



#### **Aeolus PDGS Operations**

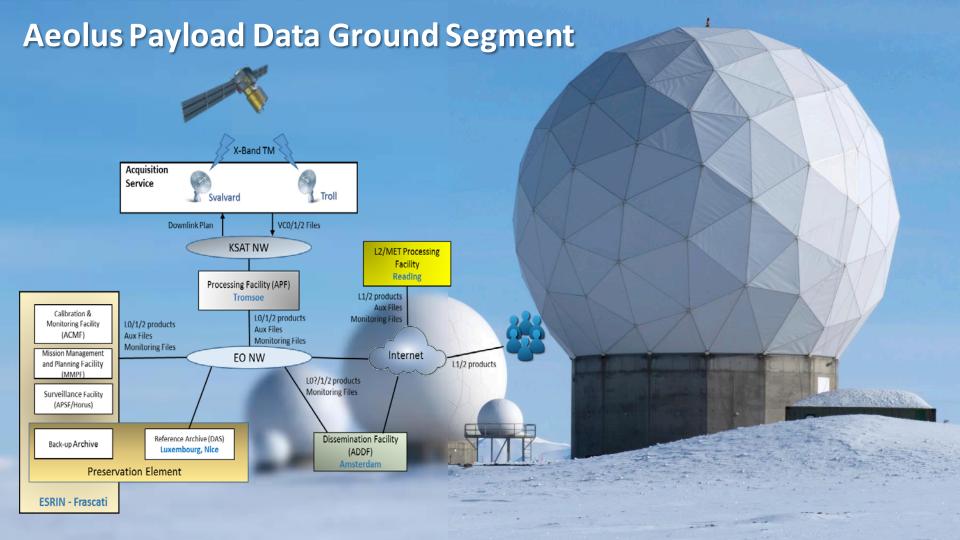
**P. Fischer** (ESA-ESRIN), L. Mellano (RHEA), M. De Laurentis (RHEA), S. Aprile (RHEA), A. Biscuso (Serco)

#### **EGU General Assembly 2020**

Paper EGU2020-4091. Session AS1.35 – Aeolus data and its application

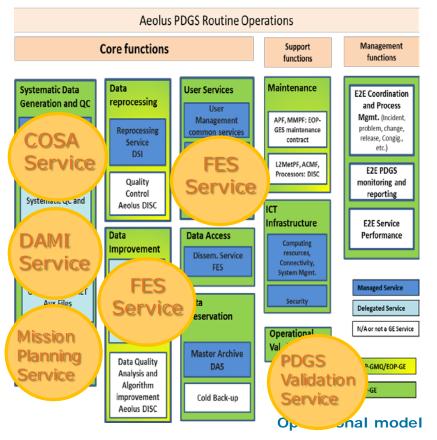
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#### **Aeolus PDGS Operations: Overview**





- Aeolus PDGS operations outsourced to **European industry**
- PDGS Operation management at ESA-Esrin
- Operations ensured through network of tailored operational services and collaboration of specialised teams
- Selected core tasks under direct ESA management: Mission Planning, PDGS validation and deployment management
- **ECMWF** major contributor: systematic generation of L2B + AUX Met data; Aeolus assimilation into medium range weather forecast model (L2C generation), L<sub>2</sub>B distribution to Fumetsat

#### **Aeolus PDGS Operations**





**European Space Agency** 



#### Aeolus COSA Service/KSAT:

- Combined usage of Svalbard and Troll X-band stations ensures global NRT data coverage
- Since end of February 2019 new dedicated antenna at Troll for Aeolus mission
- Aeolus data acquired at Troll transmitted via satellite link within 2 minutes to Aeolus Processing Facility /Tromsø

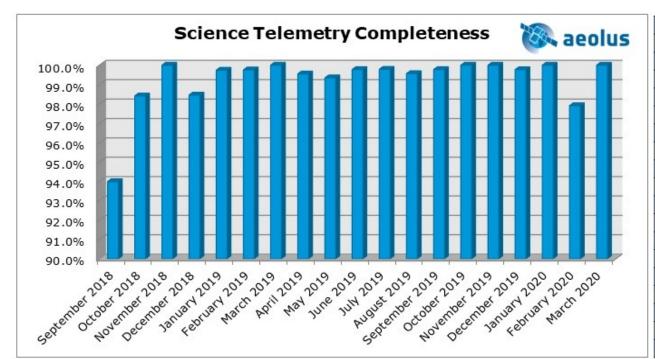
 COSA Service website: https://www.ksat.no/cosa



#### **Acquisition Performances**







Phase E2 (since 02/19): 99.7%























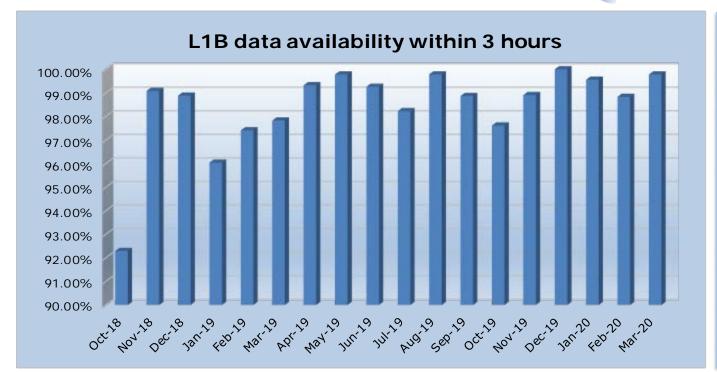




#### L1B NRT Performances









Phase E2 (since 02/19): 98.94%

#### L2B Performances





































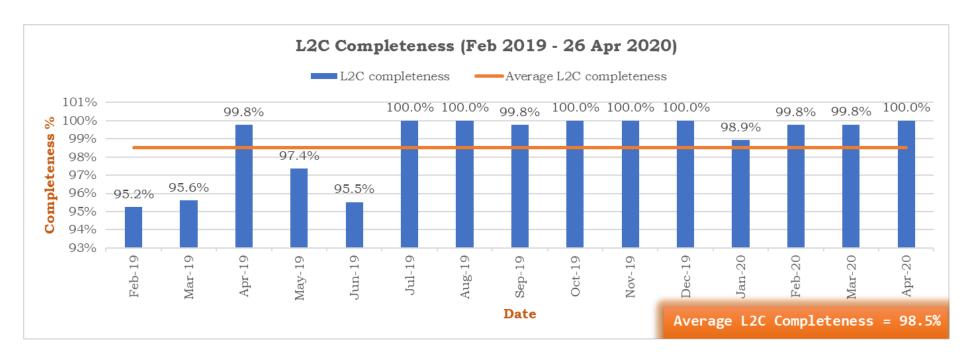


#### L2C Performance









ECWMF assimilates Aeolus Data since 09/01/2020



























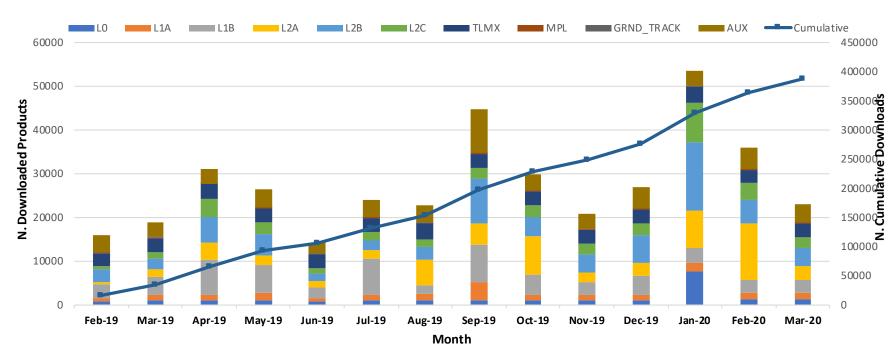


#### Data access (Cal/VAL)





#### Aeolus Data Downloads per Month



**ESA Aeolus Data Dissemination Portal** 

https://aeolus-ds.eo.esa.int/



























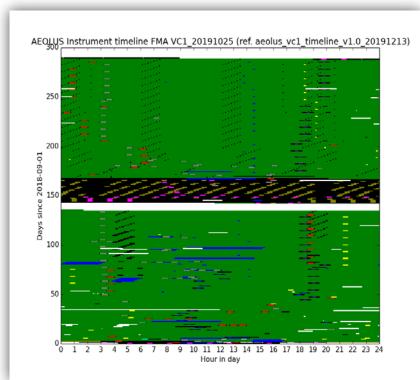
#### Master datasets

esa

Data consolidation: All the processes and activities focused on identifying a consistent, consolidated and validated set of data records which can be declared as Master, i.e. usable for any future higher level reprocessing campaign

#### Gap Detection:

- Inter-product gap: elapsed time between the end and the start of two chronologically consecutive files;
- Intra-product gap: time between two consecutive records within the same file larger than the adopted threshold



NOP: black ISR: red IAT: cyan DCC: magenta IDC: yellow LCPA:orange LDTA:brown IRC: indigo WVM: green OWVM:blue LBM: gray

DCMZ:olive

GAP: white

#### PDGS Evolution/Public Data Release





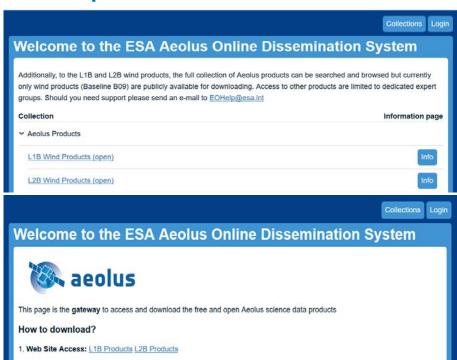
**ESA Aeolus Data Dissemination Portal Evolution** 

- Access to AEOLUS L1B + L2B FMB NRT products (B09) to public users from 12/05/2020
  - ☐ Different level of data visualization for different user categories: Public users will have direct access to:
    - L2B Wind Products (open)
    - L2B Wind Products (open)

No change in data access functionality for CAL/VAL users

Access to products with a specific baseline. public users gain access to Aeolus data processed with baseline 9.

#### https://aeolus-ds.eo.esa.int/































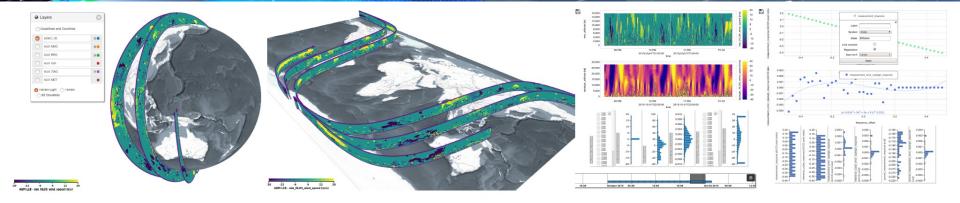






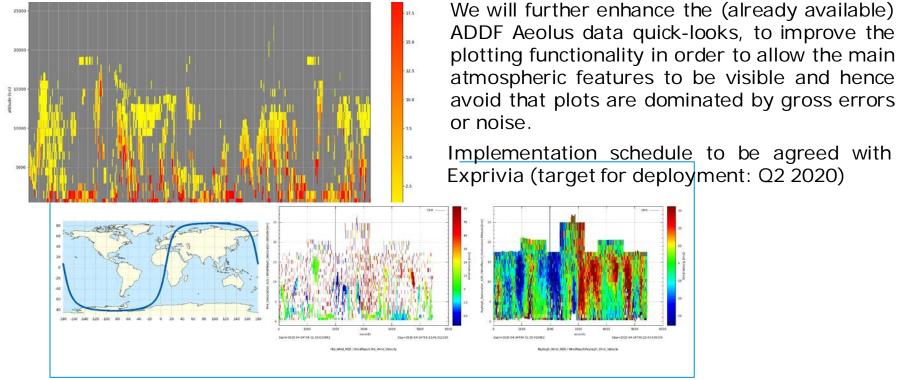
#### VirES for Aeolus

- https://aeolus.services
- Interactive data manipulation and retrieval interface for Aeolus products.
- Updated Vires website will go life prior 12 May, adapted for public data access needs
- Public users will be able to self-register and manipulate/download L1B+L2B FMB NRT data products (B09)
- Existing access functionality for CAL/VAL community will remain unchanged,



#### PDGS Evolution – Browse Images





ADDF Aeolus data quick-looks, to improve the plotting functionality in order to allow the main atmospheric features to be visible and hence avoid that plots are dominated by gross errors

Implementation schedule to be agreed with Exprivia (target for deployment: Q2 2020)

#### PDGS Evolution – Processing Infrastructure





After almost 2 years from Aeolus launch, PDGS successfully acquired and processed thousand of wind products.

Now, to ensure a better redundancy, to reach the final storage capacity and to improve the processing performance we decided to upgrade the Aeolus Wind Data Processing Facility (APF) hardware infrastructure.

Procurement is completed and installation is now started.

New virtualised infrastructure operational by June 2020.



#### PDGS Evolution – QRT Service





After 20 months of Operations we are confident about the possibility to generate more than 30 minutes of Wind data delivered in less than 20 minutes from the sensing time.

It would be challenging to integrate new local acquisition stations before the end of the mission to exercise this capability.

The implementation has not been planned, SAG + Mission Management to provide way forward.





- Aeolus Ground segment operations ensured through network of tailored operational services and collaboration of specialised teams
- Stable operations are a key facilitator of scientific results
- Operational mission objectives as per MRD fully met:

Science telemetry availability: 99.7%

Data NRT production/delivery performances

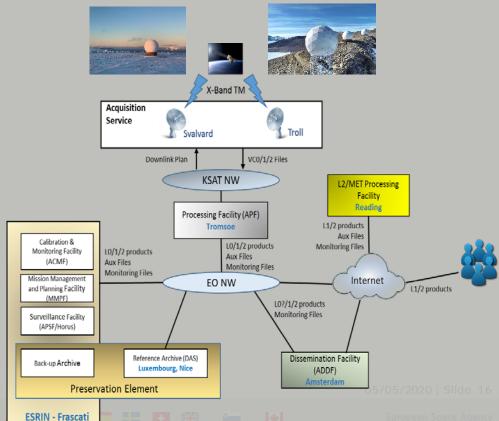
98.3 % of L2B BUFR made available within 3 hours

- Rapid validation/deployment into operations
- Continuous Mission Planning operations with routine weekly delivery of mission plans
- Next major milestone:

Release of Aeolus L1B and L2B NRT data (B09) to public user community (12 May 2020)

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### **Aeolus PDGS Operations** Overview



### **EGU 2020** Atmosphere & Climate Posters - D3084









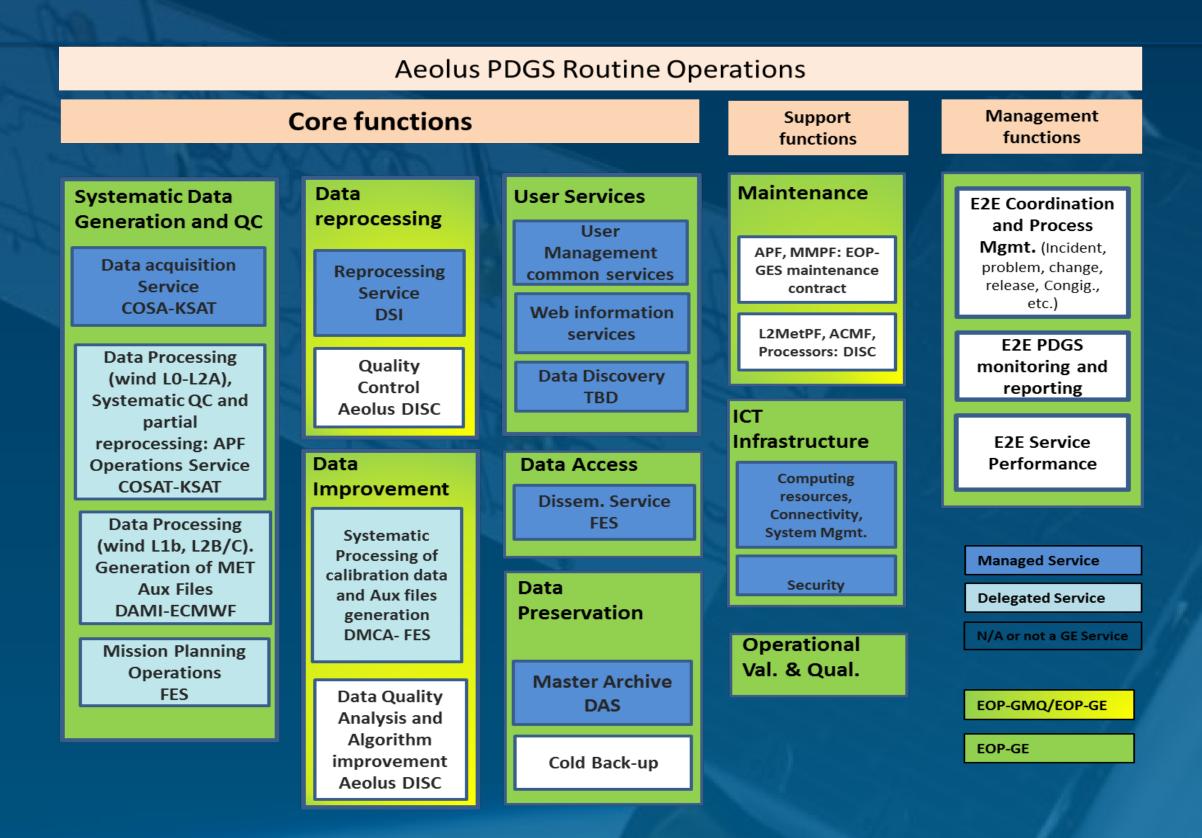
# Aeolus Payload Data Ground Segment operations

Peggy Fischer<sup>(1)</sup> (Peggy.Fischer@esa.int), Luca Mellano<sup>(2)</sup>, Marta De Laurentis<sup>(2)</sup>, Stefano Aprile<sup>(2)</sup>, Antonio Biscuso<sup>(3)</sup> (1) ESA-ESRIN, Italy; (2), Rhea Italia S.p.A., Italy; (3) Serco S.p.A., Italy

## Payload Data Ground Segment (PDGS) – Main features

- ALADIN data acquisition, processing, re-processing and archiving. Processing of data is done within the ESA PDGS for Level-1B and Level-2A products while the generation of Level-2B/-2C products is performed in the 'L2Met Processing Facility' hosted by the European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts (ECMWF).
- ALADIN operations planning (routine wind measurements and calibration data generation).
- ALADIN calibration data processing and product data quality monitoring.
- Data dissemination to the users community ensuring Near Real Time (NRT) conditions for L1B products and Quasi-Real Time (QRT) for a sub-set of L1B products.

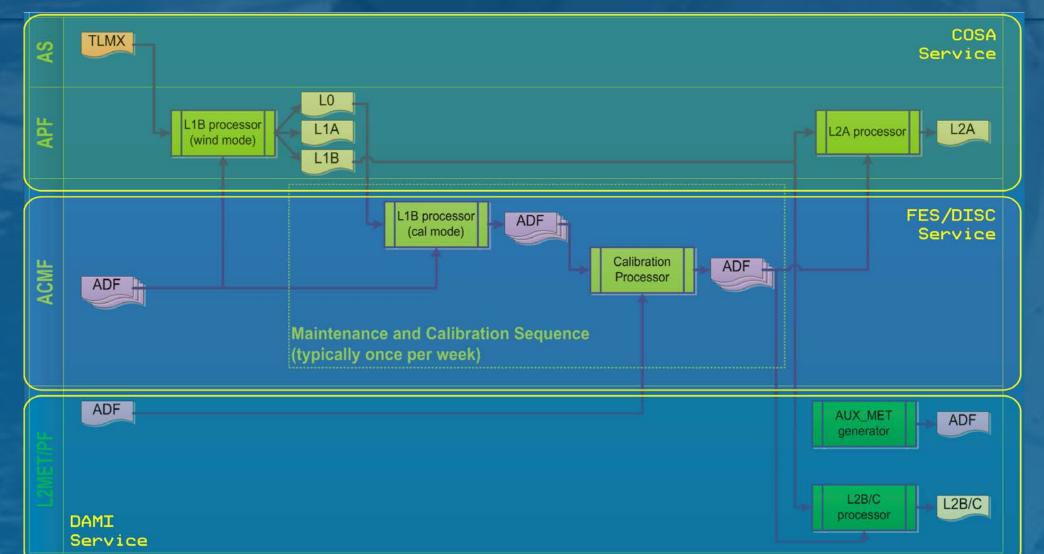
## Functional breakdown



Aeolus PDGS operations outsourced to European industry

- PDGS Operation management at ESA-Esrin
- Operations ensured through network of tailored operational services and collaboration of specialised teams
- Selected core tasks under direct ESA management: Mission Planning, PDGS validation and deployment management
- ECMWF major contributor: systematic generation of L2B + AUX Met data; Aeolus assimilation into medium range weather forecast model (L2C generation), L2B distribution to Eumetsat

## Data Processing concept



The data processing is based on three processors (in addition to the L2B processor and the AUX\_MET generator running at the L2Met/PF at ECMWF).

The raw telemetry (TLMX) downloaded from the satellite is processed by the L1B processor in 'wind' mode; this is a single processor that generates at the same time the L0, L1A and L1B products.

The same processor (L1B) is used in the ACMF in 'calibration mode' to generate a first set of ADFs on the basis of the data generated on-board during the Maintenance and Calibration Sequence. A second set of ADFs is then generated/updated by the Calibration Processor. This processor needs and additional auxiliary file (AUX\_MET) that contains the latest atmospheric pressure, temperature fields forecast. The AUX\_MET file is generated by L2Met/PF every 12 hours.

The L2A processor is executed in the APF (once the necessary ADFs are available from

ACMF) to generate the L2A products from the L1B.

In parallel the L1B products and the ADFs are sent to L2Met/PF where the L2B/C processors are executed to generate the corresponding products that are sent back to APF for further distribution to the user's community.

## Geographical distribution



The Aeolus Payload Data Ground Segment is distributed across Europe. Aeolus Wind production up to L2A in near-real time is performed by the Kongsberg

Satellite Services (KSAT) company in Tromsø (N). The same company is also providing the X-band acquisition Service based on combined usage of Svalbard and Troll stations. ESRIN, the ESA's center for Earth observation in Frascati, near Rome (I) oversees operations management. From this site the full PDGS is controlled/monitored and the ALADIN instrument operations are planned.

ECMWF in Reading (UK) is the center producing systematically the consolidated HLOS wind observations with full atmospheric corrections (Level-2B) from the preliminary HLOS data based on standard (default) atmospheric corrections (Level-1B). Moreover at ECMWF the Aeolus assisted wind profiles, 'u' and 'v' components result of NWP assimilation processing (Level-2C) are generated.

## Users Data access



aeolus

The user community (public and CAL/VAL) have access to Aeolus data via the ADDF which provides an HTTP / FTP interface.

- public users gain access to a subset of the Aeolus products (as show in the figure): • L1B Wind Products
- L2B Wind Products
- Public users have access to data from baseline 09
- Aeolus data can also be manipulated interactively from the Vires system under:

## Near Real Time and Quasi Real Time

One of the driving requirements for the Aeolus mission is the capability to provide data to the Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP) centers in Near Real Time (NRT) conditions. A certain data is considered to met the NRT condition if it is available to NWP within three hours from sensing.

The design of the PDGS is compliant to this requirement if the data is dumped to ground from the satellite within 100 minutes since sensing.

The PDGS is also able to support dedicated ground stations in regions where the data is required to be in Quasi Real Time condition, i.e. within 30 minutes from sensing. The PDGS is able to provide data in QRT condition for sensing time within 10 minutes from dump time.

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