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Temperature monitoring in mountain regions using reanalyses: Lessons from the Alps

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MeteoSwiss, climate division

D3899, CL4.17 (Mountain Climatology and Meteorology), EGU2020-8945



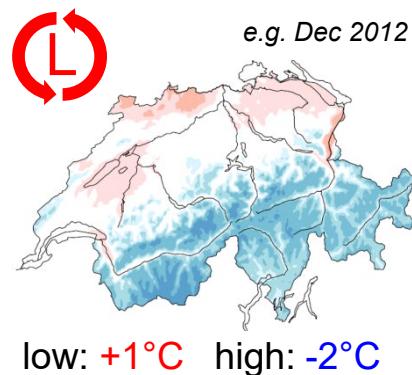
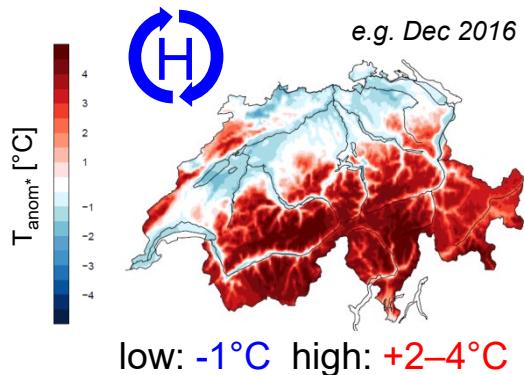


Motivation



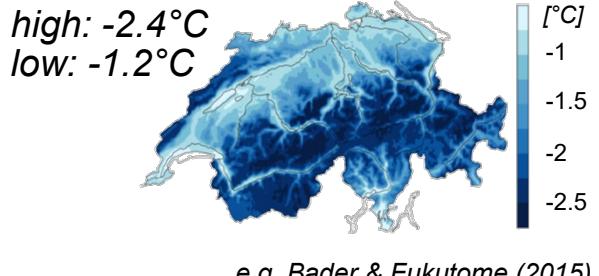
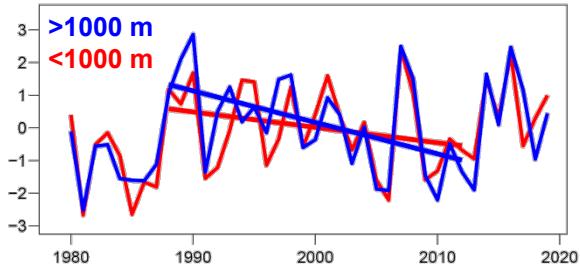
→ *topography–flow interaction creates elevation dependent temperature anomalies*

monthly anomaly maps



→ *Can modern reanalyses adequately represent the elevation effects?*

*short-term trends
1988–2012 winter cooling*



e.g. Bader & Fukutome (2015)



Data and methods



> variable monthly/seasonal 2m temperature (T2m) anomalies (e.g. wrt 1981-2010)

> «reanalyses»

30-60 km (global)

ECMWF ERA5
 0.25° , 1979-2018

~10 km

~5-6 km

regional (Europe)

UERRA HARMONIE
 0.11° , 1961-2018

DWD COSMO-REA6
 0.055° (~6 km), 1995-2017

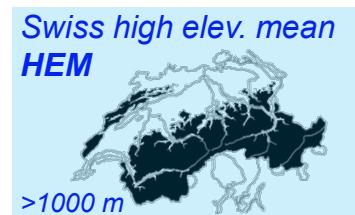
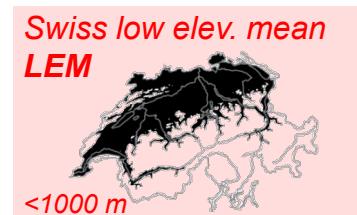
ECA&D E-OBS HOM
 0.1° , 1950-2018 (v19.0e)

MESCAN-SURFEX
5.5 km, 1961-2017

> benchmark

MeteoSwiss swissmean (**OBS**) homogenized, temp. consistent (Begert & Frei, 2018)

> evaluation domains



> methods

evaluation: mean abs. errors (MAE)

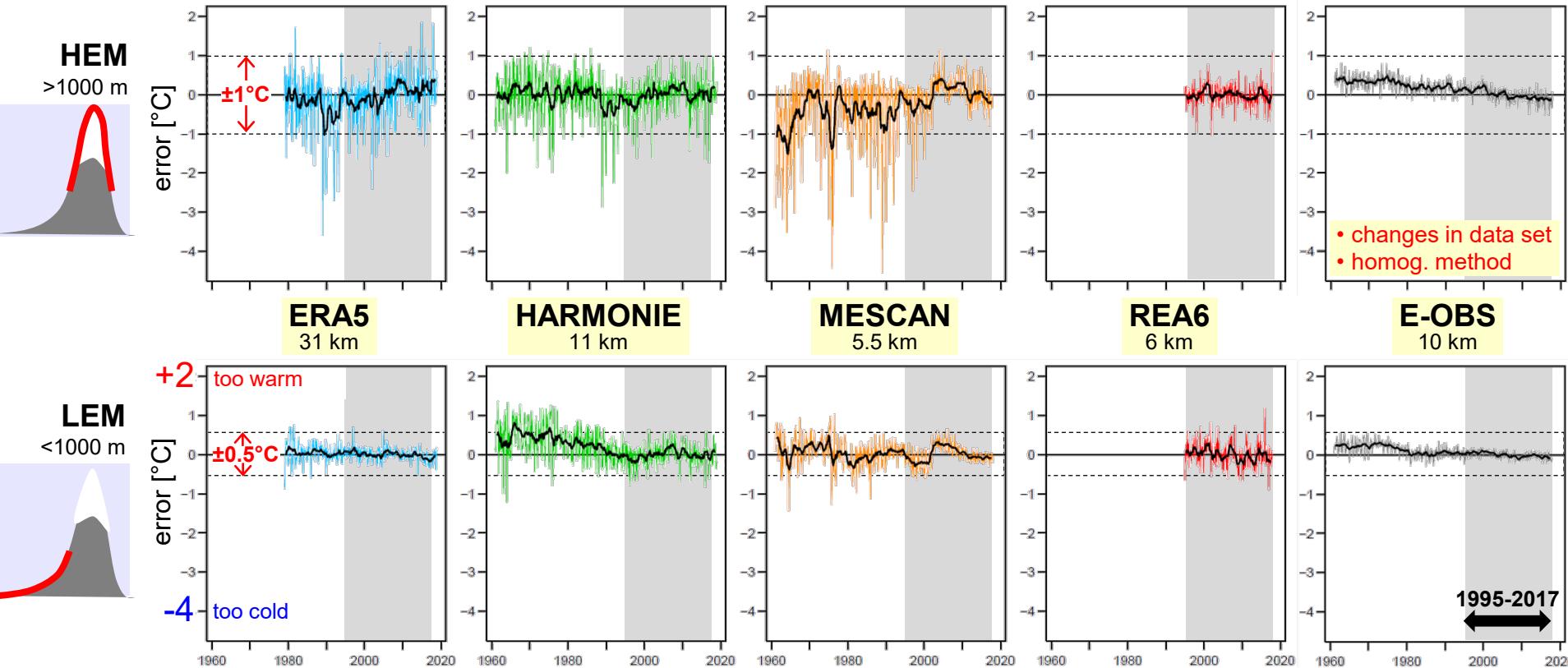
trends: Theil-Sen slope, Mann-Kendall significance test



Temporal evolution of errors



monthly T2m anomalies, error = rea-OBS



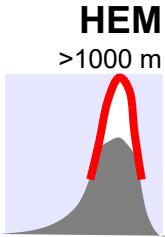


Error «sizes» 1995-2017

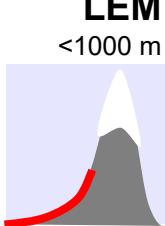


Percentage of months with a certain absolute error (total 276 months)

"rank"	abs. error [K]	<.25	.25 – .5	.5 – 1	1 – 2	>2
1	REA6	73	21	5	<1	.
2	MESCAN	59	23	15	2	<1
3	HARMONIE	51	32	14	3	.
4	ERA5	46	26	20	8	<1
	<i>E-OBS</i>	90	9	<1	.	.
1	ERA5	93	6	1	.	.
2	HARMONIE	76	17	7	.	.
3	MESCAN	72	25	3	.	.
4	REA6	69	24	7	<1	.
	<i>E-OBS</i>	100



→ high-res. better,
REA6 best
@ high elevations



→ ERA5 clearly best
@ low elevations!



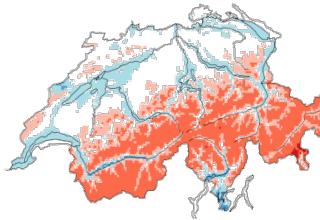
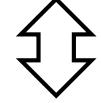
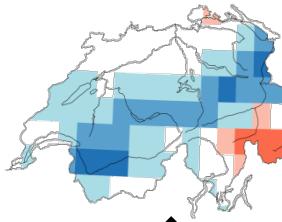
Anomaly maps of «worst» months



T_{anom}
[°C]
wrt
1995-2017

ERA5
31 km

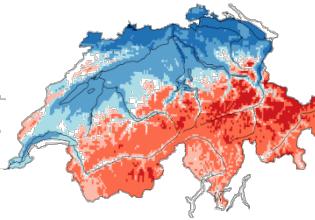
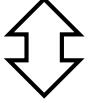
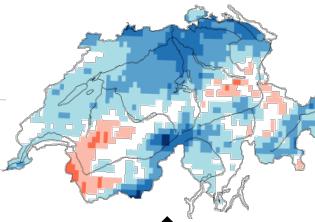
Dec 2002



$$E_{\text{HEM}} = -2.4^{\circ}\text{C}$$

MESCAN
5.5 km

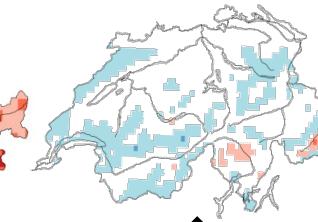
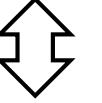
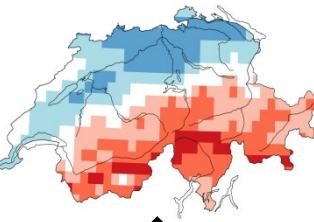
Jan 1997



$$E_{\text{HEM}} = -2.4^{\circ}\text{C}$$

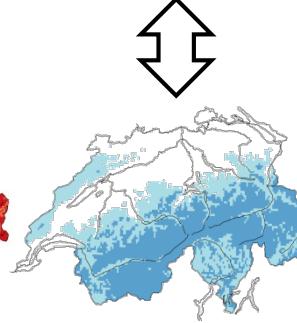
HARMONIE
11 km

Dec 2016



REA6
6 km

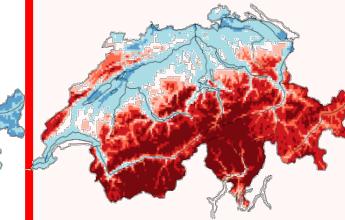
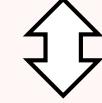
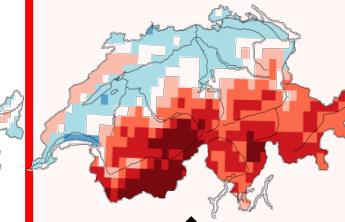
Dec 2012



$$E_{\text{HEM}} = -1.1^{\circ}\text{C}$$

E-OBS
10 km

Dec 2016

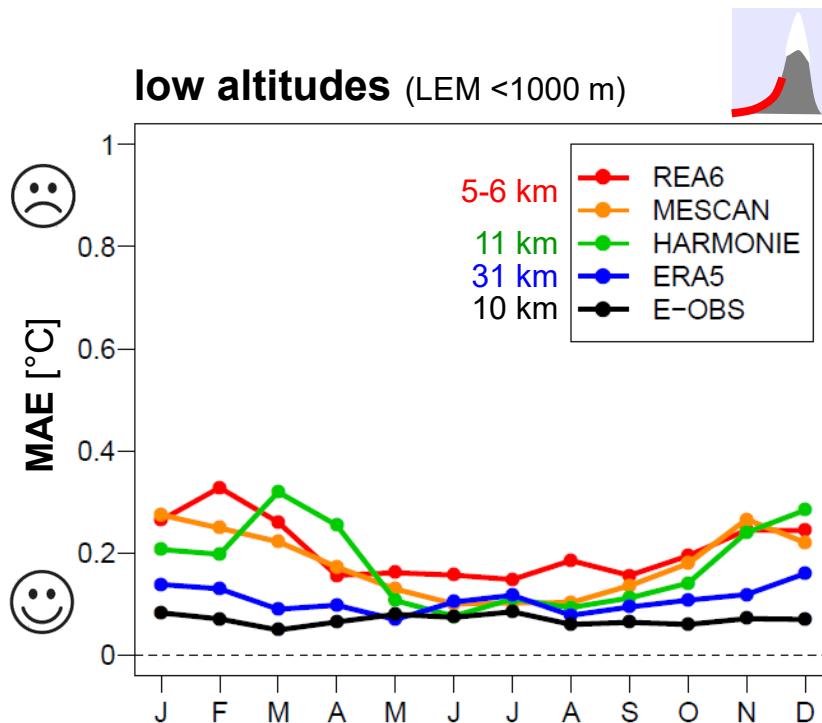


$$E_{\text{HEM}} = -0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$$

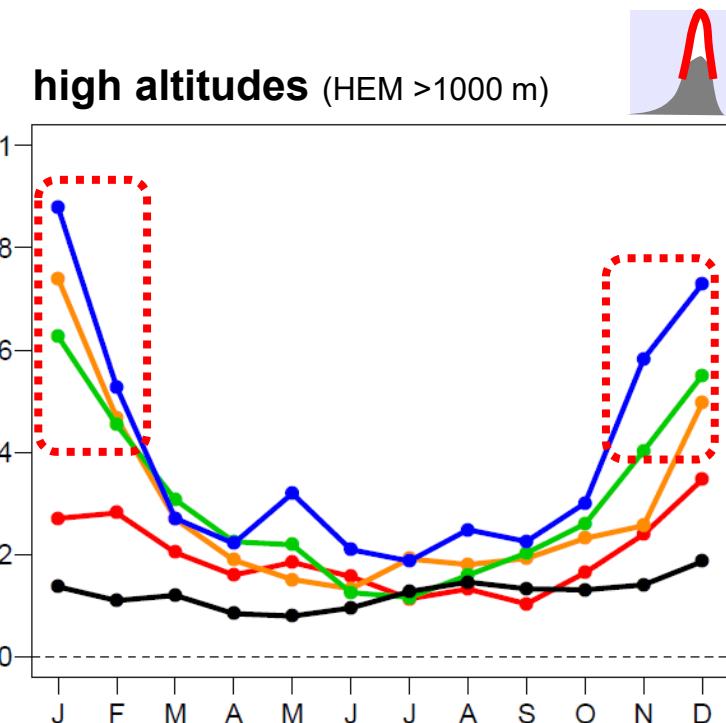
«pure» MCH data



Seasonality of errors



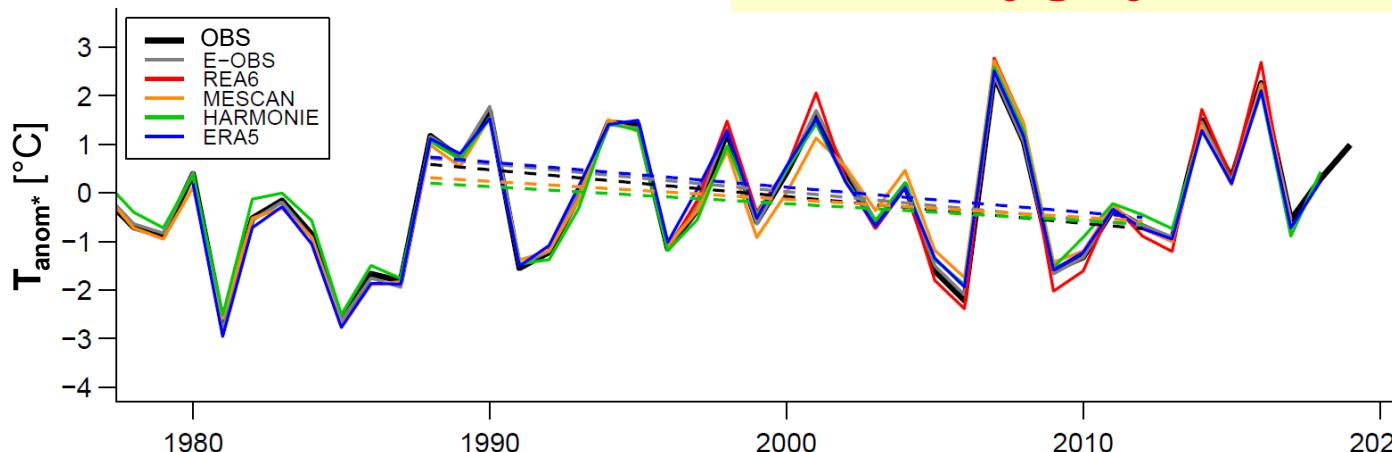
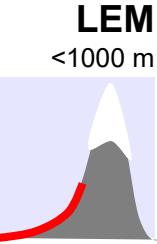
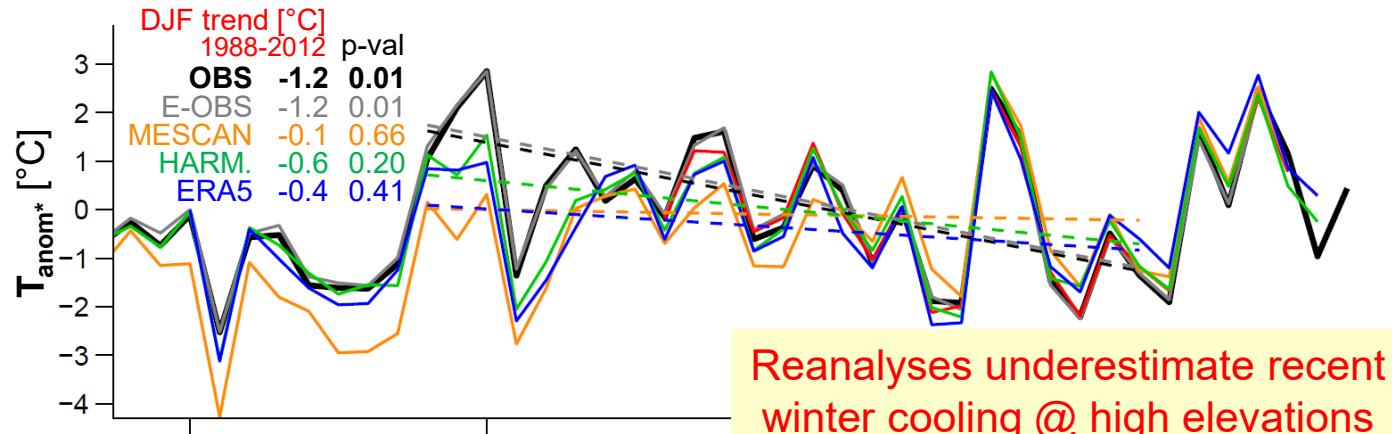
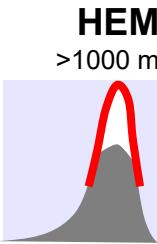
→ weak seasonality, ERA5 better than high-resolution regional renalyses



→ large errors in winter, REA6 best, ERA5 lags behind!



Winter temperature evolution 1979-2018



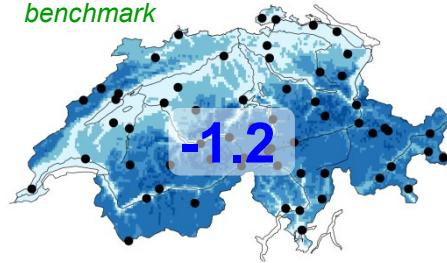
* wrt 1995-2017



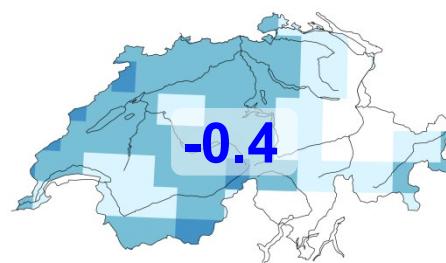
Maps of winter temp. trends 1988-2012

DJF Theil-Sen trends [$^{\circ}\text{C} / 10 \text{ yrs}$]

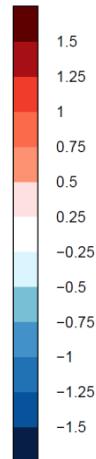
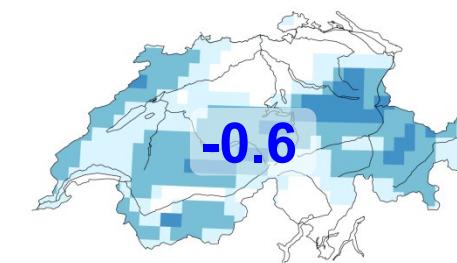
OBS
2 km (hom & temp cons, 61 sta)
benchmark



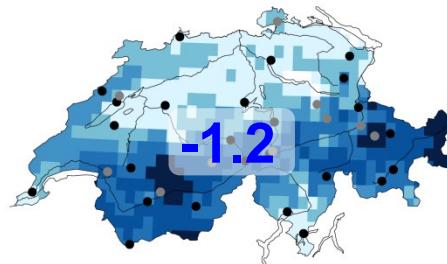
ERA5
0.25 $^{\circ}$ (~31 km)



HARMONIE
0.11 $^{\circ}$ (~11 km)

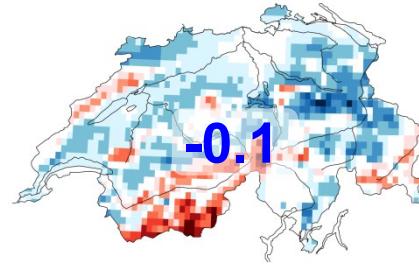


E-OBS
v19.0e 0.1 $^{\circ}$ (~10 km) (26-35 sta.)



obs data sets

MESCAN
5.5 km

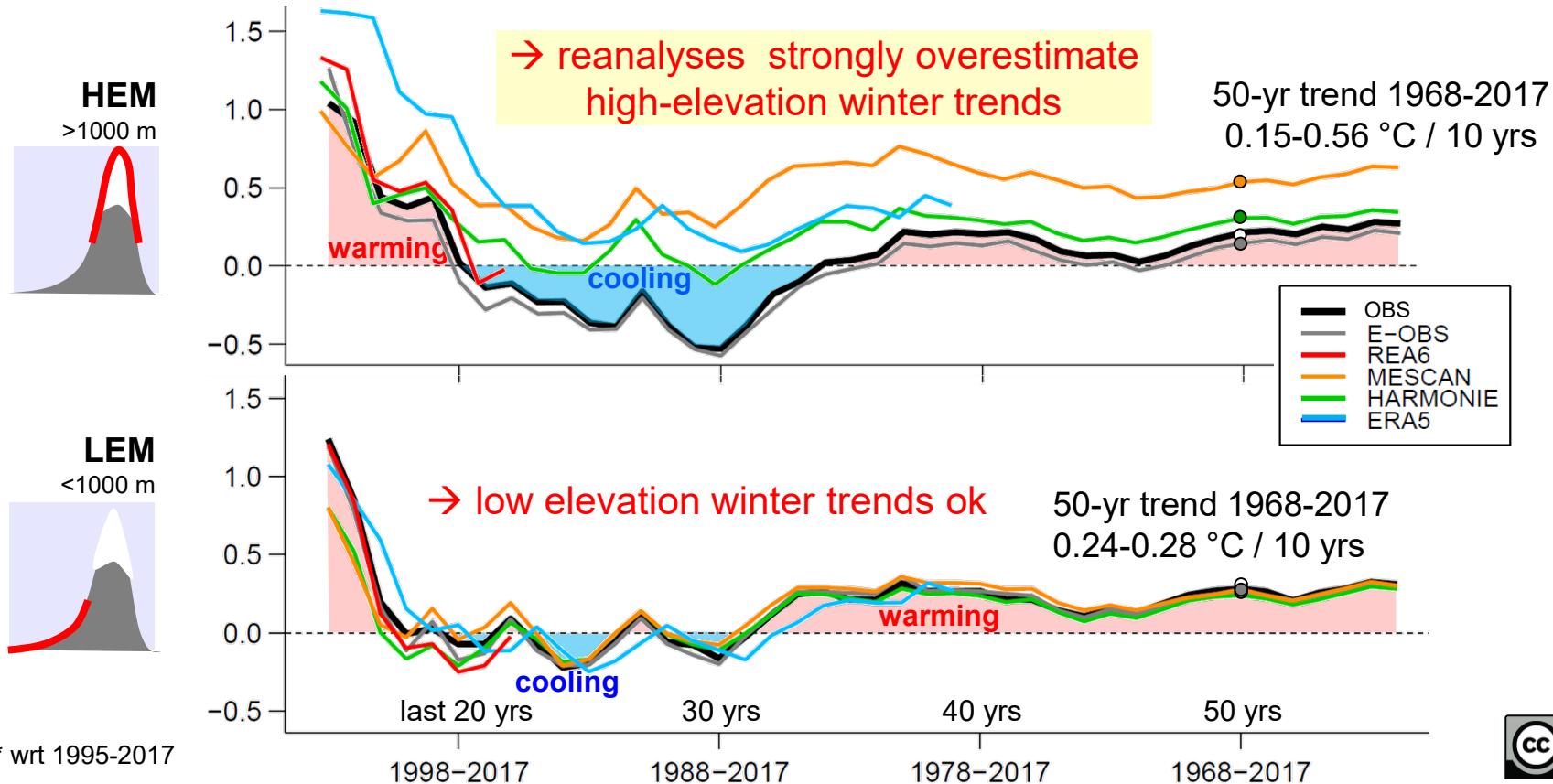


reanalyses



«Running» winter temperature trends

DJF running windows (last 15-57 yrs), Theil-Sen trends [$^{\circ}\text{C} / 10 \text{ yrs}$]

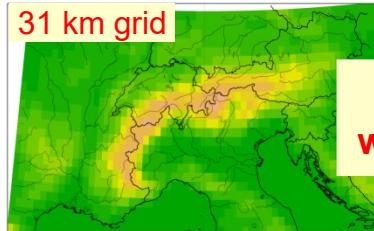




Conclusions

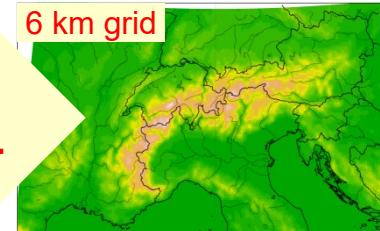


- All reanalyses work well at foothills and in summer
- Problematic are high elevations in winter, where also trends are strongly overestimated (and recent cooling underestimated), E-OBS HOM works very well
- High spatial resolution can help at high elevations in winter but assimilation of near-surface temperature remains challenging



smooth ridge
no Alpine valleys

added value
winter @ high elev.



complex mountain range
main valleys visible

upcoming...
ERA5-land @9km?
C3S reanalysis @5.5km?

more information:

Scherrer SC 2020 Environ. Res. Lett. 15 044005, <https://doi.org/10.1088/1748-9326/ab702d>