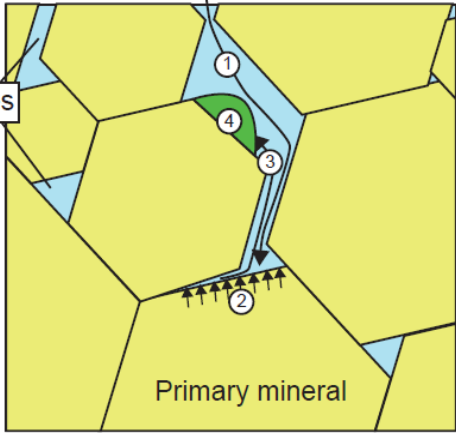


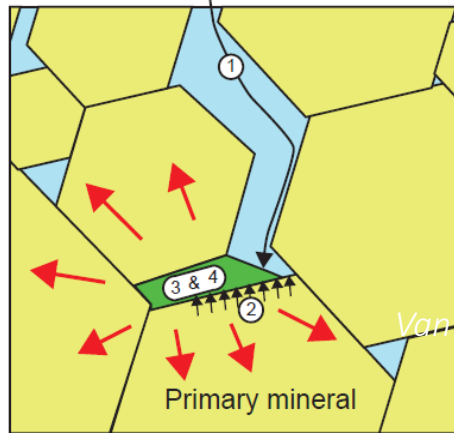
On the Constitutive Equations for Coupled Reaction and Deformation

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A: Classical approach:
no reaction-induced deformation
and porosity clogging

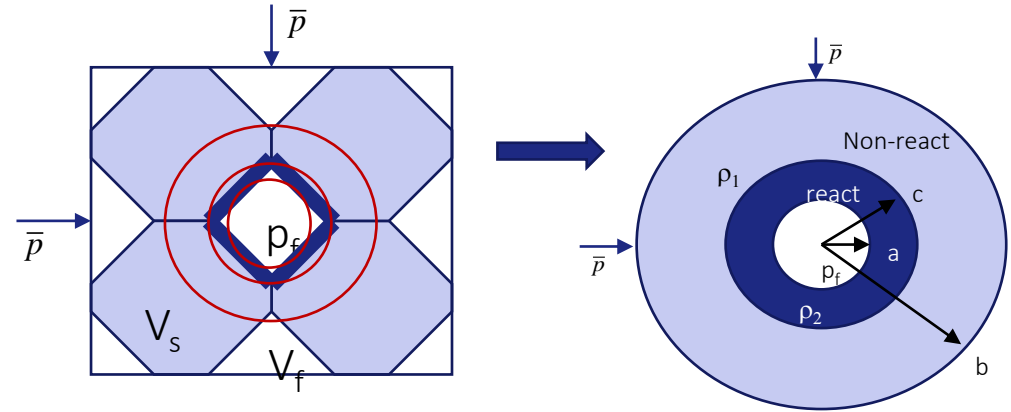


B: New approach:
reaction-induced swelling
and porosity preservation



$$\nabla \cdot V_s = -\frac{1}{K_d} \frac{dp_e}{dt} - \frac{p_e}{\eta_d}$$

$$\nabla \cdot V_s = -\frac{1}{K_d} \frac{dp_e}{dt} - \frac{p_e}{\eta_d} + \beta_d \frac{d\xi}{dt}$$



Force balance $\frac{\partial \sigma_r}{\partial r} + \frac{\sigma_r - \sigma_\theta}{r} = 0$

Incompressibility $\frac{\partial v}{\partial r} + \frac{v}{r} = 0$

Elastic/ viscous rheology $\frac{v}{r} = \frac{\dot{\sigma}_\theta - \dot{\sigma}_r}{4G}$ (elastic), $\frac{v}{r} = \frac{\sigma_\theta - \sigma_r}{4\mu}$ (viscous)

Jump condition at the reaction front $\rho_1 v_1 - \rho_2 v_2 \Big|_{r=c} = \frac{dc}{dt} (\rho_1 - \rho_2)$

Governing equations for coupled fluid flow, reaction and deformation:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dX_s}{dt} = \left(\frac{\phi}{\phi_p}\right)^{2/3} \frac{X_{seq} - X_s}{\tau} \\ \nabla_j \frac{k_\phi}{\eta_w} (\nabla_j P_w + \rho_w g e_j^d) = -\beta_{e_t} \frac{d\bar{p}}{dt} + \beta_{e_w} \frac{dP_w}{dt} - \frac{\bar{p} - P_w}{(1-\phi)\eta_\phi} \\ \quad + \left(\frac{\rho_s}{\rho_w} - (1 + \beta_{sr})\right) \frac{1-\phi}{1-X_s} \frac{dX_s}{dt} \\ \frac{1}{(1-\phi)} \frac{d\phi}{dt} = \left(\beta_{e_t} - \frac{\beta'_s \phi}{1-\phi}\right) \left(-\frac{d\bar{p}}{dt} + \frac{dP_w}{dt}\right) - \frac{\bar{p} - P_w}{(1-\phi)\eta_\phi} - \frac{1 + \beta_{sr}}{1-X_s} \frac{dX_s}{dt} \end{cases}$$

Incomplete reaction

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dX_s}{dt} = \left(\frac{\phi}{\phi_p}\right)^{2/3} \frac{X_{seq} - X_s}{\tau} \\ \nabla_j \frac{k_\phi}{\eta_w} (\nabla_j P_w + \rho_w g e_j^d) = -\beta_{e_t} \frac{d\bar{p}}{dt} + \beta_{e_w} \frac{dP_w}{dt} - \frac{\bar{p} - P_w}{(1-\phi)\eta_\phi} \\ \quad + \left(\frac{\rho_s(1-\phi)}{\rho_w} + \phi(1 + \beta_{sr})\right) \frac{1}{1-X_s} \frac{dX_s}{dt} \\ \frac{1}{(1-\phi)} \frac{d\phi}{dt} = \left(\beta_{e_t} - \frac{\beta'_s \phi}{1-\phi}\right) \left(-\frac{d\bar{p}}{dt} + \frac{dP_w}{dt}\right) - \frac{\bar{p} - P_w}{(1-\phi)\eta_\phi} \end{cases}$$

Complete reaction

Stresses around the pore at different levels of pore pressure increase

