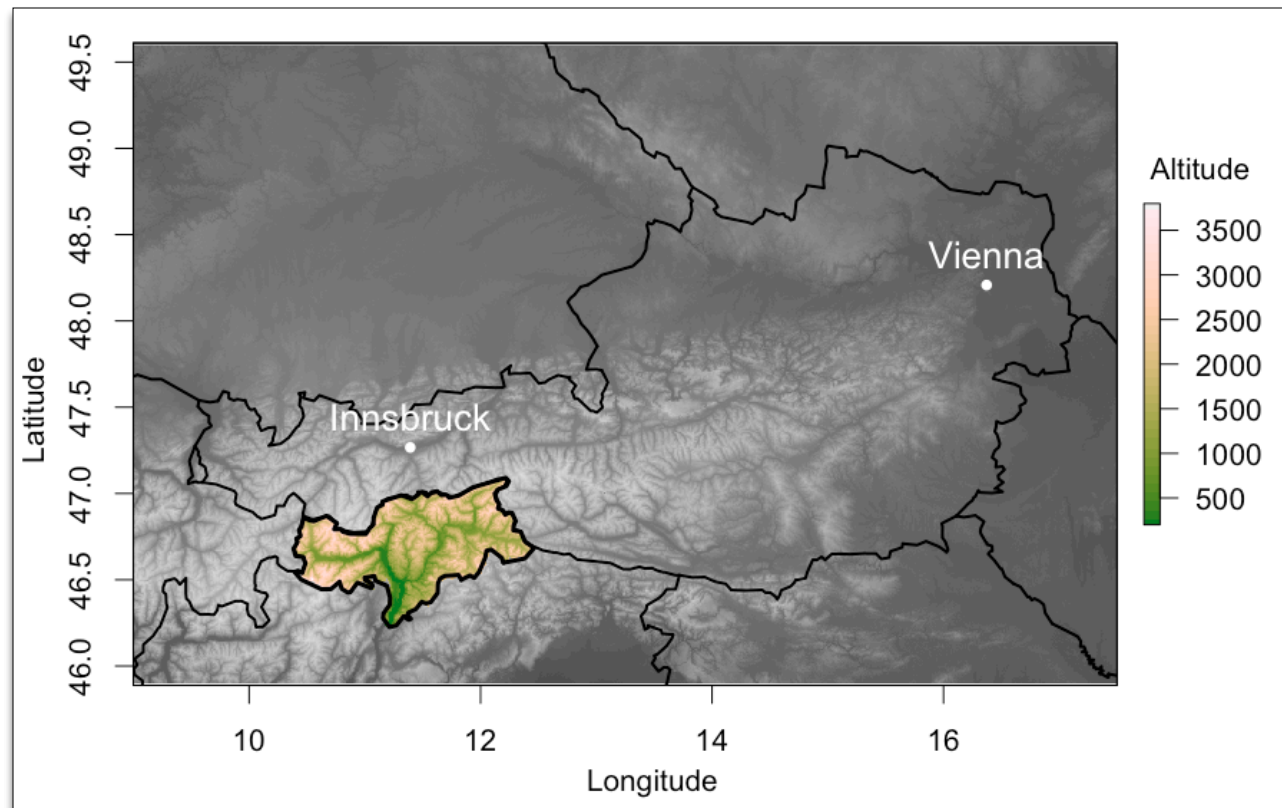
# Spatial Ensemble Post-Processing with Standardized Anomalies

Markus Dabernig, Georg J. Mayr,  
Jakob W. Messner and Achim Zeileis

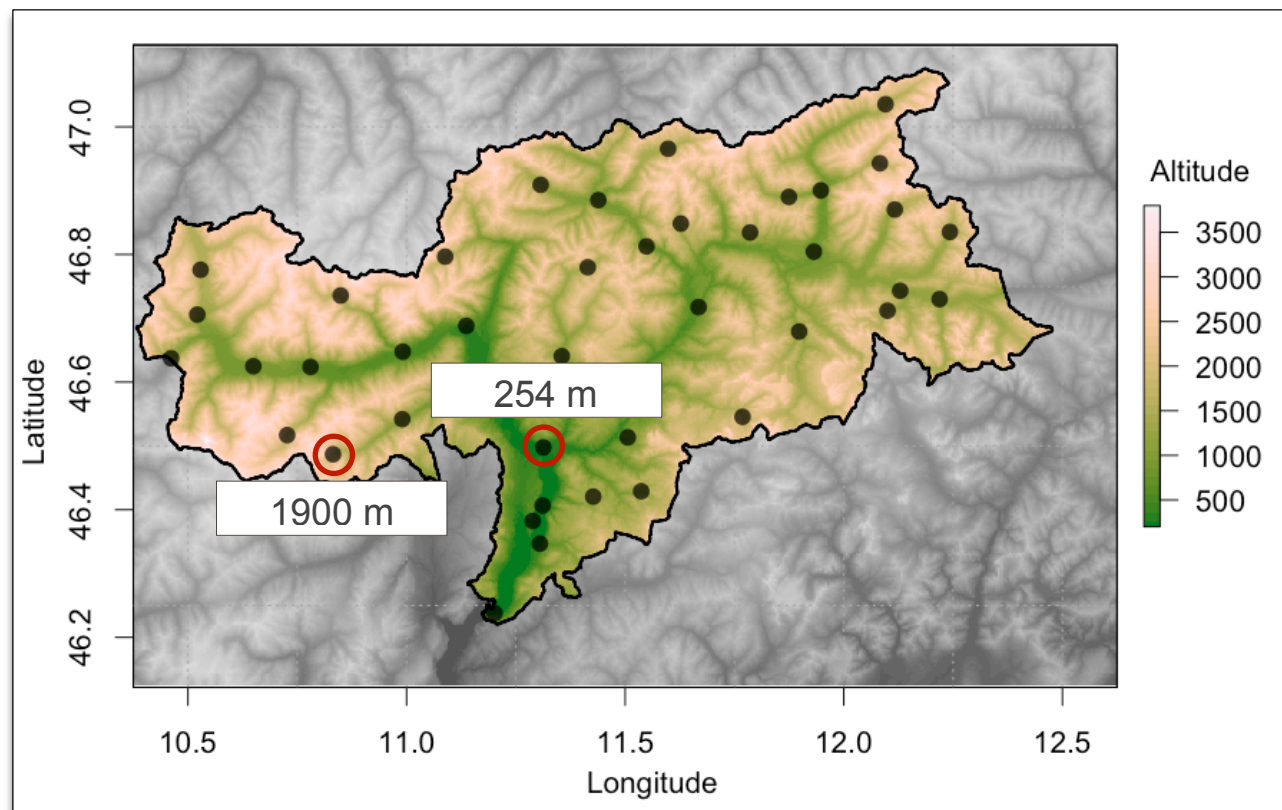


20.04.2016

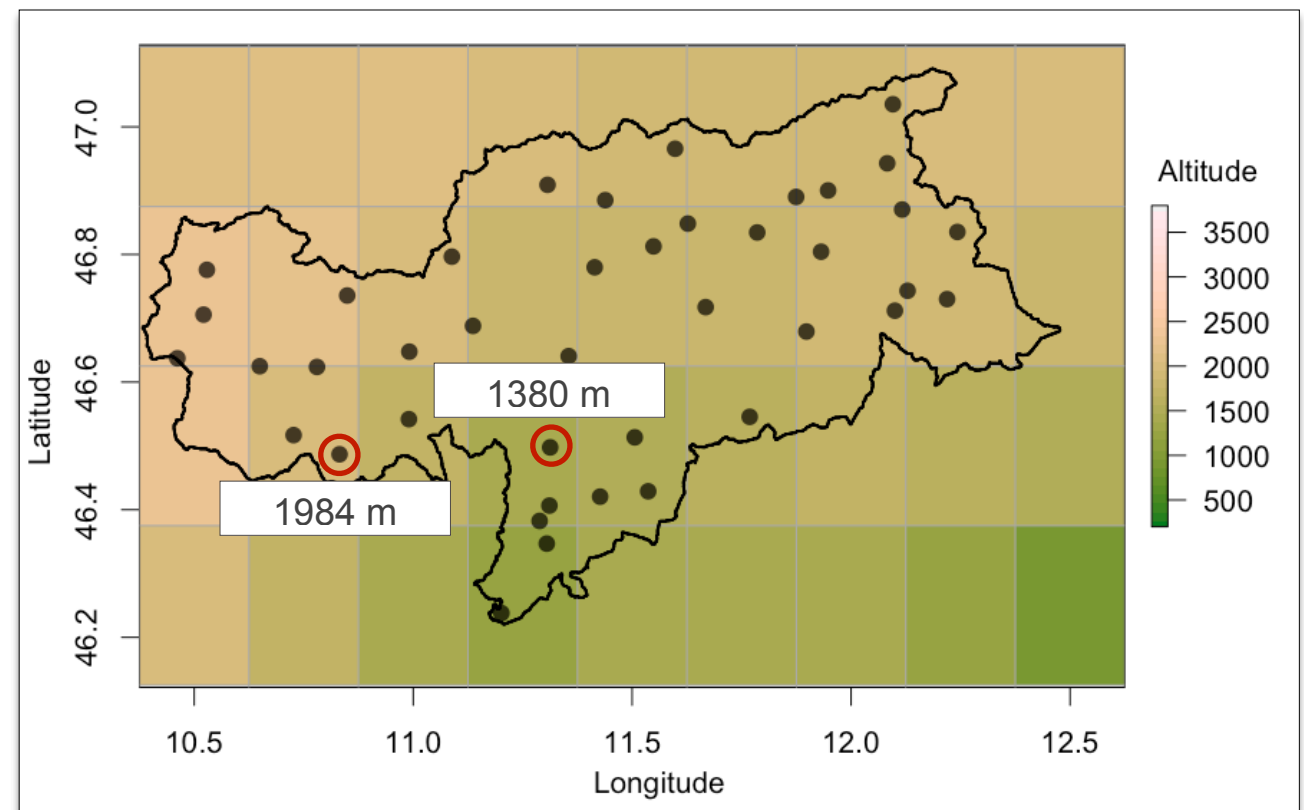
# Motivation



# Motivation



Topography



ECMWF ensemble topography (0.25°)

- 18 UTC temperature measurements from automatic weather stations
- + 18 h ECMWF ensemble temperature forecasts, 00 UTC run

# Ensemble Model Output Statistics (EMOS)

$$y \sim N(\mu, \sigma)$$

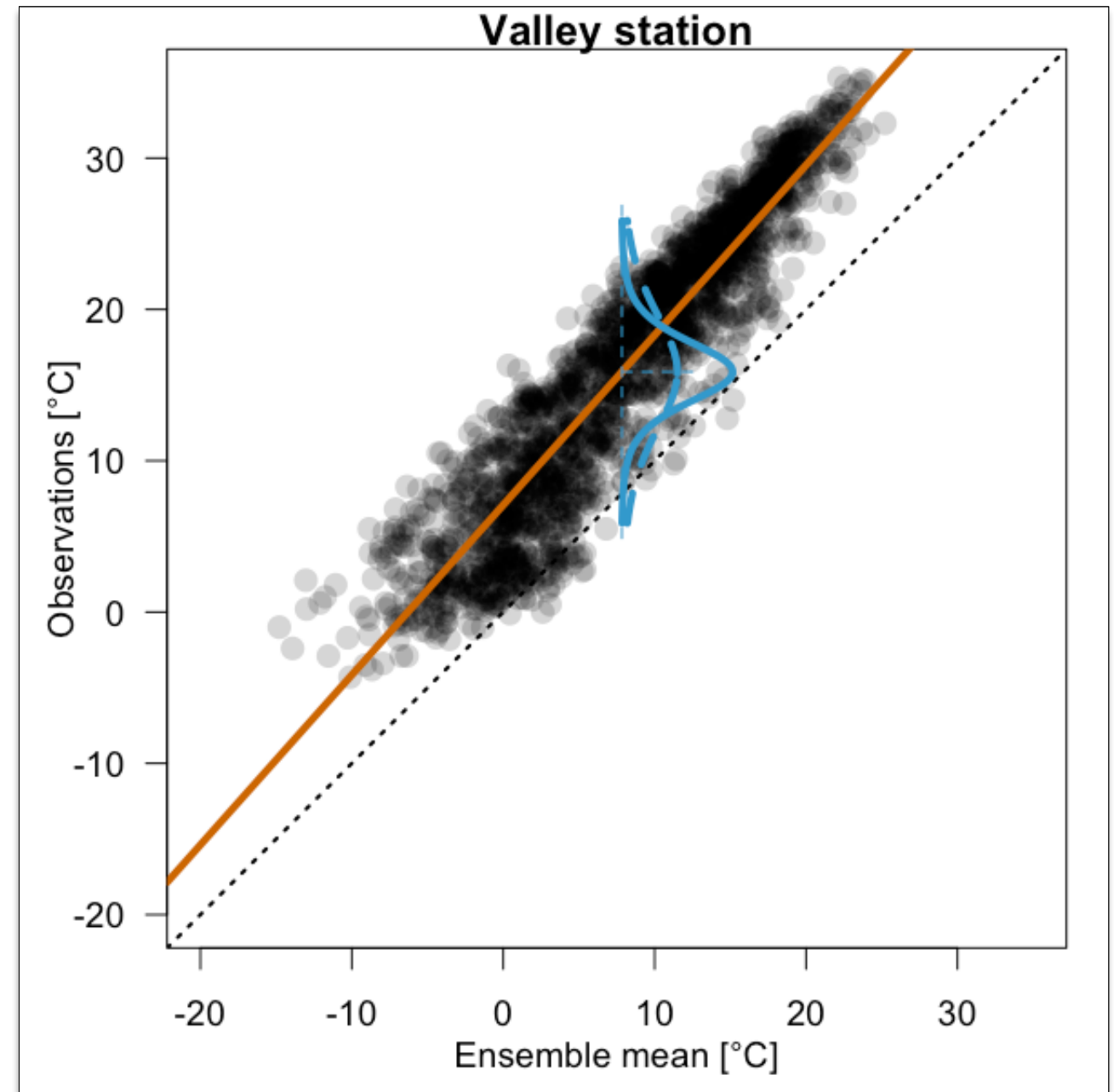
$$\mu = b_0 + b_1 m$$

$$\log(\sigma) = c_0 + c_1 \log(s)$$

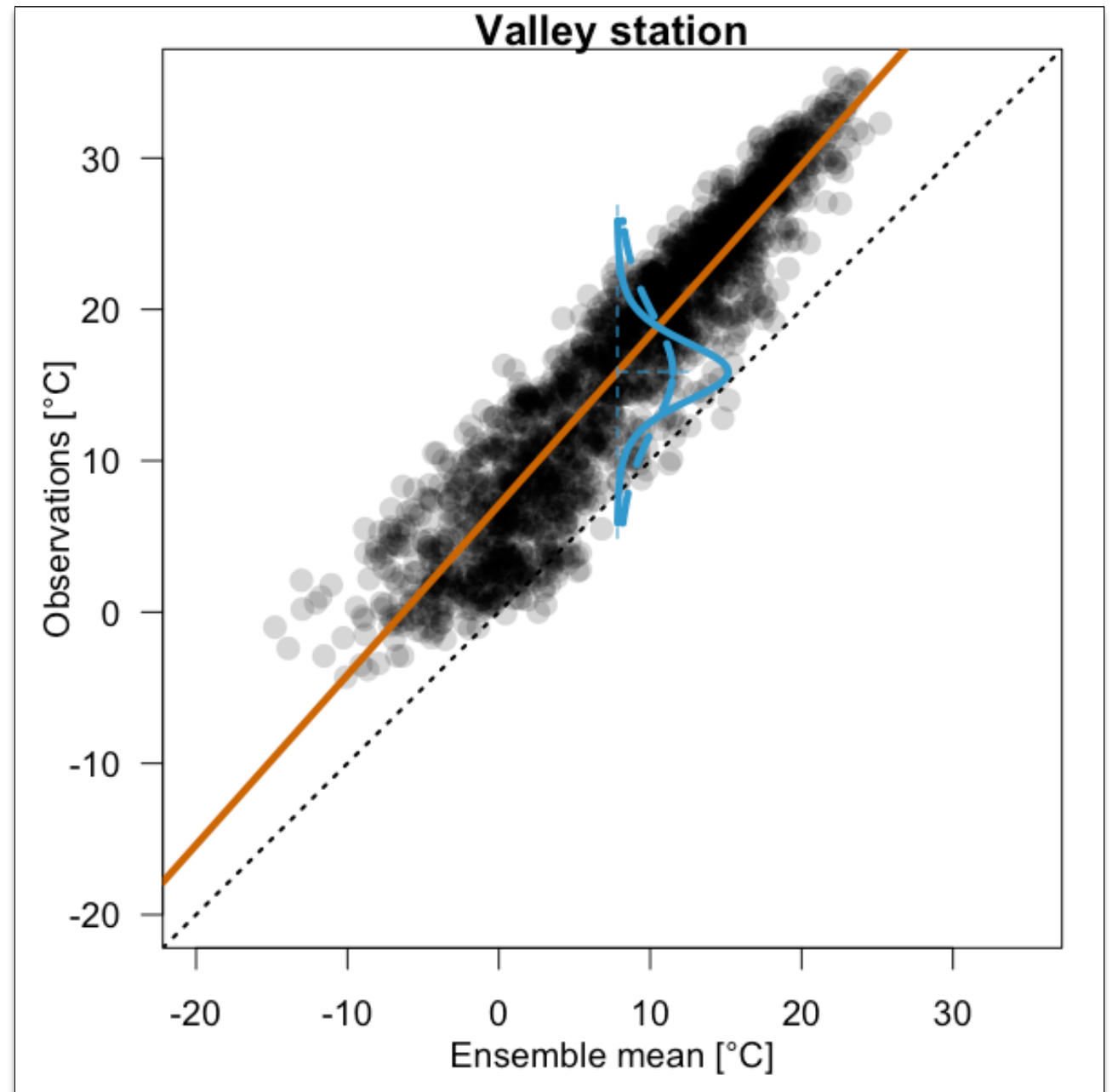
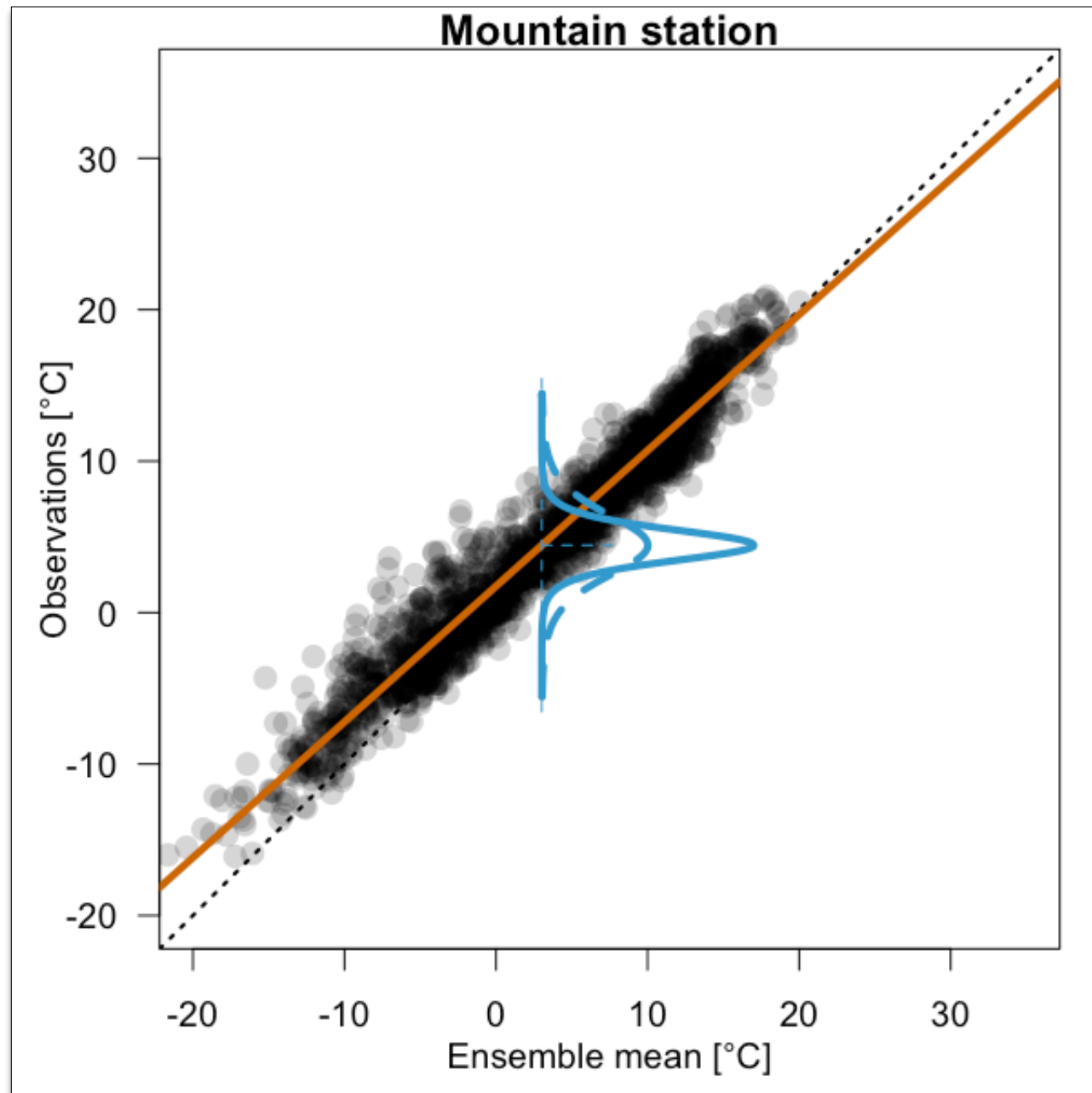
$y$ ...Observations

$m$ ...Ensemble mean

$s$ ...Ensemble spread



# Ensemble Model Output Statistics (EMOS)



# Standardized Anomaly Model Output Statistics—SAMOS

$$\frac{y - \mu_y}{\sigma_y} \sim N(\mu, \sigma)$$

$$\mu = b_0 + b_1 \frac{m - \mu_m}{\sigma_m}$$

$$\log(\sigma) = c_0 + c_1 \frac{\log(s) - \mu_{\log(s)}}{\sigma_{\log(s)}}$$

$\mu_{y,m,\log(s)}$ ...Climatological mean

$\sigma_{y,m,\log(s)}$ ...Climatological standard deviation

# Standardized Anomaly Model Output Statistics—SAMOS

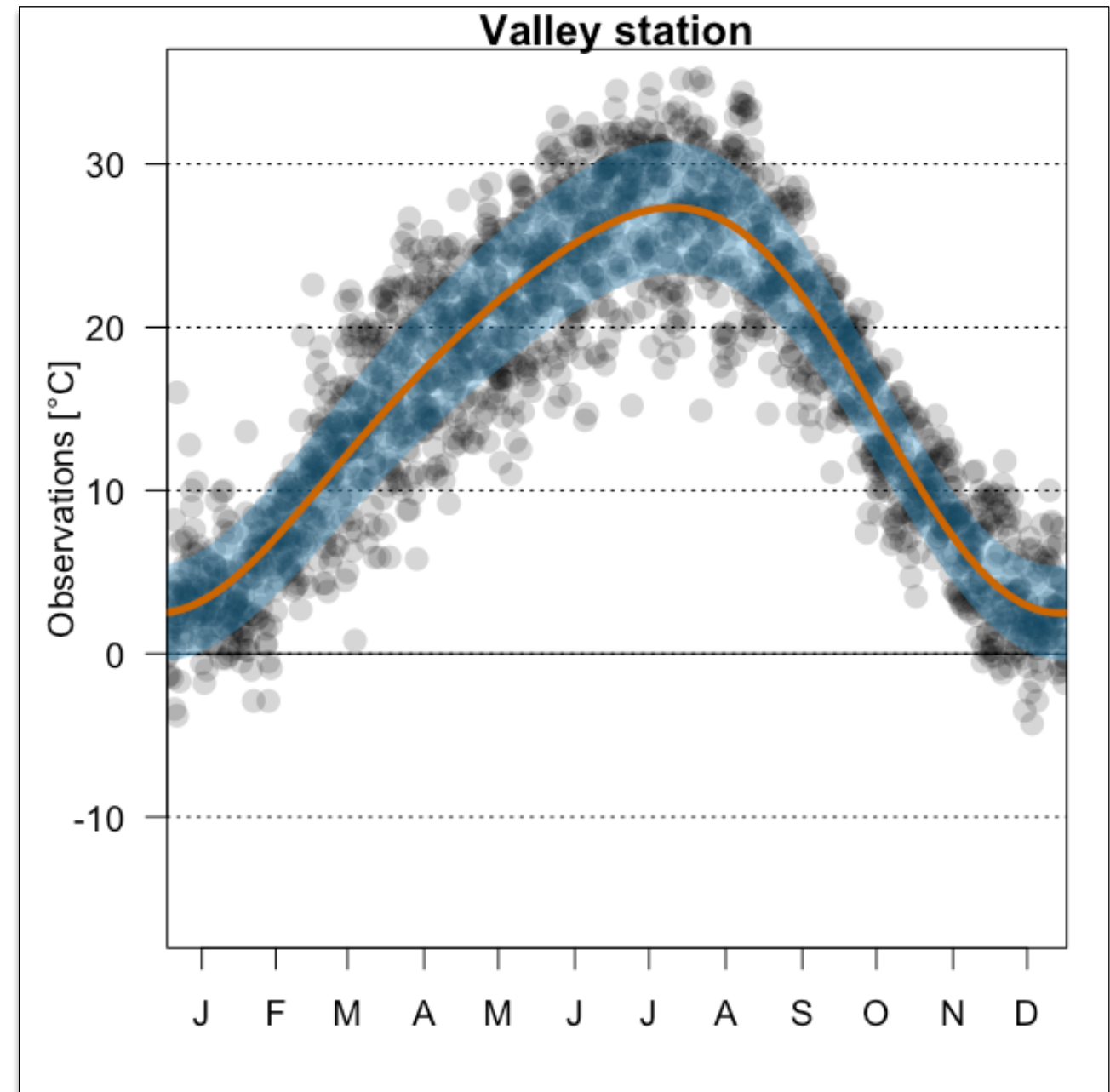
Generalized Additive Model for Location, Scale and Shape:

$$y \sim N(\mu_y, \sigma_y)$$

$$\mu_y = \beta_0 + f(\text{Season})$$

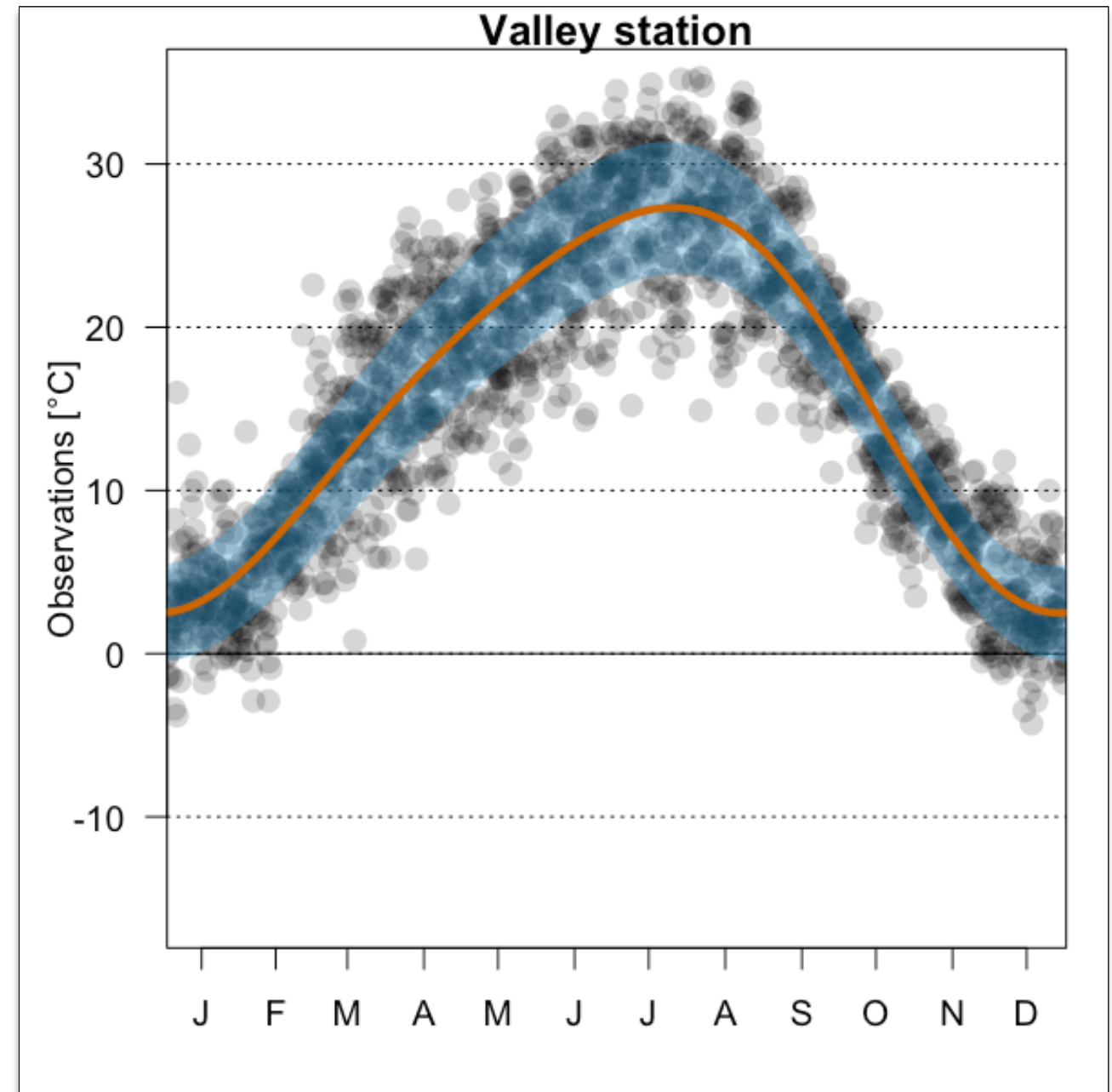
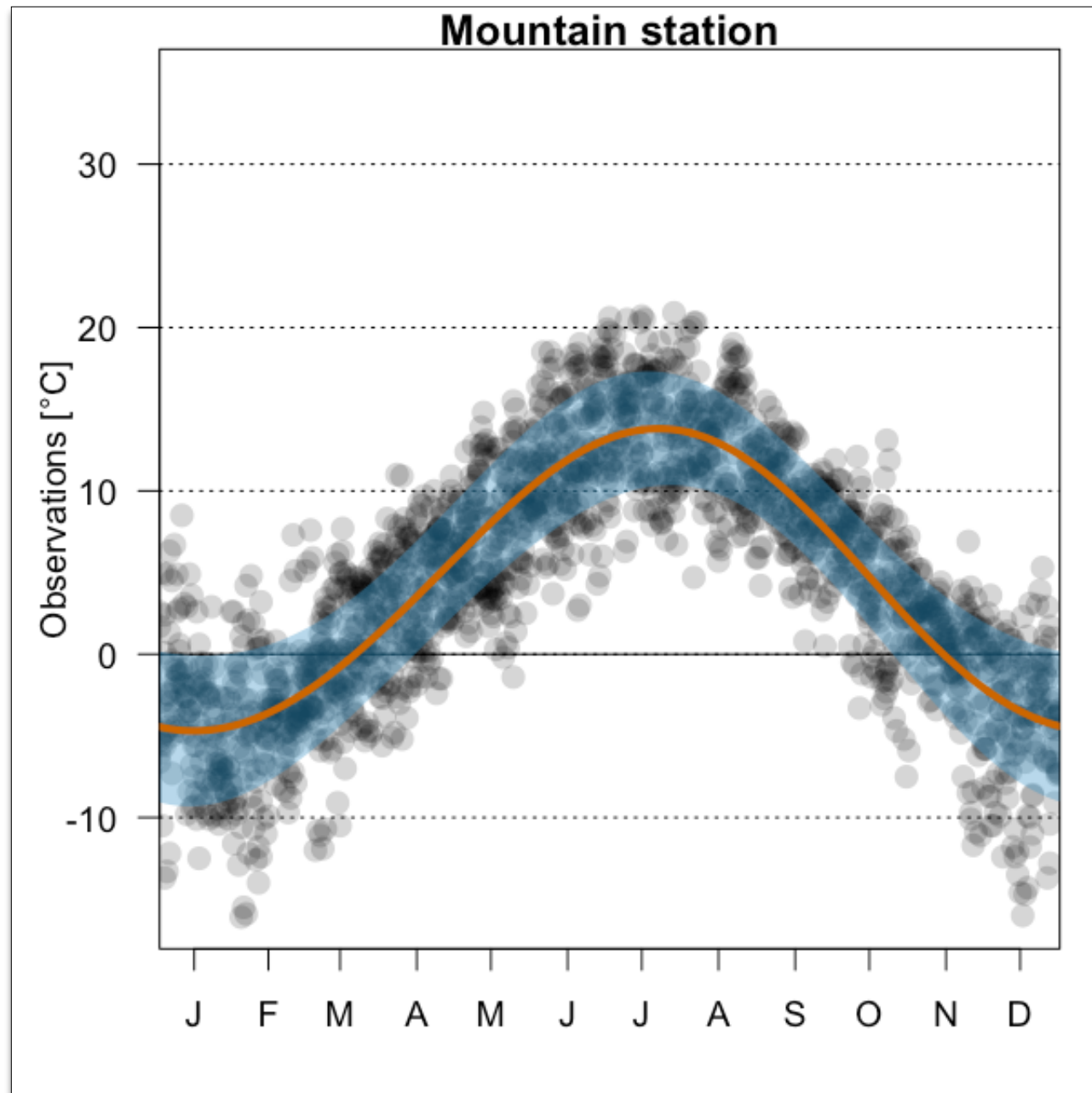
$$\log(\sigma_y) = \gamma_0 + g(\text{Season})$$

$f, g$ ...non linear function



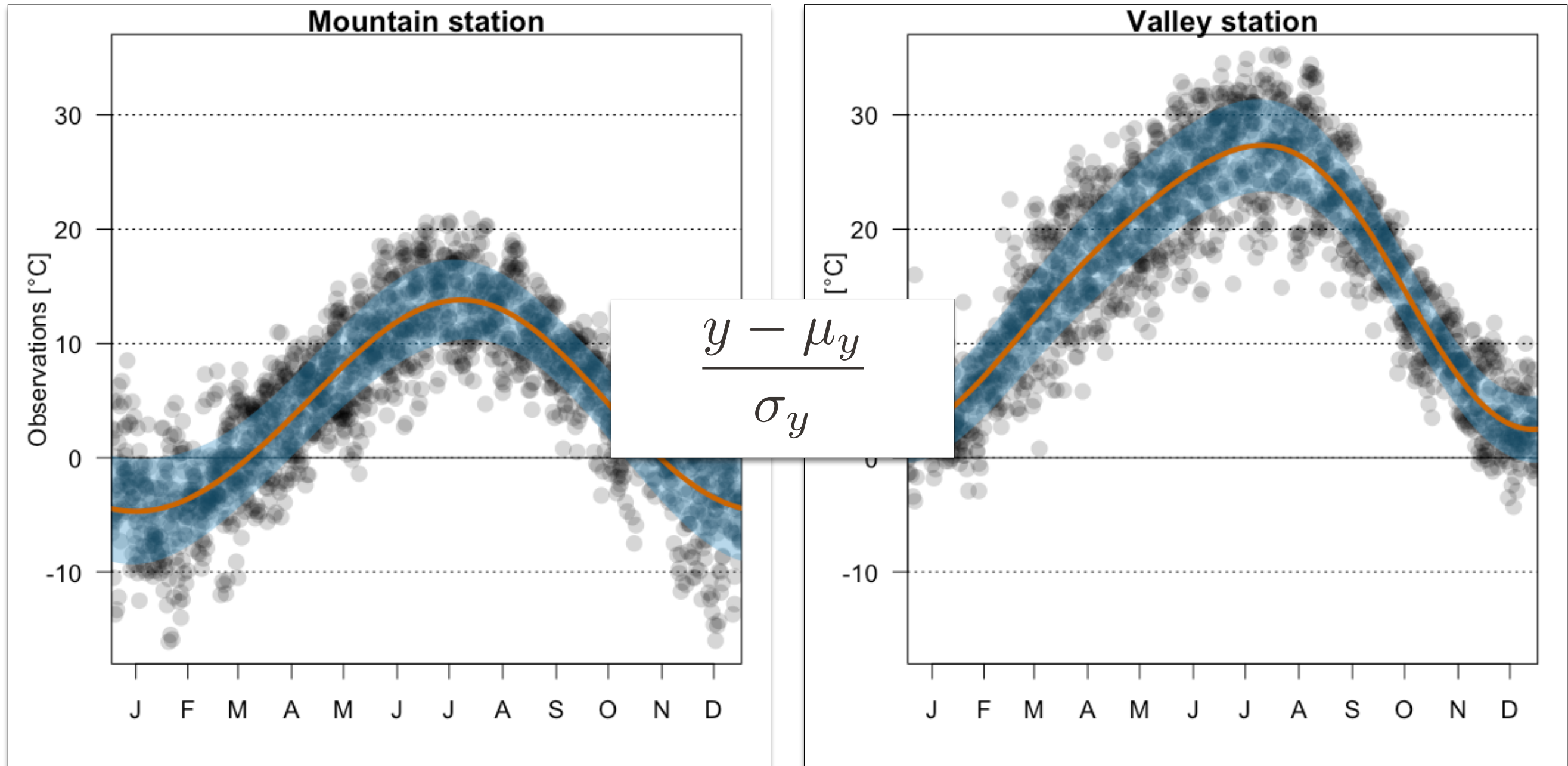


# Standardized Anomaly Model Output Statistics—SAMOS

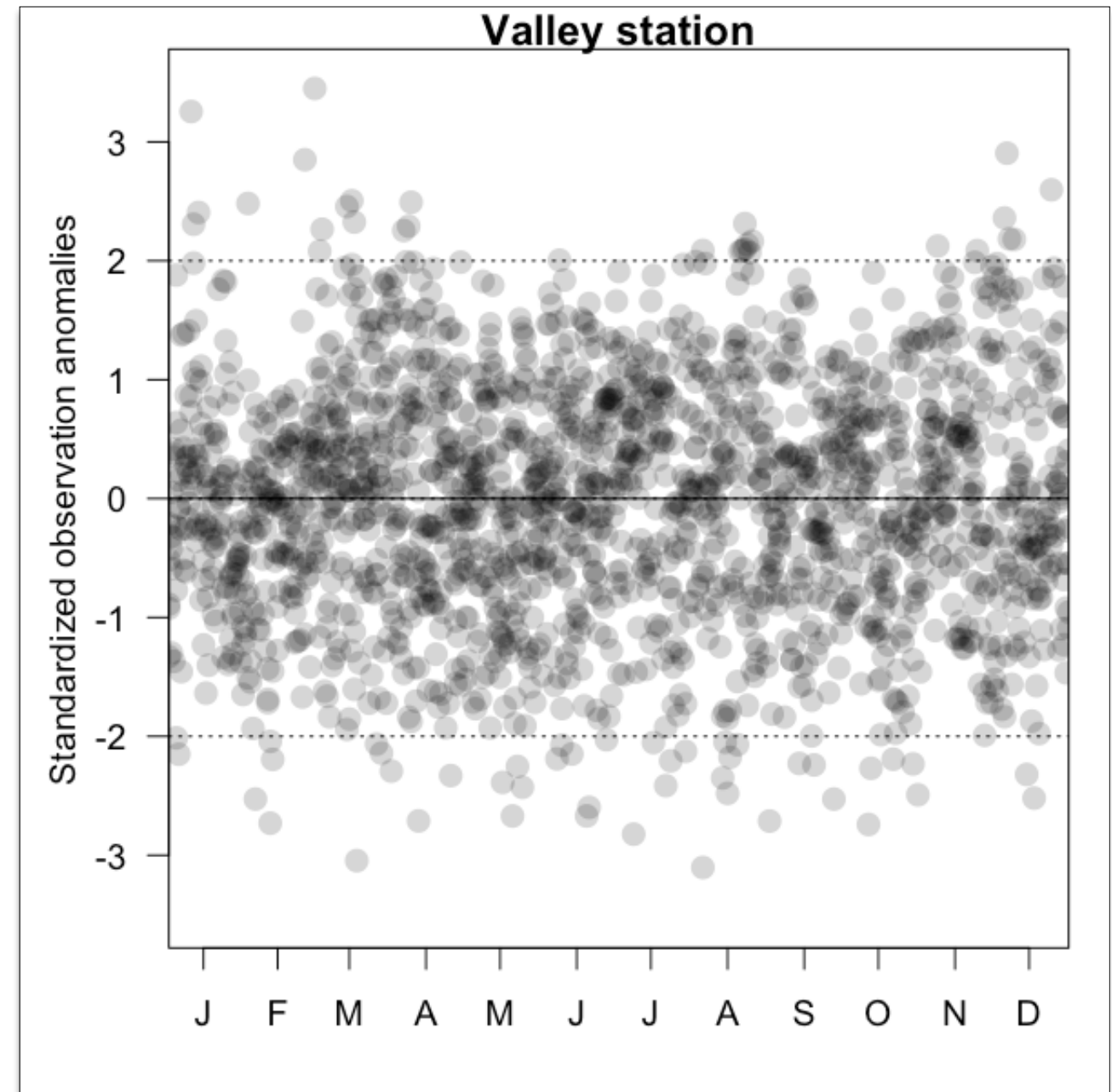
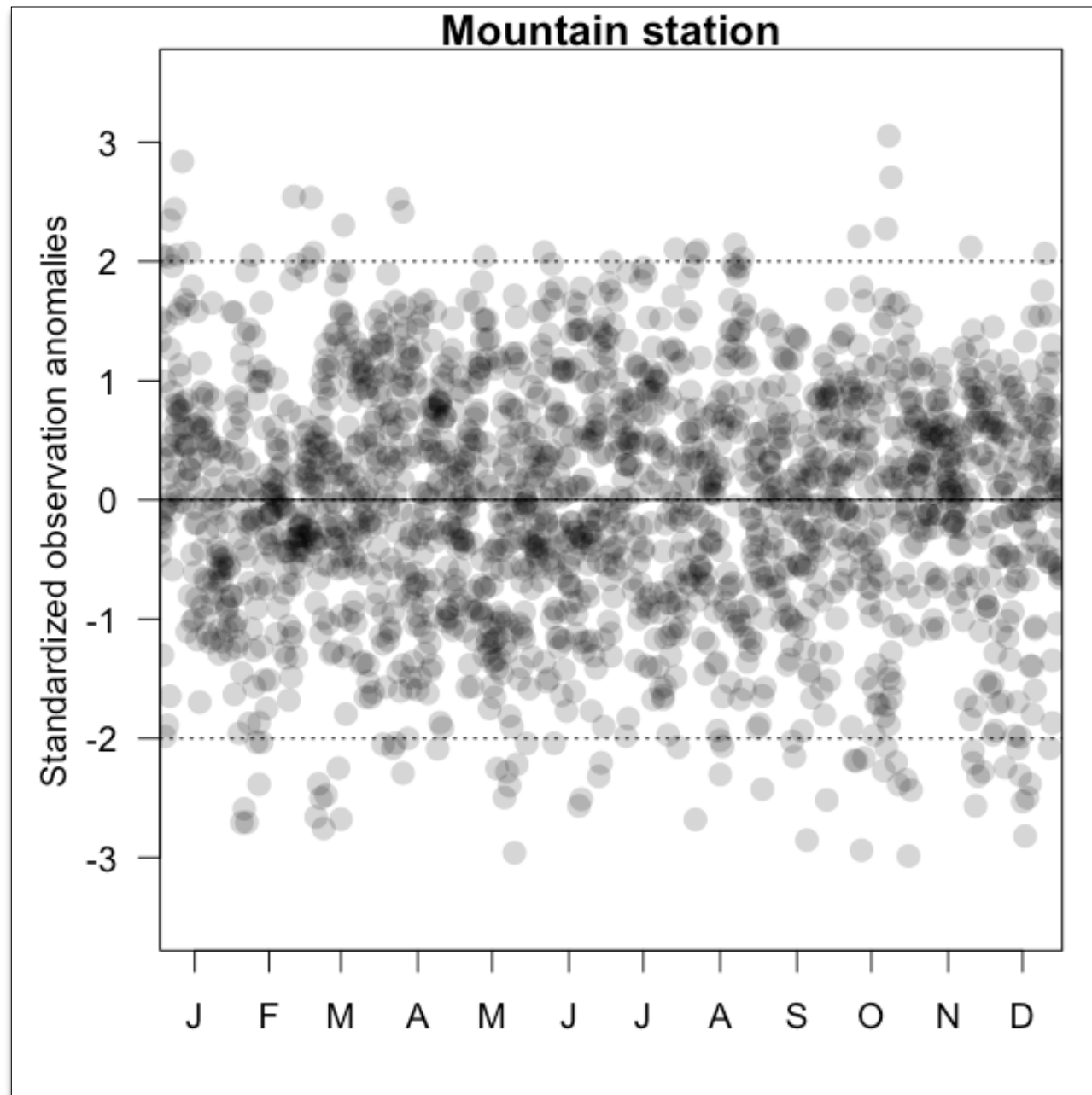




# Standardized Anomaly Model Output Statistics—SAMOS

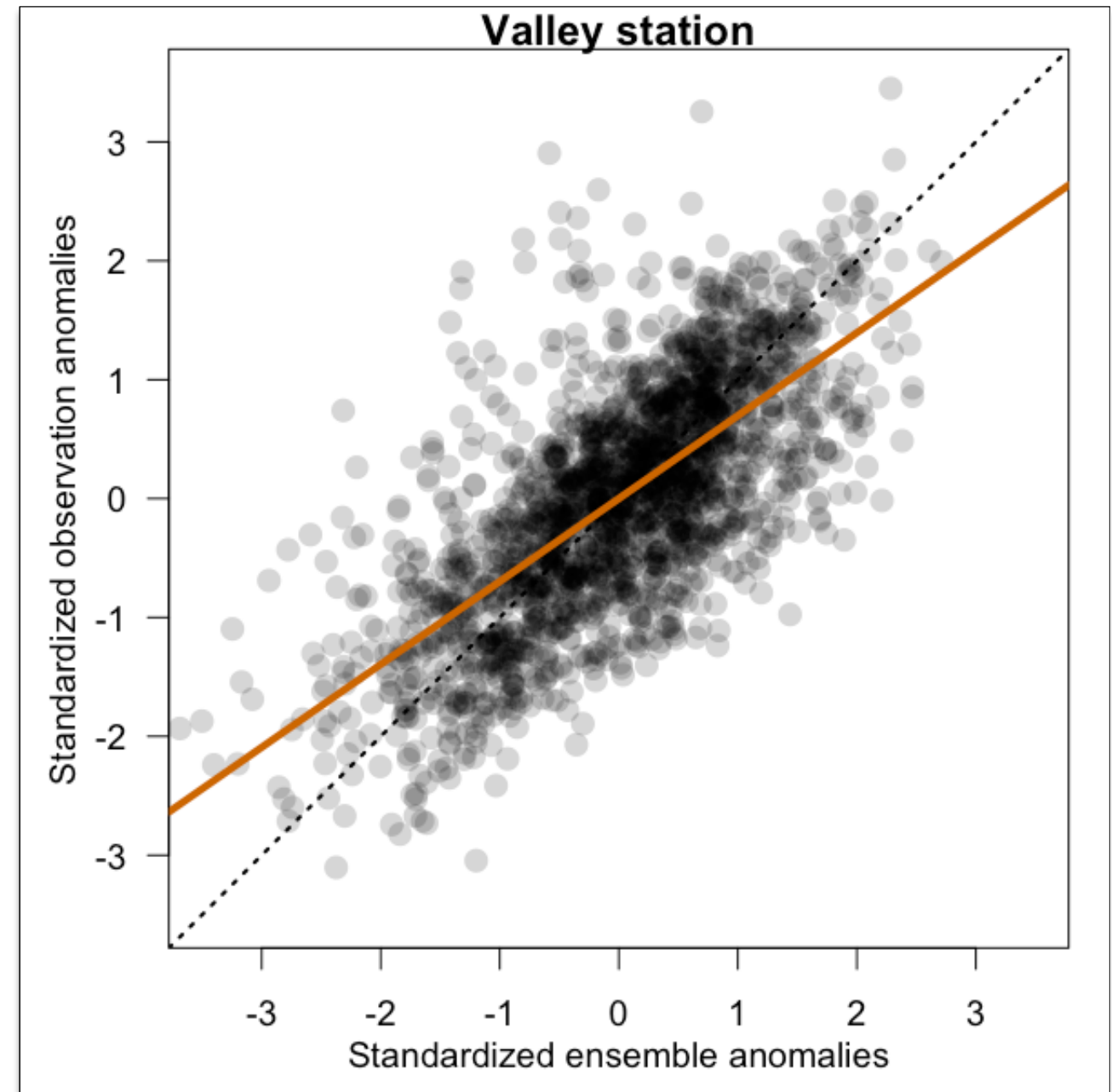
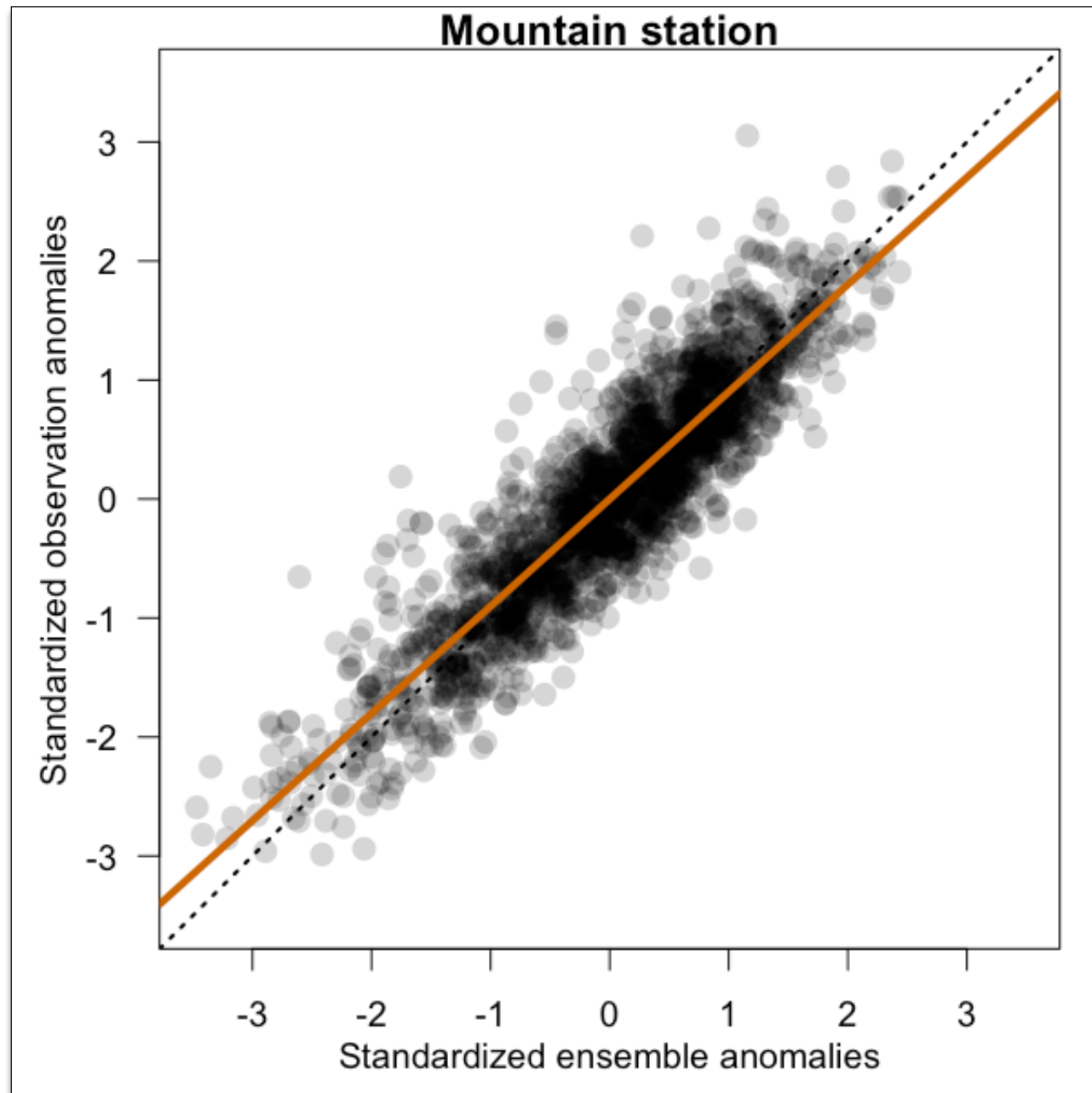


# Standardized Anomaly Model Output Statistics—SAMOS

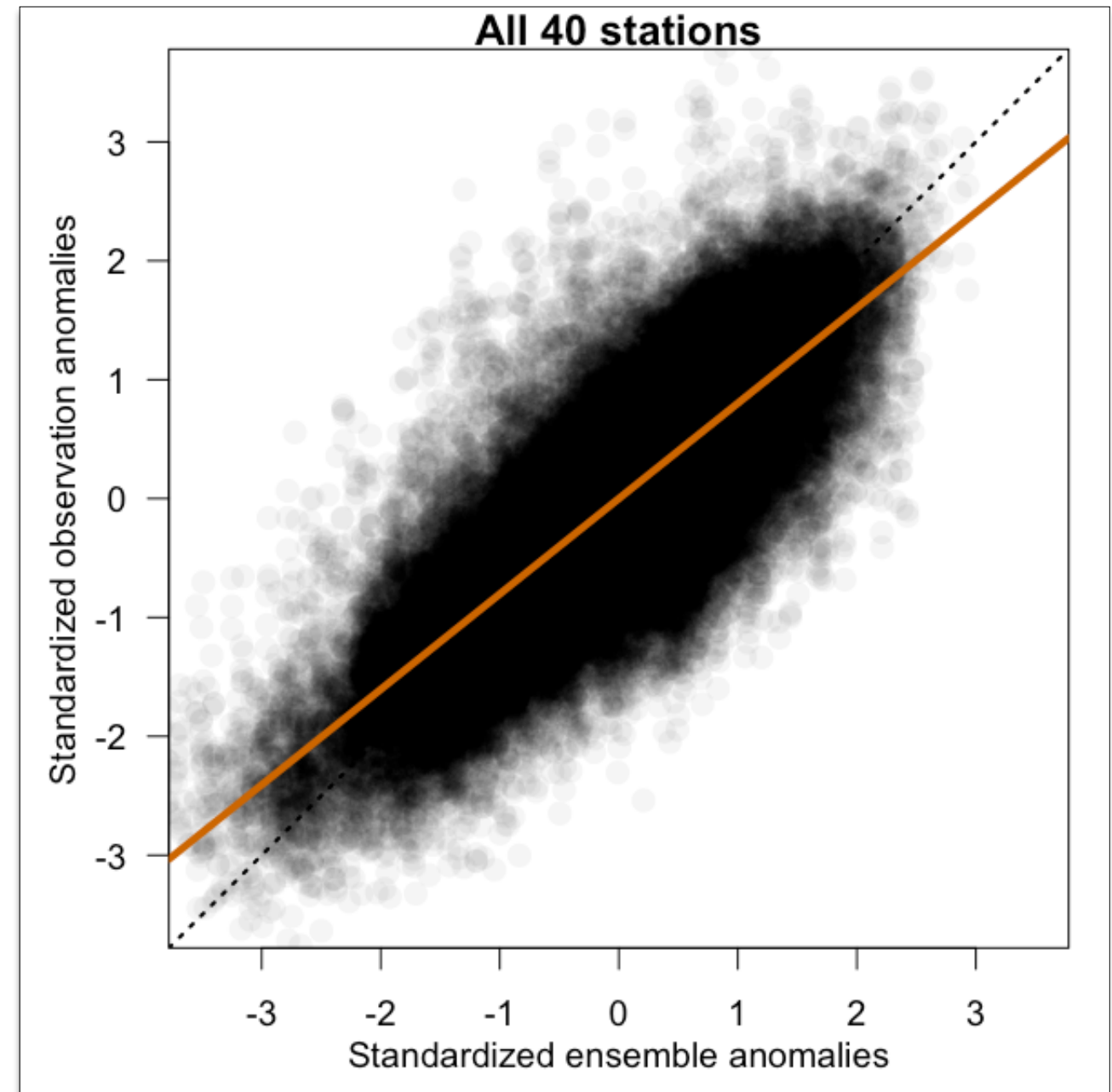
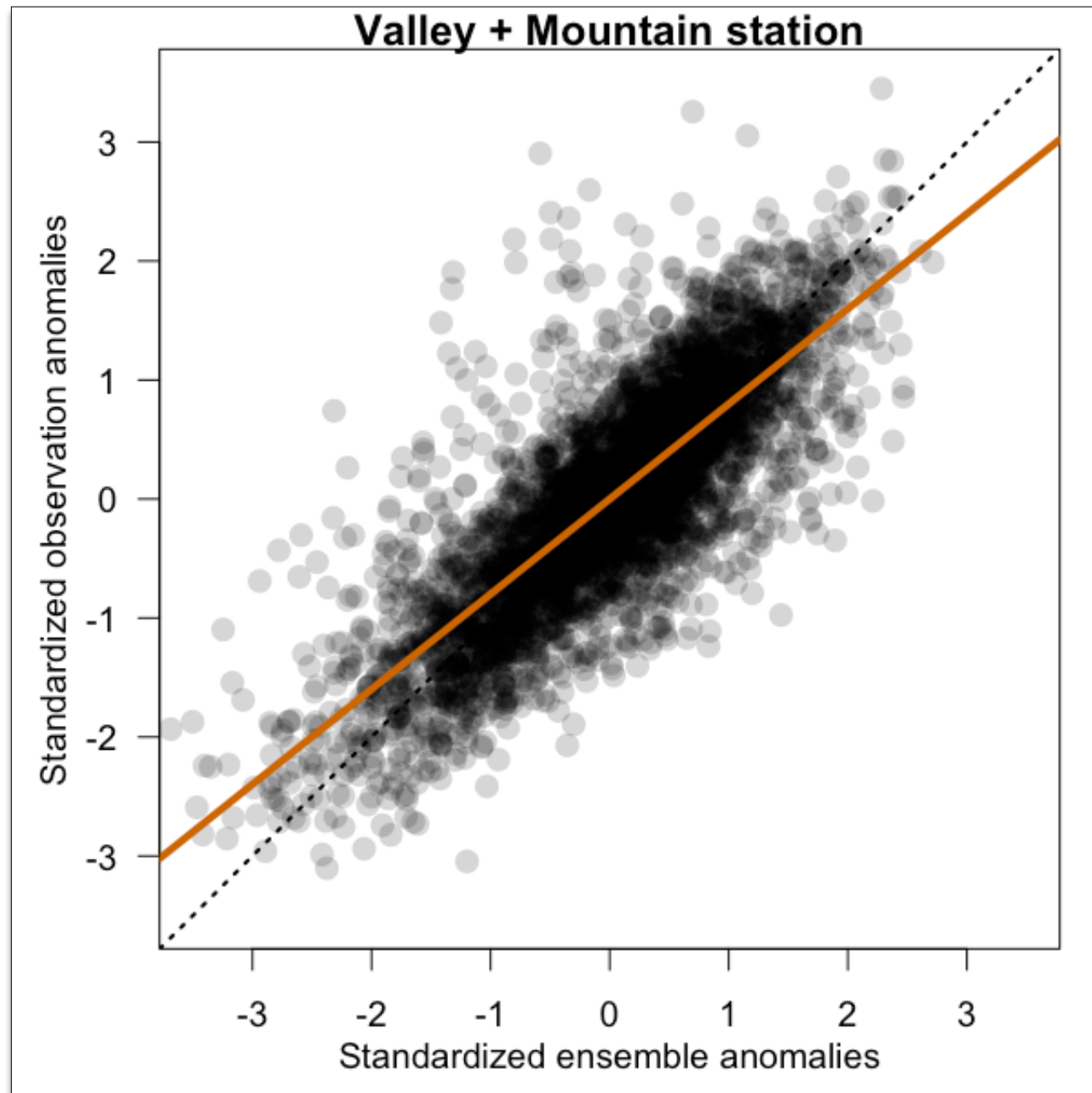


**season- and site-specific** characteristics are removed

# Standardized Anomaly Model Output Statistics—SAMOS



# Standardized Anomaly Model Output Statistics—SAMOS



# Standardized Anomaly Model Output Statistics—SAMOS

$$\frac{y - \mu_y}{\sigma_y} \sim N(\mu, \sigma)$$

$$\mu = b_0 + b_1 \frac{m - \mu_m}{\sigma_m}$$

$$\log(\sigma) = c_0 + c_1 \frac{\log(s) - \mu_{\log(s)}}{\sigma_{\log(s)}}$$

$\mu_{y,m,\log(s)}$ ...Climatological mean

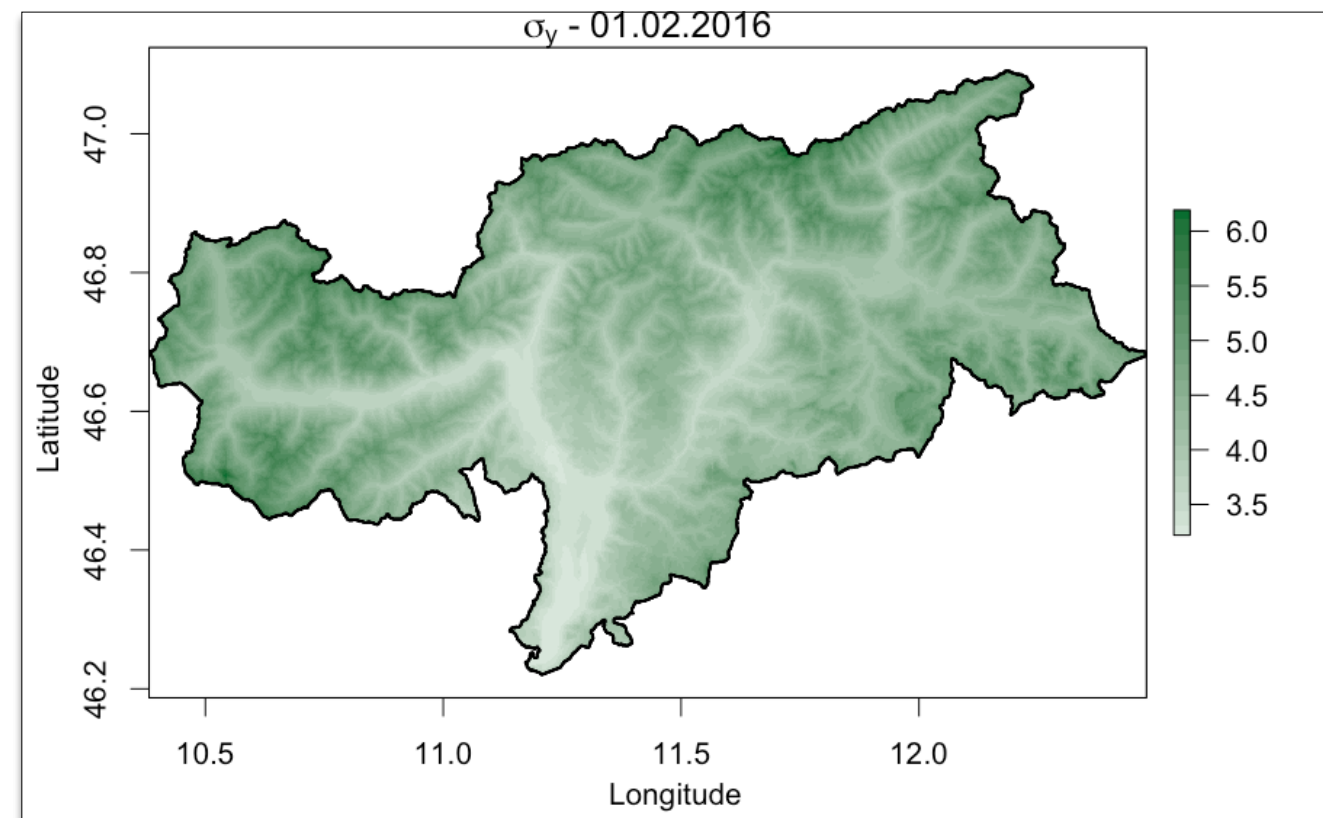
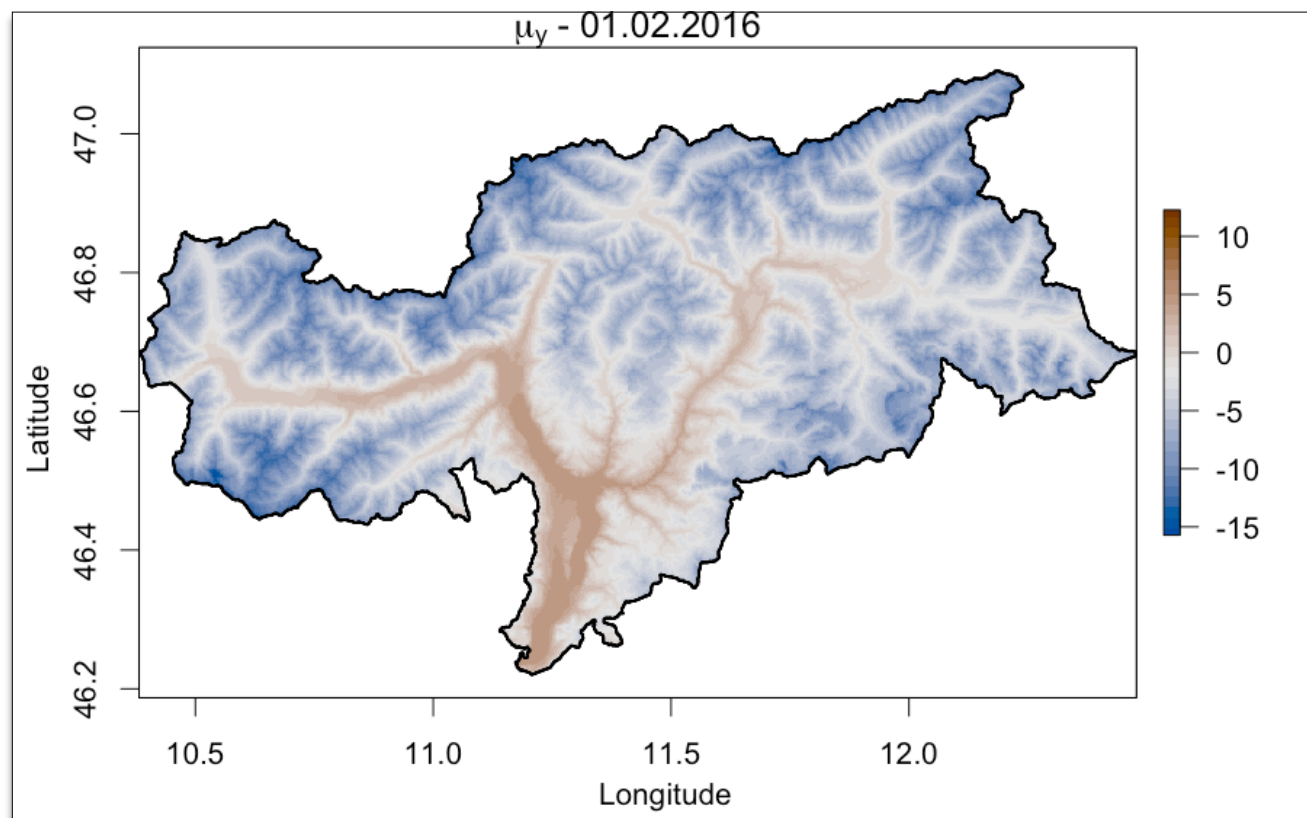
$\sigma_{y,m,\log(s)}$ ...Climatological standard deviation



# Spatial Climatology

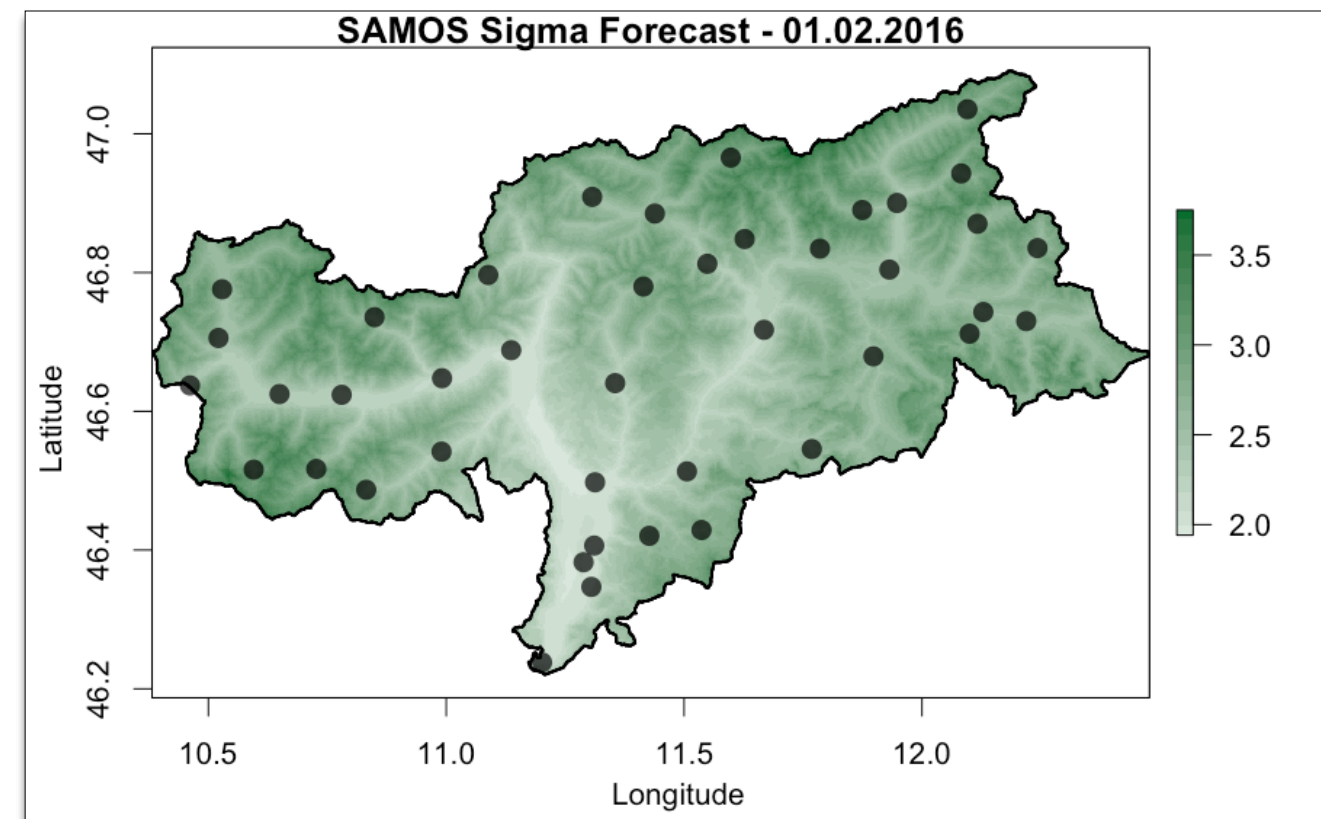
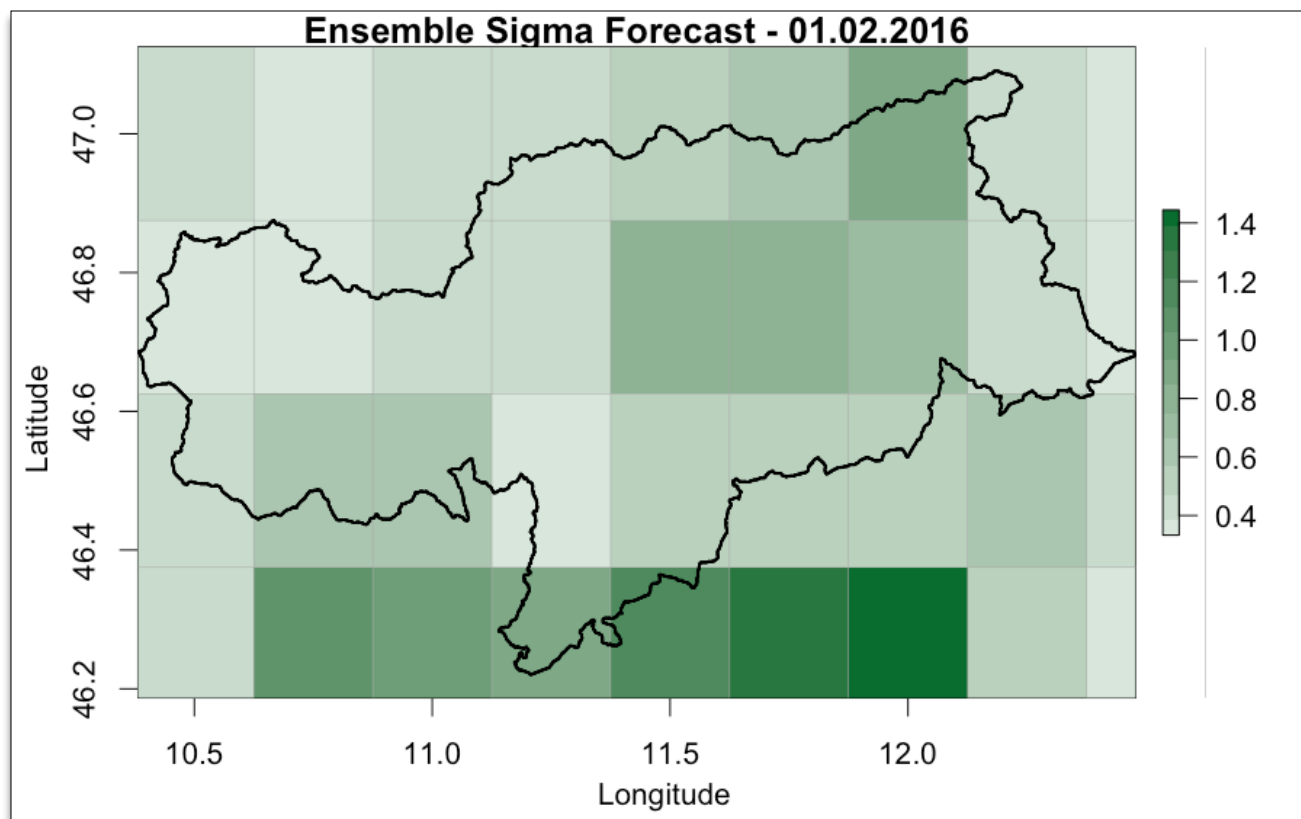
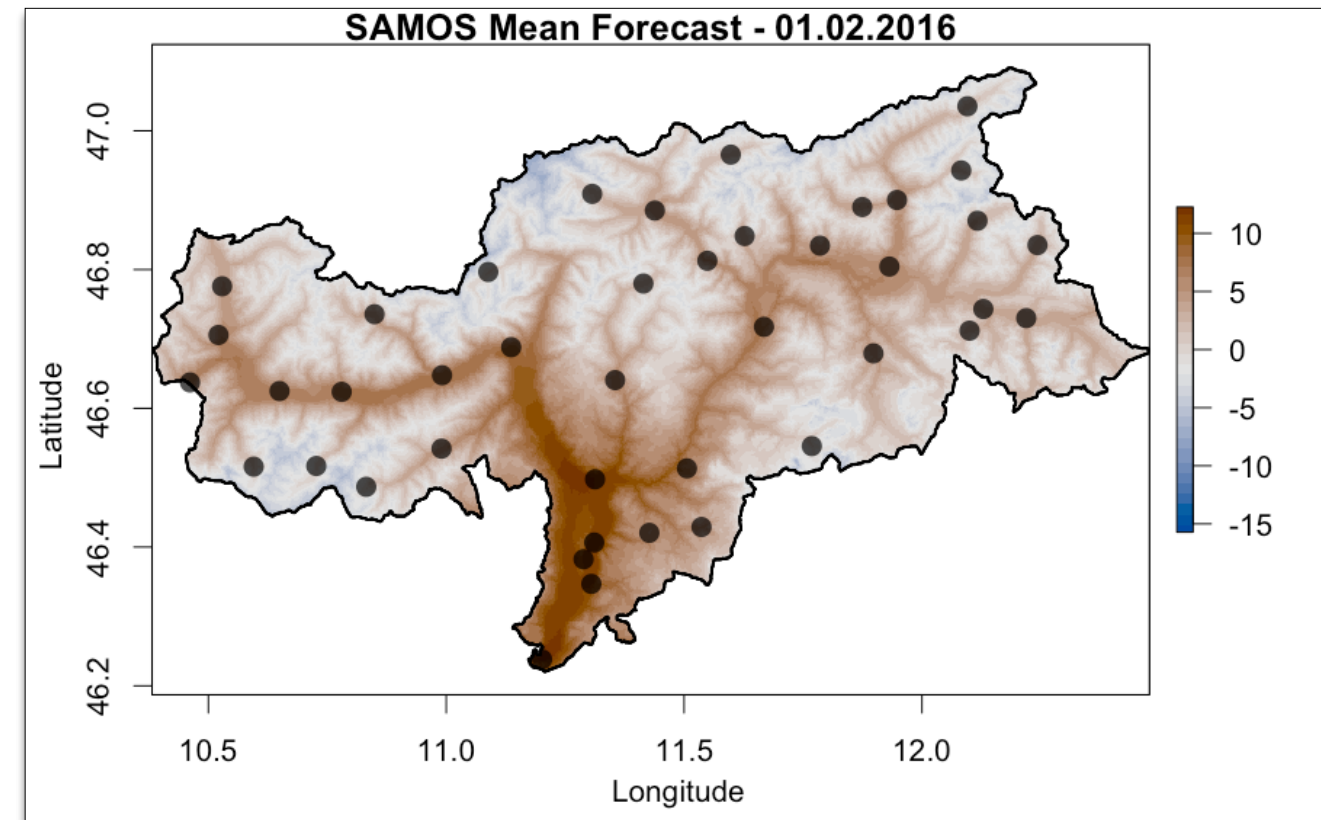
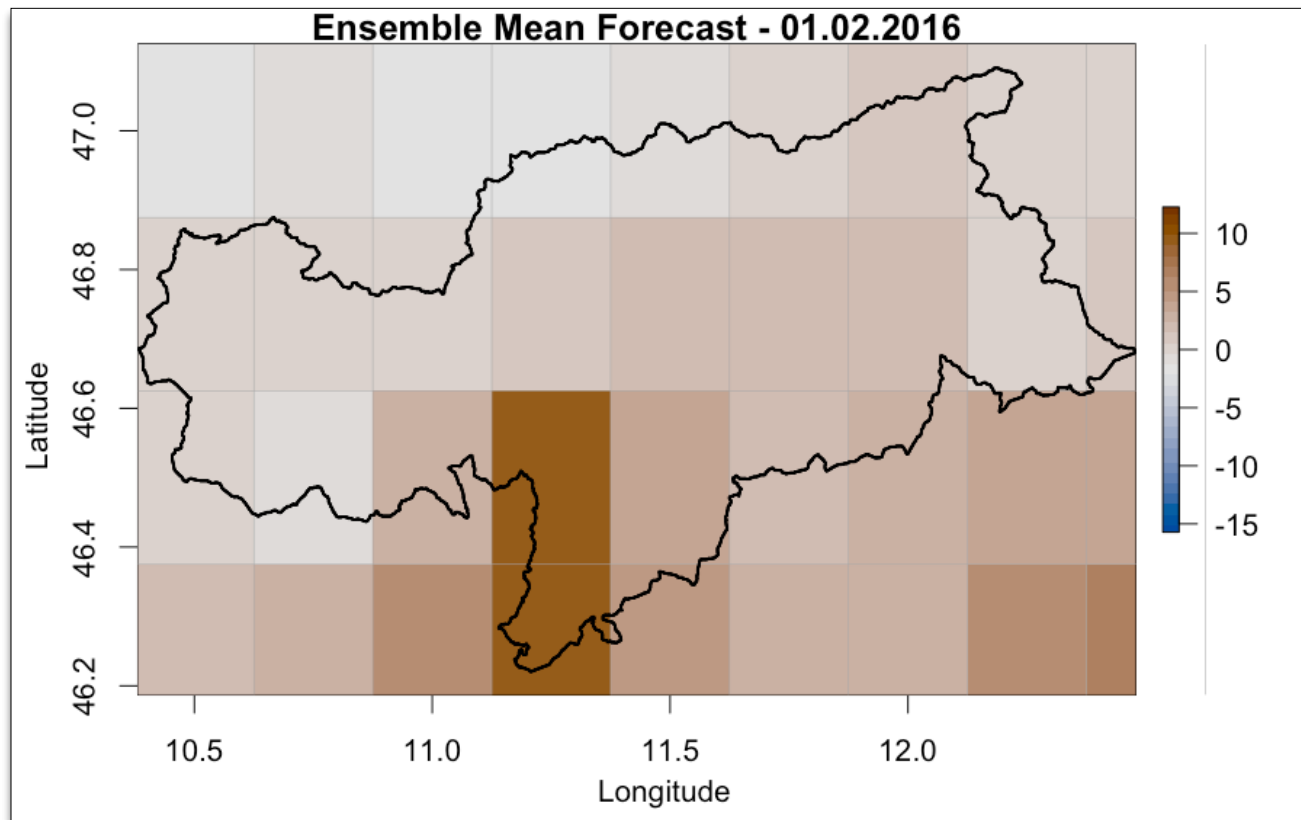
$$\mu_y = \beta_0 + f_1(\text{Season}) + f_2(\text{Altitude}) + f_3(\text{Spatial}) + f_4(\text{Season} \cdot \text{Altitude})$$

$$\log(\sigma_y) = \gamma_0 + g_1(\text{Season}) + g_2(\text{Altitude}) + g_3(\text{Spatial}) + g_4(\text{Season} \cdot \text{Altitude})$$





# Forecast Example



# Forecast Example

## EMOS:

**temporal:** trained on last 30 days

**spatial:** on every station individually

## SAMOS same stations:

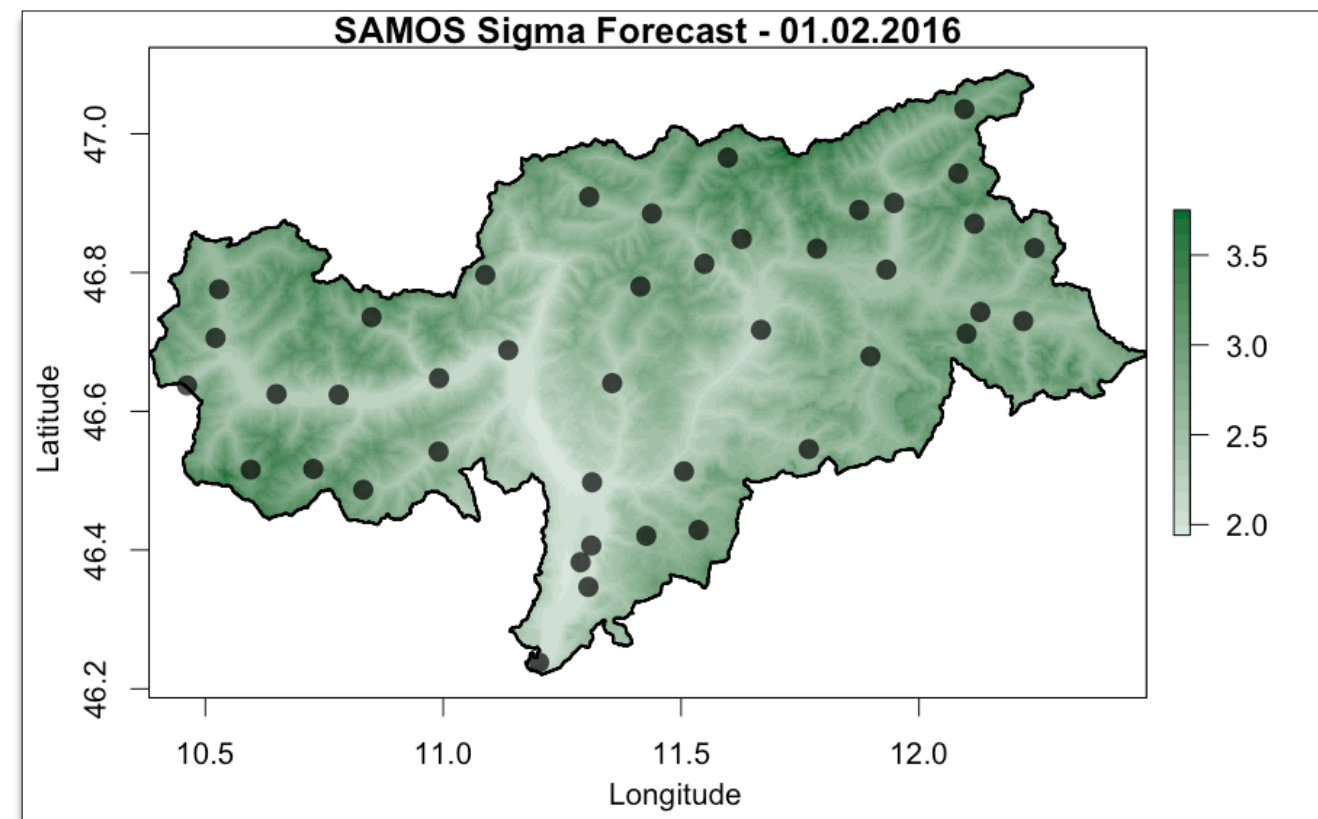
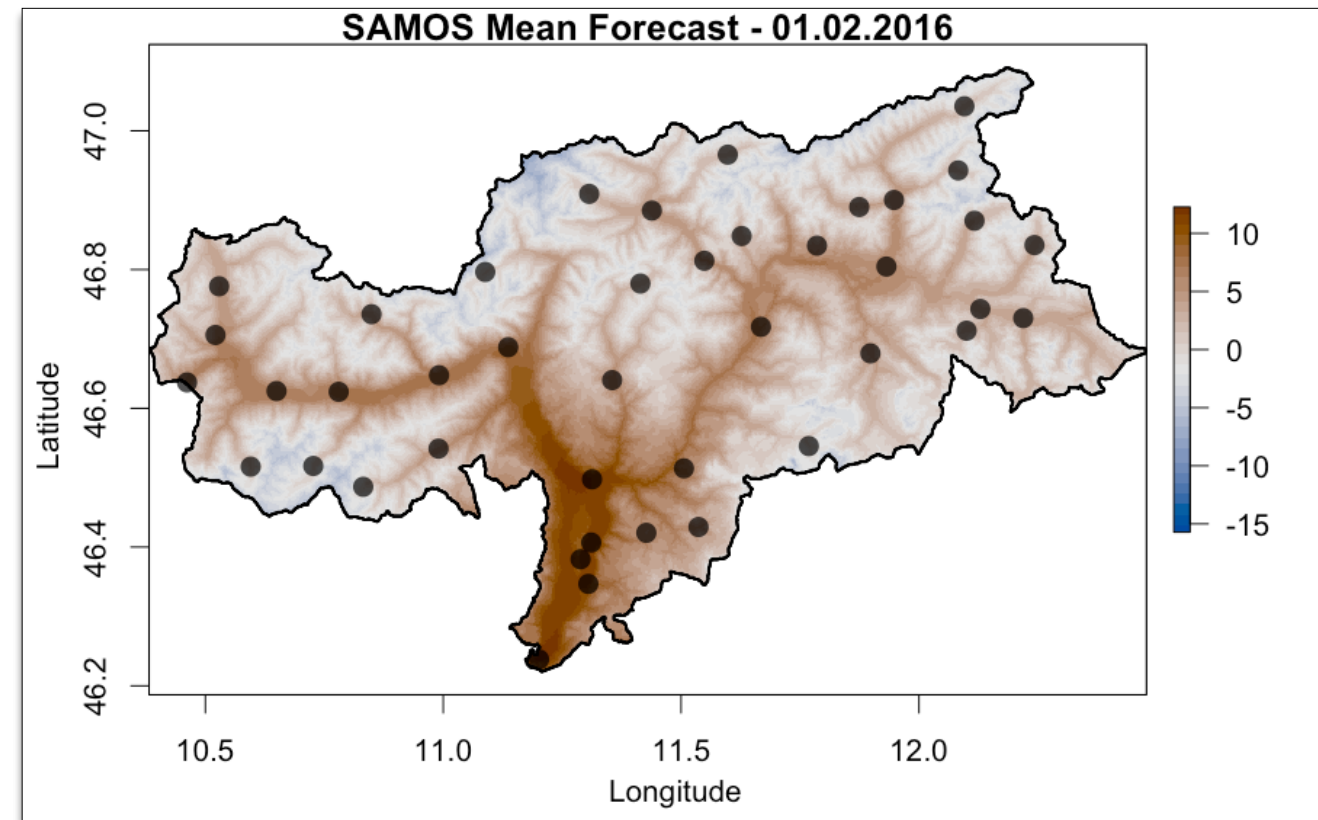
**temporal:** full dataset

**spatial:** tested on the same stations as fitted

## SAMOS new stations:

**temporal:** full dataset

**spatial:** tested on new stations that are not in the training data (“Leave-One-Out”)



# Results

## EMOS:

**temporal:** trained on last 30 days

**spatial:** on every station individually

## SAMOS same stations:

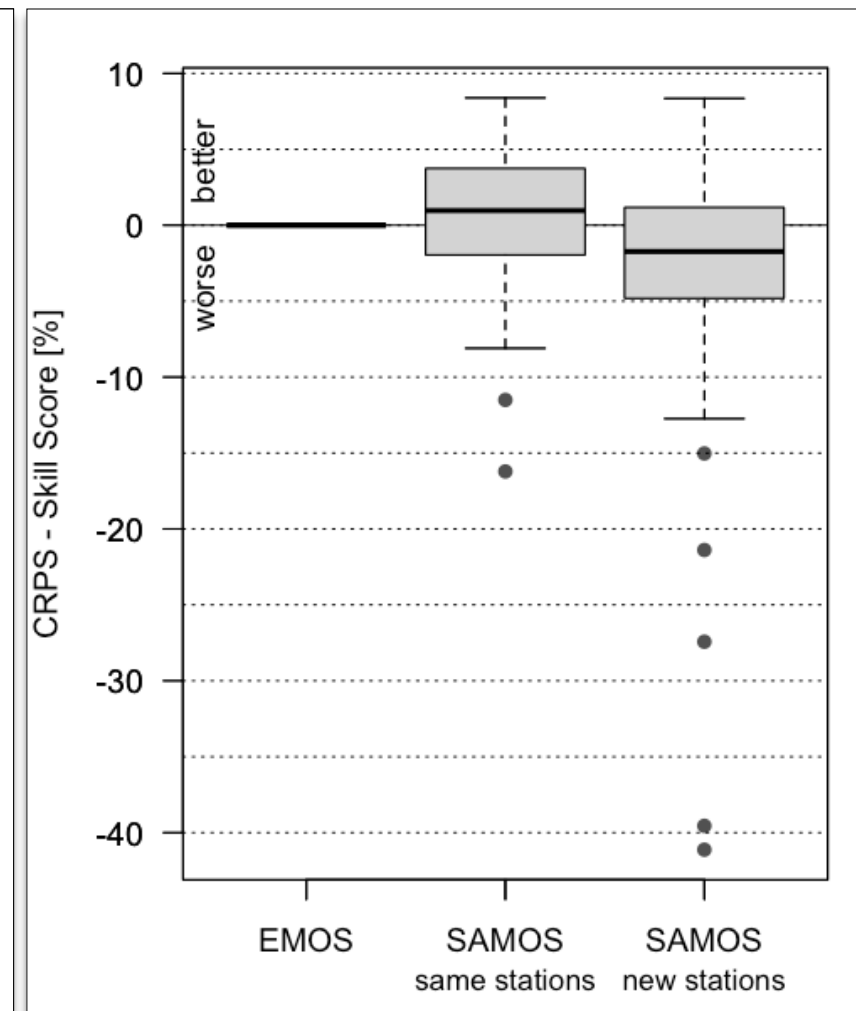
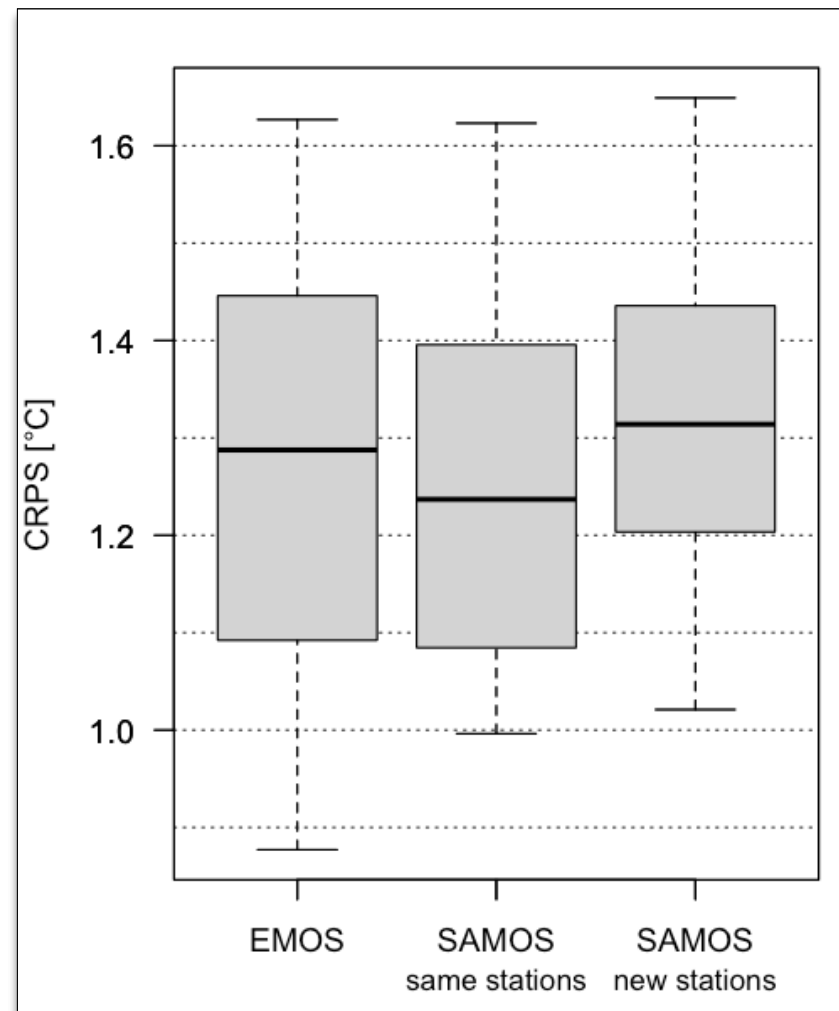
**temporal:** full dataset

**spatial:** tested on the same stations as fitted

## SAMOS new stations:

**temporal:** full dataset

**spatial:** tested on new stations that are not in the training data (“Leave-One-Out”)



# Conclusion

## Standardized Anomalies:

- are without ***season-specific*** characteristic:
  - **all training data** can be used
- are without **site-specific** characteristics:
  - **all stations** can be forecasted simultaneously
  - **every point** in between can be forecasted
- forecasts are **comparable** to stationwise EMOS forecasts

**Dabernig M, Mayr GJ, Messner JW, Zeileis A. 2016:** Spatial Ensemble Post-Processing with Standardized Anomalies. Working papers, Faculty of Economics and Statistics, University of Innsbruck, URL <http://EconPapers.repec.org/RePEc:inn:wpaper:2016-08>