







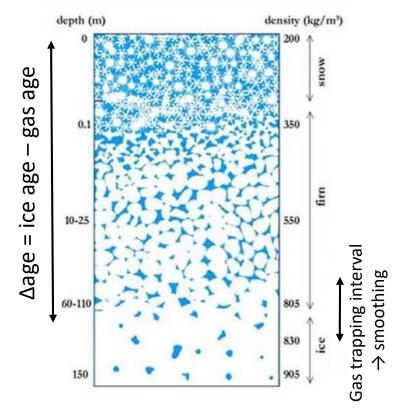




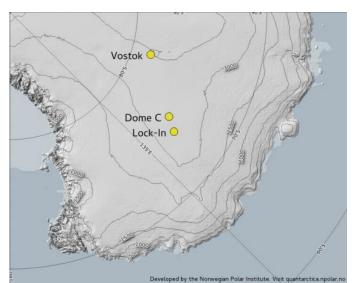


Variability of gas-trapping characteristics on the central Antarctic Plateau

Patricia Martinerie¹, Kévin Fourteau¹, Jérôme Chappellaz¹, Anaïs Orsi², Xavier Fain¹, Geoffrey Lee³, Amaelle Landais², William Sturges³



Gas trapping characteristics control Δ age and the smoothing of gas signals





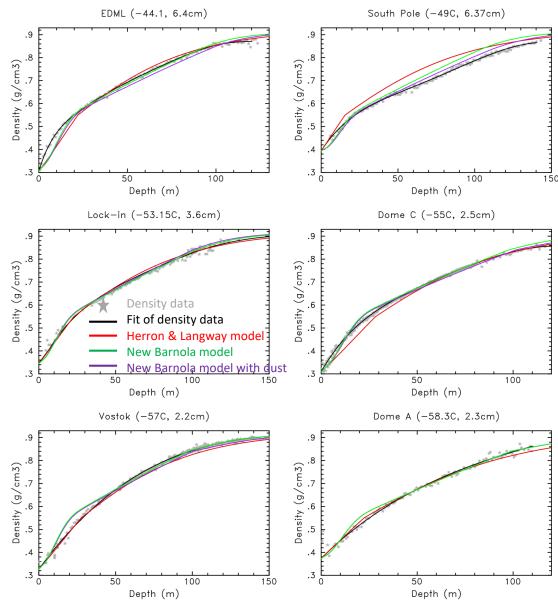


New drilling & firn air pumping site: Lock-in 136 km from Dome C 74°8.31′S, 126°9.51′E; 3209 m asl

Tmean=-53.13°C accu=3.6 cm w.eq/yr

Compared with other Antarctic Plateau sites

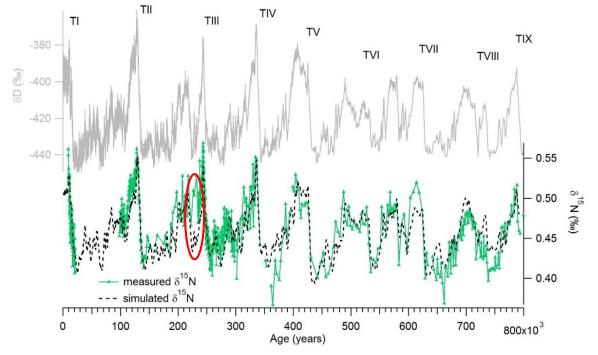
Density profile and densification modelling



Breant et al., CP, 2017 modified, with Lock-in

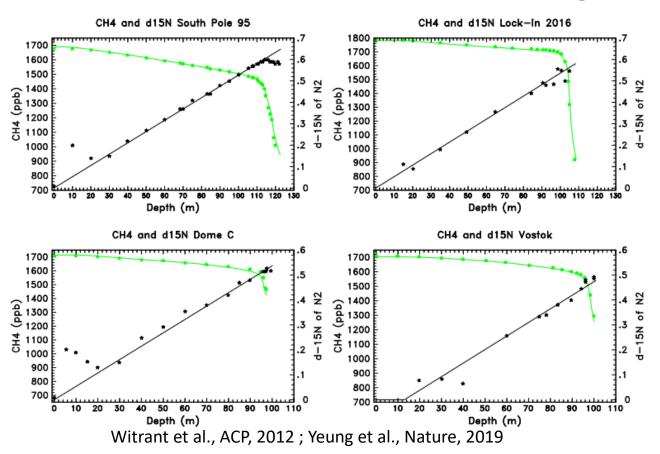
Lock-in appears as an "easy to simulate" site with densification models (Herron and Langway, J Glaciol., 1989; Bréant et al., CP, 2017) But Antarctic plateau sites show a large variability in the shape of their measured density profiles

The new version of Barnola densification model (Bréant et al., CP, 2017) now simulates correctly the general shape of EDC $\delta^{15}N$ profile But localised anti-phase behaviour remain (example shown in red)



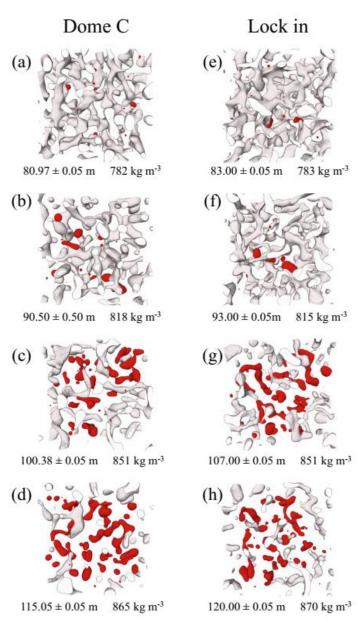
Bréant et al., QSR, 2019, supplement

Contrasted gas transport in deep firn



CH₄: low concentrations (old air) at South Pole and Lock-in much higher concentrations in deep firn at Dome C and Vostok

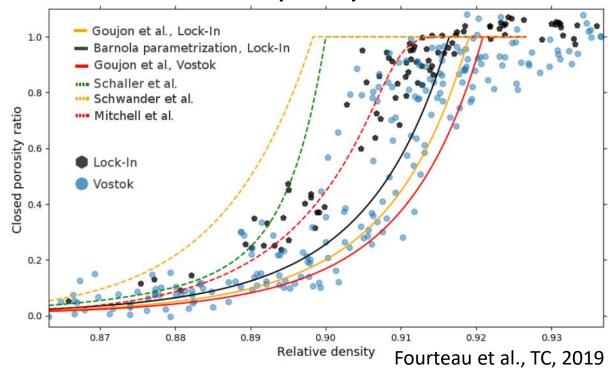
 δ^{15} N: Plateau in South Pole deep firn, (variability at Lock-in), no plateau at Dome C and Vostok \rightarrow diffusive firn deep down Tomography: may be due to larger pore diameter at Dome C than Lock-in



Burr et al., TC, 2018

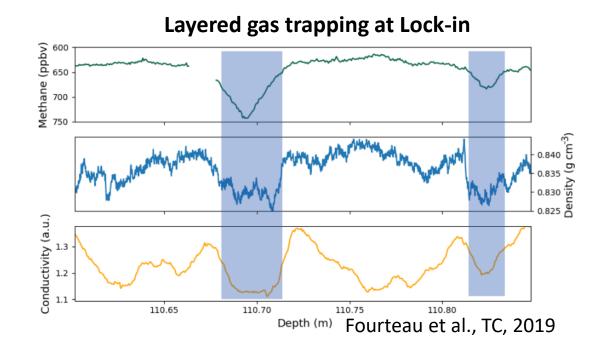
Pore closure in the firn





Consistent results with pycnometry and tomography
New parameterizations with pore closure at lower densities
inconsistent with air content data

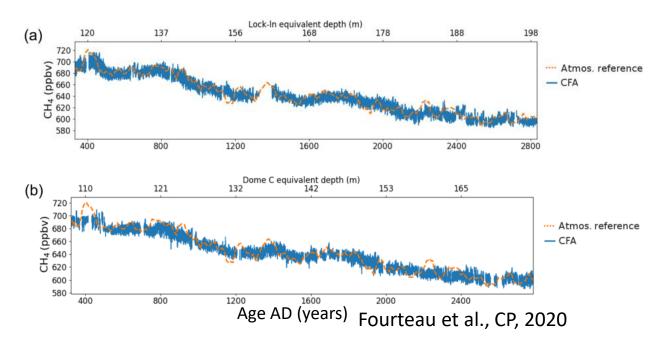
This can't be due to different compression rates in open and closed pores (Fourteau et al., Frontiers Earth Sci, 2020)
Reversible pore closure?



High resolution measurements: Correlated anomalies in gas trapping (CH₄), density and liquid conductivity

Chemical impurities responsible for the liquid conductivity variations need further investigation

Smoothing and layering



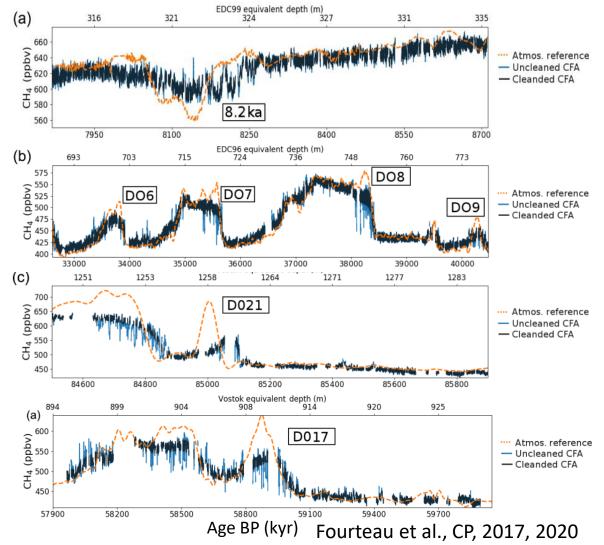
Recent past:

Smoothed signals at Lock-in and Dome C with respect to WAISD Insufficient atmospheric variability to detect layering

Conclusions:

Important smoothing at low accumulation sites due to long trapping duration

Consistent but limited data to evaluate gas signals smoothing of Antarctic Plateau sites



Fast events of last glacial cycle:

Multiple evidences of layered gas trapping
Important smoothing compared to WAISD
Constrains gas age distributions in past conditions

Conclusions and references

Conclusions/perspectives:

- Unexplained contrasted shapes of density profiles
- Contrasted behaviour of gas transport with very old / very young air in deep firn
- Inconsistency between closed porosity and air content data needs investigation
- Impurity-related gas age anomalies should be explored
- Important smoothing of gas signals at low accumulation sites to be further constrained
 - → Need to further investigate gas trapping processes
 - → A slight increase in temperature and accumulation in Dome C like sites could induce a large change in firn behaviour

References:

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