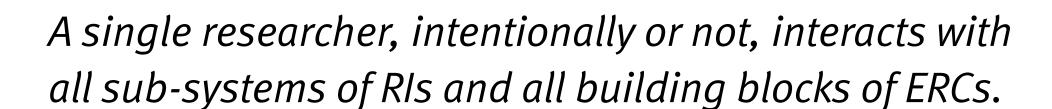
Executable research compendia in geoscience research infrastructures

Summary

Researchers in "Computational X" and "X-informatics" across all geoscience disciplines collaboratively develop and publish software relying on scripts, own source code, and libraries. They download data from domain specific or generic data repositories and deploy computations remotely. Their results are reviewed, published, archived, tagged with persistent identifiers, connected to other works via references, and listed in catalogues.



These interactions are vital for research and should be captured in a meaningful way for grasping the complete science and connecting key stakeholders, i.e. scientists, publishers, and librarians, to preserve our knowledge.

The ERC is developed by the DFG-funded project Opening Reproducible Research. It provides services for (a) semi-automatic creation of ERCs based on typical research workflows, (b) interative manipulation of encapsulated analysis, and (c) deposition of complete ERCs with suitable metadata in repositories.

We are looking for RIs to collaborate on these ideas!



















Environmental Research Infrastructure

interoperability

stakeholders & viewpoints

distributed & sub-systems

data, APIs & services

Martin, P., Grosso, P. et al. IEEE 11th International Conference on

eScience, 2015 doi: 10.1109/eScience.2015.66

[4] Analysis of Common Requirements for Environmental Science Research Infrastructures

Chen, Y., Hardisty, A. et al. The International Symposium on Grids and Clouds, Taipei, 2013 https://inspirehep.net/ record/1291201/files/ISGC% 202013_032.pdf

Environmental Research Infrastructures (RI) provide advanced capabilities for data sharing, processing and analysis [to] enable excellent research [..] in the environmental sciences [4]. They integrate large-scale sensor/observer networks with dedicated data curation services and analytical tools [3].

RIs and their requirements have been described in detail using the Open Distributed Processing (ODP) [3,4] across different **viewpoints** of the informational viewpoint, computational viewpoint, engineering viewpoint, technology viewpoint. Derived from these viewpoints can be sub-systems data curation, data access, data processing and community support [4]. These systems are a **distributed** infrastructure across stakeholders and domains.

interoperability concerns compatibility of data models, metadata standards, and service descriptions. They are tackeld with semantic web technologies (linking, ontologies, vocabularies) in large scale intersdisciplinary coordination projects bridging across domains (cf. [3]).

In the end, RIs are about making environmental **data** readily available for analysis using flexible, powerful and thus complex APIs and (web) services for large datasets and diverse user groups in the geosciences.

Non-comprehensive list of RIs [2, 3]:

ACTRIS

ANAEE EISCAT-3D **ELIXIR EMBRC EMSO EPOS ESONET** EURO-Argo **EUROFLEETS** EUROGOOS FIXO3 **IAGOS** ICOS INTERACT **IS-ENES JERICO** LifeWatch LTER SeaDataNet2 SIOS

Poster & PICO Contest

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Executable Research Compendium **UI** bindings documentation software data

Reproducible Research

Executable Research Compendia (ERC) support requirements of authors, readers, publishers, curators, as well as preservationists. They are a new way to package computational research combining data, software, text, and a user interface description and provide a novel potential to find, explore, reuse, and archive computer-based research. [1]

Data comprises all inputs for an analysis, ideally starting with raw measurements, in form of text files, or databases.

Software comprises analysis code/scripts created by a researcher and the complete runtime environment. In the first implementation, a Docker image container encapsulates all libraries and tools in an executable form and a Dockerfile provides a transparent manifest.

Documentation comprises both instructions (e.g. a README), the actual scientific publication, and metadata in standardized formats (licenses, discovery metadata, ..).

The actual publication comes in a source format (i.e. based on literate programming) and a viewable format (e.g. an HTML document).

UI bindings open up the compendium. They allow reviewers to interact with diagrams and manipulate formerly hidden parameters for a comprehensive understanding of the underlying data and code.

A formal specification for ERC connects these building blocks in a meaningful way. It enables technical checking of computation outputs of an ERC and closes the gap of dependency preservation for computational scholarly works.

[1] Opening the Publication **Process with Executable Research Compendia** Nüst, D., Konkol, M. et al. D-Lib Magazine, 2017 doi: 10.1045/january2017-nuest

[2] Opening Reproducible Research Nüst, D., Konkol, M. et al. Geophysical Research Abstracts Vol. 18, EGU2016-7396, 2016 http://meetingorganizer. copernicus.org/EGU2016/ EGU2016-7396.pdf

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ERC + RI

Exchange and Preservation

ERC as usable building blocks are a powerful item to be shared, e.g. for downloading from RIs (include the full pre-processing tool chain with data) or for archival. Even undocumented knowledge is sure to be contained, ultimately in the source code of the ERC.

Self-consistency

ERCs intentionally remove all dependence ephemeral on sources, which RIs are due to their distributed nature and complex infrastructure. But an ERC could link to selected original sources, e.g. for data, or define selected trusted resources, e.g. an RIs data processing system, which can be assumed to exist.

Metadata

ERCs connect the different parts of a piece of research in a meaningful way and faciliate discovery. By bridging to RI metadata models, metadata quality and richness can be improved.

Execution

ERC services create and execute analysis packaged integrate with existing platforms for storage (e.g. repositories or archives) and display (e.g. journal platforms). These services can also connect to/be used by RIs.

ERC services not only validate completeness and integrity of the contained building blocks but also check the consistency of results against the original outcome. They can improve research quality in RIs.

