

A terrestrial temperature peak in the first millennia after the Cretaceous-Paleogene Boundary

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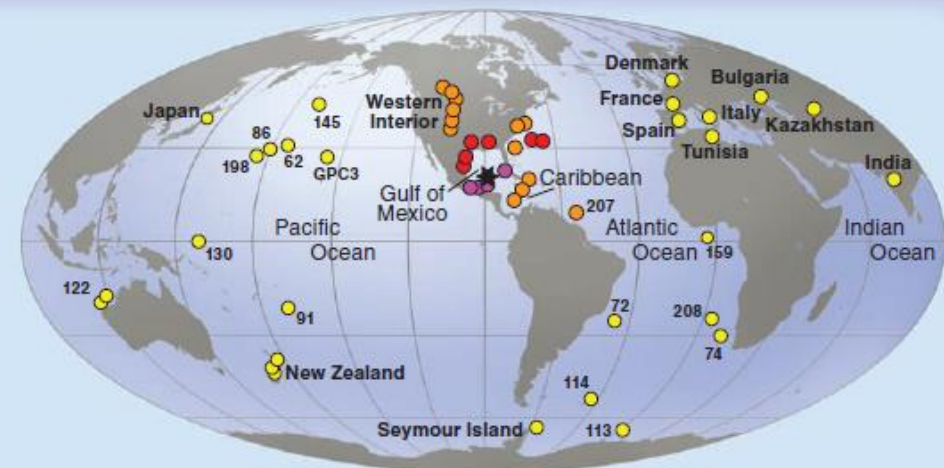


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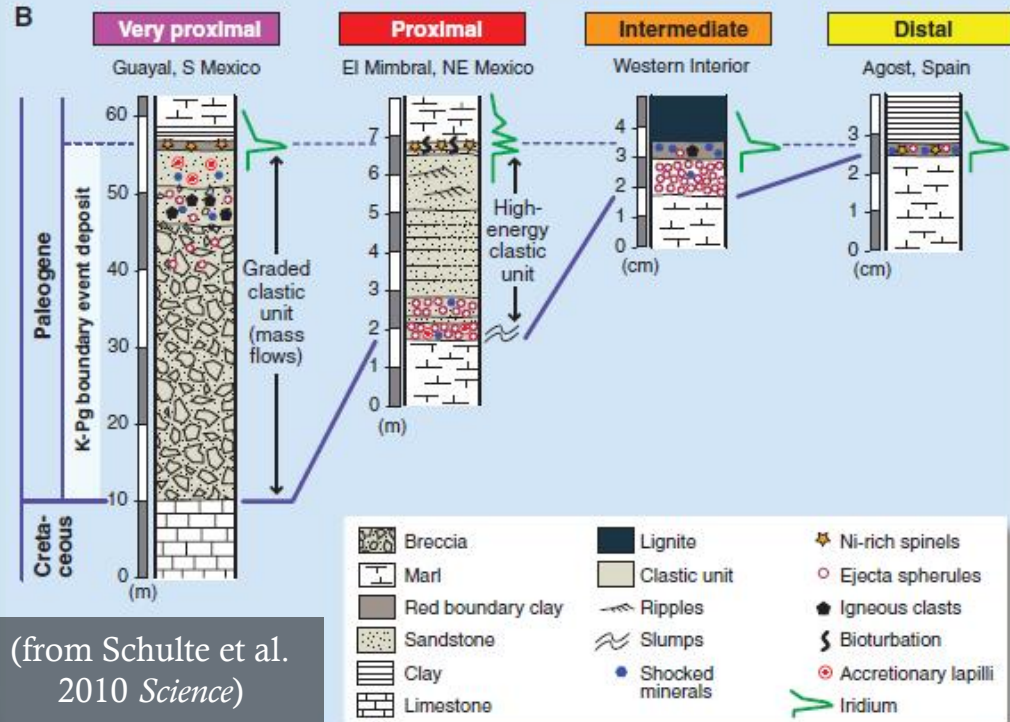
... or What really killed the dinosaurs ?



A



B



(from Schulte et al.
2010 *Science*)









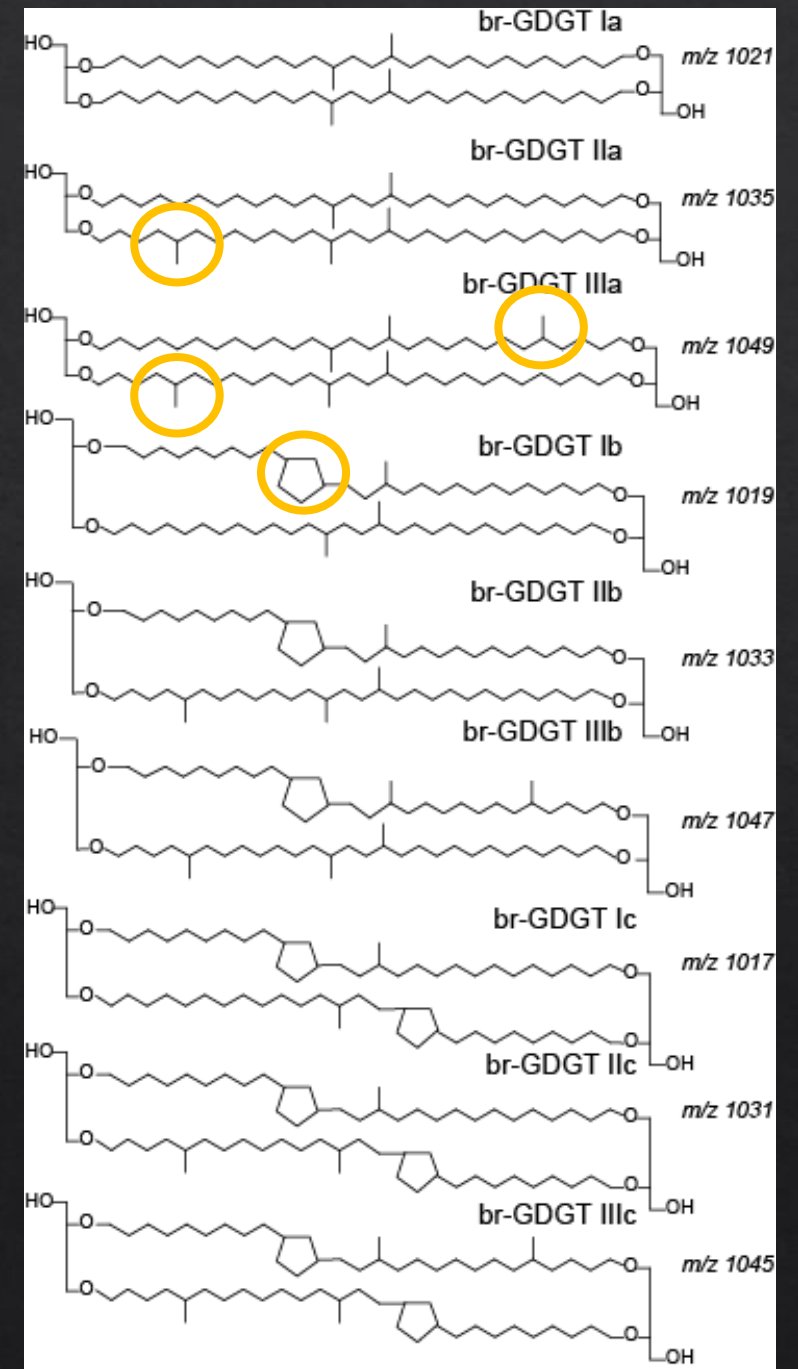
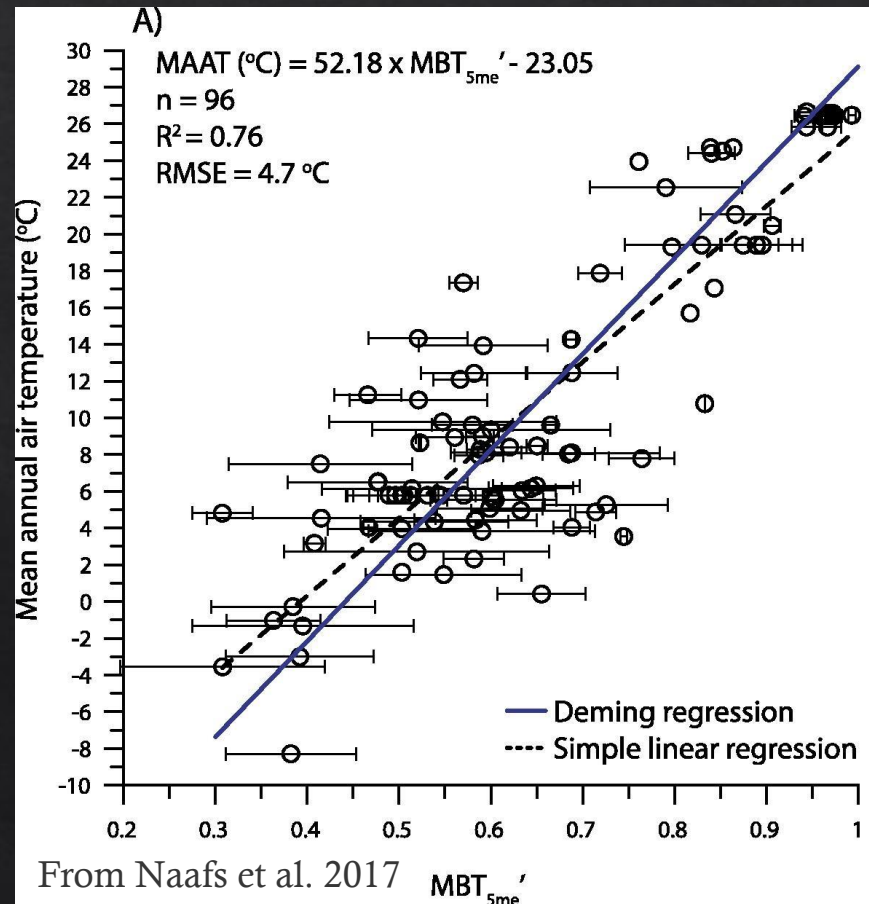


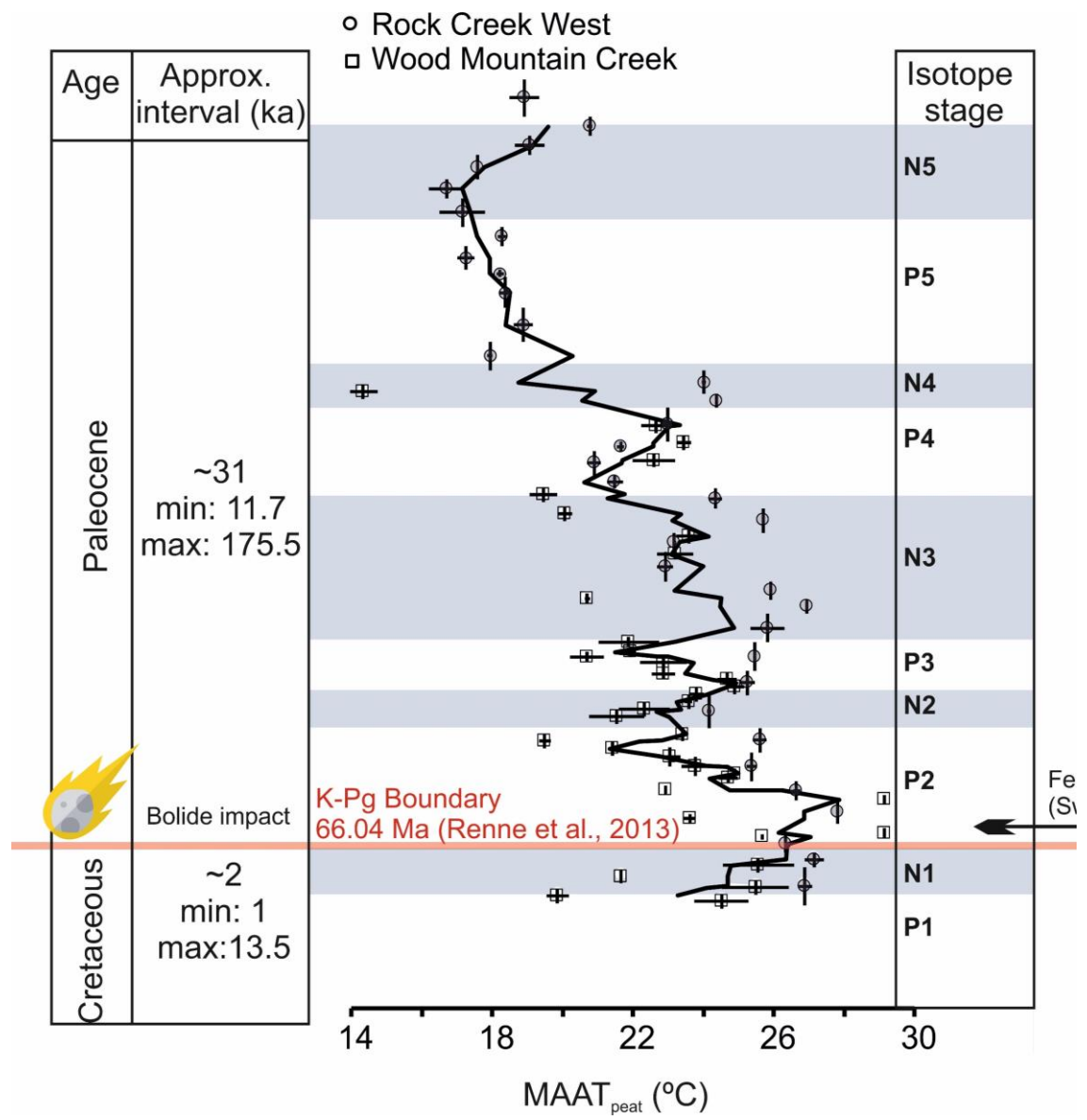




Using fossil bacteria from a past greenhouse world to help constrain Earth's climate

- Fossil bacteria (bacteria-derived branched glycerol dialkyl glycerol tetraethers, brGDGTs) in peats and whose distribution depends on the air temperature at the time
- discovered in 2000





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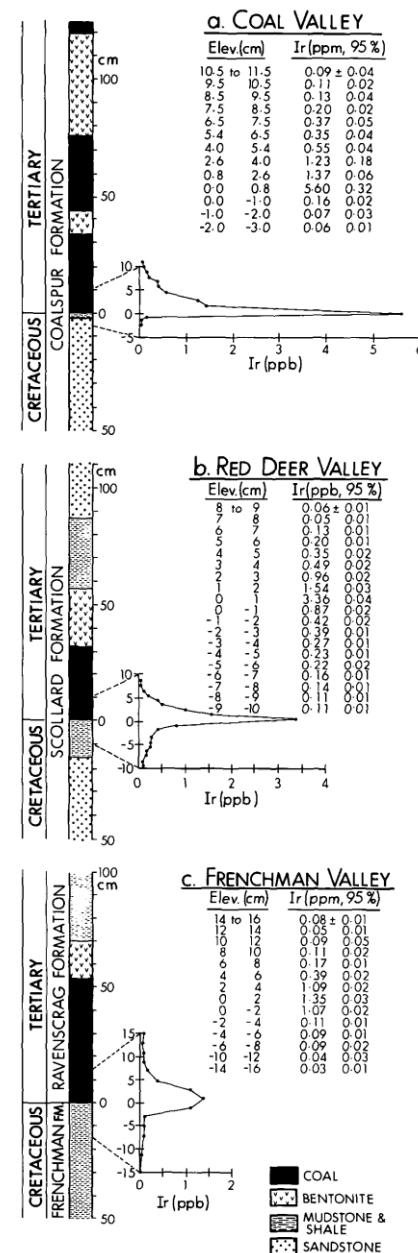
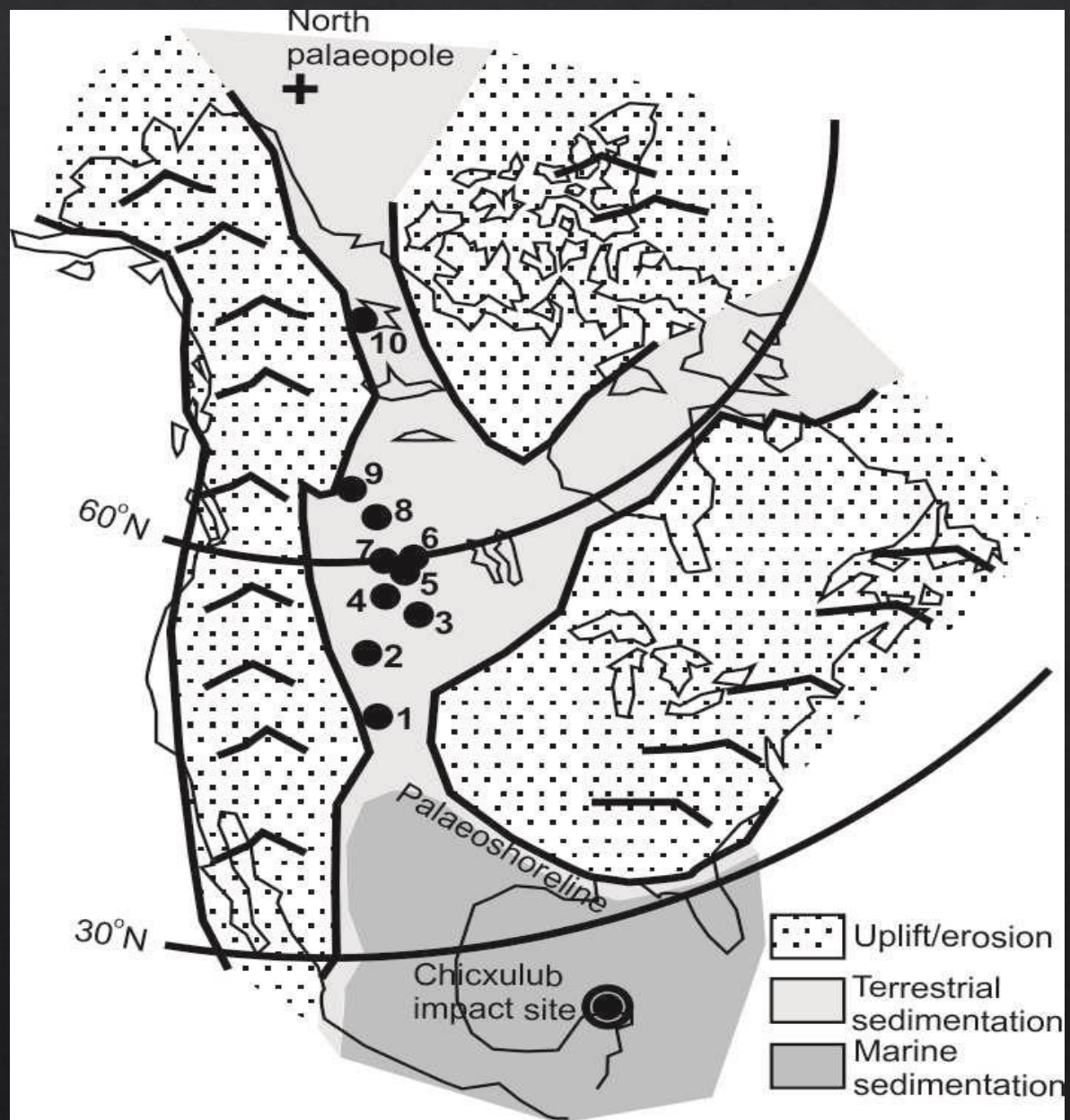


Figure 4. Iridium abundances at the Cretaceous-Tertiary boundary at three localities in western Canada.

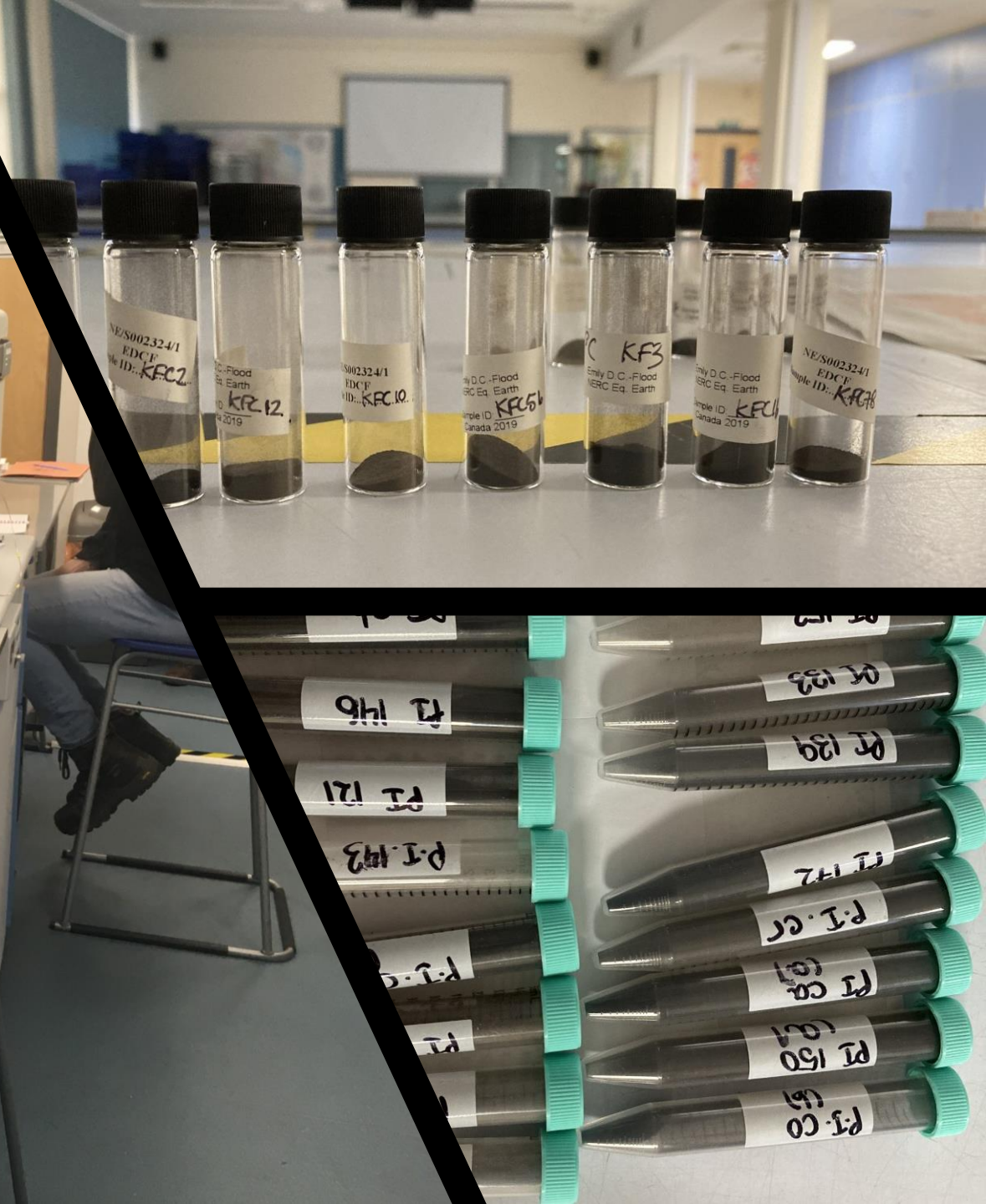










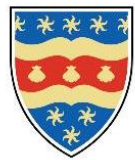


Summary

- For the first time, brGDGT-derived terrestrial MAAT profiles for coals spanning the K-Pg boundary have been produced
 - These data test the major hypotheses for mass extinction
 - A substantial warming is seen at the across the K-Pg boundary
- ... is this the kill mechanism?
- ... was this a lethal temperature rise that wiped out the dinosaurs?

RECONSTRUCTING LATITUDINAL TERRESTRIAL TEMPERATURE GRADIENTS AT THE CRETACEOUS-PALAEOGENE (K-Pg) BOUNDARY: TESTING THE "EQUABLE EARTH" HYPOTHESIS

This is a collaboration with Dr Sabine Lengger (University of Plymouth) and Drs Rhodri Jerrett; Bart Van dongen and Emily Dearing Crampton-Flood at the University of Manchester



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