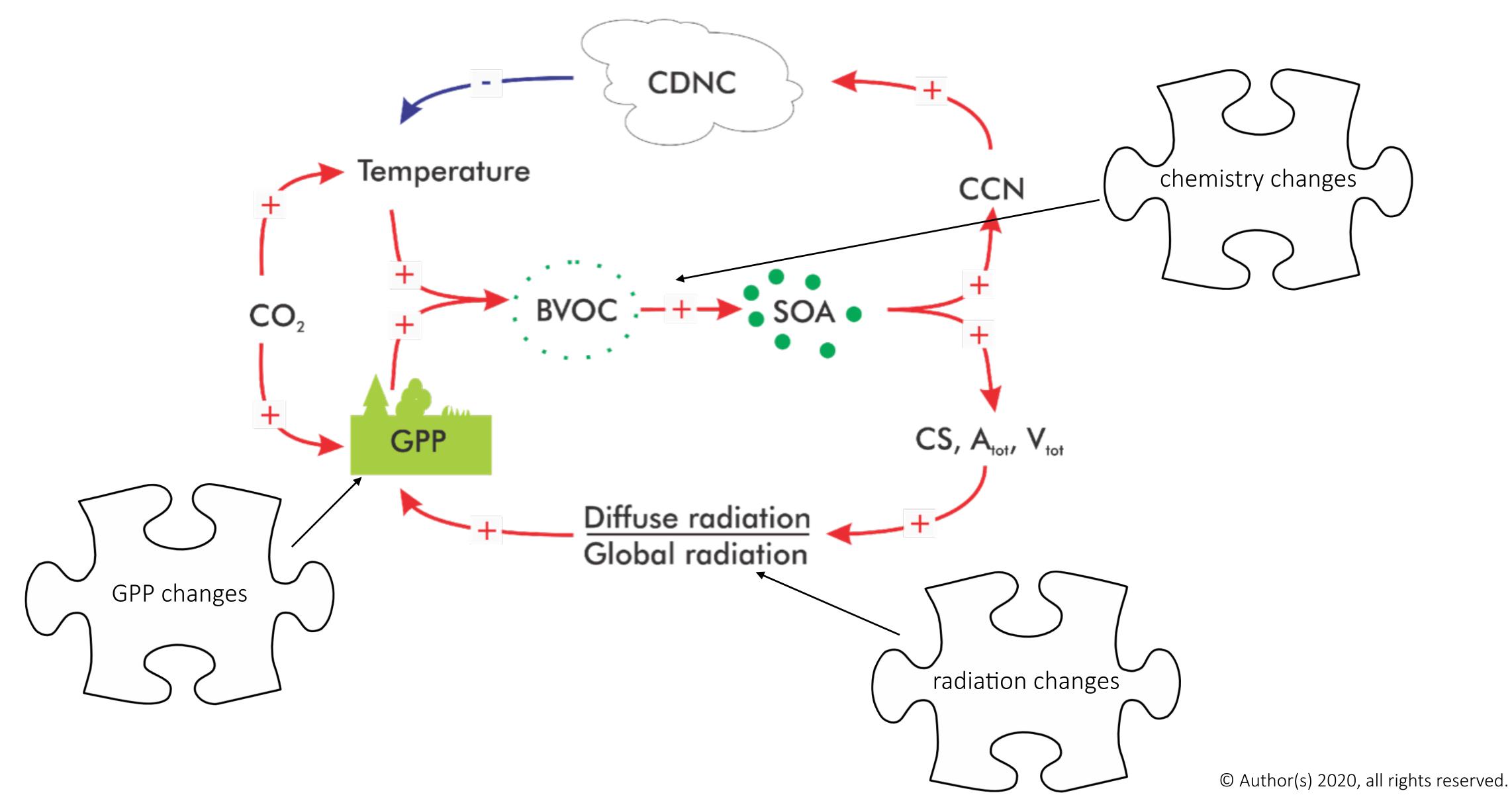
Adding pieces to the atmosphere-biosphere feedback puzzle

<u>Steffen M. Noe</u>, Junninen Heikki, Ülo Mander, Urmas Hõrrak, Kaido Soosaar, Xuemeng Chen, Alisa Krasnova, Dmitrii Krasnov, Joonas Kollo, Kaupo Komsaare, Helina Lipp, Kalju Tamme and Ahto Kangur



Putting pieces to the atmosphere-biosphere feedback loop

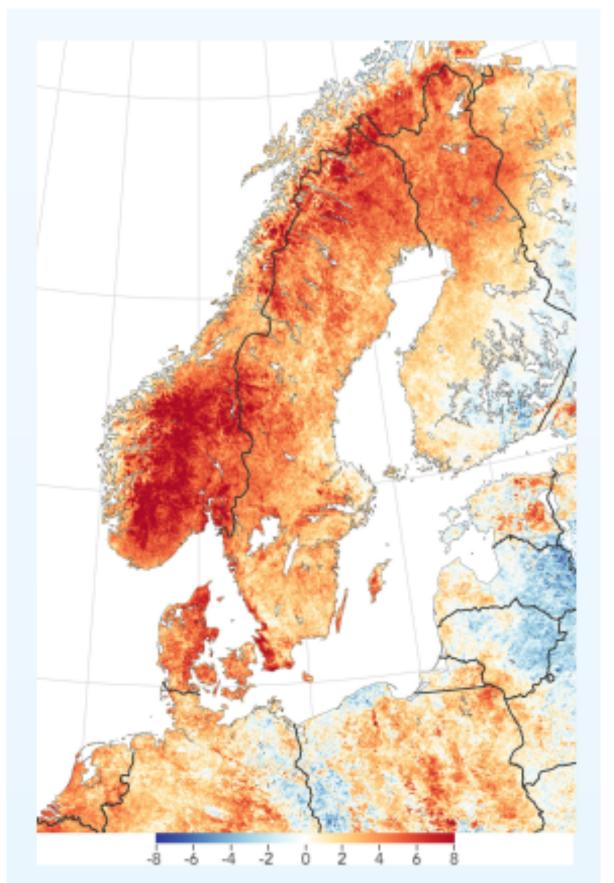


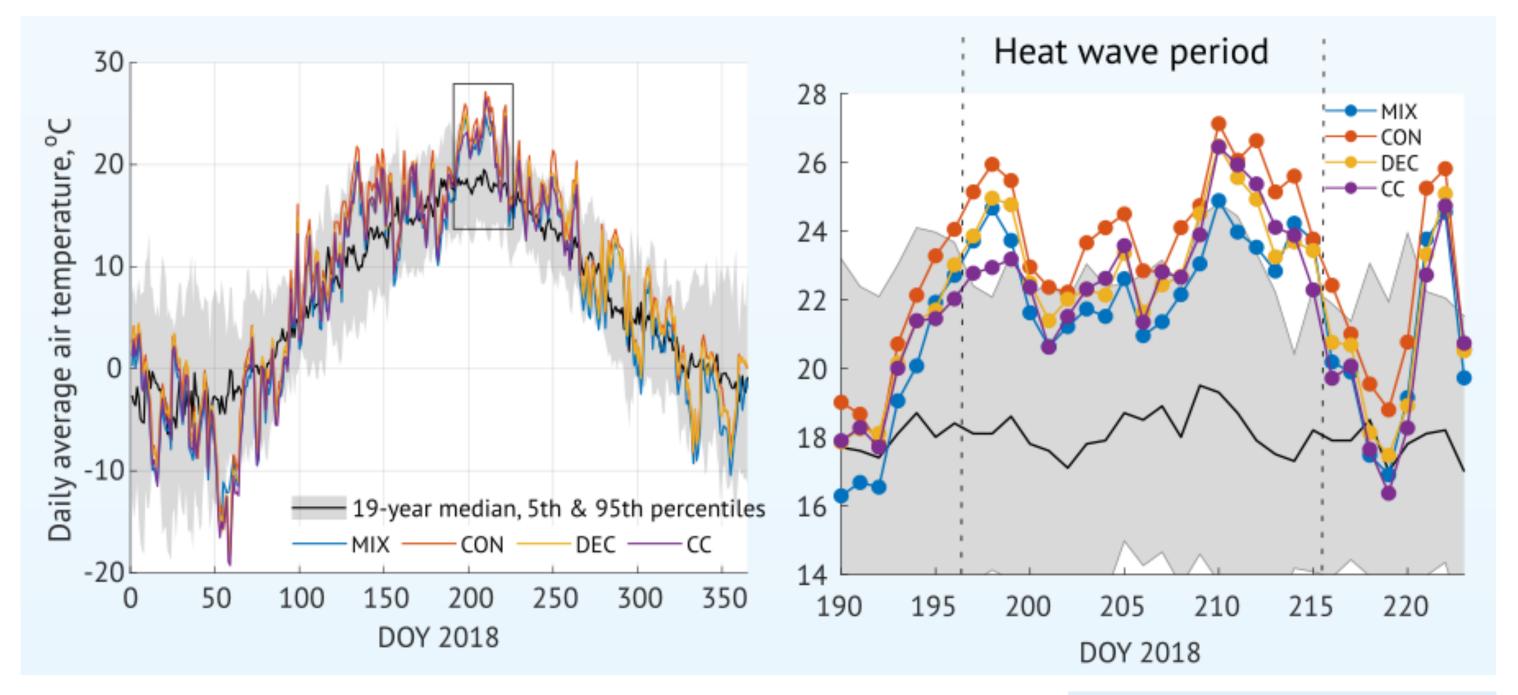


What can we say about the forest as carbon sink using SMEAR Estonia data



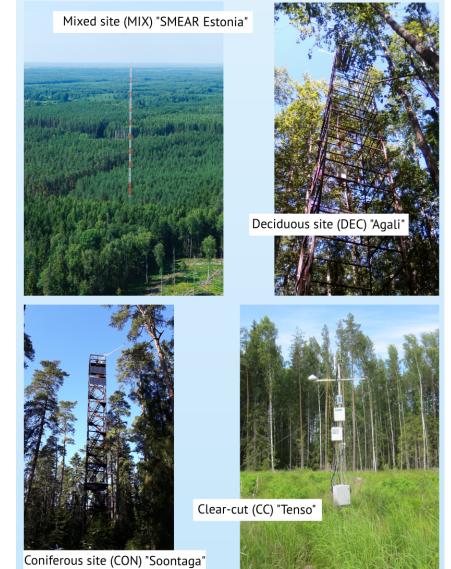
2018 heat wave led to about 5-6°C warmer July at SMEAR Estonia



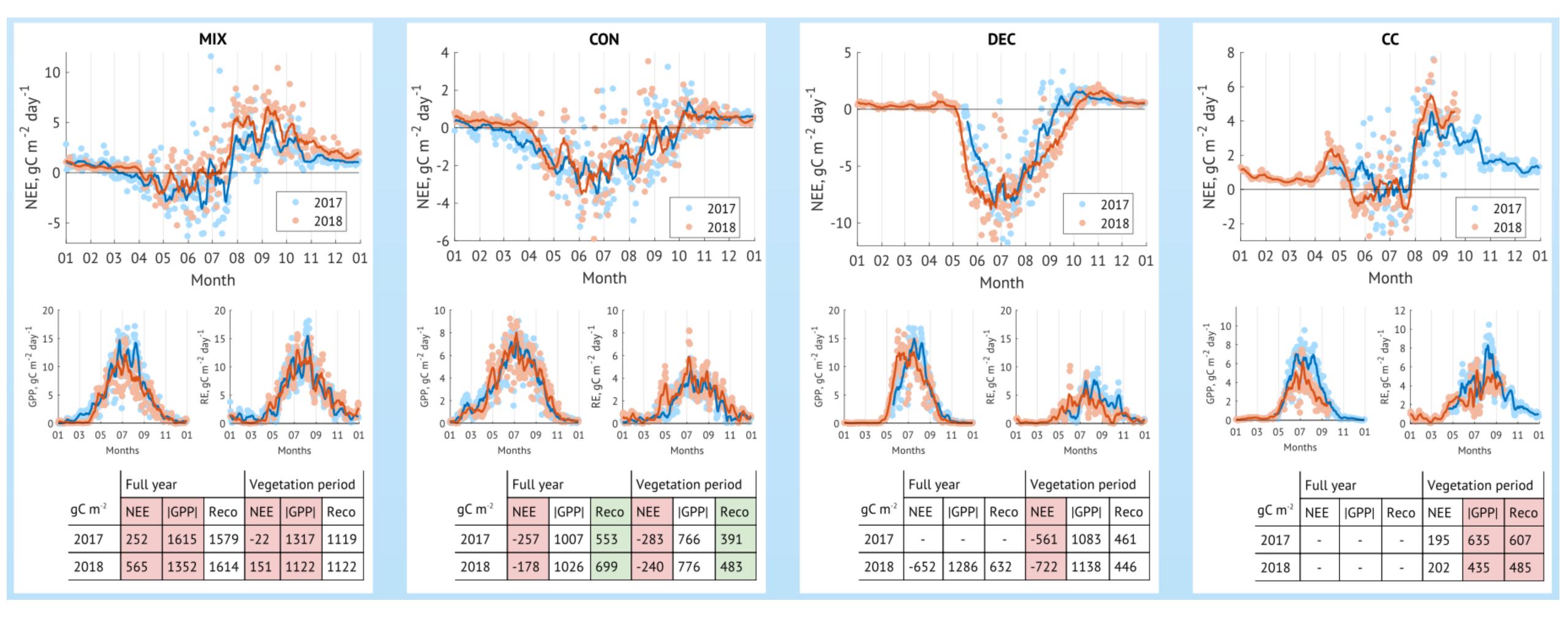


Land surface temperature anomaly in July 2018 compared to 2000-2015 mean. Picture by NASA Earth Observatory

- MIX = Järvselja SMEAR Estonia (mixed forest), CON = Soontaga (old Pine forest) DEC = Järvselja/Agali (Alder stand on a river bank) CC = Clear cut in Tenso



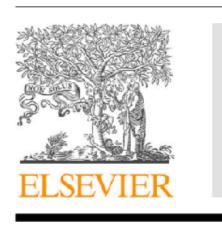
Forest flux changes due to the heat wave



The managed mixed forest in Järvselja changed to a source! The old Pine forest in Soontaga remained a sink!

Forest heterogeneity impacts on carbon exchange

Agricultural and Forest Meteorology 275 (2019) 11–23



Agricultural and Forest Meteorology

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/agrformet

Carbon exchange in a hemiboreal mixed forest in relation to tree species composition

Alisa Krasnova^{a,c}, Mai Kukumägi^b, Ülo Mander^c, Raili Torga^c, Dmitrii Krasnov^a, Steffen M. Noe^a, Ivika Ostonen^c, Ülle Püttsepp^a, Helen Killian^a, Veiko Uri^d, Krista Lõhmus^b, Jaak Sõber^b, Kaido Soosaar^{c,*}

Plant Soil https://doi.org/10.1007/s11104-019-04129-3

REGULAR ARTICLE

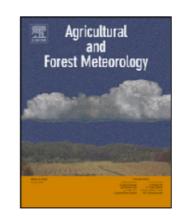
Stand type affects fluxes of volatile organic compounds from the forest floor in hemiboreal and boreal climates

Mari Mäki 💿 • D. Krasnov • H. Hellén • S. M. Noe • J. Bäck

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

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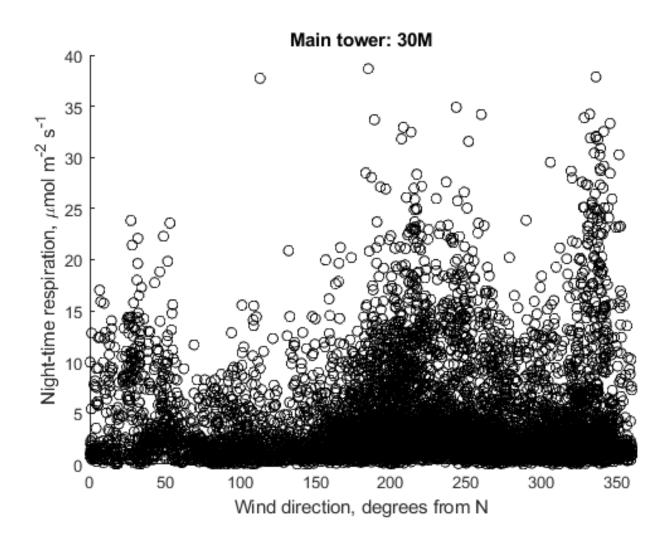
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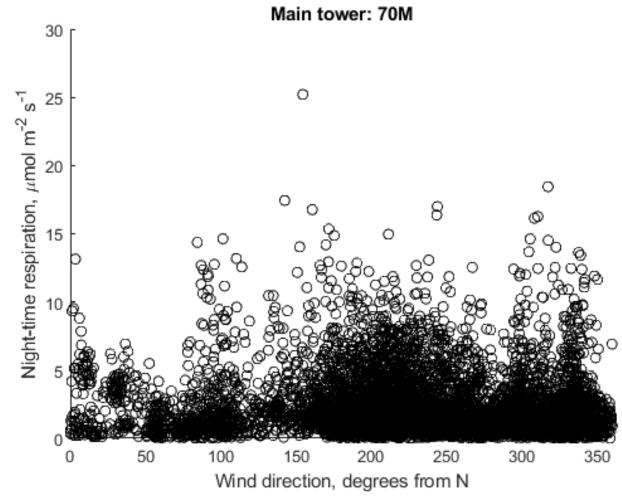


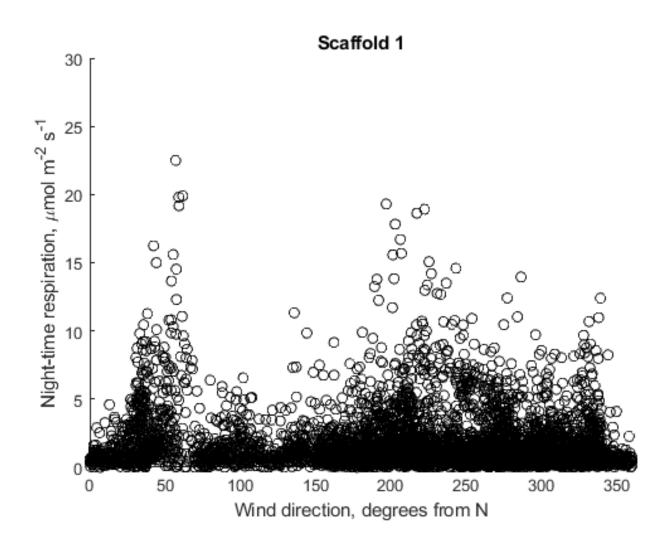


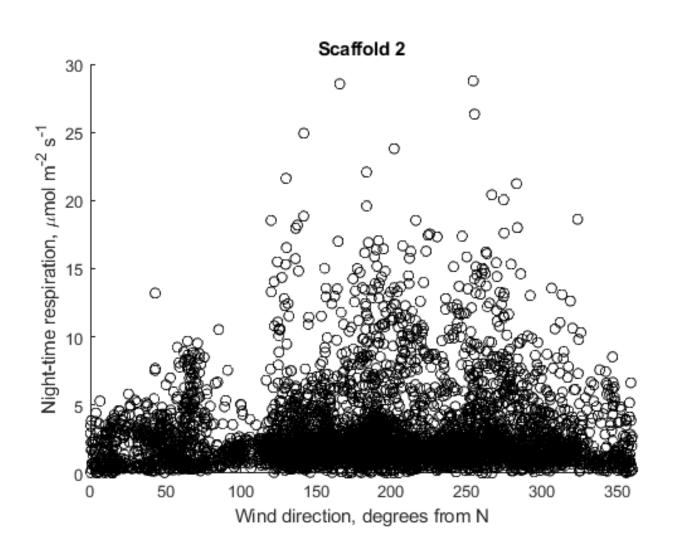


Forest heterogeneity lead to respiration hotspots









Measurements in the roughness sublayer at 30m and at the scaffolding towers (also 30m) show higher variability in night-time respiration than the 70m EC system which is located in the constant flux layer.



What can we say about forest atmosphere feedback using SMEAR Estonia data



Linking in-situ GPP to remote sensed Solar induced fluorescence

A strong relationship between Solar-induced chlorophyll fluorescence (SIF) was found with a strong correlation for mid day and on daily timescales.



PRIMARY RESEARCH ARTICLE

Solar-induced chlorophyll fluorescence is strongly correlated with terrestrial photosynthesis for a wide variety of biomes: First global analysis based on OCO-2 and flux tower observations

Xing Li, Jingfeng Xiao 🔀, Binbin He, M. Altaf Arain, Jason Beringer, Ankur R. Desai, Carmen Emmel, David Y. Hollinger, Alisa Krasnova, Ivan Mammarella, Steffen M. Noe, Penélope Serrano Ortiz, A. Camilo Rey-Sanchez, Adrian V. Rocha, Andrej Varlagin ... See fewer authors 🔨

First published:07 May 2018 | https://doi.org/10.1111/gcb.14297 | Citations: 48



RESPONSE TO EDITOR

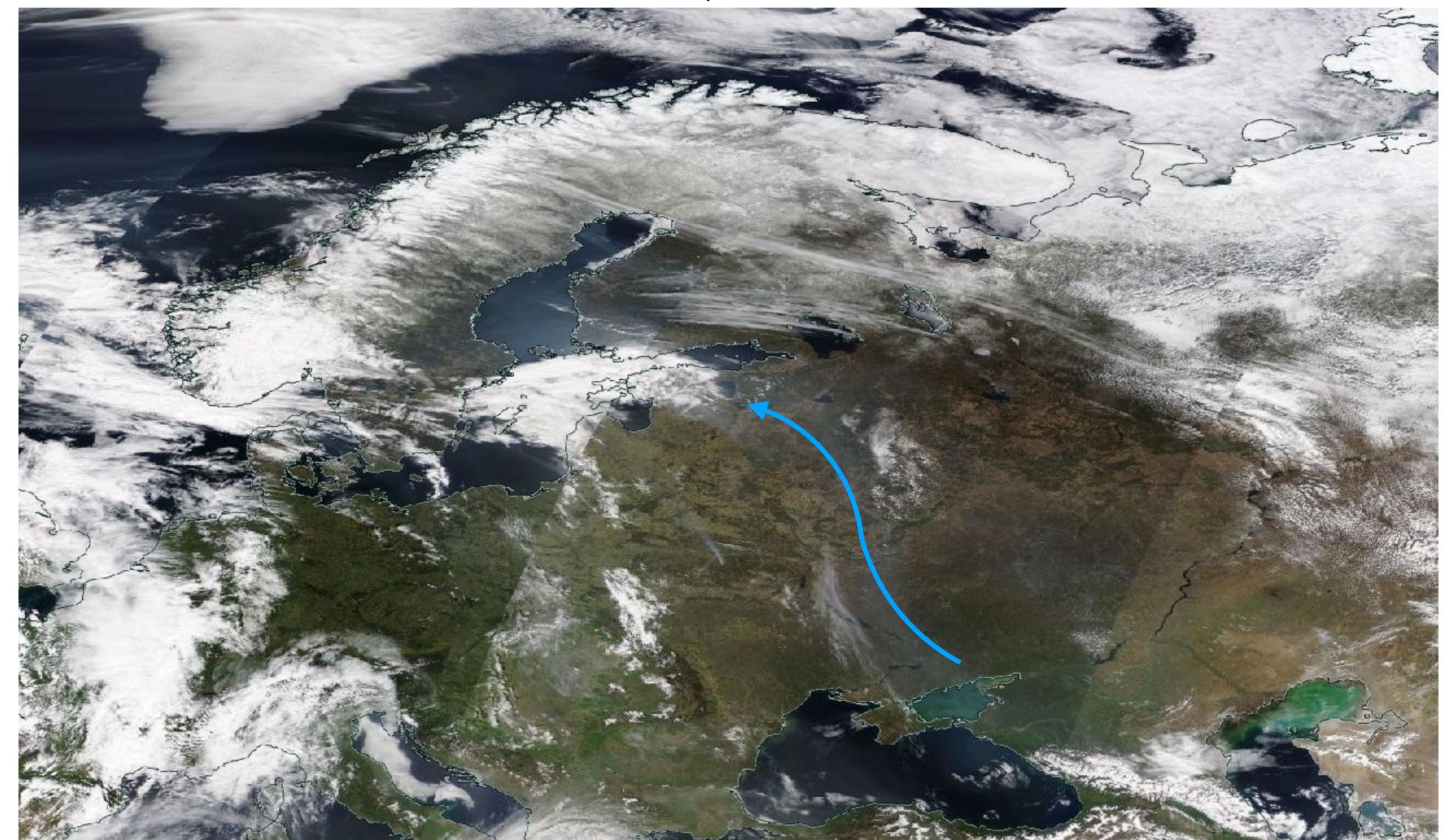
Solar-induced chlorophyll fluorescence exhibits a universal relationship with gross primary productivity across a wide variety of biomes

Jingfeng Xiao 🔀, Xing Li, Binbin He, M. Altaf Arain, Jason Beringer, Ankur R. Desai, Carmen Emmel, David Y. Hollinger, Alisa Krasnova, Ivan Mammarella, Steffen M. Noe, Penélope Serrano Ortiz, Camilo Rey-Sanchez, Adrian V. Rocha, Andrej Varlagin ... See fewer authors 🔨

First published:05 January 2019 | https://doi.org/10.1111/gcb.14565 | Citations: 3

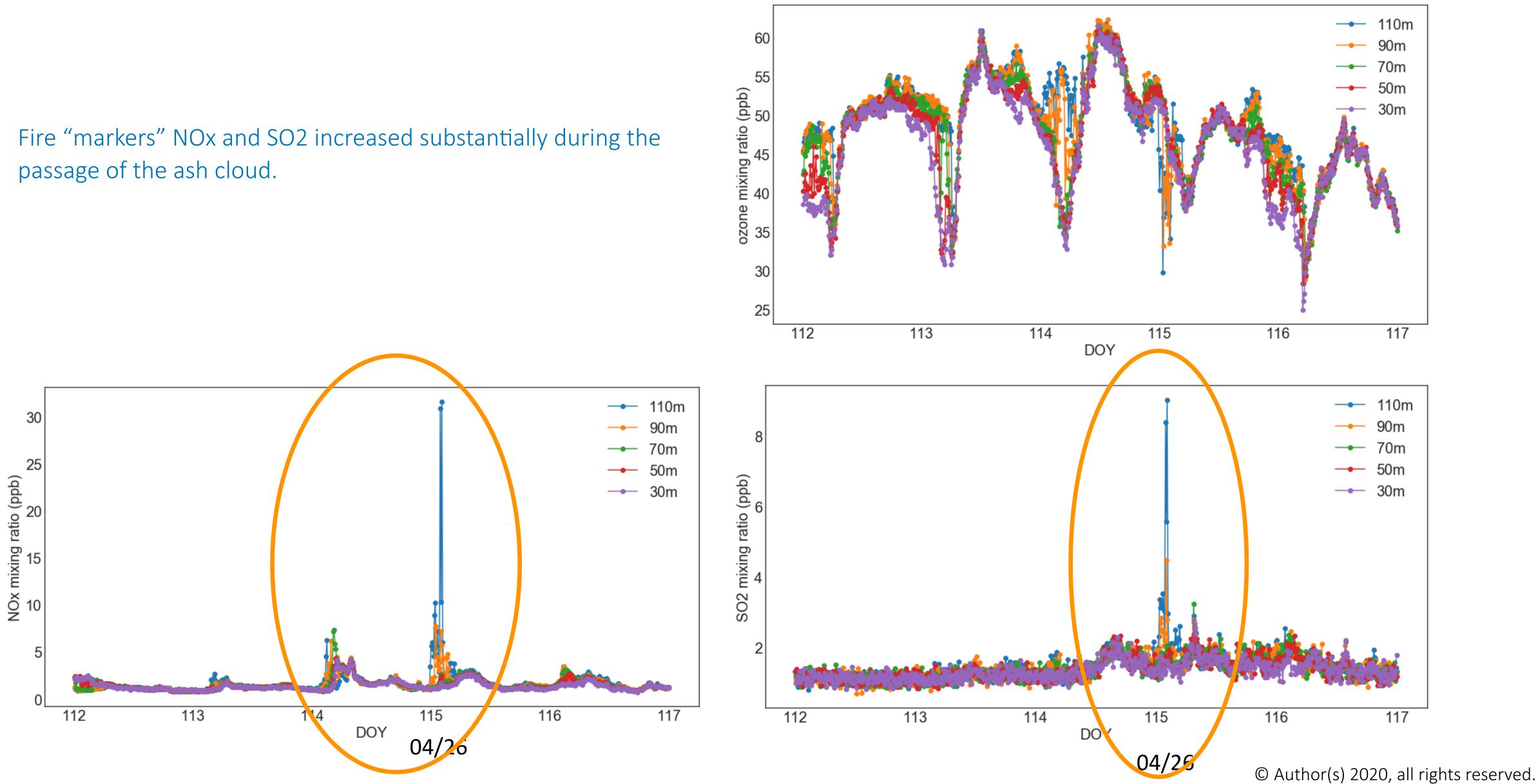


Air pollution from forest fires: large scale change in optical properties



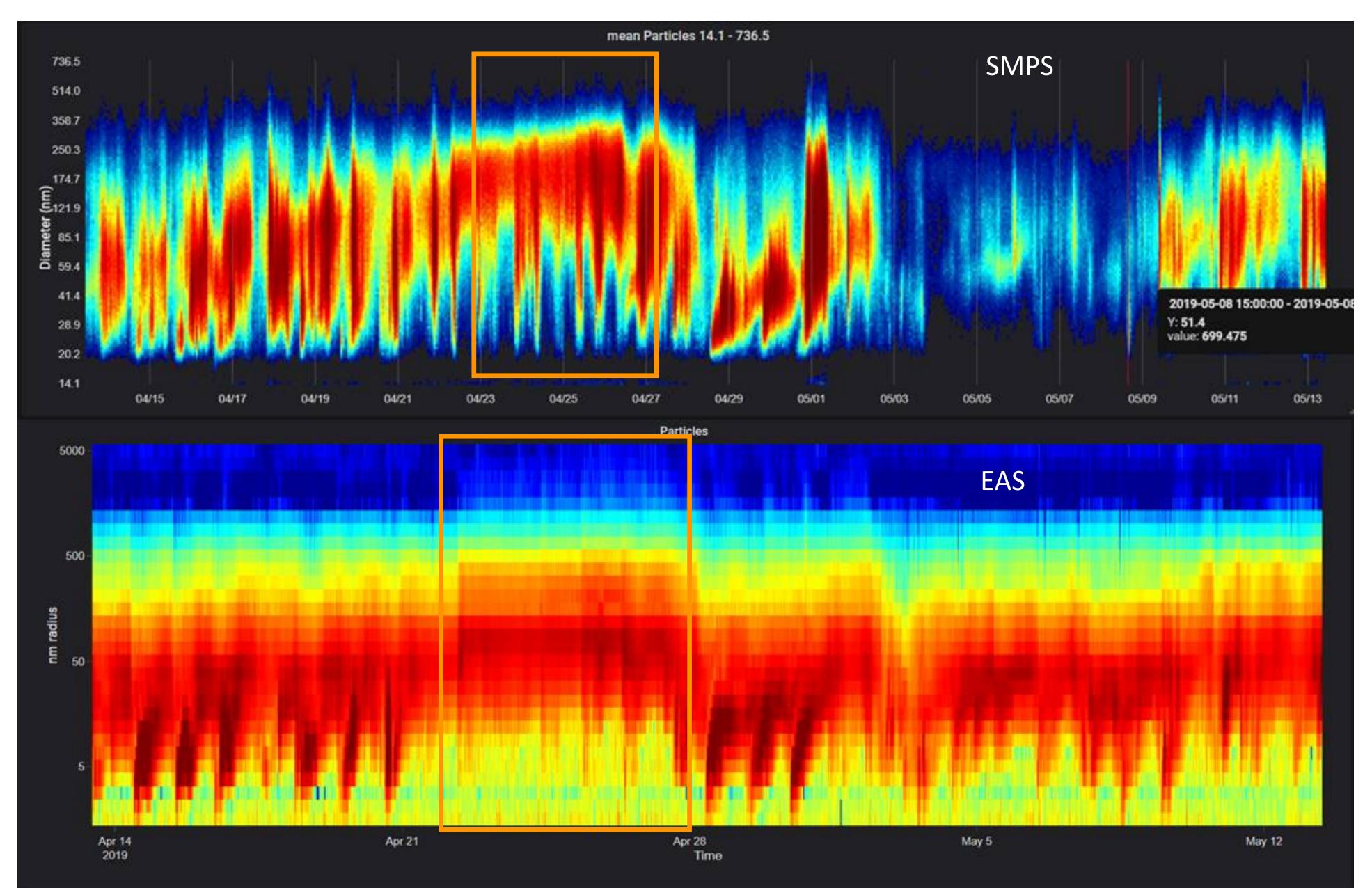
25. April 2019

The pollution cloud is passing over SMEAR Estonia





Particle numbers increased during the same time



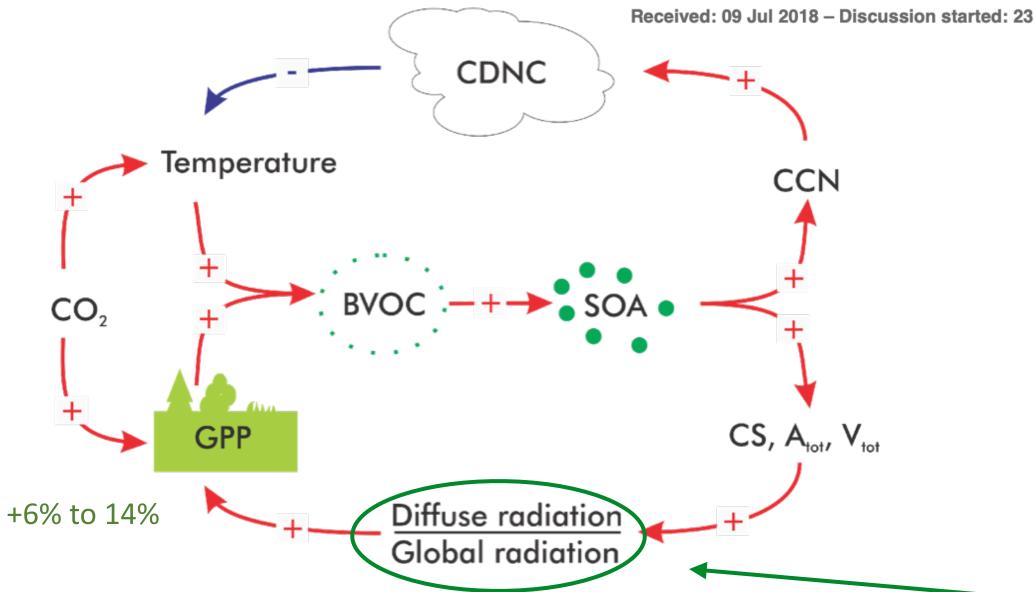
Aerosol effect on the climate feedback system

Direct effect of aerosols on solar radiation and gross primary production in boreal and hemiboreal forests

Ekaterina Ezhova^{D1}, Ilona Ylivinkka^{D1}, Joel Kuusk², Kaupo Komsaare³, Marko Vana³, Alisa Krasnova⁴, Steffen Noe^{D4}, Mikhail Arshinov^{®5}, Boris Belan^{®5}, Sung-Bin Park⁶, Jošt Valentin Lavrič^{®6}, Martin Heimann^{®1,6}, Tuukka Petäjä^{®1}, Timo Vesala^{1,7}, Ivan Mammarella¹, Pasi Kolari¹, Jaana Bäck^D⁷, Üllar Rannik¹, Veli-Matti Kerminen^D¹,

and Markku Kulmala^{D1}

¹Institute for Atmospheric and Earth System Research/Physics, Faculty of Science, University of Helsinki, P.O. Box 64, 00014 Helsinki, Finland ²Tartu Observatory, Faculty of Science and Technology, University of Tartu, Tõravere, Nõo Parish, 61602 Tartu, Estonia ³Institute of Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, University of Tartu, 50411, Tartu, Estonia ⁴Department of Plant Physiology, Institute of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences, Estonian University of Life Sciences, 51006 Tartu, Estonia ⁵V.E. Zuev Institute of Atmospheric Optics of Siberian Branch of the Russian Academy of Sciences, 634055 Tomsk, Russia ⁶Max Planck Institute for Biogeochemistry, 07745 Jena, Germany ⁷Institute for Atmospheric and Earth System Research/Forest Sciences, Faculty of Science, University of Helsinki, P.O. Box 64, 00014 Helsinki, Finland



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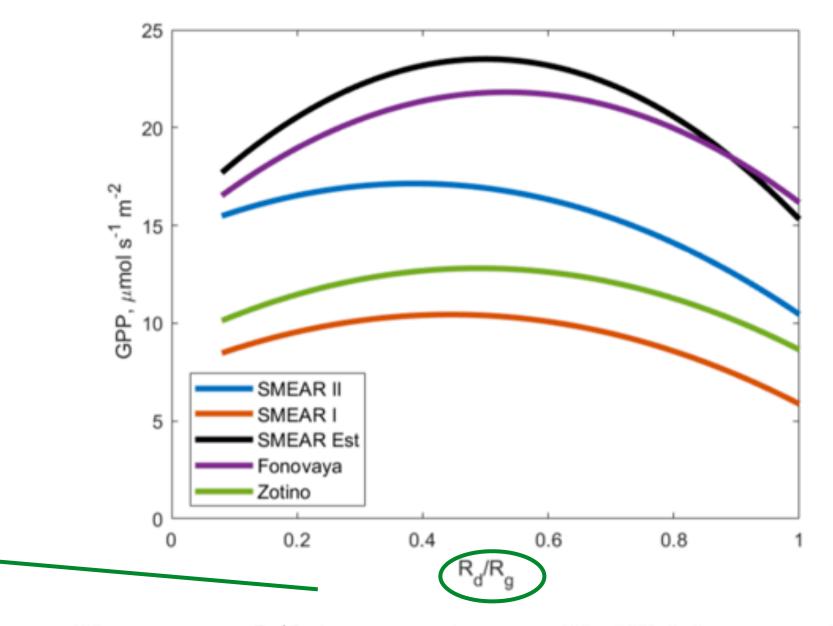
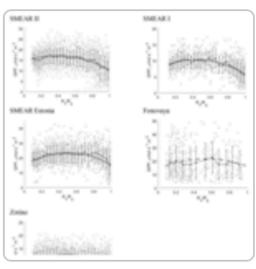


Figure 8. Estimated GPP dependences on R_d/R_g for all the sites (obtained as GPP = LUE · PAR using the coefficients for PAR and LUE dependences on R_d/R_g reported in Table 4).

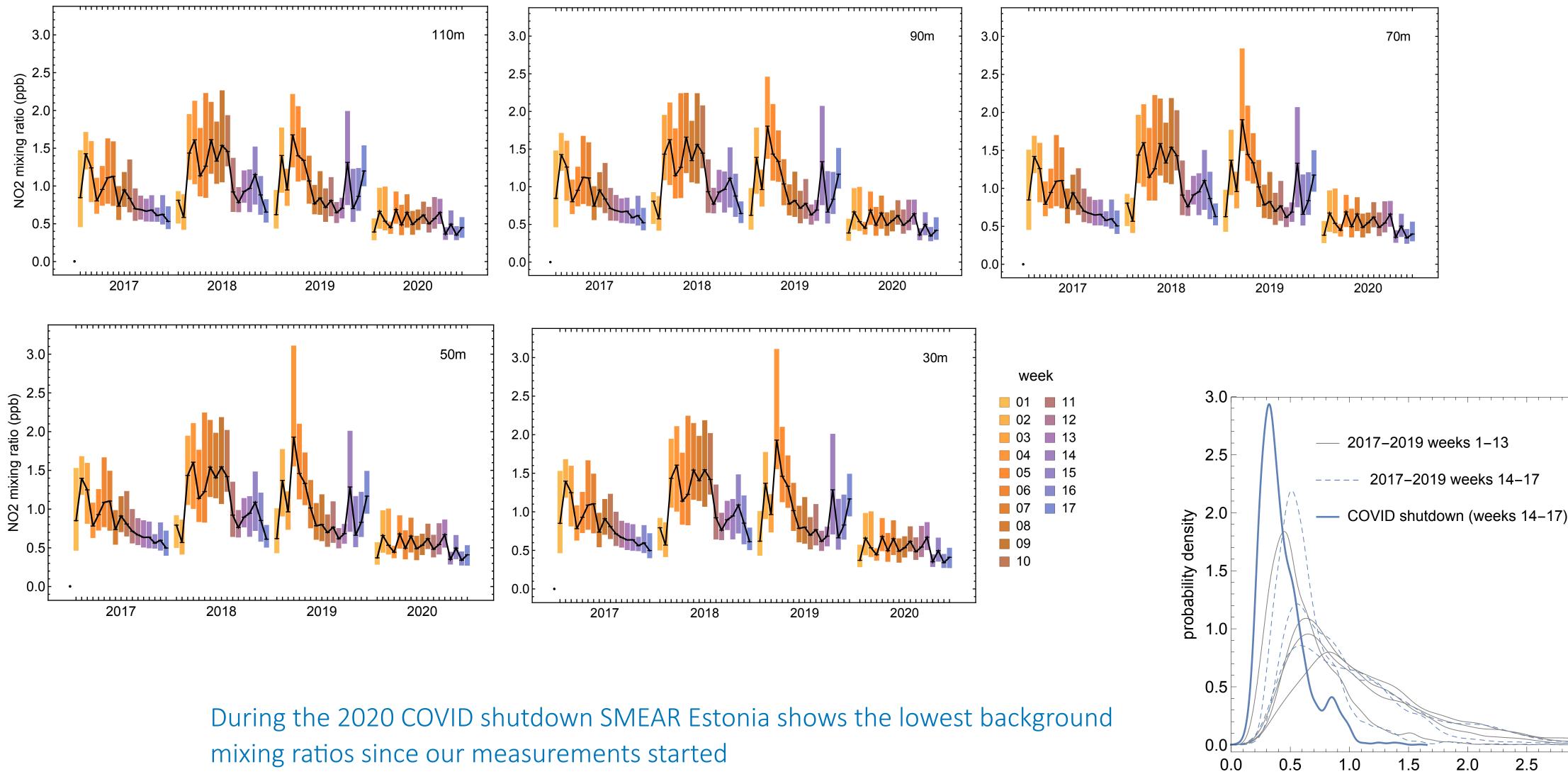




What can we say about the COVID19 lockdown impact using SMEAR Estonia data



NO2 background during the 2020 shutdown



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NO2 mxing ratio (ppb)

3.0













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Thanks for your attention

