www.planetmicrobe.org

Keywords: FAIR principles, marine oceanography, 'omics datasets

Context

Like a pirate's "buried treasure", oceanographic data are incredibly valuable allowing us to deepen our knowledge of ocean systems at a higher spatiotemporal resolution. Unfortunately, such heterogeneous data are often separated upon collection and are rarely fully re-united. Despite careful curation, data are sometimes shared only with specific collaborators preventing complete dataset reassembly. Additionally, data are often used only to a address specific questions, limiting their reuse.

Currently, no unifying systematic framework exists for the integration of newer 'omics data with traditional physical, geological, geochemical, and biological data sets commonly generated by the broader oceanographic community.



'omics data

Geochemical measures

Study-specific

measurements

Published papers

Public repositories

Public repositories

(BCO-DMO, Pangea...)

(NCBI, EBI...)

Here, we present here a new web-based cyberinfrastructure platform, Planet Microbe, tailored for the reintegration of marine 'omics datasets with their environmental context.

Our aims



Reintegration of 'omics data with their environmental context



Standardization of semantics for increased data interoperability



Providing community driven analysis and visualizations tools

THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA®







Toward the integration of oceanographic 'omics, environmental and physiochemical data layers

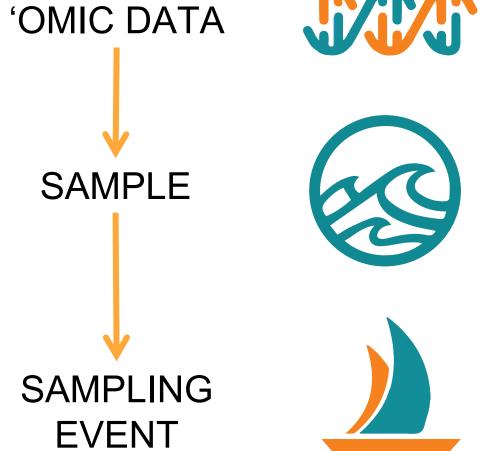
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Reintegrating 'omics data in their environmental context

Planet Microbe aims to re-unite taxonomic and functional microbial information from historic 'omics datasets with their environmental context.



Biological and physiochemical

'Omic dataset functional and taxonomic

Meteorological data **Station descriptions**



Cruise tracks

CTD profiles

Expedition instrumentation and protocols

Environmental context can be provided by biological and physio-chemical measurements performed directly on a water sample. At a larger scale, environmental context can be provided by metadata from the sampling event and the sampling station.

Finally, cruise protocols and instrumentation can provide users with a better understanding of the metadata.

Historic datasets

EXPEDITION

We aim to integrate major historical oceanographic datasets for which abundant environmental metadata were collected.









The project includes time-series such as HOT and BATS, as well as large-scale projects such as Tara oceans expeditions and OSD.

Metadata stored in public repositories like BCO-DMO, Rolling Deck repository, CCHDO, Pangea, ... or published in research papers will be reintegrated with their respective publicly available 'omics datasets.

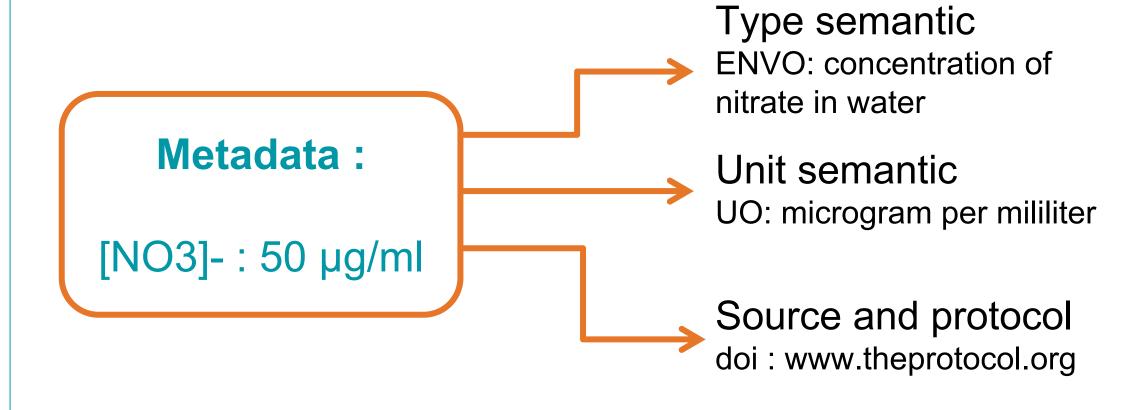


Semantic standardization for data interoperability data interoperability

Planet Microbe makes use of and extends standardized semantics provided by the Open Biological and Biomedical Ontology (OBO) Foundry and Library.



In order to ensure for well-represented, interoperable metadata Planet Microbe combines semantics from a variety of OBO Foundry ontologies including the Environment Ontology (ENVO) to represent metadata types, as well as the Ontology of Units (UO) to represent units.

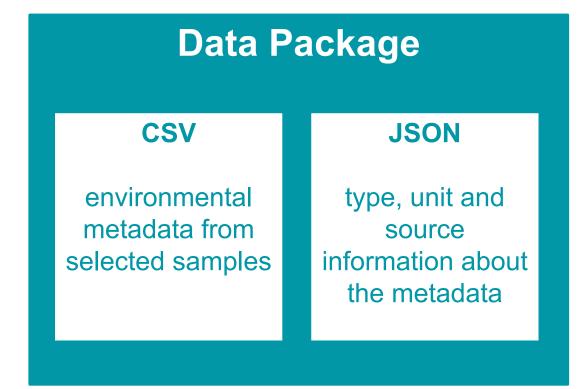


Additionally, a link to the metadata's source protocol is also provided, allowing users to access a detailed description of the instrumentation and protocol used to perform measurements and circumvent measurement bias and error.

Data containers for dataset interoperability

Planet Microbe makes use of frictionless data packages to make datasets interoperable, as well as shareable between systems.

A Data Package is a simple container format used to describe and package a dataset. The frictionless data format serves as a convenient wrapper by which to manage and share interoperable data.



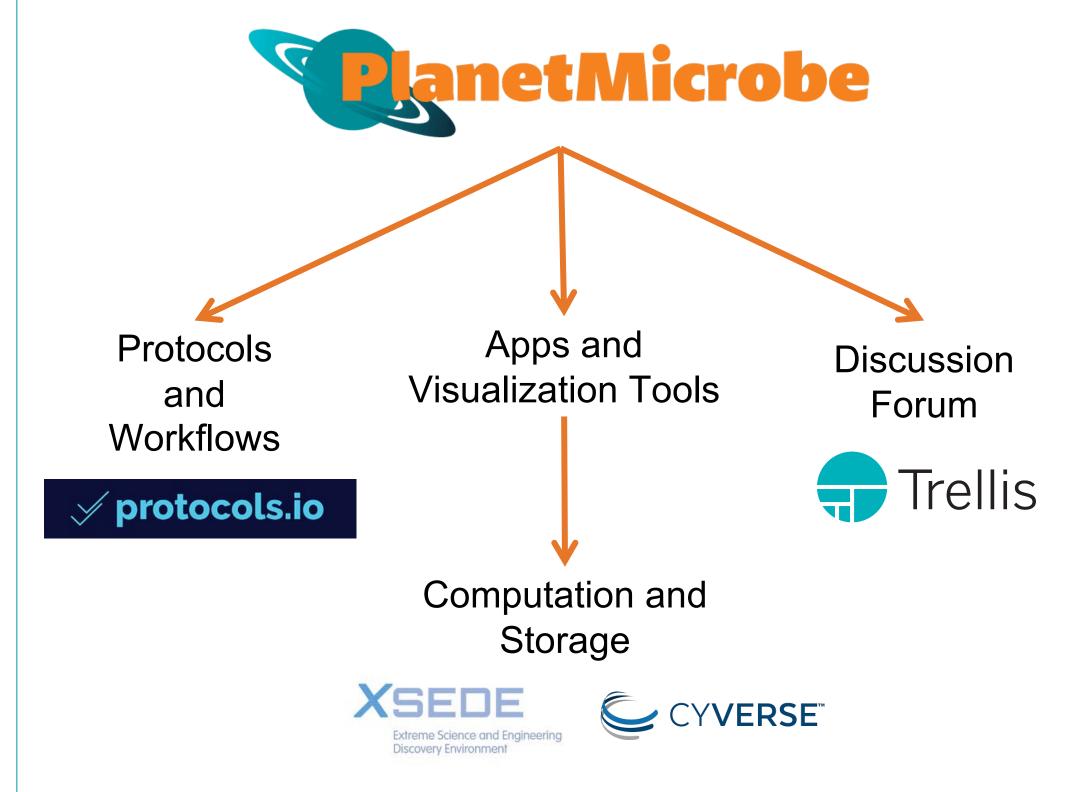
Data Packages can be used to package any tabular data by providing important additional descriptive information. Here, the Data Package allows for the association of each column in the csv metadata file to its OBO type and unit semantics, as well as source description.



Community-driven tools and visualizations

Planet Microbe is not an isolated data platform but operates in a larger cyberinfrastructure system which provide users with the capability to analyze and visualize datasets.

Links to protocol.io and Trellis provides the community with means to share and discuss protocols and workflows.



Planet Microbe provides users with a set of tools and apps for metagenomic analysis and visualization. Compute time and storage is available freely for Planet Microbe users through CyVerse and XSEDE resources.

Tool containers for reproducibility



Apps and tools deployed in Planet microbe rely on community-developed docker/singularity containers.



Containers ensure the reproducibility of tools and analytical results in Planet Microbe by preserving the code, configurations, and dependencies.

Project timeline

SPRING 2019 SUMMER 2019 FALL 2019 Data visualization Search interface Data integration of BATS Integration of HOT, Tara and OSD Standard tools Planet Microbe Ontology

Release

Future directions



Integration of continuous data



Machine Learning approaches for data quality checking and data pattern discovery



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Prototype

Beta - release

Integration of C-DEBI

Community tools

Functional/taxonomic annotation