



# **A 1300-year reconstruction of the South Pacific Convergence Zone (SPCZ)**

**Never Stand Still**

**Faculty of Engineering**

**School of Civil and Environmental Engineering**

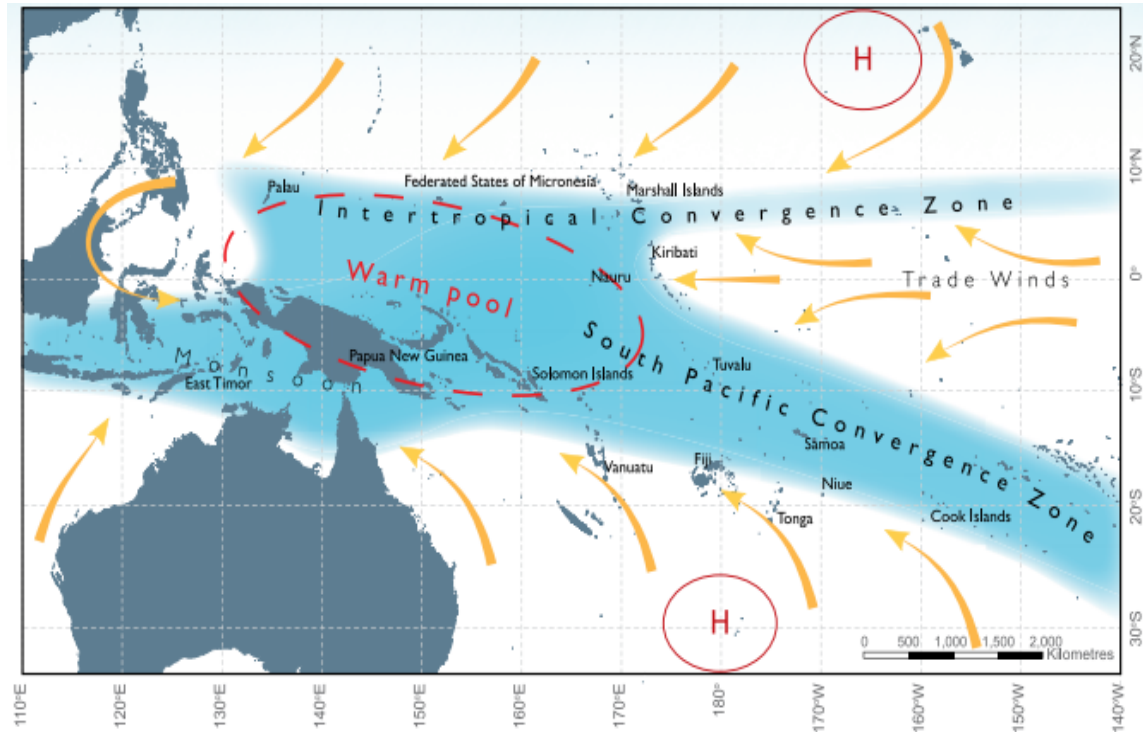
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# Why reconstruct the SPCZ?

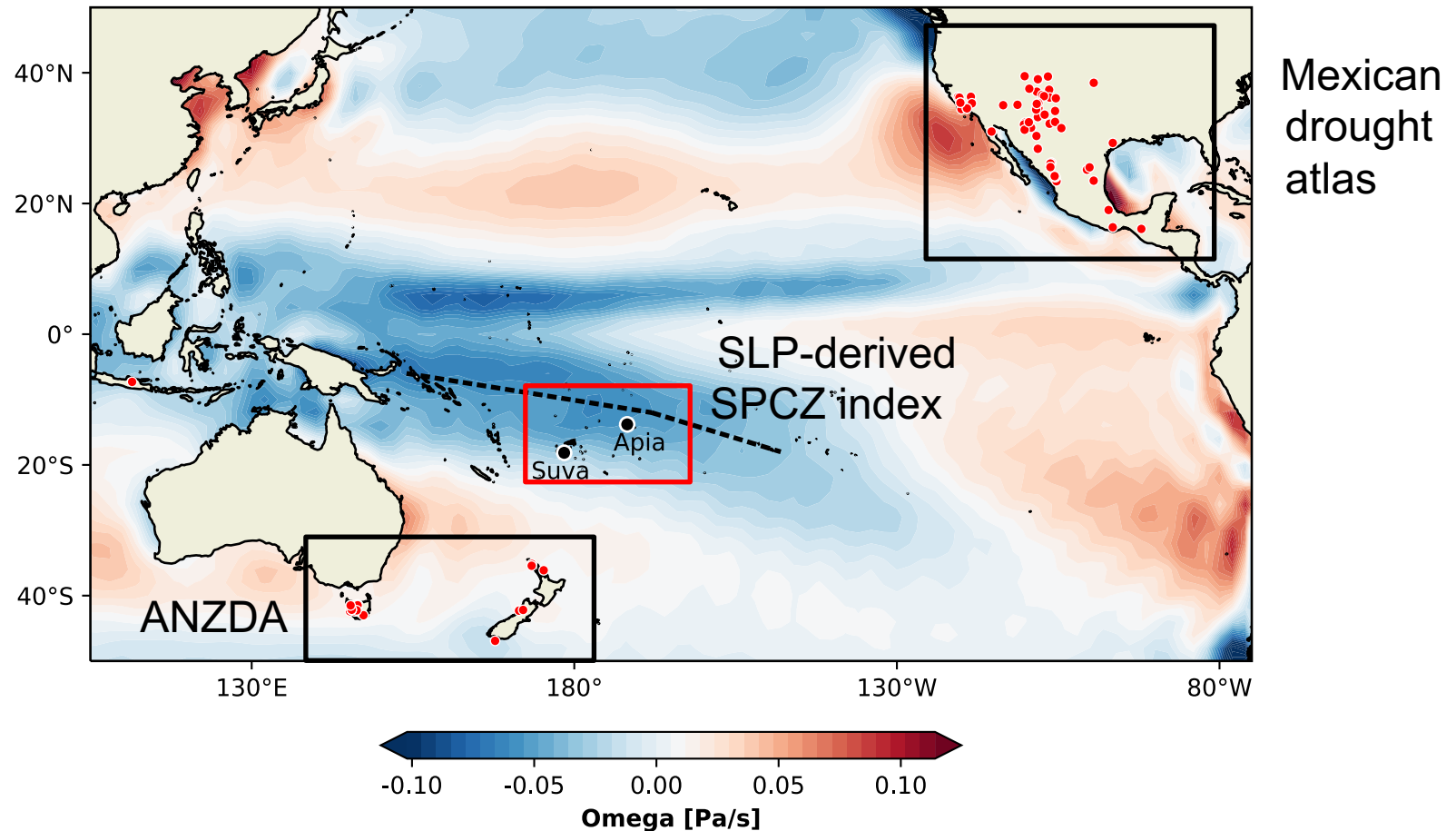
Average positions of major climate features Nov-Apr

- Huge impact on South Pacific communities
  - Floods, droughts, cyclones
- Multi-decadal variability
- Short data record
- Poorly represented in CMIP5 models



*Australian Bureau of Meteorology and Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) 2011*

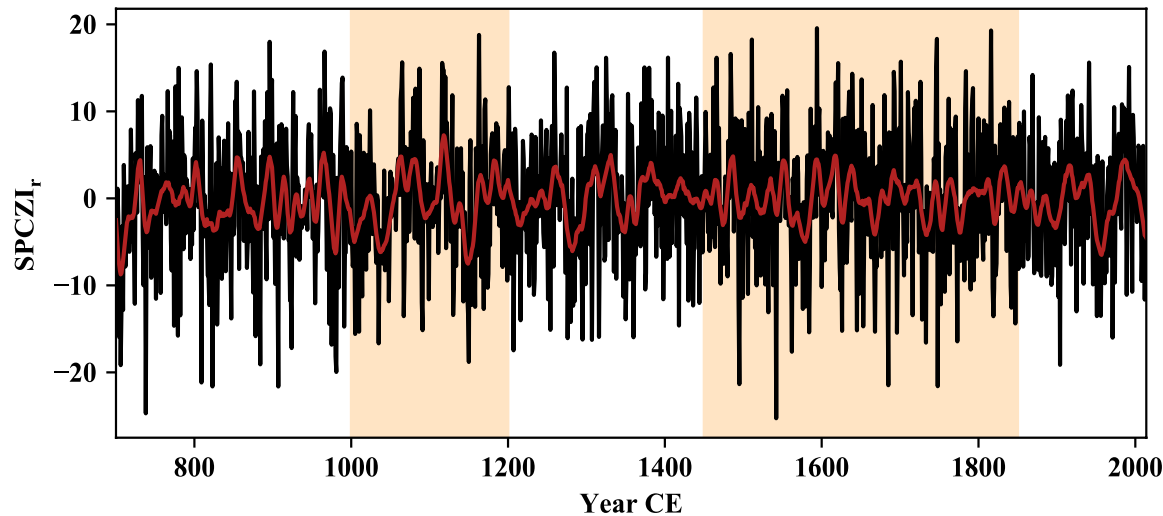
# Tree-ring chronologies with teleconnections to the South Pacific



# Applying PPR to the SPCZ

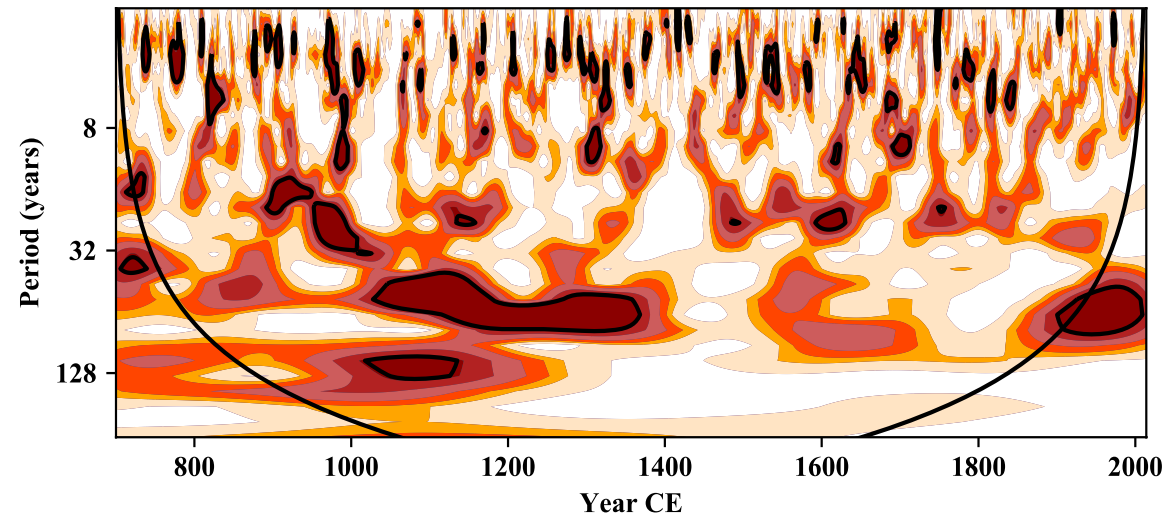
1. Many predictors with one predictand (point index)
2. Search-radius set to infinity
3. 90% 2-tailed screening of potential predictors to prevent overfitting
4. Split period calibration and validation: calibration 1955-1998, verification 1911-1954
5. Despite remoteness of tree-ring chronologies from SPCZ region, reconstruction captures ~60% of instrumental variability

a) SPCZI reconstruction



- Sustained eastward shift in the SPCZ during the Medieval Climate Anomaly (El Niño-like)
- No significant shifts during the Little Ice Age

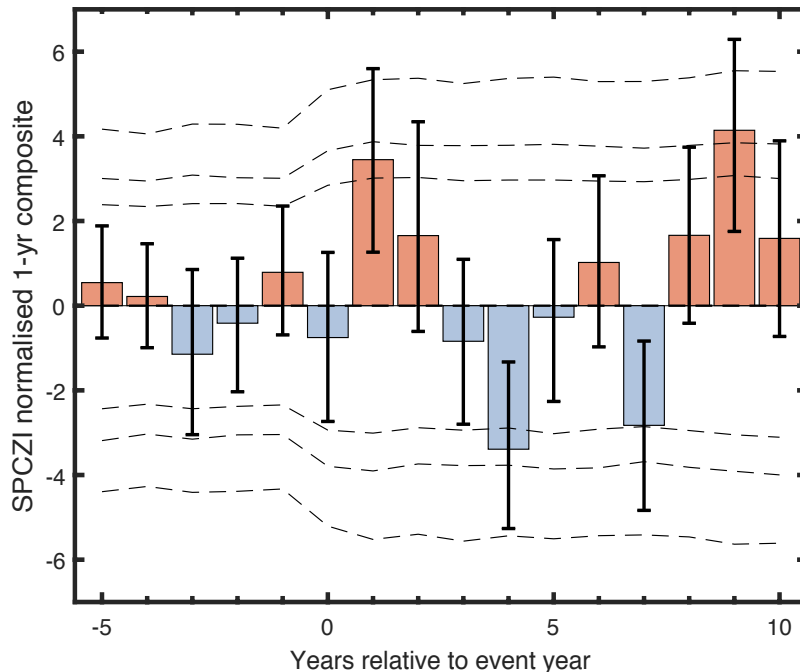
b) Wavelet Power Spectrum



Pervasive ENSO periodicities

Decadal and multi-decadal periodicities wax and wane

# Climate drivers during the Little Ice Age



Superposed Epoch Analysis results  
for normalized SPCZI

- Increased likelihood of an eastward shift in the SPCZ following a large volcanic eruption (90% significance level)
- Lack of solar fingerprinting on the reconstruction
  - Schwabe cycle and Maunder Minimum not distinguished

# Conclusions and implications

1. 1300-year reconstruction of the SPCZ can be used to assess general circulation model projections for the region
2. Eastward shift in the SPCZ during the MCA contributes to the 'ENSO hypothesis' of maritime migration between the Pacific Islands
3. Discrepancies between different paleoclimate reconstructions: need additional high-resolution proxy records from the Southern Hemisphere

# Thank you