

Soil erosion is generally assumed to be low in forest ecosystems

Important soil losses occur if forest layers get disturbed
→ e.g. treefall, skid trails, deforestation

Biocrusts quickly colonize gaps in higher vegetation layers & can protect soil surface

Erosion rate under
forests in Europe:

0.1 - 0.7 t ha⁻¹ a⁻¹

(MAETENS et al. 2012)

Erosion rate in forest
disturbances:

0.6 - 2.1 t ha⁻¹ a⁻¹

(own measurements)



Skid trail in the Research Area



Biocrusts in skid trails



Protective Tent



Tübingen Rainfall Simulator

Rainfall Simulation

Drop fall height 3.5 m

$I = 45 \text{ mm in } 30 \text{ min}$

Portable protective tent

Micro-scale Runoff Plots

→ 40 x 40 cm



Installed Runoff Plots (left: wheel track, right: center track)

Fieldwork

Surface runoff, Sediment discharge & Nutrient relocation in wheel track, center track & undisturbed forest soil

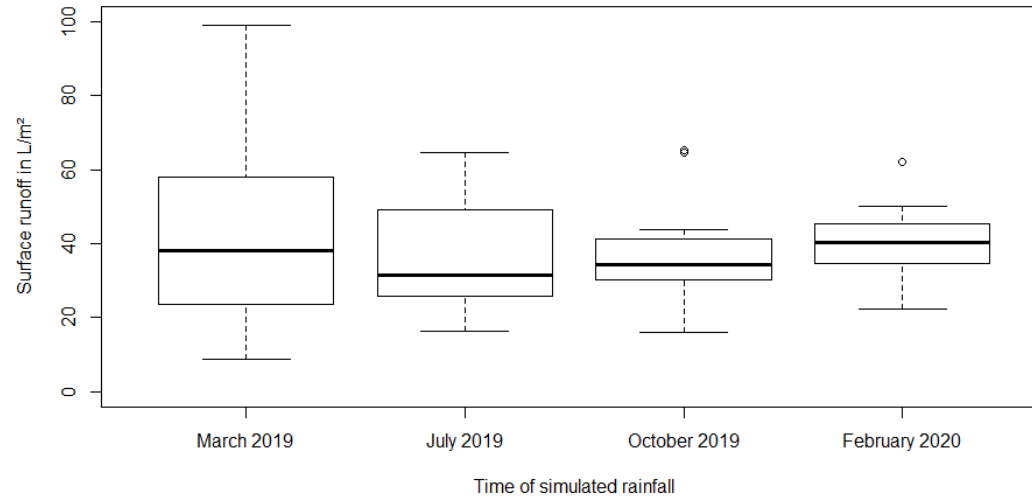
4 Time steps, 4 Replicates per track

Parallel vegetation survey and DNA-sampling

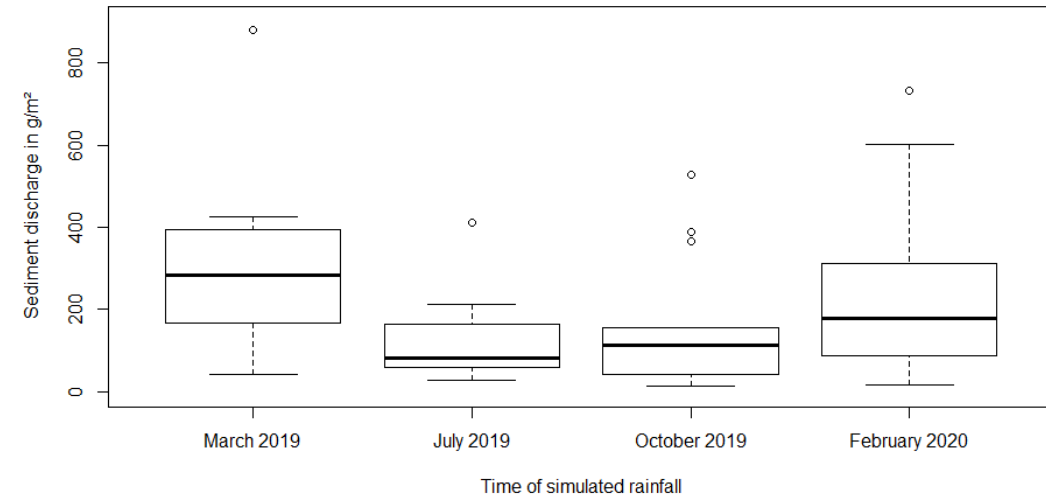


Soil Erosion in Mesic Forests

Surface runoff in the wheel track



Sediment discharge in the wheel track



→ **3 times** higher than in undisturbed forest soil

→ **13 times** higher than in undisturbed forest soil



March 2019

July 2019

October 2019

February 2020