

# Integrating tropical peatland hydrology into a global land surface model (PEATCLSM)

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ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES  
KU Leuven - BELGIUM

HS10.6 - Peatland Hydrology  
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# Hydrological modeling of peatlands in a global land surface model

## Rationale

- Hydrological variables exert a first-order control on carbon cycle
- Unique peatland characteristics and processes result in a peat-specific hydrology

Poor representation of peatland hydrology in **global** land surface models (LSMs) with traditional (mineral) schemes



Development of peat-specific modules

Northern peatlands

Canadian Land Surface Scheme (Wu et al., 2016)  
Lund-Potsdam-Jena model (Wania et al., 2009)  
Community Land Model (Shi et al., 2015)  
ORCHIDEE (Lageron et al., 2018)  
Catchment Land Surface Model (Bechtold et al. 2019)

Tropical peatlands

$\downarrow$   
**PEATCLSM<sub>N,Natural</sub>**

### Tropical PEATCLSM

- $\text{PEATCLSM}_{T,\text{Natural}}$
- $\text{PEATCLSM}_{T,\text{Drained}}$



$\downarrow$   
**No tropical module**

# Hydrology of tropical peatlands in PEATCLSM

## PEATCLSM

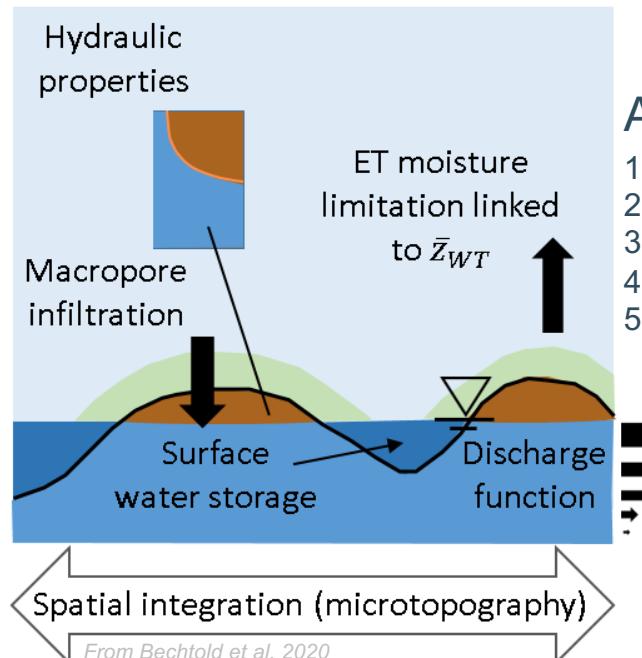
### Why (PEAT)CLSM?

Koster et al. 2000

- ✓ Simulates water table depth (WTD)
- ✓ Operational LSM of the SMAP Level 4 Soil Moisture product (assimilation of SMAP observations into PEATCLSM<sub>T</sub> is planned) Reichle et al. 2017
- Here: computation time step 7.5 min at 9-km resolution

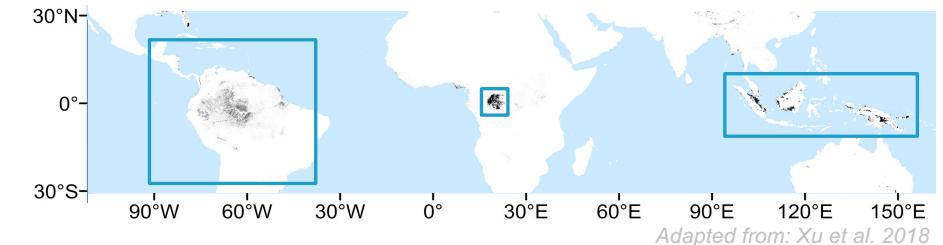
### PEATCLSM adaptations

Bechtold et al. 2019



## Tropical peatlands

### Which regions?



### What tropical modules?

**PEATCLSM<sub>T,Natural</sub> and PEATCLSM<sub>T,Drained</sub>**  
Literature-based parameters, no regional tuning  
Drainage level set at -0.4 m

### Which evaluation data?

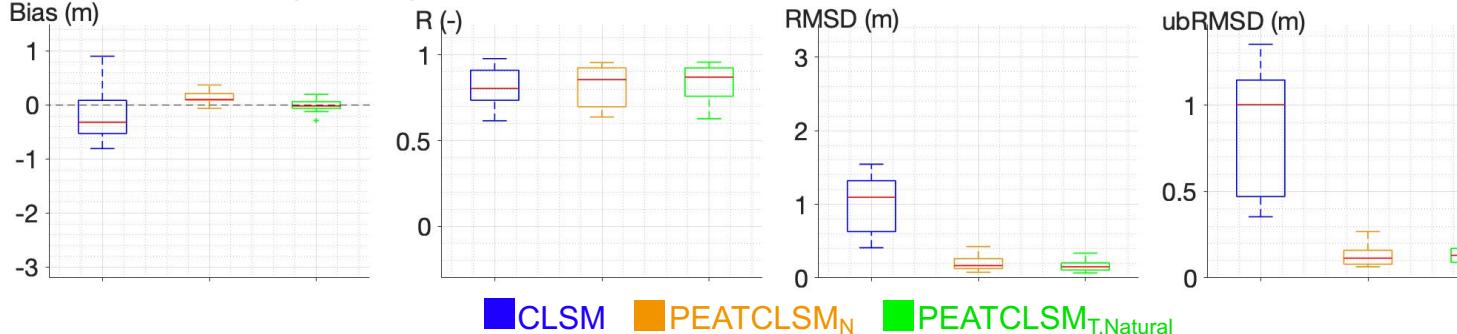
Extensive, self-compiled evaluation dataset  
Time series of variable duration (months/years)

|         | # of evaluation sites     | WTD | ET    |
|---------|---------------------------|-----|-------|
| Natural | Indonesia                 | 20  | 2 (1) |
|         | Cuvette Centrale          | 13  | -     |
|         | Central and South America | 13  | (1)   |
| Drained | Indonesia                 | 42  | 1     |
|         | Cuvette Centrale          | -   | -     |
|         | Central South America     | -   | -     |

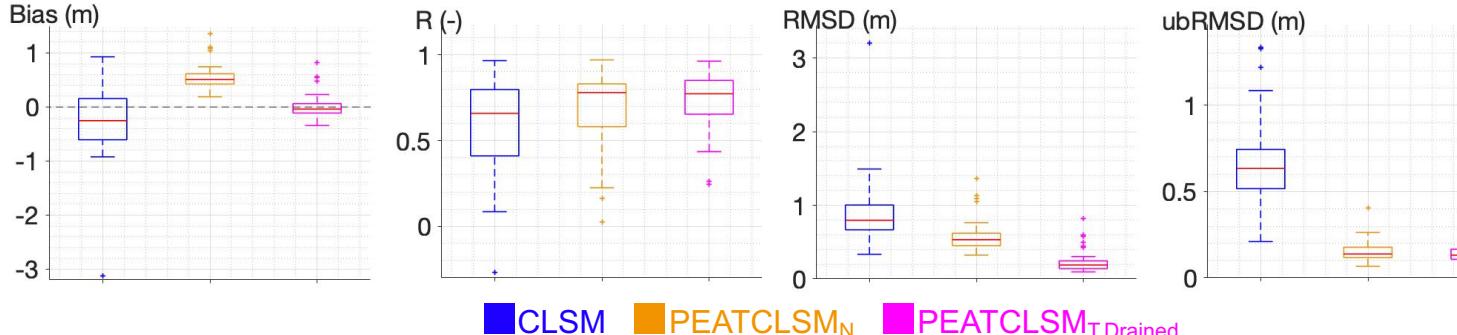
# Preliminary results – model comparison

## Water table depth (WTD)

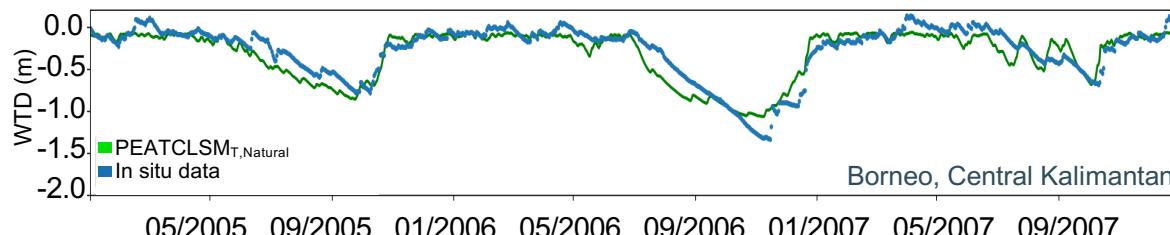
### Natural sites (n=20)



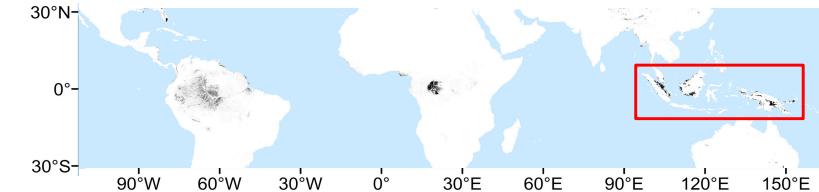
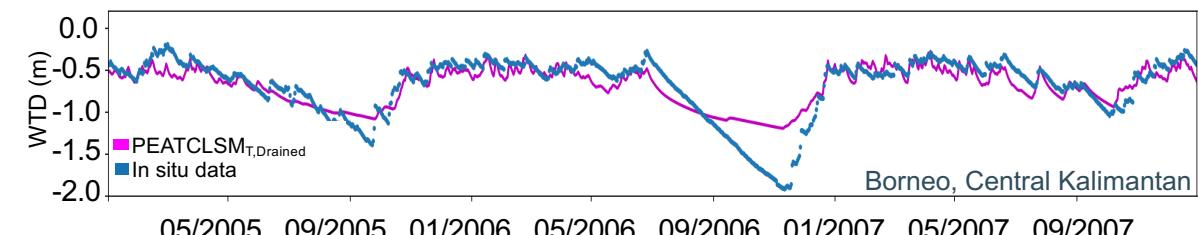
### Drained sites (n=42)



### Natural time series



### Drained time series

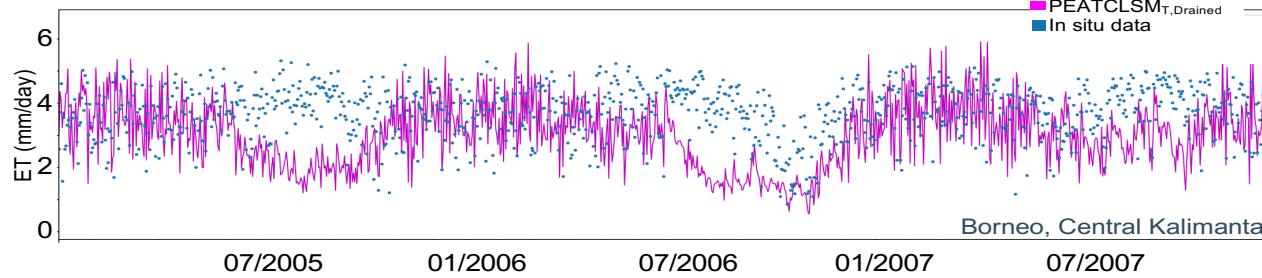
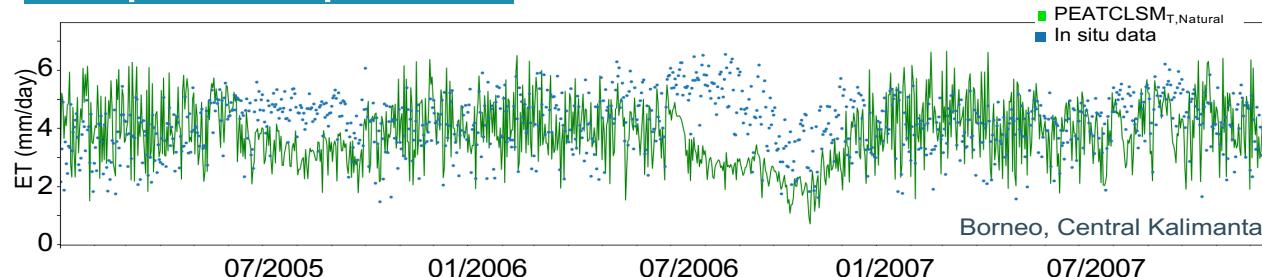


### Key observations:

- Larger spread in bias of PEATCLSM<sub>T,Drained</sub> compared to PEATCLSM<sub>T,Natural</sub> is due to variability in drainage level (land use, design, management)
- PEATCLSM<sub>T,Natural</sub> time series have model cut-off around -0.05 m, in situ data goes above ground surface level
- Extreme drought in 2006 (El Niño year) is less well captured in PEATCLSM<sub>T,Drained</sub>

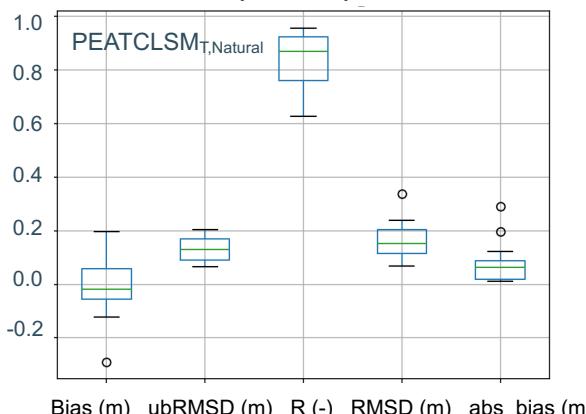
# More preliminary results and next steps

## Evapotranspiration

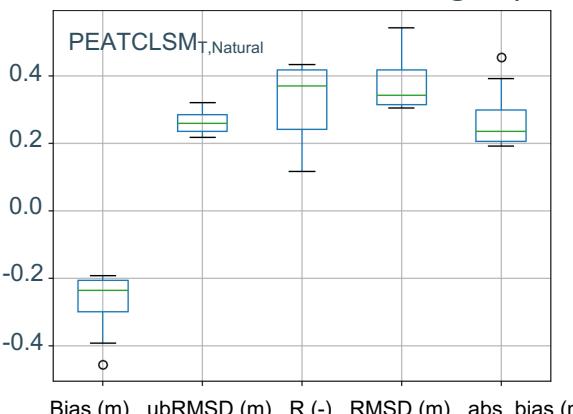


## Regional skill differences (WTD)

Indonesia (n=20)

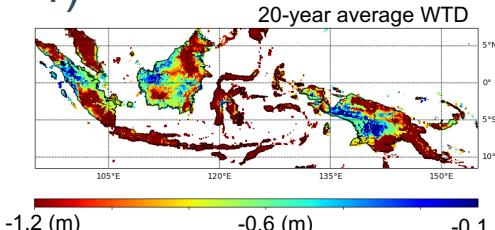


Cuvette Centrale, Congo (n=8)

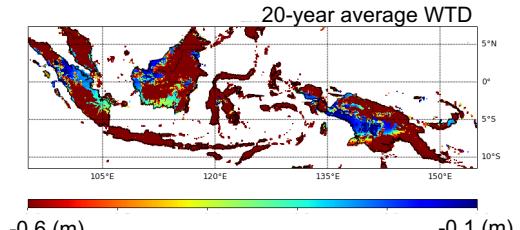


## Next major steps ...

1)



Drained map



Natural map

Land cover map

Hydrological estimates over all tropical peatlands

2) Soil moisture data assimilation to improve model hydrology further

For further questions/discussion or data sharing/collaboration:  
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