

quinary



Dimensions and dynamics of citizen observatories: The case of online amateur weather networks

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Different information about the environment can now be obtained from non-traditional sources such as citizen scientists.

Rapid diffusion of ICTs during past two decades has facilitated the process of data collection and sharing by the general public.

Amateur weather observations, using personal weather stations (PWSs) is one of the most widely practiced citizen science activities.



Source: https://uofa.ualberta.ca/science/bawa-schindler



Source: http://weatherstationexpert.com/

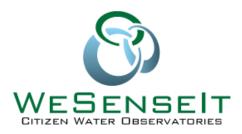




Several online amateur weather networks aggregate and visualize citizen-contributed weather data







These initiatives are about more than just data ...

An in-depth analysis of the networks will help understand various dynamics such as:

- Interactions between different stakeholders
- Motivations to run the networks
- Sustainability of the networks
- Data ownership
- Level of transparency of each network

> Three critical questions regarding these networks:

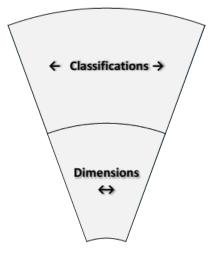
Who is selected to participate?

How the network operates?

What is required, offered or produced by the network?

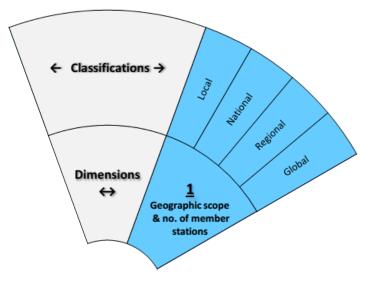






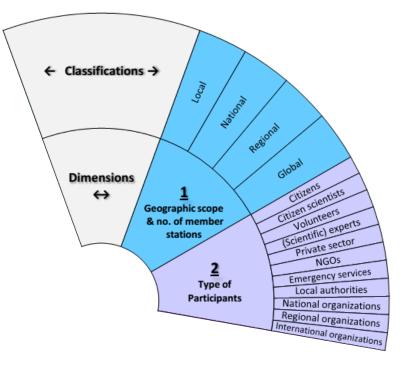






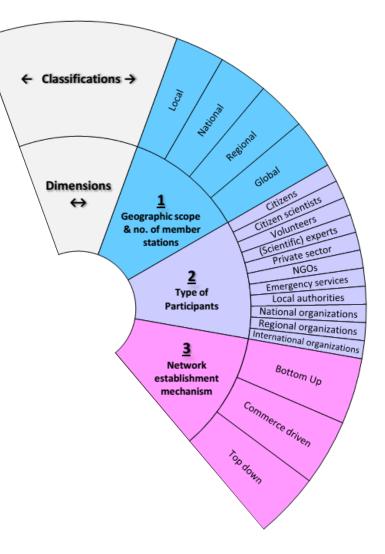






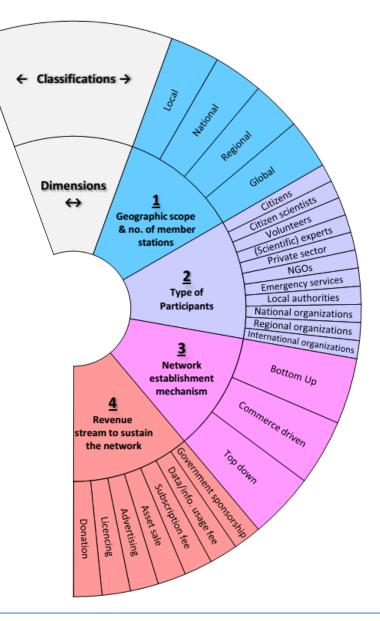






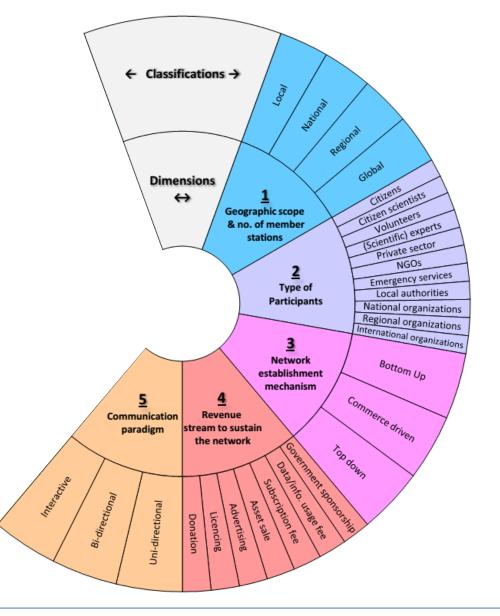






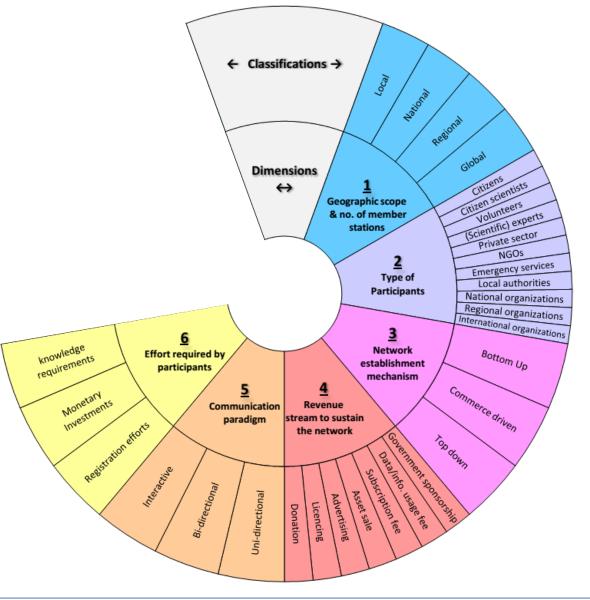






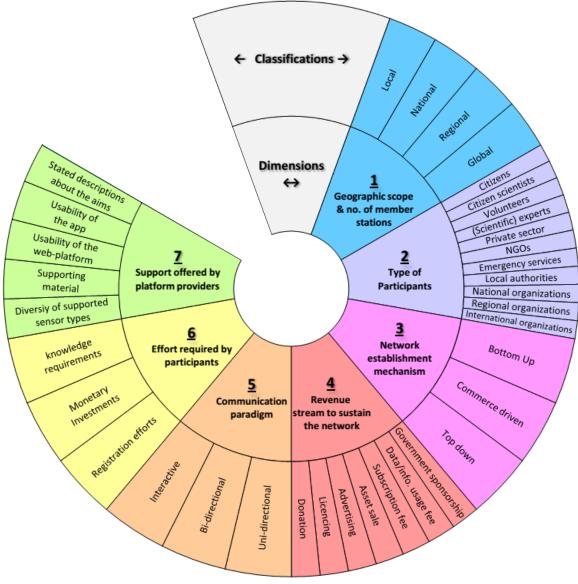








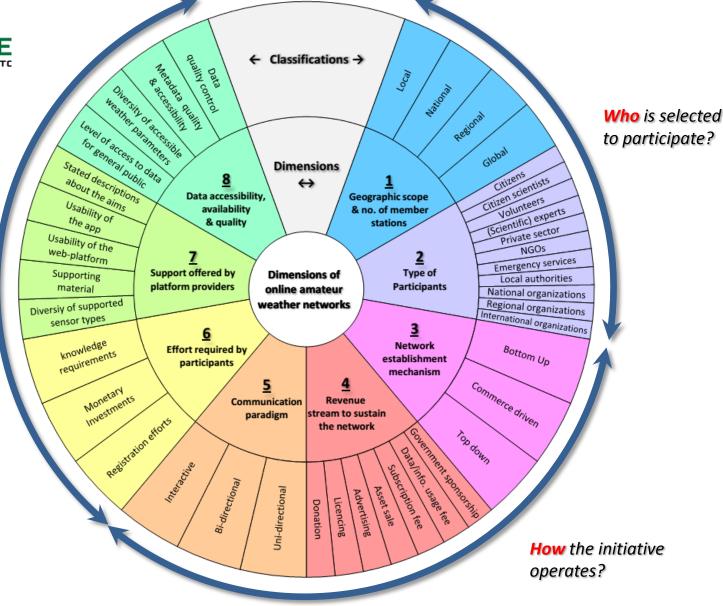








What is required, offered or produced by the network?







Review of 6 online amateur weather networks



https://www.wunderground.com/



http://www.weatherlink.com/







http://wow.metoffice.gov.uk/

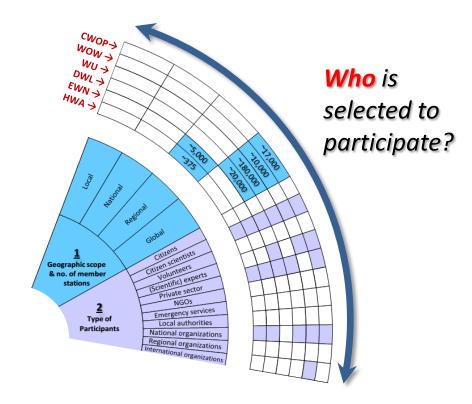


http://www.hetweeractueel.nl/





Given Set Wey Findings:



Several key stakeholders are not (yet) well-engaged with the weather networks.

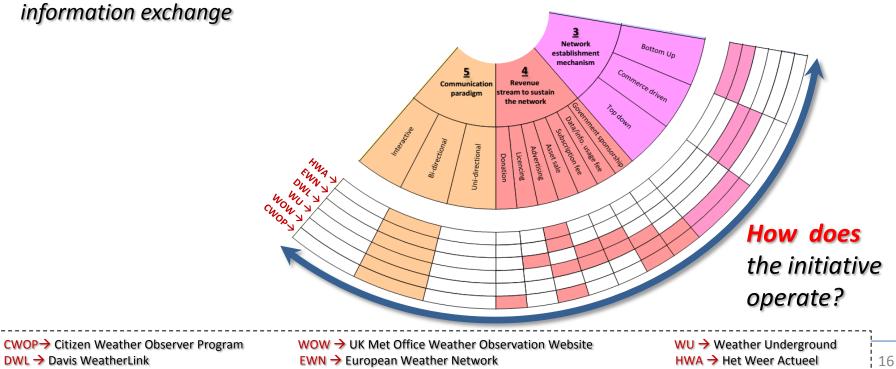
Ē	CWOP→ Citizen Weather Observer Program	WOW → UK Met Office Weather Observation Website
	DWL → Davis WeatherLink	EWN -> European Weather Network

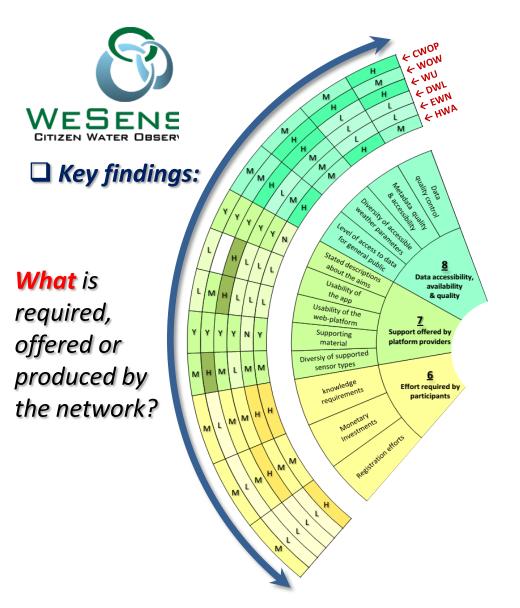


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Link between the revenue stream and network establishment mechanism

No sign (yet) of interactive information exchange





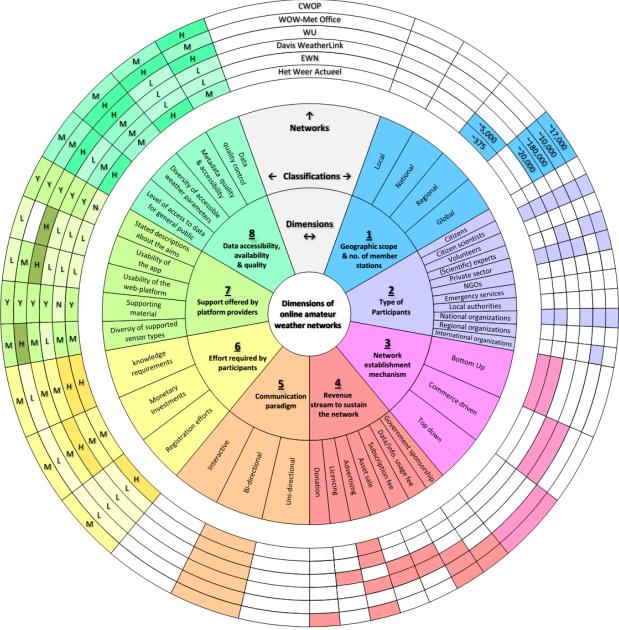
Level of required effort by participants is high for many networks

Usability of the web-platforms and mobile apps is still low for many networks

Metadata integrity, availability and accessibility has a lot of room for improvement

L→ Low	M→ Medium	H → High	Y→ Yes	N→ No	
CWOP→ Citizen Weather Obse DWL → Davis WeatherLink	rver Program	WOW → UK Met Office Weather Observation Website EWN → European Weather Network		ather Underground et Weer Actueel	17









Recommendations

Networks must develop strategies to identifying and better engage key stakeholders who are not (yet) well-engaged in the networks

Diversifying revenue streams is a recommended measure to enhance the financial sustainability of the networks

Networks must strive for more clear and concise collection and presentation of metadata and more importantly this information should be easily accessible for the general public







Thank you for your attention

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