CHALLENGE - The "Situational Analysis"

INTERNATIONAL OCEAN

DISCOVERY PROGRAM

Scientific ocean drilling has a new and exciting 2050 Science Framework to look towards (Koppers, A.A.P., and R. Coggon, eds. 2020; 2050 Science Framework | IODP Future | IODP). As part of this new Framework, Enabling Element 1 sets a clear remit for science communication within the Program:

"Using a variety of social media and web-based platforms, data and results will be broadly disseminated to educators, policymakers, and the public, securing ocean drilling's position as the authoritative source of information about the Earth system."



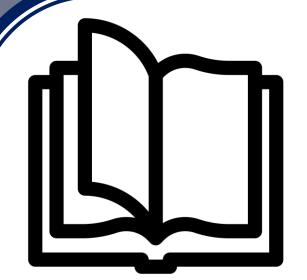
So how do we achieve the above remit? Through strategy, story and unified, scalar communications plans.

Akker (Brand Stories vs. Signature Stories: What's the Difference? 2018) discusses the power of a signature story – one that delivers or supports a strategic message. It is a tactical asset that provides visibility, and persuades or inspires over an extended time.

Communication is strategic when it is completely consistent with the organization mission, vision, values. Influence Behavior.

And it can.....

Build Support



Strategy and Story

One of the deepest human needs – that to explain, describe and understand the world around us – is met through the telling of stories.

Storytelling has been used as a language and way to communicate for millennia, with much of our history, belief systems and understanding of how nature works passed down through stories. It is universal across cultures and time. Strategic communications help organizations reach key audiences across different channels but with a consistent message. Stories can inform strategy by showcasing what is happening. They put people, and their personal stories, at the heart of communication, making that communication compelling and easy to relate to.

U.S. SCIENCE SUPPORT PROGRAM

Foresight, hindsight, IODP and science communication

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> Institutional goals (IG) are concerned with growth, increase and stability. Communications goals (CG) are concerned with information, news and discussion, but always serving and supporting the higher level institutional goals. USSSP have developed 9 institutional goals and 24 communications goals to guide the next 12 month period. For example:

> IG = Inform and inspire the public, empowering citizens through improved ocean and earth science literacy, fostering stewardship of the Planet and showcasing the public good coming from federal funding of IODP.

Related CG = Communicate the relevance of the overarching program to society, in order to establish new engagement with audiences outside our current community.

Strategy is an idea, an approach or a plan of action, designed to achieve your goal. Each goal will have its own strategy, tactics and metrics. All USSSP public-facing strategies will deliver our key messages by being: **Compelling** – designed to stimulate activity through use of imagery and narrative to create intrigue, mystery and excitement.

Simple – uses easily understandable language with no jargon. *Memorable* – easy to recall and repeat through the use of storytelling. **Relatable** – has an active and not passive voice so as to bring the audience along with the research and enable them to see themselves in the stories.

Tailored –adapted for different audiences and utilizing multiple platforms.

Tactics are platforms for the delivery of content - the toolkit to reach your audience. USSSP plans to use a Transmedia approach to build reach and recognition with outward-facing audiences.

Develop a clear visual identity through colour, graphics and font across all digital media so USSSP stories are easily recognized.

Developing a podcast series that follow the personalities involved in IODP and their personal journeys into science.

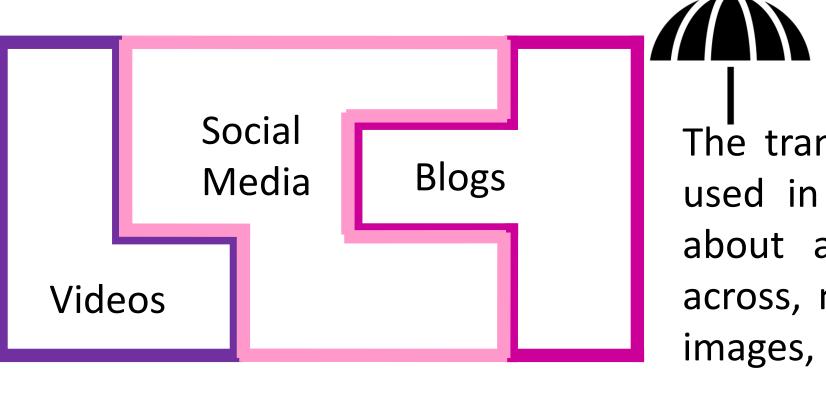
Working collaboratively with Influencers on Twitter, the top 10 oceanrelated YouTubers, and other UN Ocean Decade Nexus organizations to refine our content to be more appealing to specific demographics, and share content more widely.

Metrics measure your IMPACT and tell you if your strategy is working. • In the first 12 months, USSSP will concentrate on refining what social media / digital interaction metrics are useful for us. In the first instance we will monitor: • Applause rate – ratio of likes against total number of followers • Amplification rate – ratio of "shares" against total number of followers • Average engagement – shares and follows against total number of followers Conversion rate – click through and take action e.g. subscribing to newsletter Bounce rate – click through and then abandon page quickly • **Optimal "send" times** based on post reach and times people are usually online # trend analyses – trending hashtags and key words in your subject area

Evaluation judges how successful your efforts have been, and what needs to be modified for future activities.

• USSSP plan to monitor social media metrics on a monthly basis. • At the end of month 6, a more detailed analysis will be undertaken to establish if anything needs to be modified for the second half of the monitoring term. • In month 12, a new strategy will be devised to move the goals forward based on lessons learnt from this first phase.

You have worked out why you need to communicate from both an institutional and communications viewpoint; what you want to achieve through your communication; and the toolkit you are going to use to communicate. Bringing these three concepts together in a strategic manner ensures they present a united, and so stronger communication, that continually supports the key institutional messaging of the program, support office or expedition.



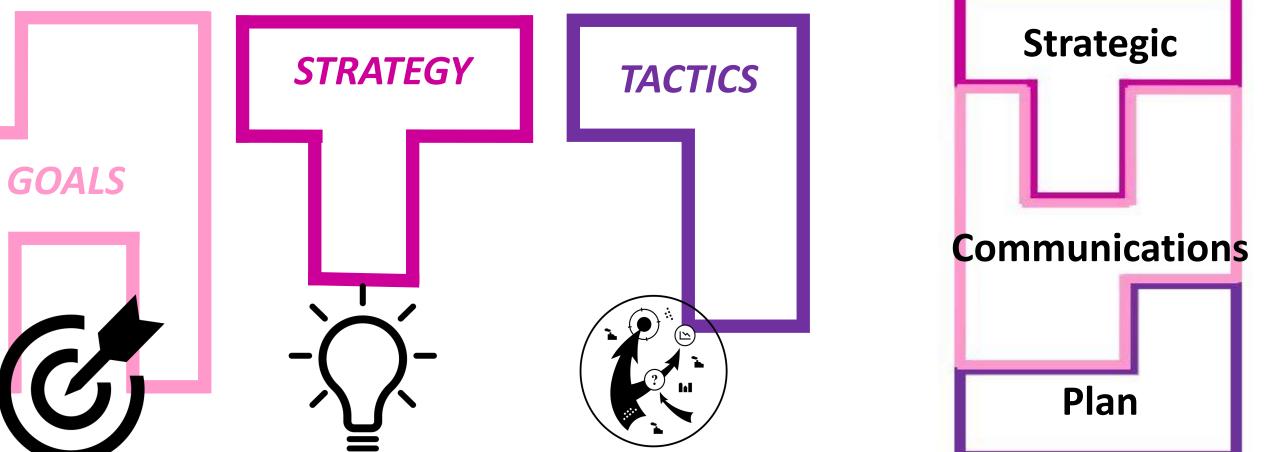
Develop a strong visual identity that runs from program to expedition level. **Develop strategic communications plans** at program, national and expedition levels so everyone knows what the expectations and key messages are.

"Data makes you credible. Stories make you memorable". Elizabeth Bailey, 2013.



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TRANSMEDIA – A single strategy, multi format approach



One over-arching narrative per expedition

The transmedia approach can also be used in building an "umbrella story" about an expedition through , and across, multiple platforms, e.g., video, images, maps, words, sound etc.

If you build signature story sets, you can explore a theme in more detail, adopt different perspectives of the main message and so reach different audiences.

CONSIDERATIONS

Bring discussion about science communication goals in at an early stage. **Design for your audience** – one size does not fit all!

Use multiple tools to communicate the same narrative to different audiences. **Embrace the power of storytelling** to bring science to life and make it relevant. Make science communications emotive and personal.

Use imagery to enhance your narratives.



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