

Recent advances in usgin satellite soil moisture and precipitation for flood and landslide prediction in the Mediterranean basin

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OUTLINE



RATIONALE



SM-PRECIIPITATION



FLOODS



LANDSLIDES

WHY IN THE MEDITERRANEAN?

- disastrous **floods** and **landslides** are much more frequent in some parts of the Mediterranean region than in the rest of Europe
 - local climate: prone to short intense bursts of **precipitation** → active convection
 - population growth: particularly high along the coasts → rapid increase in population exposed to flooding
- Hydro-meteorological events in the Mediterranean region are strongly influenced by **soil moisture** (e.g., 30% increase of soil moisture produces a 8-fold increase of peak discharge)



WHY IN THE MEDITERRANEAN?

1.3.4. Mediterranean extreme floods and flash floods

Eric Gaume, Hydrologist, IFSTTAR, France.

Marco Borga, Hydrologist, University of Padua, Italy.

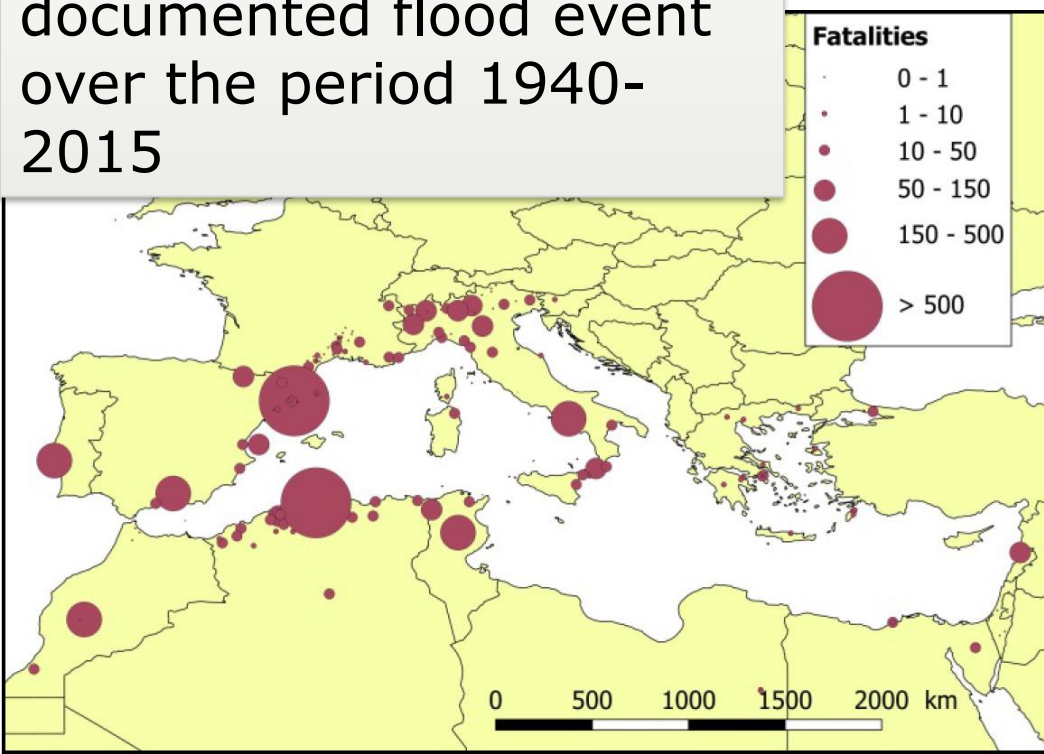
Maria Carmen Llasat, Paleoclimatologist, University of Barcelona, Spain.

Said Maouche, Geophysicist, CRAAG, Bouzareah, Algiers, Algeria.

Michel Lang, Hydrologist, IRSTEA, France.

Michalis Diakakis, Hydrologist, University of Athens, Greece.

Number of people
reported killed in each
documented flood event
over the period 1940-
2015



22/09/1992 - 10.45



22/09/1992 - 15.30



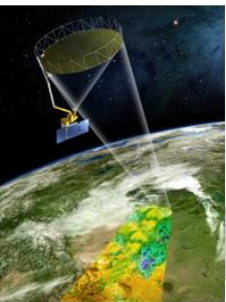
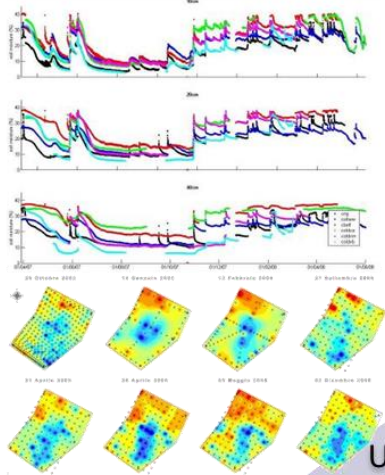
22/09/1992 - 15.40



22/09/1992 - 15.45



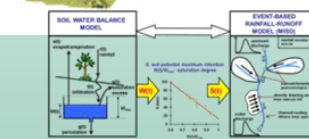
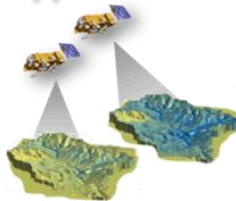
SOIL MOISTURE AND PRECIPITATION



Soil moisture **monitoring** with in situ and remote sensing

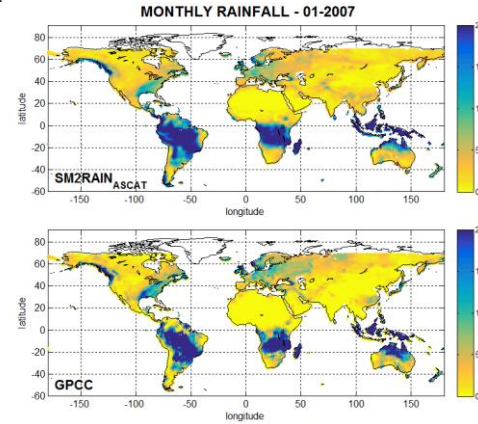
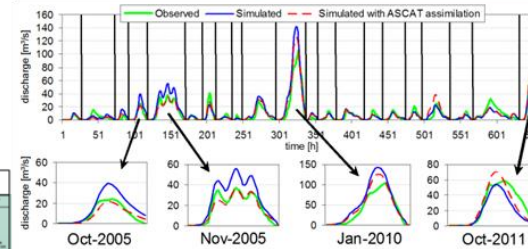


Understanding the spatial-temporal **variability** of soil moisture at different spatial scales



Assimilation of in situ and remote sensing soil moisture measurements for **hydrological applications**

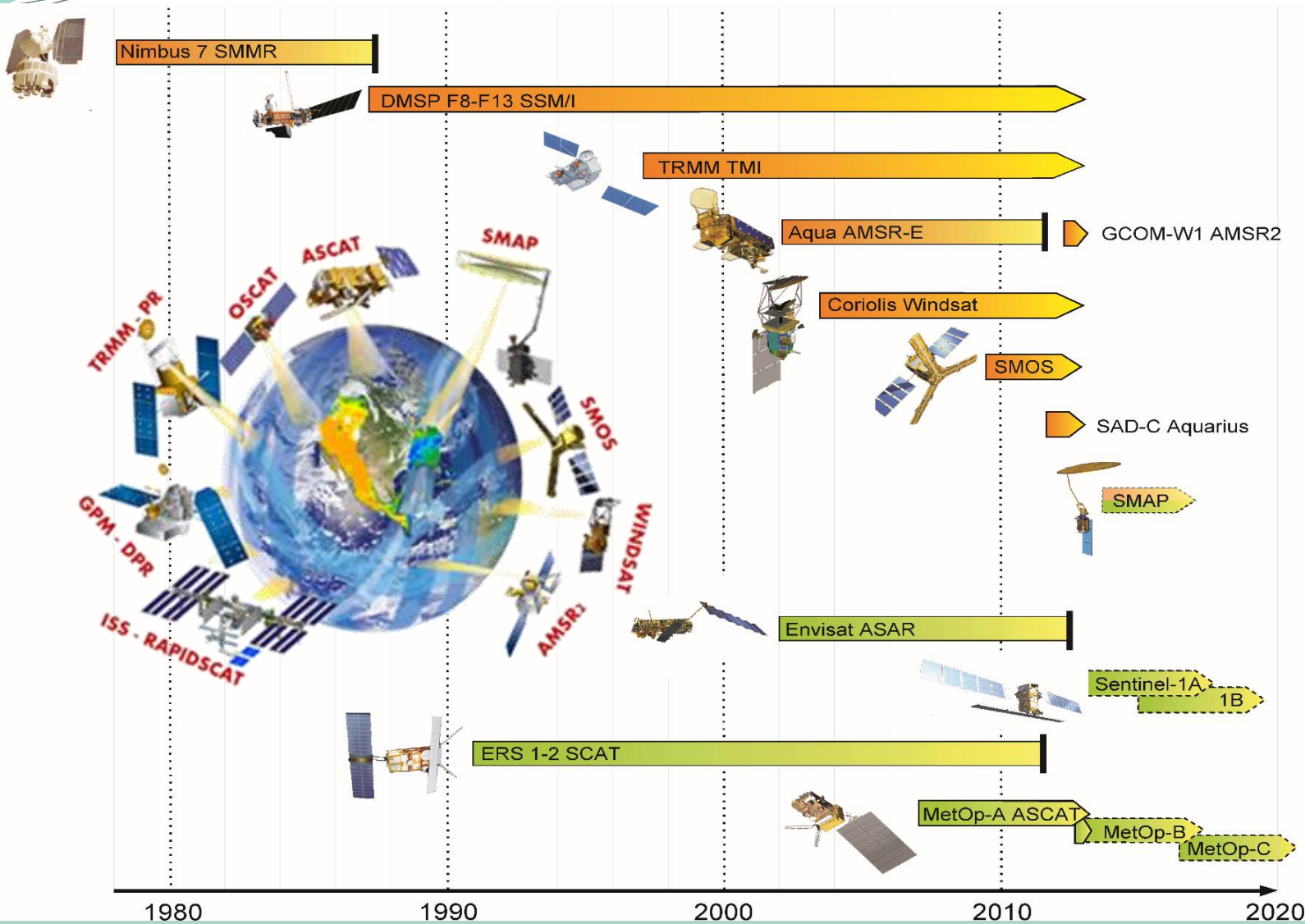
Detecting rainfall from the bottom up: using soil moisture observations for measuring rainfall (**SM2RAIN**)



Soil moisture and precipitation are the two key variables for predicting flood and landslide events

Brocca, L., Ciabatta, L., Massari, C., Camici, S., Tarpanelli, A. (2017). Soil moisture for hydrological applications: open questions and new opportunities. *Water*, 9(2), 140.

REMOTE SENSING OF SOIL MOISTURE



- A constellation of satellite sensors for measuring soil moisture is available
- High temporal and spatial resolution only recently:
 - Sentinel-1
 - CYGNSS
- future missions:
 - FSSCat
 - L-band SAR
 - G-CLASS (EE10)

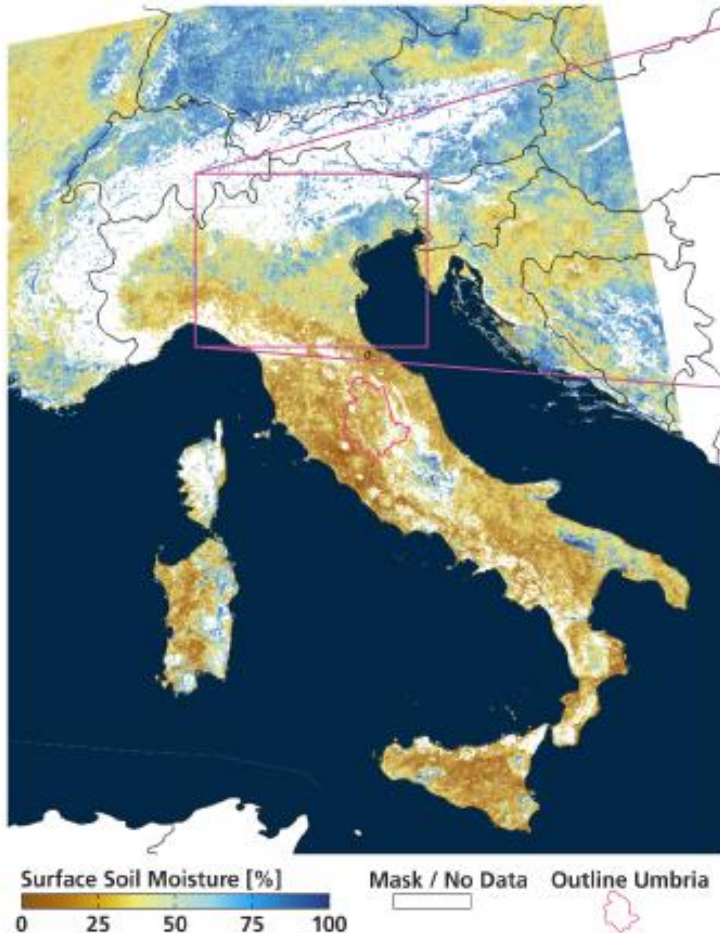
SENTINEL-1 SOIL MOISTURE

Toward Global Soil Moisture Monitoring With Sentinel-1: Harnessing Assets and Overcoming Obstacles

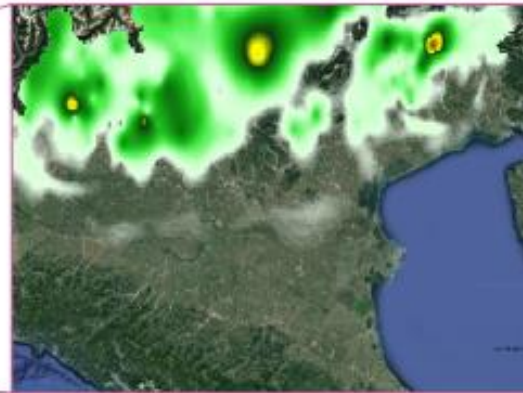
Bernhard Bauer-Marschallinger[✉], Member, IEEE, Vahid Freeman[✉], Senmao Cao, Christoph Paulik[✉], Stefan Schaeffer, Tobias Stachl, Sara Modanesi, Christian Massari[✉], Luca Ciabatta[✉], Luca Brocca[✉], and Wolfgang Wagner[✉], Senior Member, IEEE

Sentinel-1 Soil Moisture

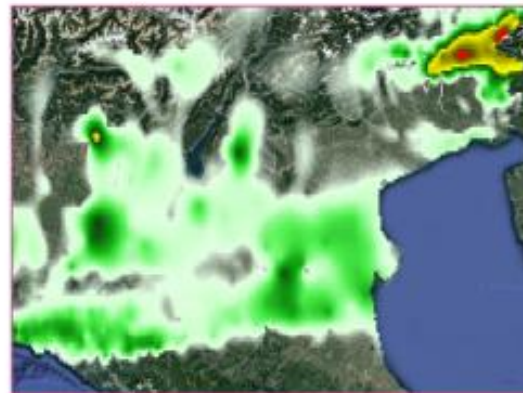
a) Drought: Italy Summer 2017
Sentinel-1 SSM Monthly Mean
2017 July



b) Rainfall Event: Po Valley 2017
Observed Cumulative Rainfall
2017 July 10 | 0-24h



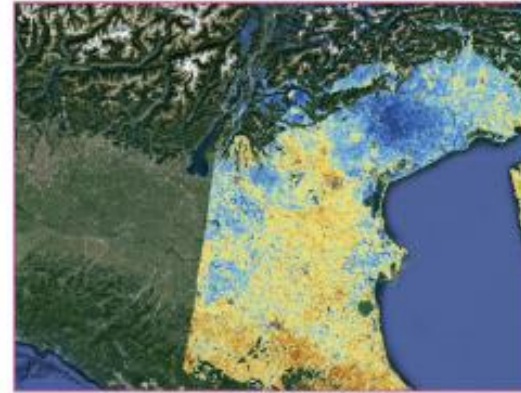
2017 July 11 | 0-24h



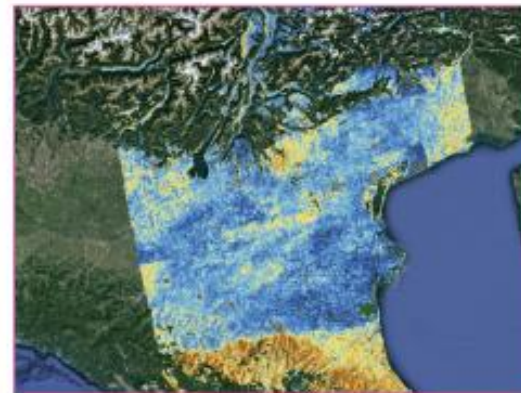
Precipitation [mm]

0 40 100 200

Sentinel-1 SSM (Anglo)
2017 July 10 | 05:18



2017 July 11 | 17:04

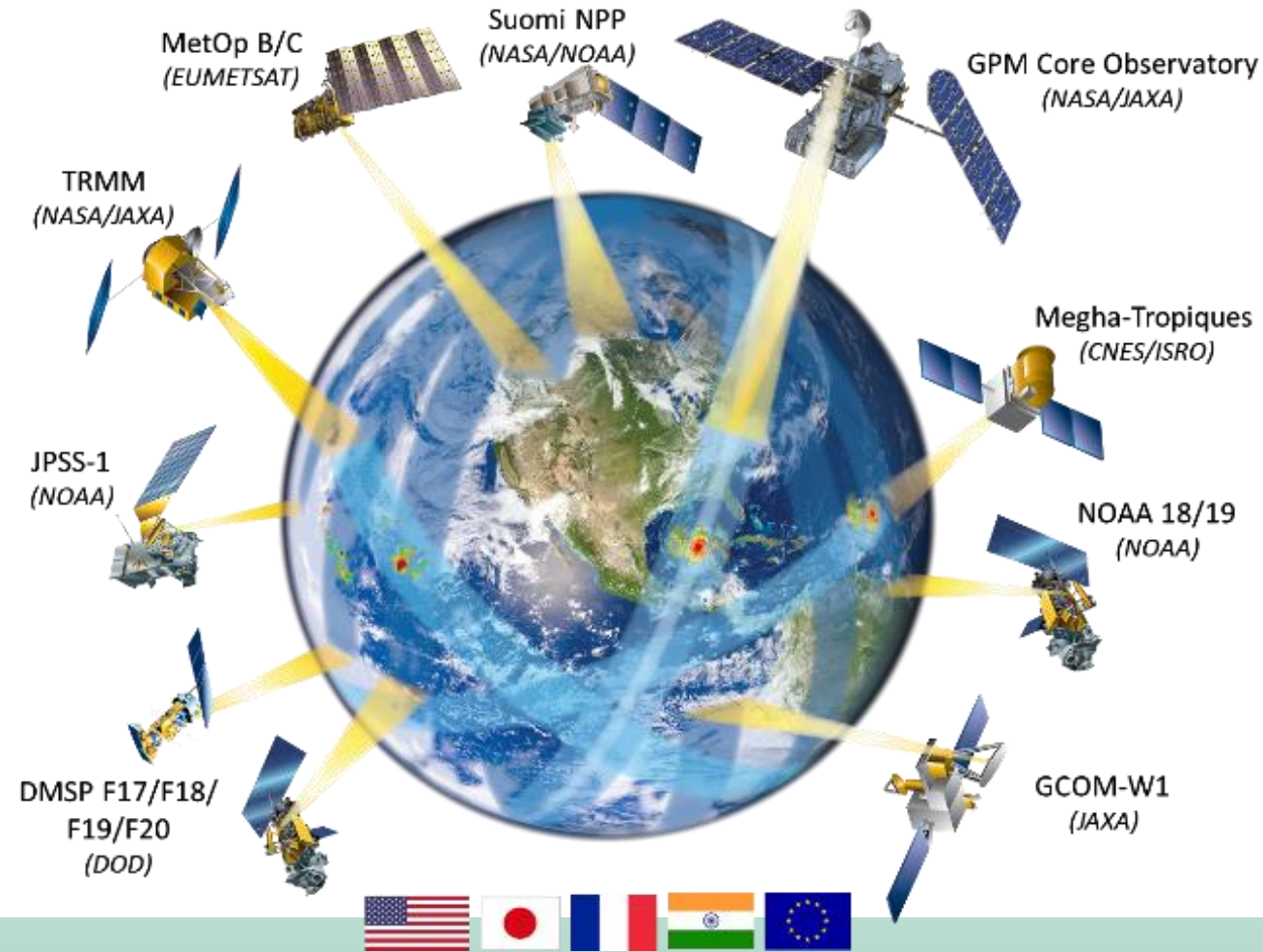


Surface Soil Moisture [%]

0 25 50 75 100

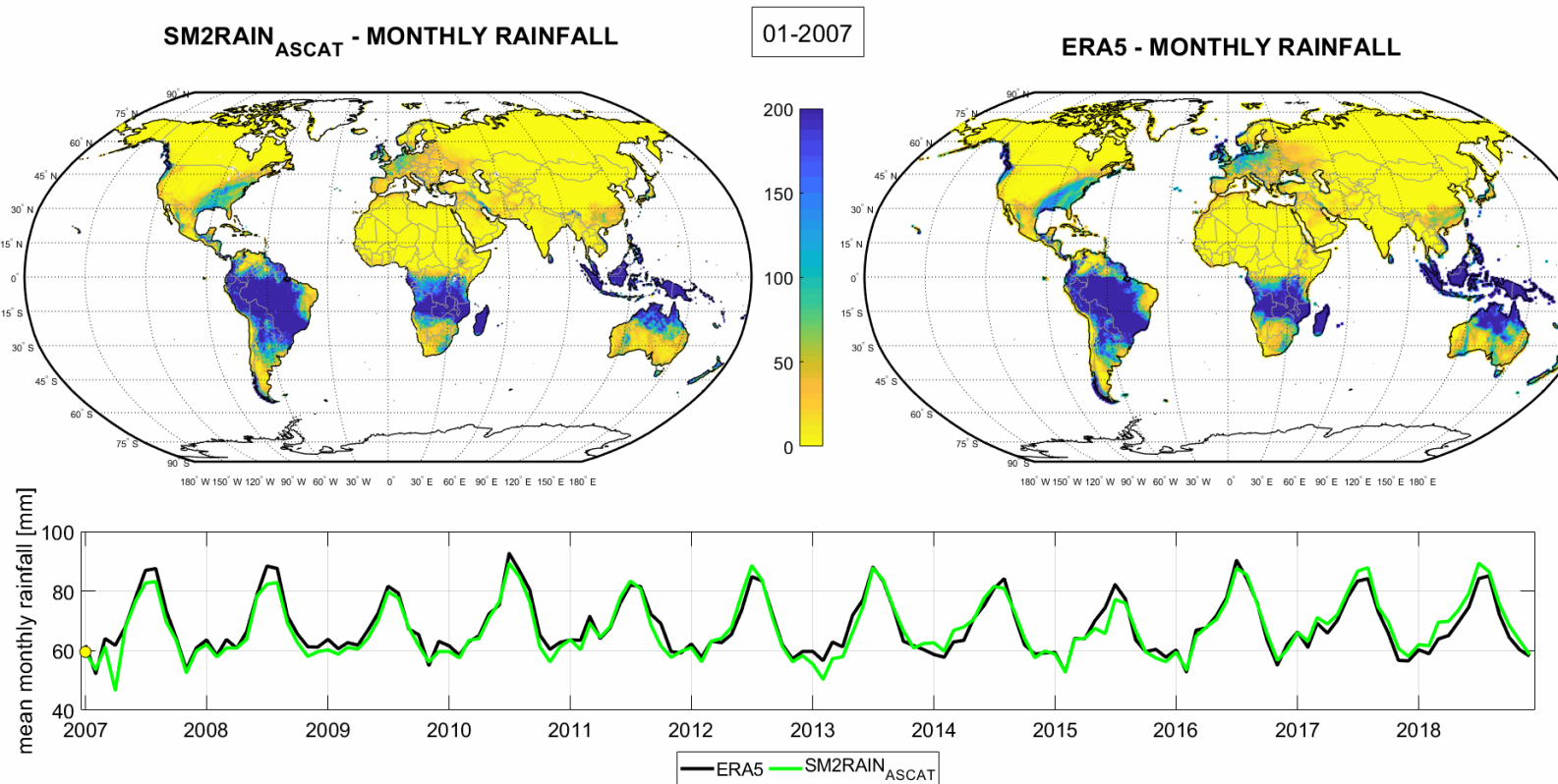
REMOTE SENSING OF PRECIPITATION

GPM Constellation Status



- GPM is an international satellite mission to unify and advance precipitation measurement from space
- 10 km/0.5 hours spatial/temporal resolution
- 3 products (early, late and final run)

SM2RAIN-ASCAT

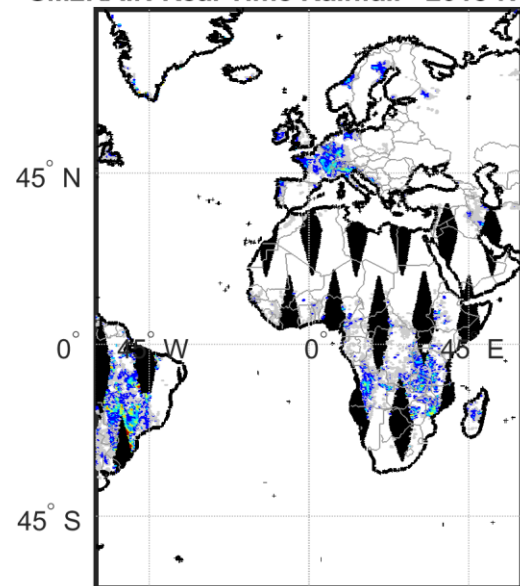


- SM2RAIN applied to MetOp A & B SSM data
- 12.5 km/daily spatial/temporal resolution
- Available at the global scale since 2007

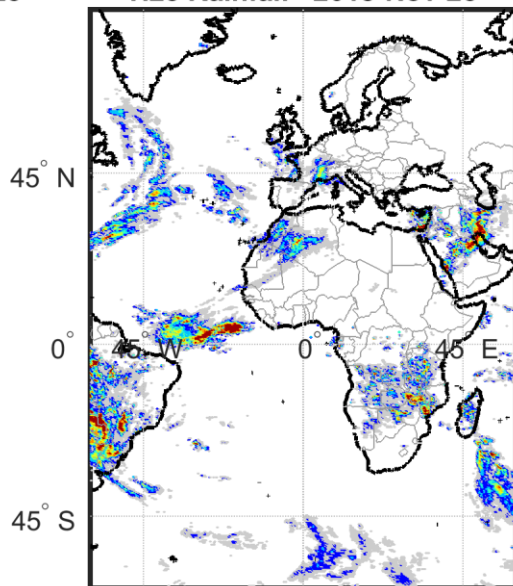
Freely available @Zenodo <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.2591215>

SM2RAIN-ASCAT in NRT

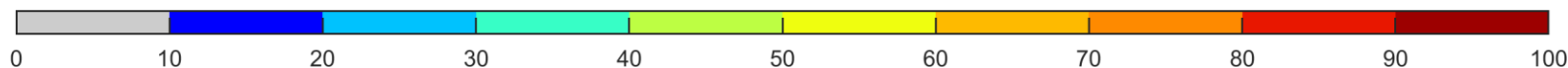
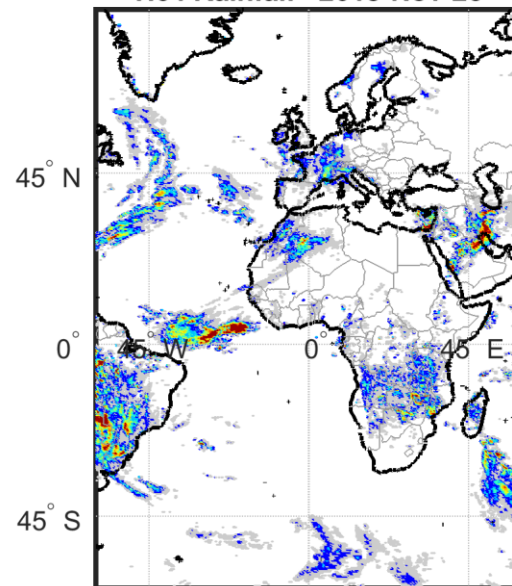
SM2RAIN Real Time Rainfall - 2018-Nov-23



H23 Rainfall - 2018-Nov-23



H64 Rainfall - 2018-Nov-23



- SM2RAIN applied to MetOp A & B H16 and H101 H SAF products
- 0.25°/daily spatial/temporal resolution
- Integrated with H23 MW rainfall product
- Potentially available in NRT

The EUMETSAT
Network of
Satellite Application
Facilities

H SAF
Support to Operational
Hydrology and Water
Management

hsaf.meteoam.it



HOW MANY PEOPLE ARE USING SATELLITE SOIL MOISTURE AND PRECIPITATION IN OPERATION?

Matthias Drusch (ESA ESTEC): "In a meeting with 35 flood forecasting centres in Europe, I recognized that only one of them is using satellite observations...34 out 35 is not using any satellite observation!!!"

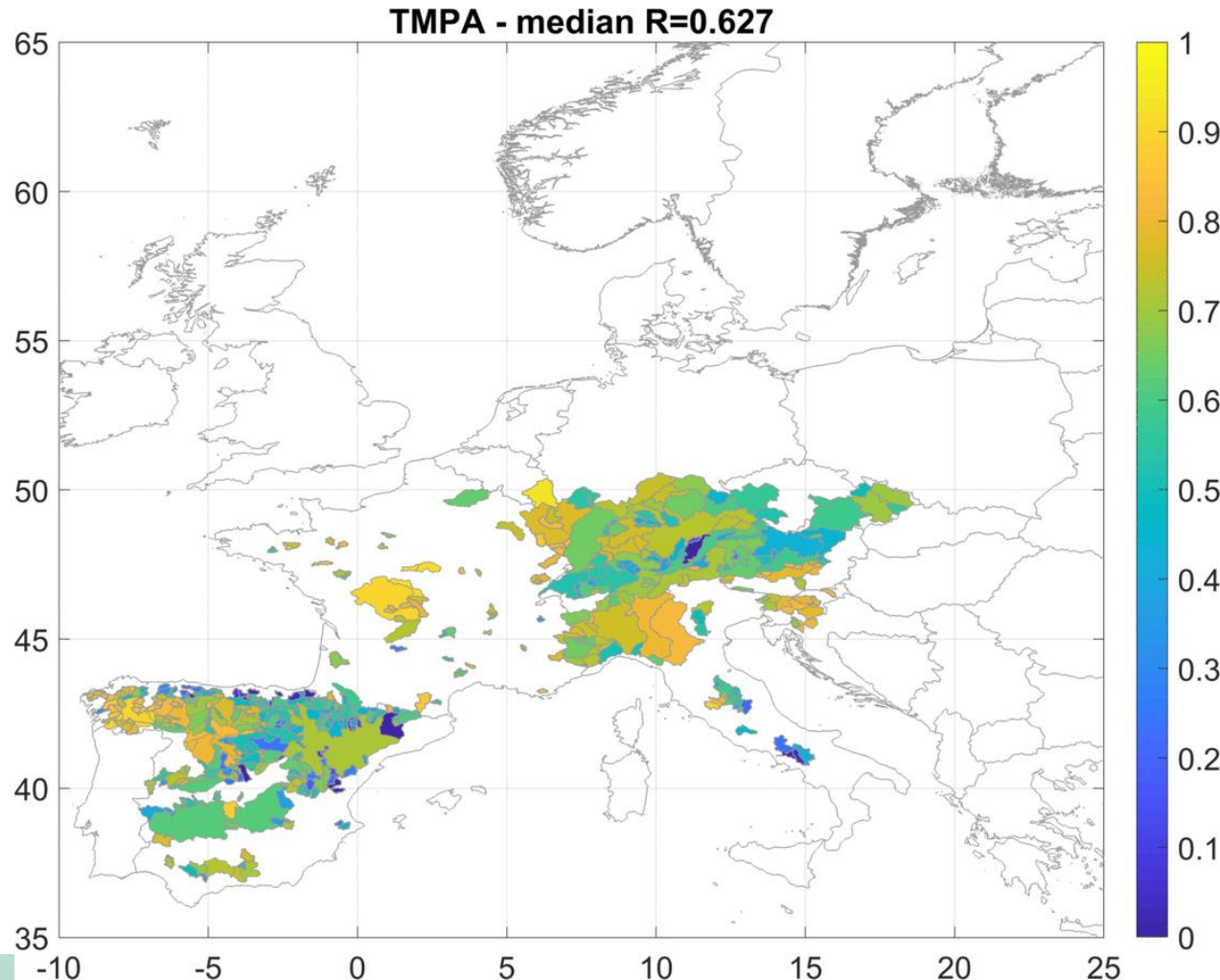


Can we use satellite soil moisture data for setting the initial conditions of flood (and landslide) modelling? Which approach?



Are satellite precipitation products accurate to simulate floods? Flash floods? Landslides?

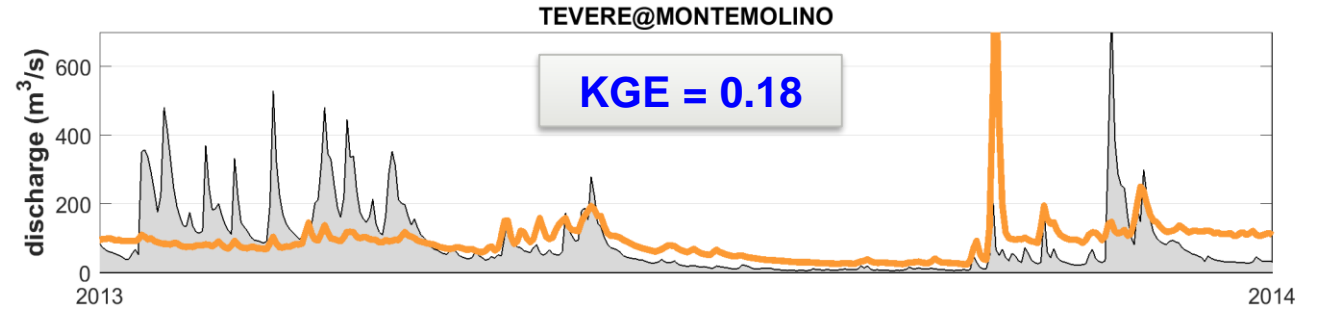
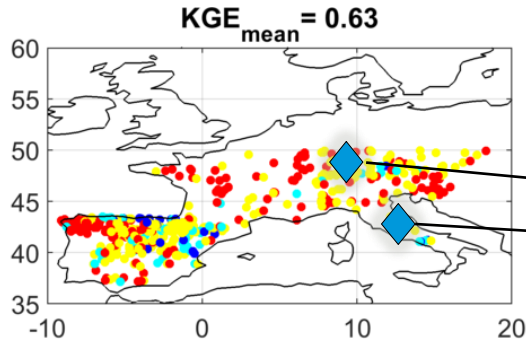
ESA WACMOS-MED: FLOOD PREDICTION WITH SATELLITE PRECIPITATION



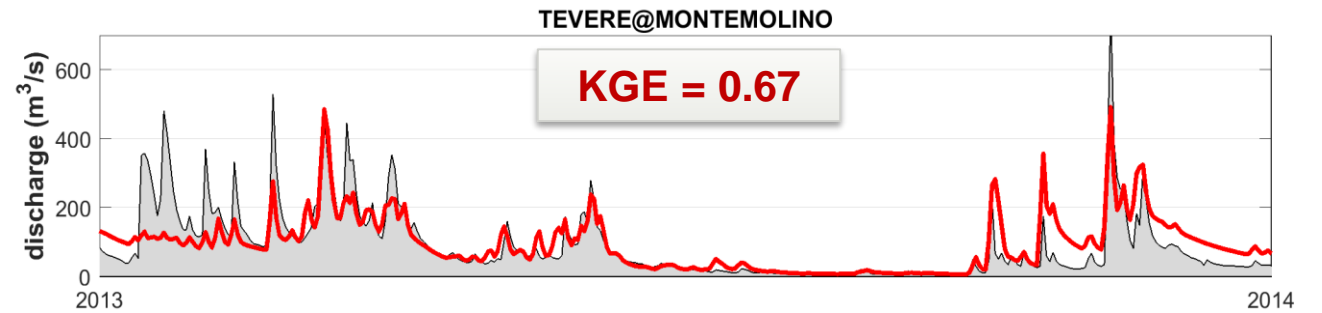
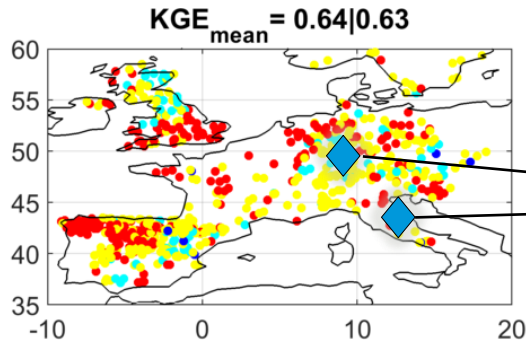
- Flood simulation through rainfall-runoff modelling over 720 basins throughout Europe
- Use of different satellite precipitation products, including SM2RAIN-derived products
- Performance assessment in comparison with in situ observations of river discharge
- Data period 2011-2014

FLOOD PREDICTION WITH SATELLITE PRECIPITATION

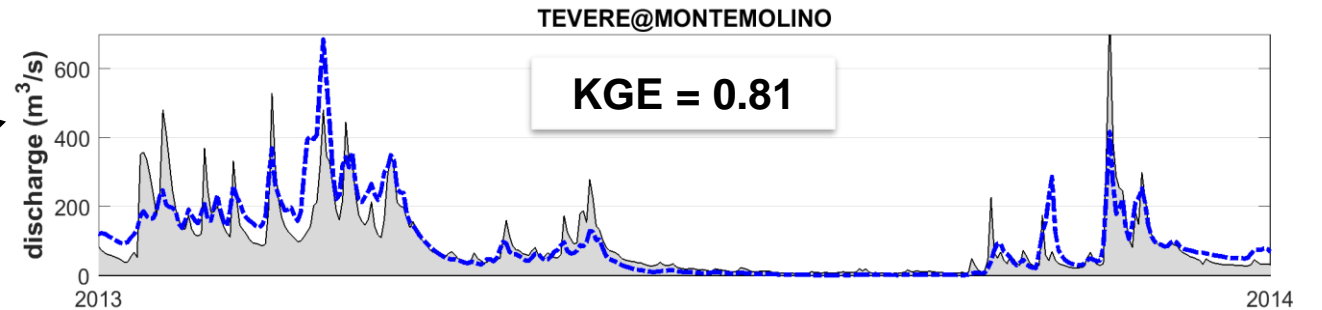
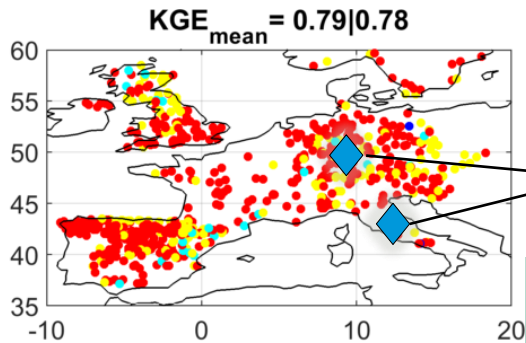
TMPA



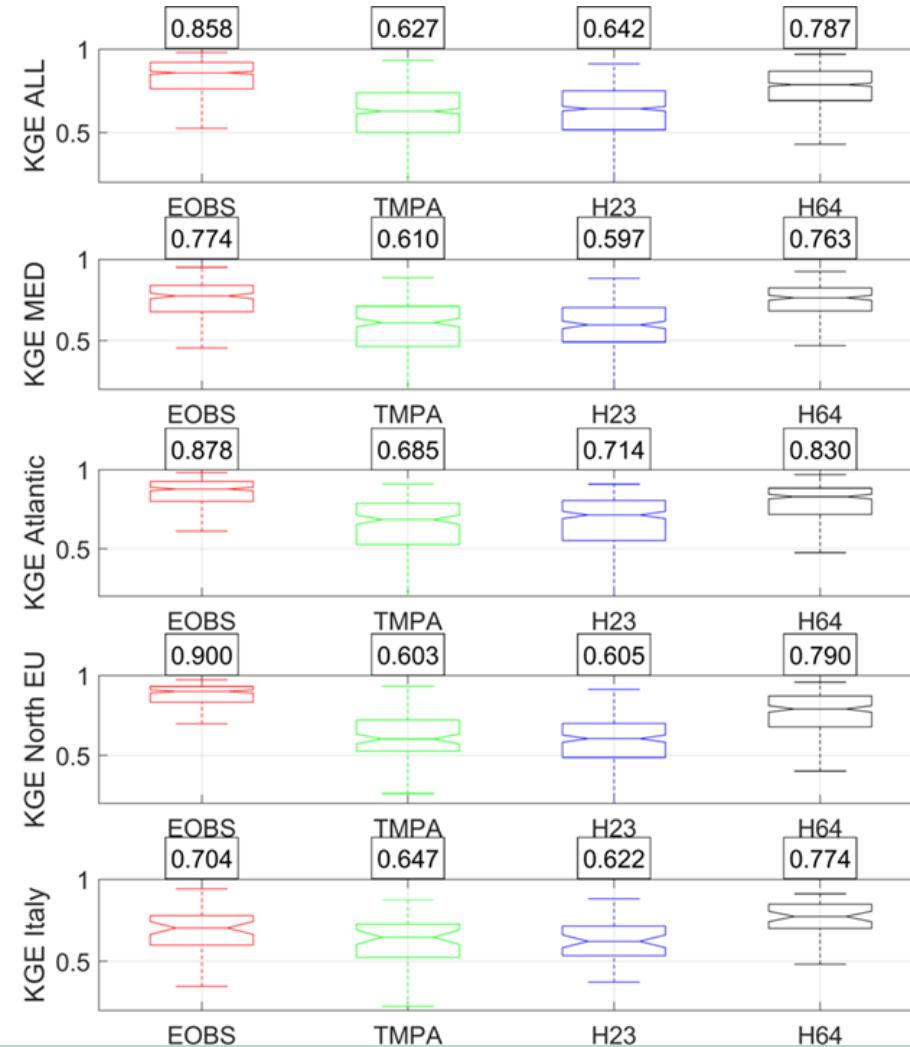
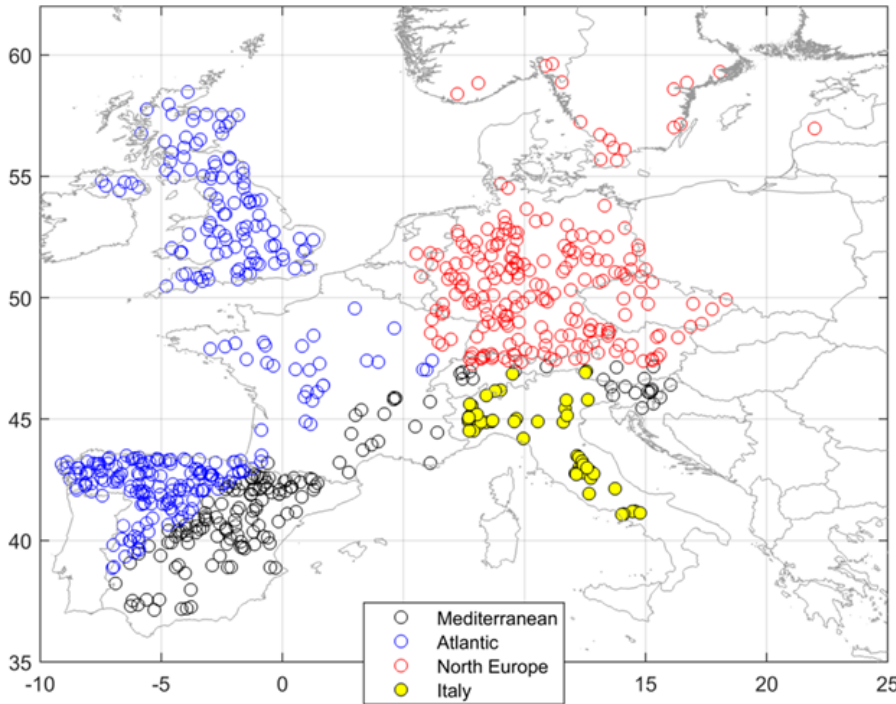
H SAF



H SAF +
SM2RAIN

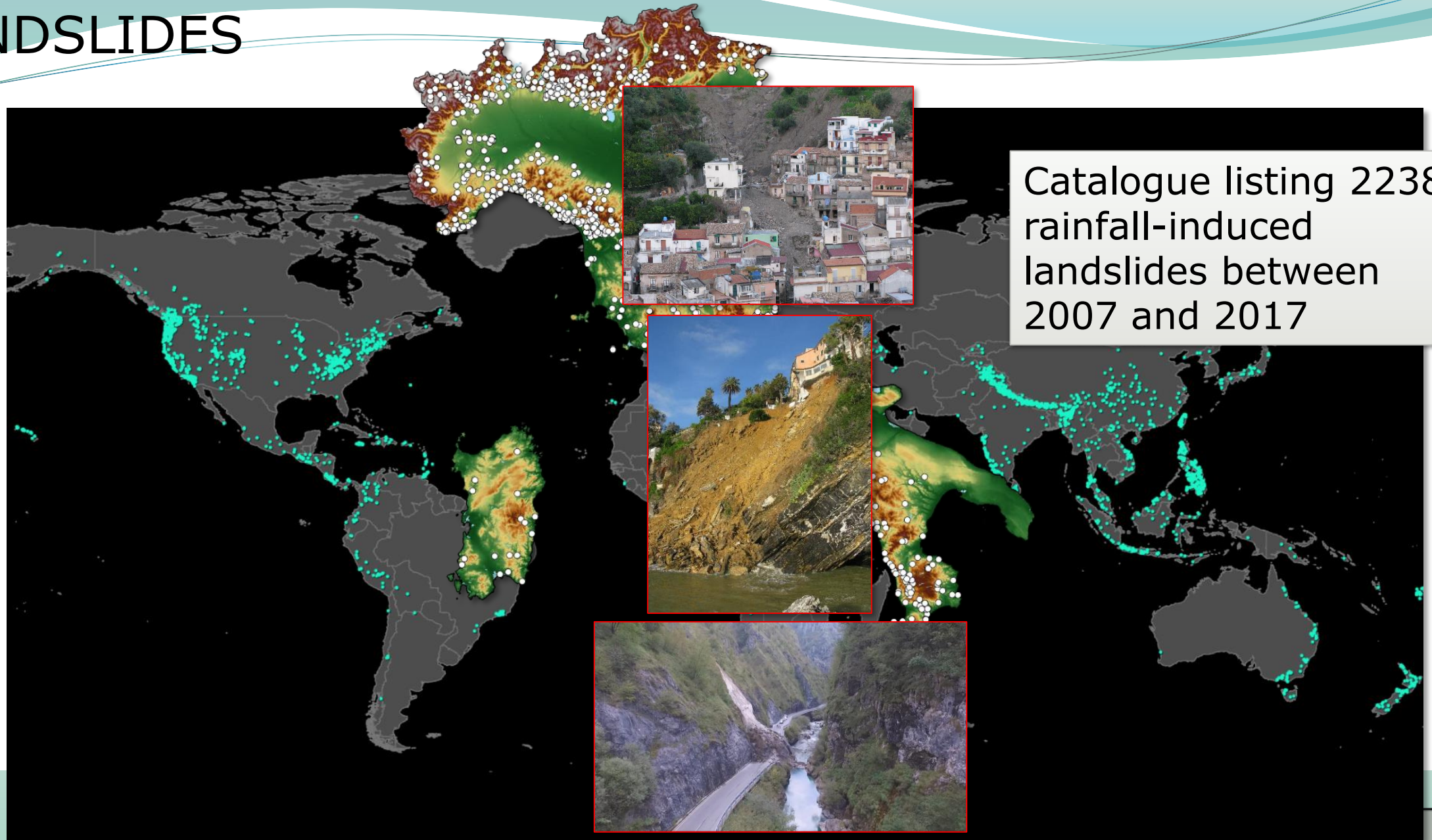


FLOOD PREDICTION WITH SATELLITE PRECIPITATION – TAKE HOME MESSAGE

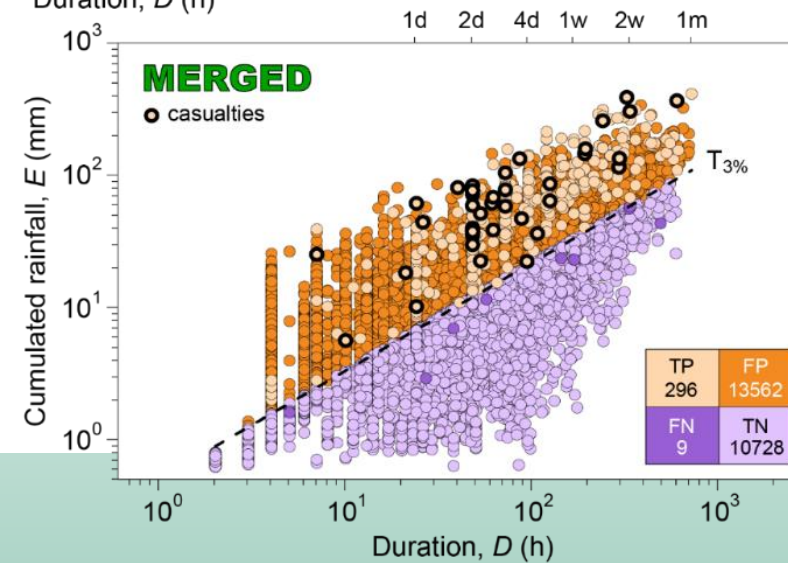
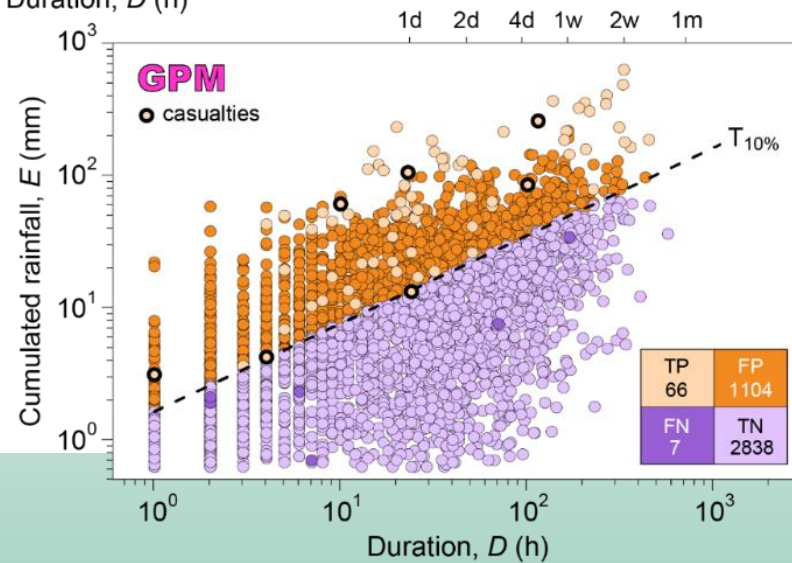
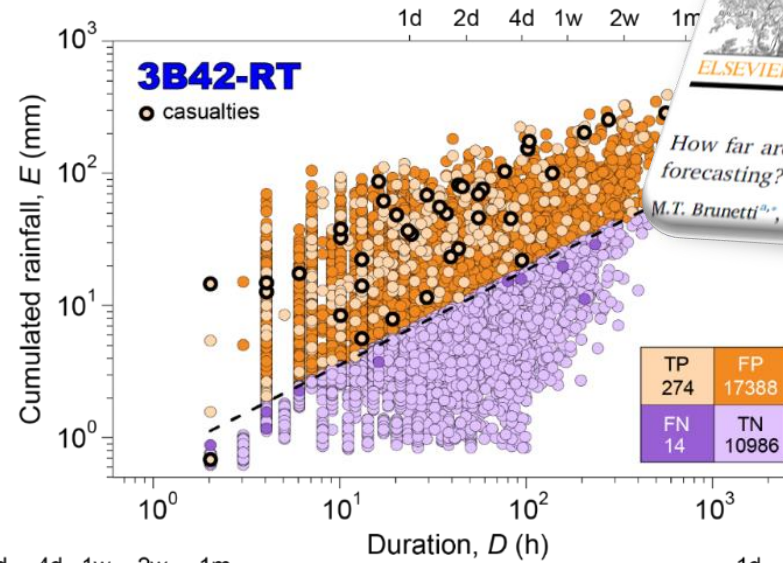
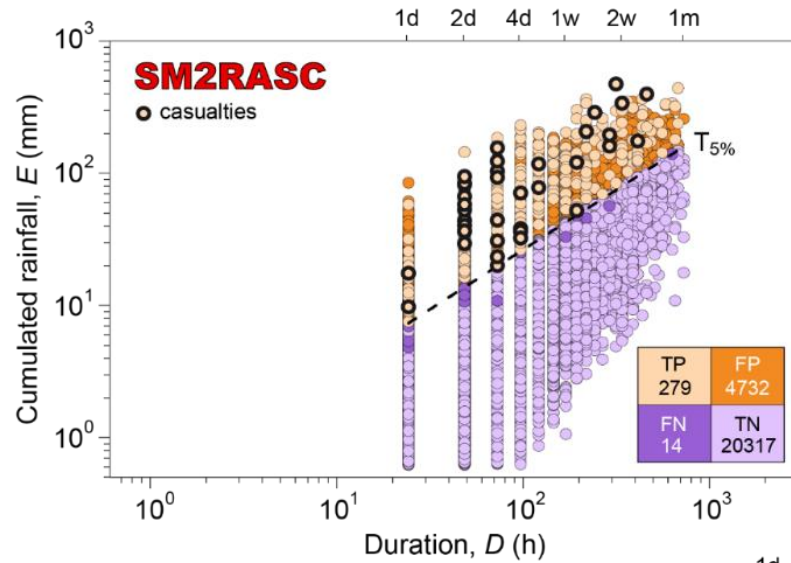


Over the Mediterranean area the performance of satellite precipitation products (including SM2RAIN) are similar, and even better in Italy, than those obtained through gauge-based data

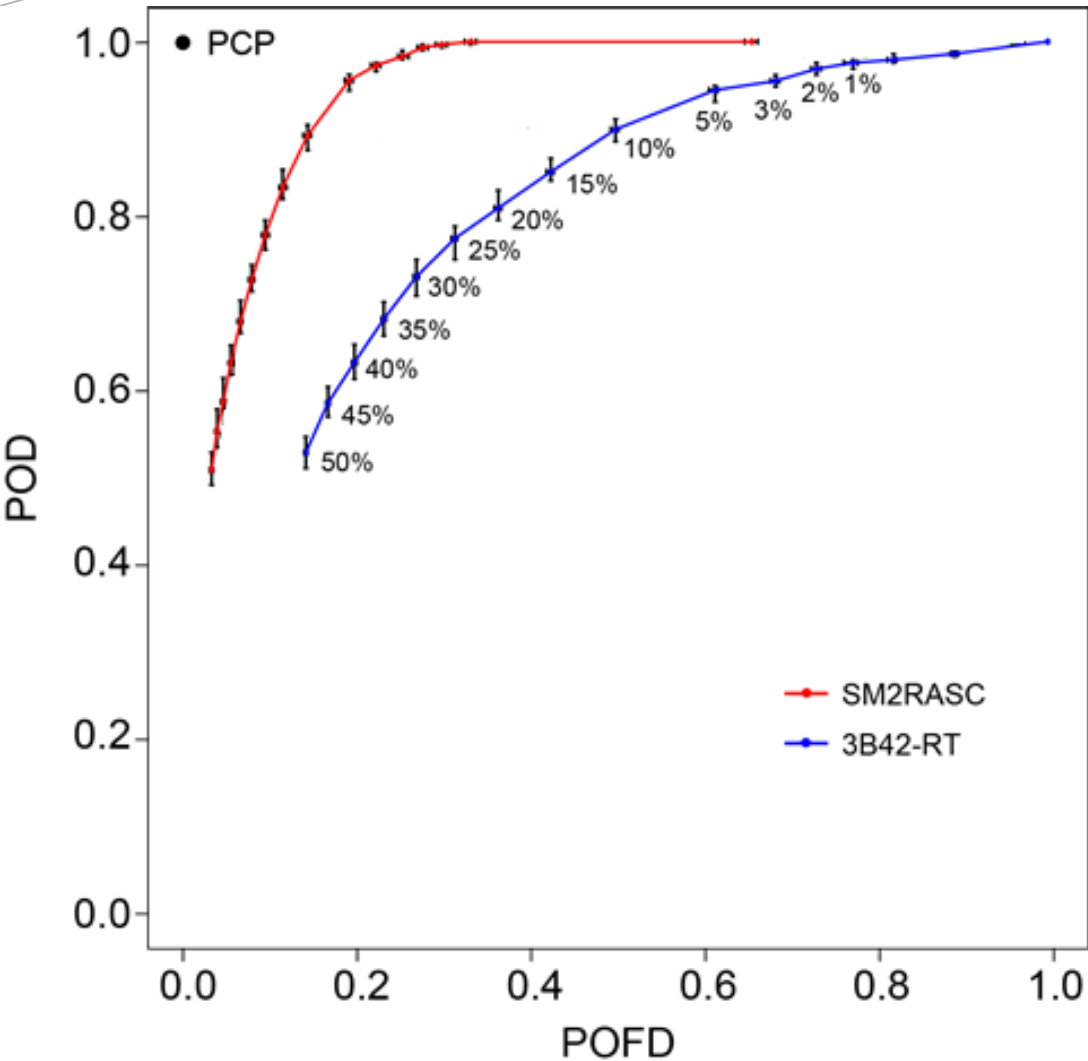
LANDSLIDES



REMOTE SENSING RAINFALL THRESHOLD



LANDSLIDES FORECASTING

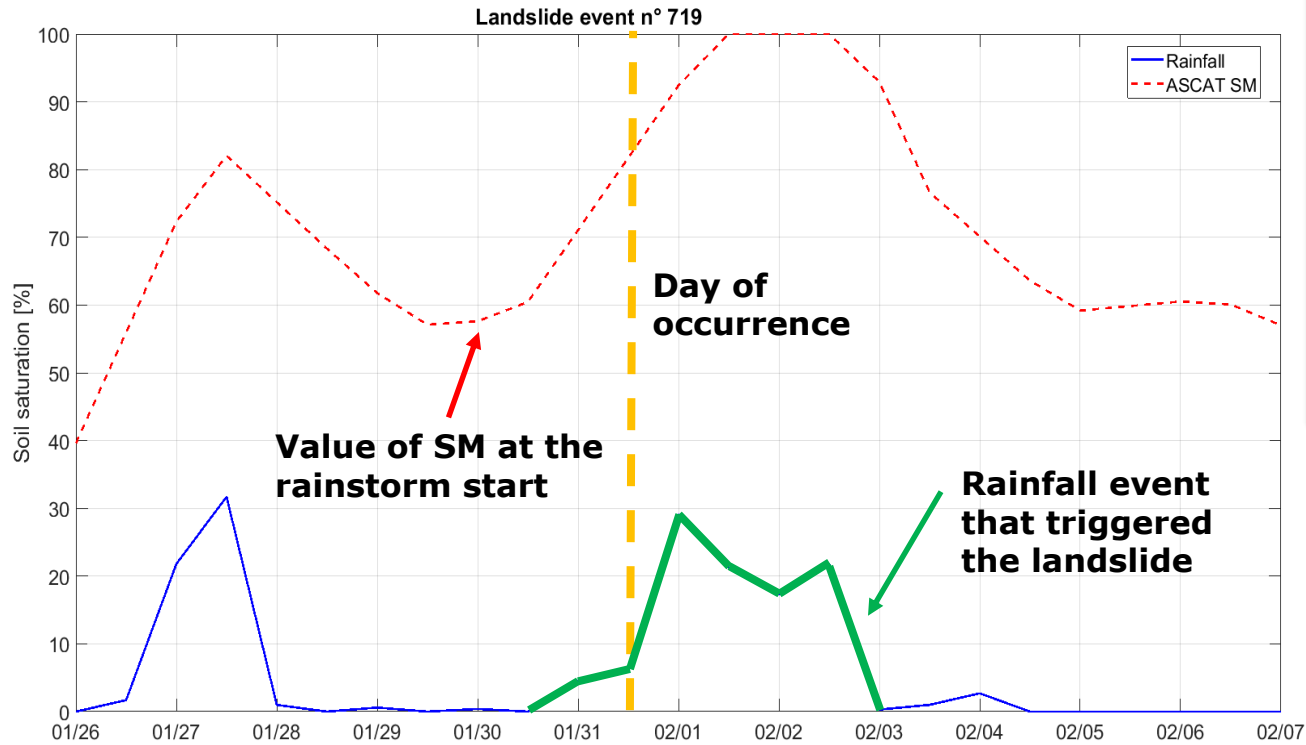


Satellite precipitation products can be used for landslide forecasting, and should be integrated with satellite soil moisture observations

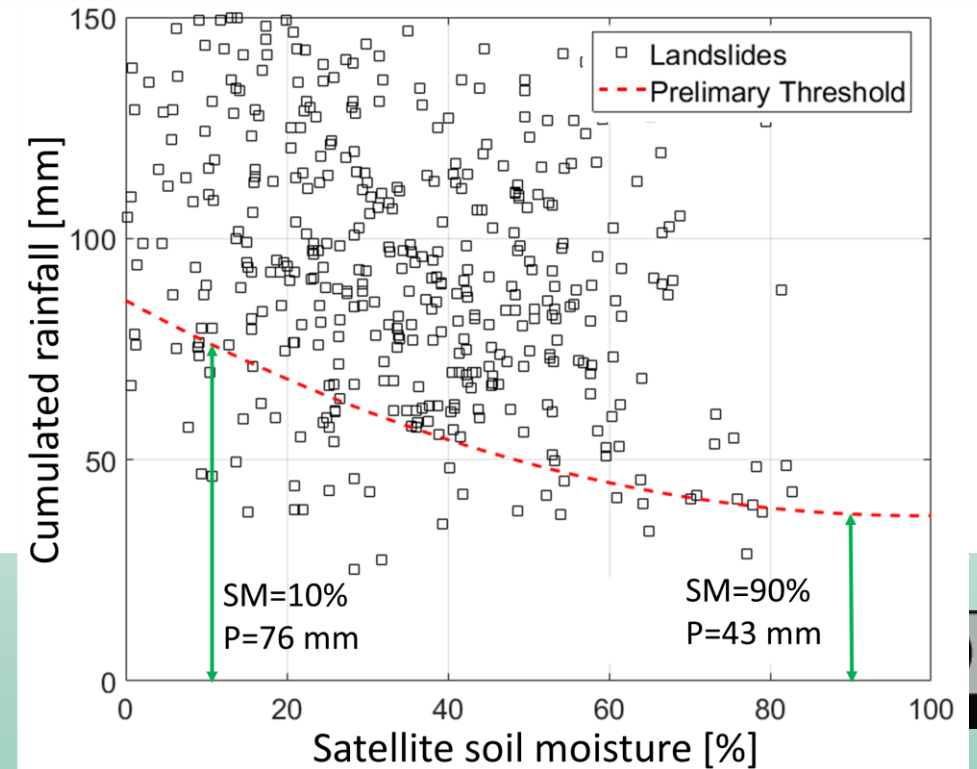
SM2RASC and GPM are found to be the best performing satellite rainfall products.

The obtained results will have a more important use in scarcely gauged regions (e.g., developing countries), and a global scale dedicated study will be the natural next step of this research.

LANDSLIDES FORECASTING



- 1184 landslide events between 2007 and 2014 over Italy
- ASCAT SM data 12.5 km/daily spatial/temporal resolution
- Observed rainfall from the Italian monitoring network



CONCLUSIONS



Satellite data can be used for hydrological modelling over the Mediterranean basin



Satellite products are characterized by high maturity and high spatio/temporal resolutions



Satellite products provided good results for flood modelling



Both rainfall and soil moisture satellite data can be used for landslide applications over large areas

Thank you for your
attention