# Whistler and electron cyclotron harmonic waves at the near-Earth dayside plasma sheet: statistics of modulation by ultra-low frequency waves

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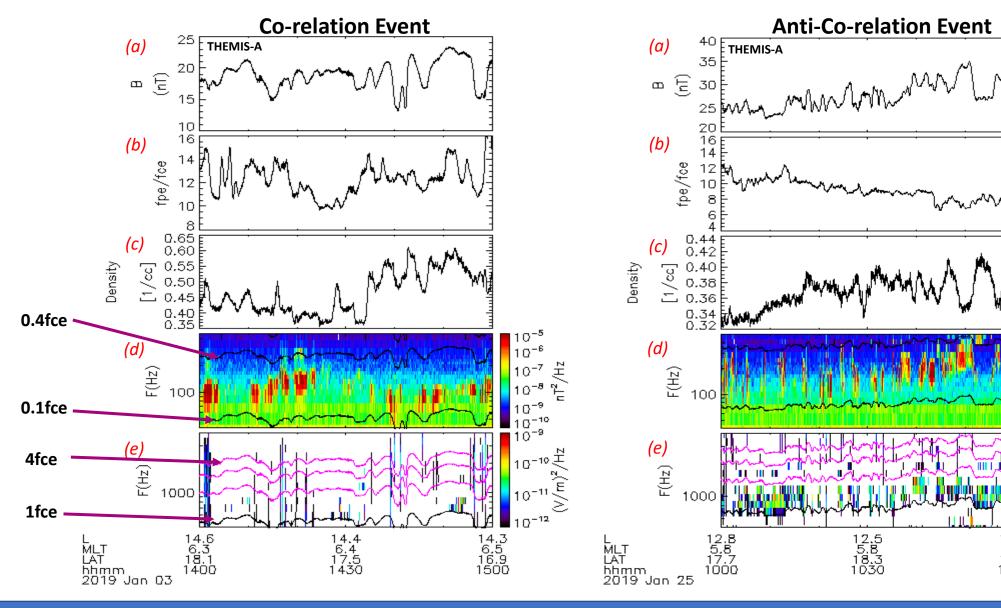






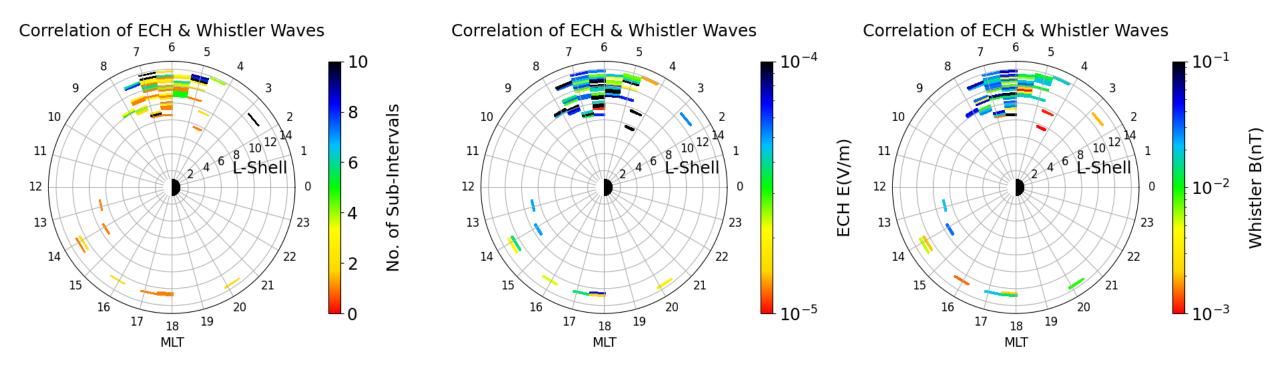


## Simultaneous Observation of ECH and Whistler Waves by THEMIS



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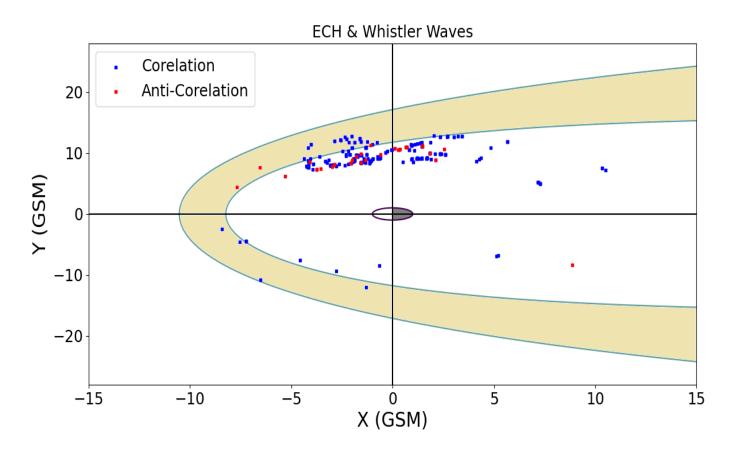
## Statistical Properties of ECH & Whistler Waves (L-Shell vs MLT)



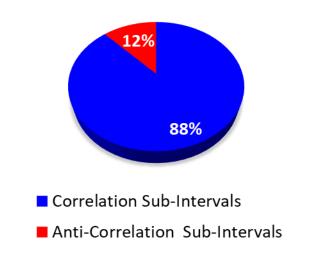
Total Correlation	229
Sides	Correlation
Dawn	95%
Dusk	5%

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## Co-relation & Anti-co-relation of ECH & Whistler Waves



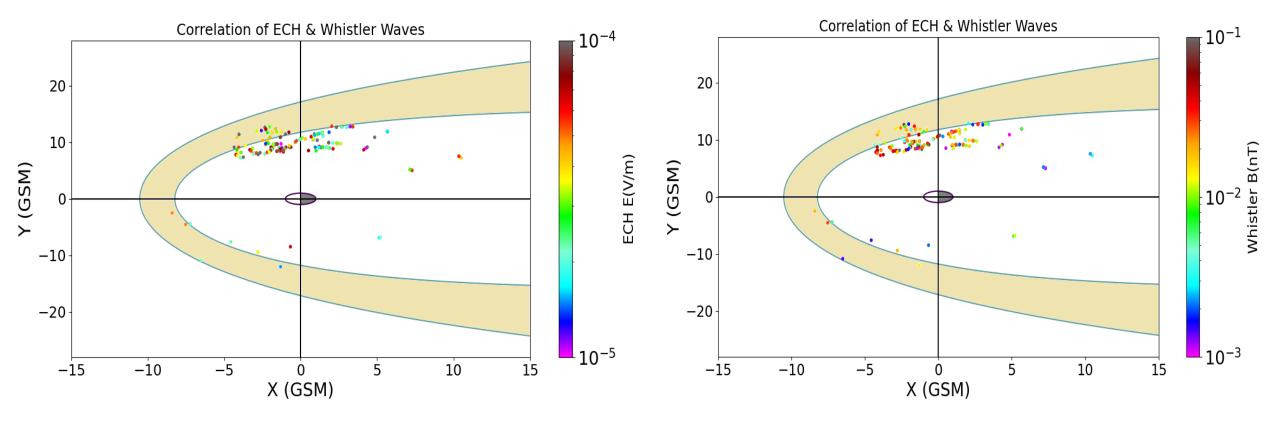
#### Statistic Data of ECH & Whistler



Absolute majority of events are observed on the dawn flank. Only 12% of events show anticorrelation of ECH and whistler waves, and in most of events ECH and whistler wave bursts are correlated in time.

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## **Co-relation Statistical Properties of ECH & Whistler Waves**



ECH wave amplitudes are distributed between 0.01mV/m and 0.1mV/m.

Whistler wave amplitudes are distributed between 10pT and 100pT.

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## **Conclusion**

- We collect a statistics of ECH and whistler mode wave emissions observed by THEMIS spacecraft at the flank magnetosphere and associated with intense compressional ULF waves.
- The strong correlation of ECH and whistler-mode wave bursts suggests that both wave modes are generated by the same electron population trapped within local magnetic field minima of compressional ULF waves.
- Most of such ULF-modulated events are observed on the dawn flank and are characterized by moderate ECH (<0.1mV/m) and whistler (<100pT) wave amplitudes</li>
- As a next step, we plan to expand our statistics and investigate geomagnetic and solar wind conditions of such ULF-VLF coupling to provide the empirical model describing ULF-modulated populations of ECH and whistler waves. Such model should be useful for investigations of quasi-periodical electron precipitations in the near-Earth plasma sheet and outer radiation belt.

EGU22 6

## **Thanks**