

CREEP FLOW SYSTEMS IN THE EARTH CRUST:

**A COMPLEMENT TO GROUNDWATER
FLOW SYSTEMS**

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OUTLINE

- **GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE**
- **MODEL-BASED ANALYSIS**
- **CRUST'S CREEP HEAD SYSTEMS**
- **CRUST'S CREEP FLOW SYSTEMS**
- **ORDERS OF MAGNITUDE**
- **SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS**

GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE

- Earth's Average Global Temperature (AGT) rises at rate 1.5—1.8 °C / century
- Limiting global warming → Carbon Capture, Utilization and Storage (CCUS)
- Storage in aquifers, depleted gas fields, ...
- Learning from Gravitational Groundwater Flow Systems Analysis for storage of nuclear waste (Tóth)

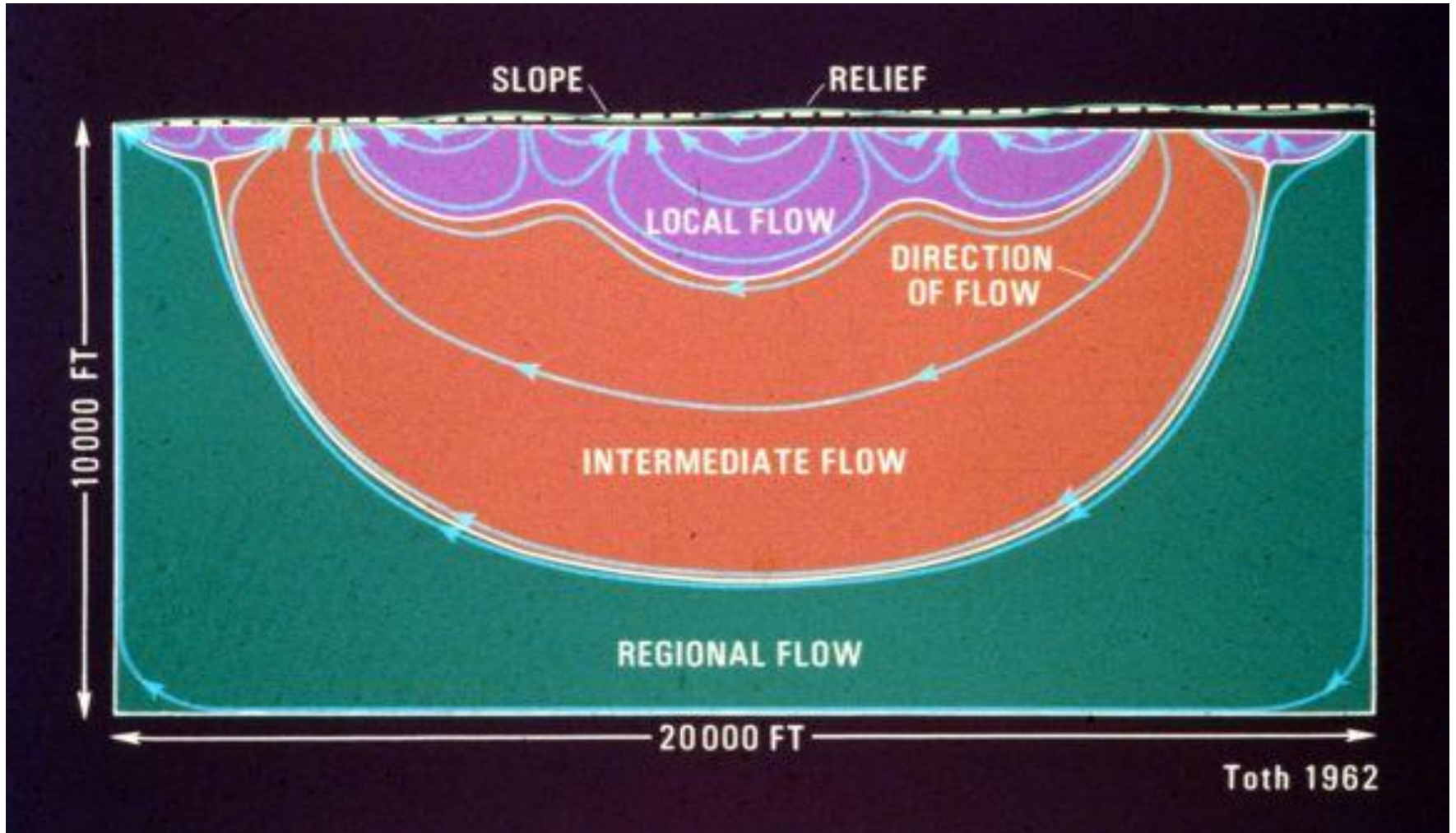
MODEL-BASED ANALYSIS

- Observations + Forecast model + (Kalman) Filter →
weighted average of Observations + Forecast
with Uncertainty
- Comprehensive models (many grid blocks)
- Simple models (analytical)
- Indices (like AGT, BMI, GDP)
- Groundwater flow indices:
Penetration depth, Decay time
- Similar indices for Earth Crust's creep flow

EARTH CRUST CREEP HEAD SYSTEMS

- Geological time scales: Earth crust flows as viscous fluid
- Crust viscosity: 10^{21} — 10^{22} Pa·s
(water viscosity: 10^{-3} Pa·s)
- Continuity eqn + Stokes eqn
- Driving force: gravity, undulating topography
- Creep head eqn: $\nabla^2\phi = 0$
like groundwater head eqn

Tóthian Creep Head-Gradient Systems: Lines denoted by ‘direction of flow’ show head gradient; NOT flow lines



Rock Upheaval: Blowout as Artesian Flowing Earth Crust Well

- Stationary point: point with zero head gradient
- Groundwater: stationary point = stagnation points
- Creep flow: stationary point \neq stagnation point
- Water well in stationary zone \rightarrow artesian well
- Well drilled through earth crust into stationary zone with compacting groundwater may result in blowout

April 20, 2010: Deepwater Horizon, drilling 5.6 km deep exploration well caused eruption of mud, methane gas, and water 73 m into the air.

EARTH CRUST CREEP FLOW SYSTEMS

- Fourier decomposition of ground level $h(\underline{x}, \underline{y})$ into spatial waves with wavelength $2\pi L$
- Creep flow equations for Fourier System L in its own rotated vertical x - z cross section
$$\partial v_x / \partial x + \partial v_z / \partial z = 0 \text{ (continuity eqn)}$$
$$\omega \equiv \partial v_x / \partial z - \partial v_z / \partial x = 0 \text{ (def of vorticity)}$$
$$\rho \partial \omega / \partial t = \mu (\partial^2 \omega / \partial x^2 + \partial^2 \omega / \partial y^2) \text{ (Stokes eqn)}$$
- Is $\omega = 0$ a good approximation ?

Boundary conditions

- **Approximations**

Geometric linearization: top bc on $z = 0$

Math linearization: neglect terms $O(\partial h/\partial x)$

- **Boundary conditions on $z = 0$**

Rate of ground level rise equals vertical

upward velocity: $\partial h/\partial t = -v_z$

Viscous stress balances Earth's weight:

$$2\mu\partial v_z/\partial z = -\rho gh$$

Evolution in time

- Initially, for $t < 0$, flat topography, no flow
- At $t = 0$, sudden change of topographic height (e.g. sudden retreat of land ice)
- For $t > 0$ flow until flat topography

$$h = h_0 \sin(x/L) \exp(-t/T)$$

$$v_x = v_{x0} \cos(x/L) \exp(-z/L_z) \exp(-t/T)$$

$$v_z = v_{z0} \sin(x/L) \exp(-z/L_z) \exp(-t/T)$$

Solution

- $T = 2\mu/\rho gL =$ relaxation time
- Define $T_D = \rho L^2/\mu =$ vorticity diffusion time
- Define inertia number $I = 2.598 \times (T_D/T)$
- $I > 1 \rightarrow$ under-damped flow: oscillating waves with decreasing amplitude
- $I = 1 \rightarrow$ critically-damped flow
- $I < 1 \rightarrow$ over-damped flow:
the smaller I , the slower the decay

Negligibly small vorticity

- $T_D / T \ll 0.385 \rightarrow$ negligible vorticity,
penetration depth = wavelength = $2\pi L$
- Vortex-free flow \rightarrow potential flow
- $v_x = -K \partial\phi/\partial x, v_z = -K \partial\phi/\partial z$ (Darcy-like eqn)
 $K = \rho g L^2 / 2\mu$ (Fourier mode-dependent
'creep conductivity')
- Shallow system \rightarrow hardly any creep flow
- Deep system \rightarrow appreciable creep flow

ORDERS OF MAGNITUDE

Specified Data

- Earth crust's density $\rho = 3000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- Earth crust's viscosity $\mu = 5 \times 10^{21} \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}$
- Gravitational acceleration $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$
- Consider Fourier Flow Systems
 - $\pi L = 300\text{—}3000 \text{ km} = \text{half wavelength}$
 - average slope = 0.02%
 - (Brussels—Paris $\approx 300 \text{ km}$
 - Brussels—Tromsø $\approx 3000 \text{ km}$)

Calculated indices

- Penetration depths: 600—6000 km
- Relaxation times: 100 000—10 000 year
- Decay times: 600 000—60 000 year
(relaxation: $0.37 \times$ original value
decay: $0.002 \times$ original value)
- Creep K -values: 1—100 m/year
- Creep velocities: 0.5—50 mm/year

Creep flow vs. Groundwater flow

- Reservoir rock (limestone, dolomite) at 3 km depth
Permeability: 0.01 millidarcy
Porosity: $n = 0.1$
- Groundwater: $K = 3$ mm/year
Darcy velocity: $q = 1.5$ mm/year
Transport velocity: $v = q/n = 15$ mm/year
- Crust's creep velocity: 0.5—50 mm/year

**CREEP FLOW COMPLEMENTS
GROUNDWATER FLOW**

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- Av Global Temp rise 1.5-1.8 °C/century
- Carbon Capture, Utilization and Storage in aquifers, depleted gas fields, etc.
- Modeling: Simple Indices
- Long-term behavior: Earth crust's creep flow
- Gravity-driven nested creep flow systems
- Penetration depth, decay time
- Darcy-like creep flow equation with Fourier mode-dependent 'creep conductivity' (K -value)
- Creep flow complements groundwater flow