

# Aggregation in the Dendritic Growth Layer:

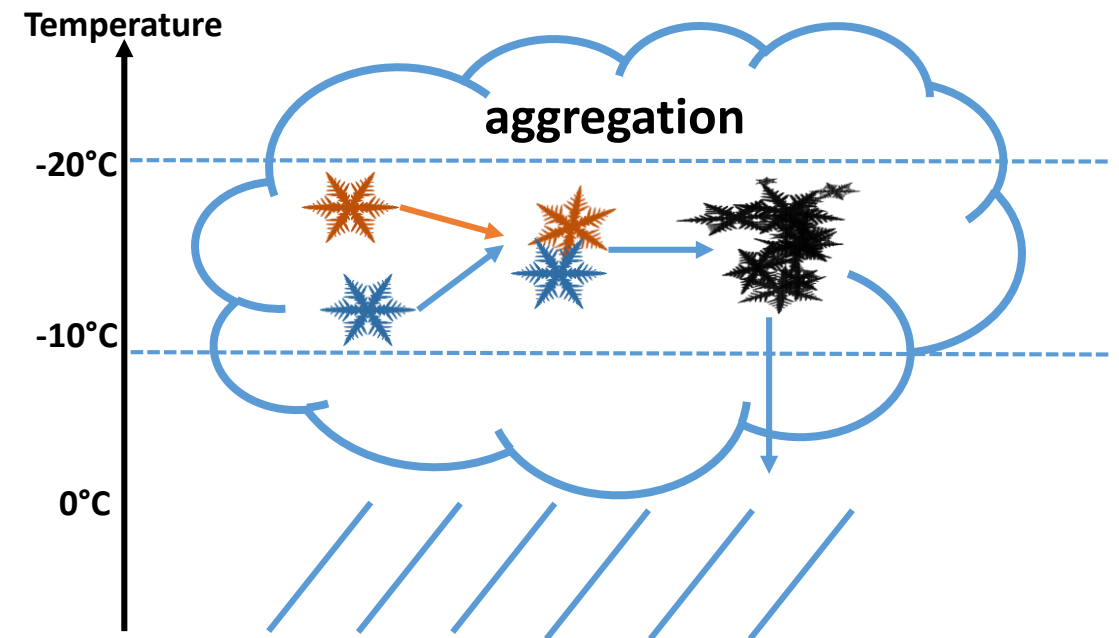
## A statistical analysis combining multi-frequency Doppler and polarimetric Doppler cloud radar observations

Leonie von Terzi<sup>1</sup>, José Dias-Neto<sup>2</sup>, Davide Ori<sup>1</sup>, Alexander Myagkov<sup>3</sup>, Stefan Kneifel<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Institute of Geophysics and Meteorology, University of Cologne, Germany <sup>2</sup> Department of Geosciences and Remote Sensing, Delft University of Technology, Netherlands <sup>3</sup> Radiometer Physics GmbH, Meckenheim, Germany

- DGL:
  - Between -20 and -10°C
  - dendritic particles grow efficiently
- First region with enhanced aggregation:
  - Aggregation:  $D_{particle} \uparrow$   
→ important for precipitation formation

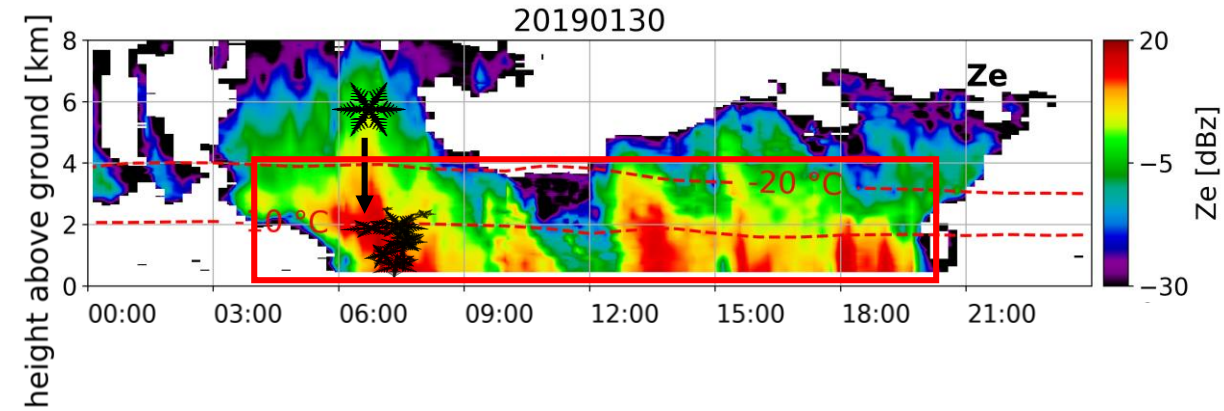
→ How can we measure aggregation?





# Importance of Dendritic Growth Layer (DGL, -20 to -10°C)

- Enhanced aggregation:
  - Reflectivity  $Z_e \uparrow$  :  $D_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$ ,  $N_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$



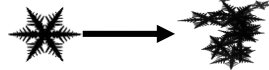


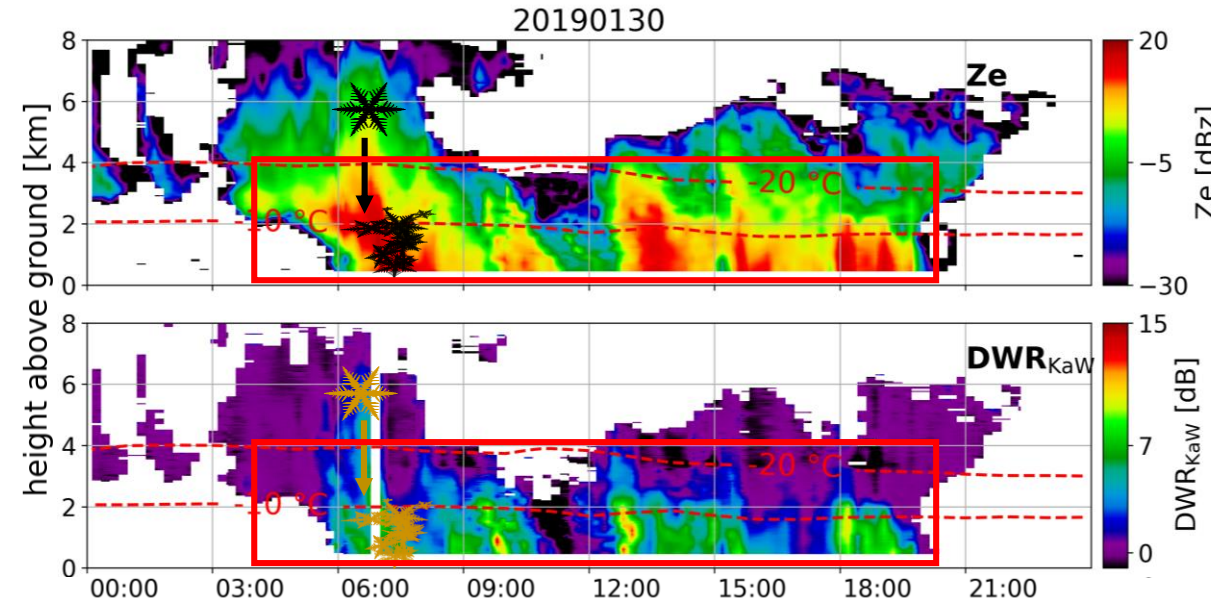
# Importance of Dendritic Growth Layer (DGL, -20 to -10°C)

- Enhanced aggregation:

- Reflectivity  $Z_e \uparrow$  :  $D_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$ ,  $N_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$
- Differential scattering at different wavelengths ( $\lambda$ ):

$$\text{DWR}_{\lambda_1 \lambda_2} = Z_{e\lambda_1} - Z_{e\lambda_2}$$

- **DWR**  $\uparrow$  :  $D_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$  



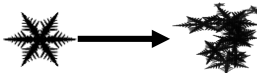


# Importance of Dendritic Growth Layer (DGL , -20 to -10°C)


- Enhanced aggregation:

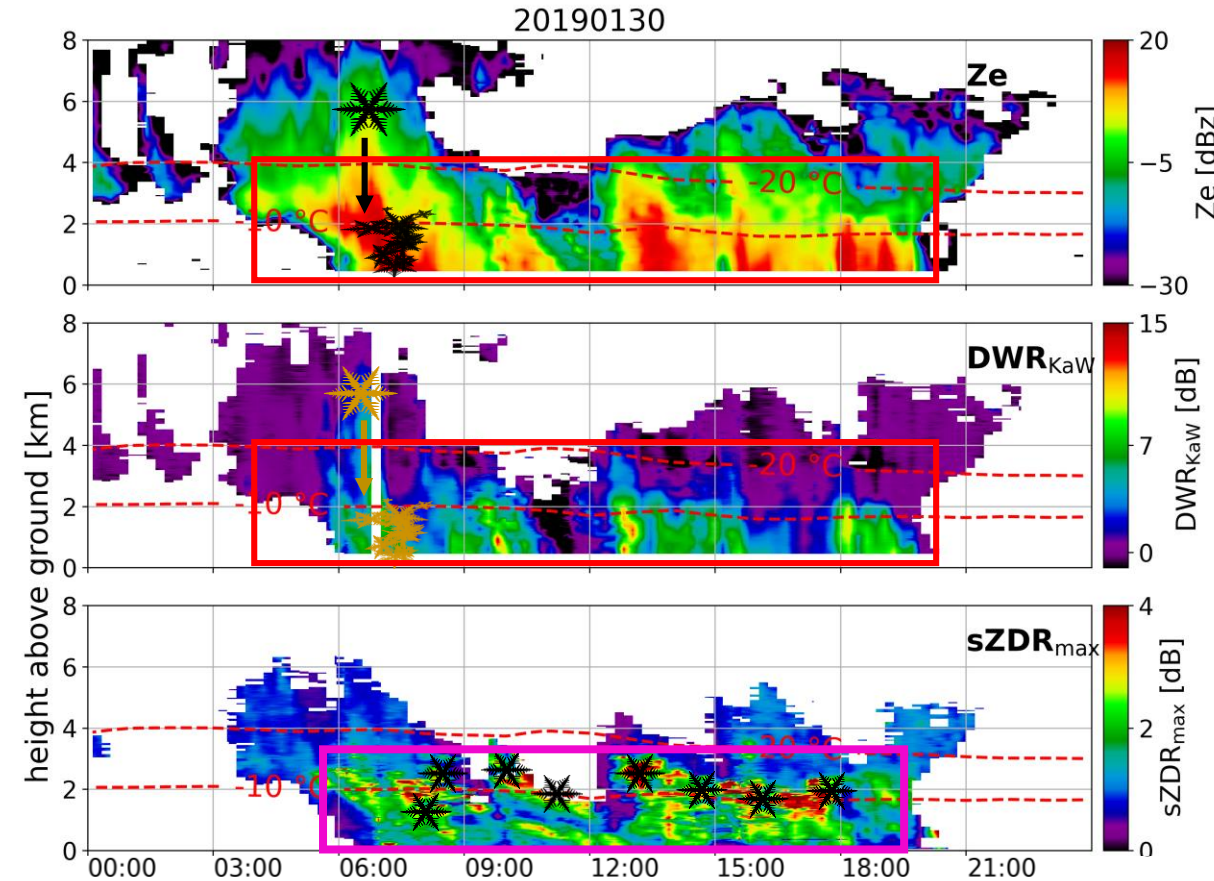
- Reflectivity  $Z_e \uparrow$  :  $D_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$ ,  $N_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$
- Differential scattering at different wavelengths ( $\lambda$ ):

$$DWR_{\lambda_1 \lambda_2} = Z_{e\lambda_1} - Z_{e\lambda_2}$$

- **DWR**  $\uparrow$  :  $D_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$  

- Growth of plate-like particles:

- **ZDR**  $\uparrow$  :  $a_{\text{r crystal}} \uparrow$  



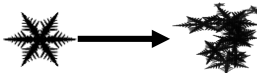


# Importance of Dendritic Growth Layer (DGL , -20 to -10°C)

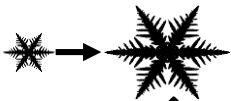
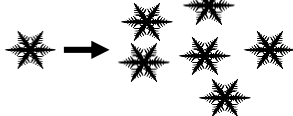
- Enhanced aggregation:

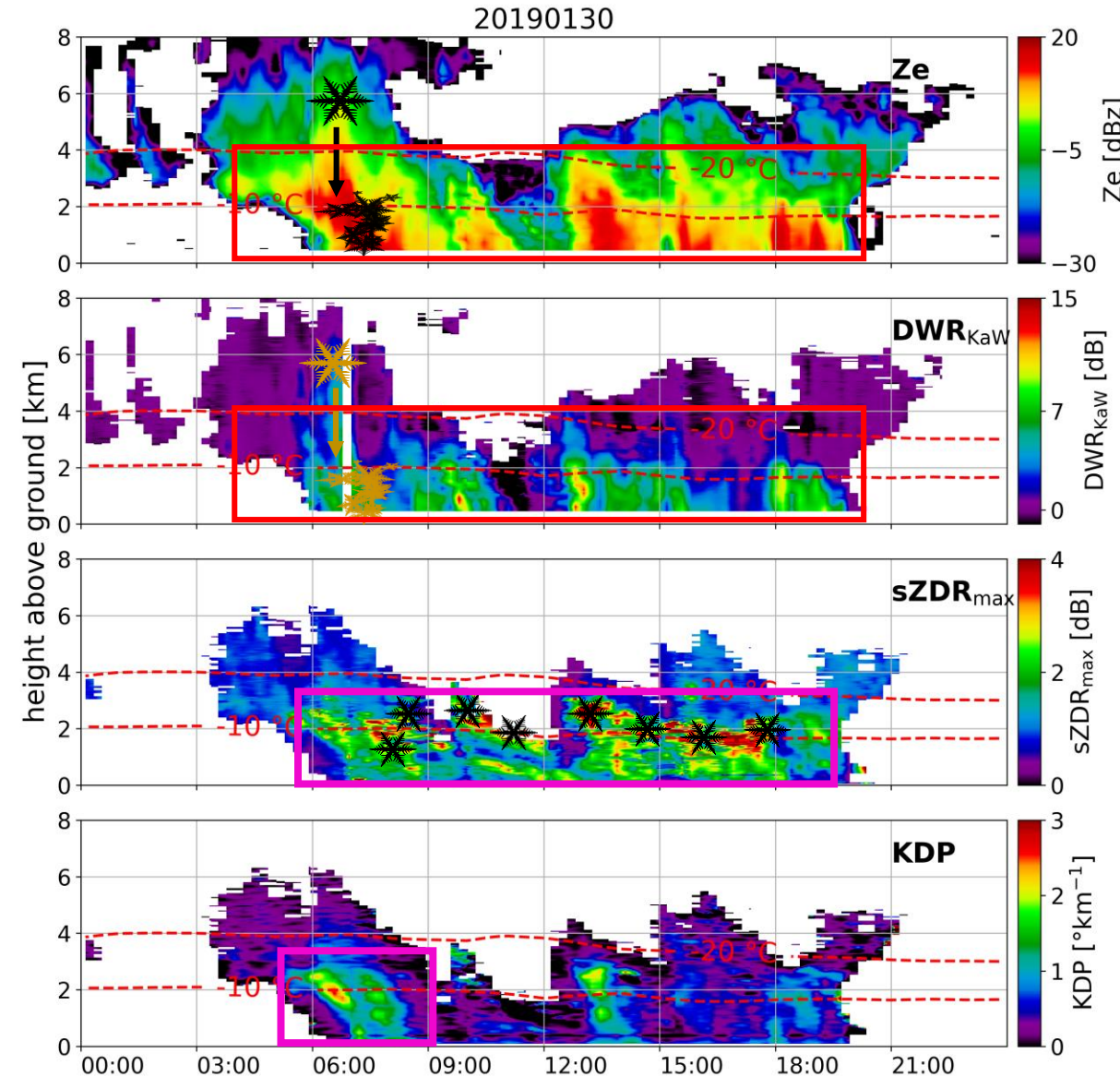
- Reflectivity  $Ze \uparrow$  :  $D_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$ ,  $N_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$
- Differential scattering at different wavelengths ( $\lambda$ ):

$$DWR_{\lambda_1 \lambda_2} = Ze_{\lambda_1} - Ze_{\lambda_2}$$

- **DWR**  $\uparrow$  :  $D_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$  

- Growth of plate-like particles:

- ZDR  $\uparrow$ :  $ar_{\text{crystal}} \uparrow$  
- KDP  $\uparrow$ :  $\text{concentration}_{\text{crystal}} \uparrow$  



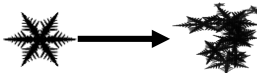


# Importance of Dendritic Growth Layer (DGL , -20 to -10°C)

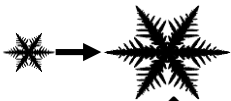
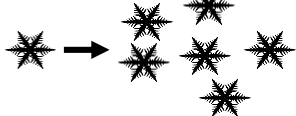
- Enhanced aggregation:

- Reflectivity  $Z_e \uparrow$  :  $D_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$ ,  $N_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$
- Differential scattering at different wavelengths ( $\lambda$ ):

$$DWR_{\lambda_1 \lambda_2} = Z_{e\lambda_1} - Z_{e\lambda_2}$$

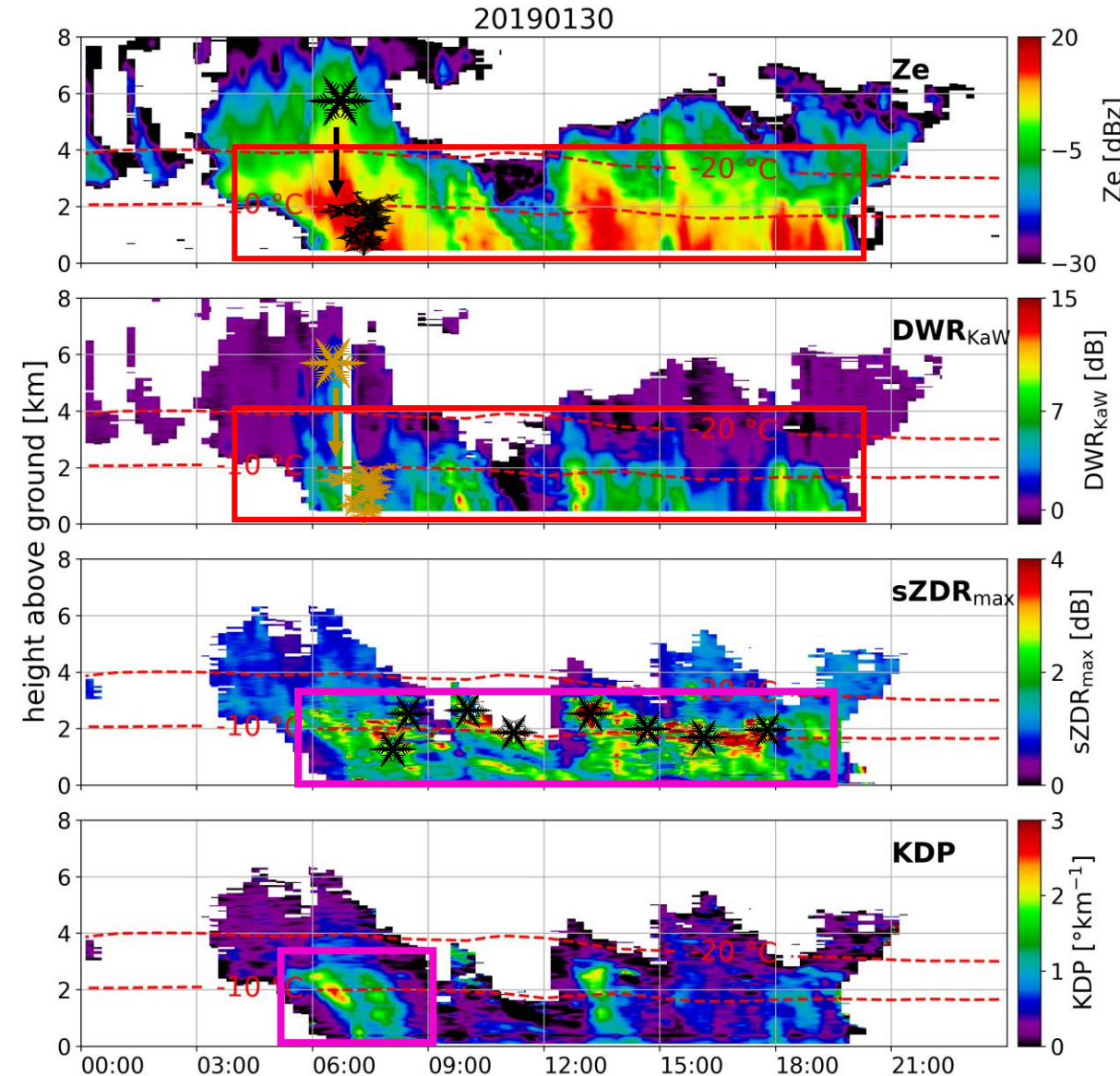
- **DWR**  $\uparrow$  :  $D_{\text{particle}} \uparrow$  

- Growth of plate-like particles:

- ZDR  $\uparrow$  :  $a_{\text{r crystal}} \uparrow$  
- KDP  $\uparrow$  :  $\text{concentration}_{\text{crystal}} \uparrow$  

How are aggregation and growth of ice crystals related?

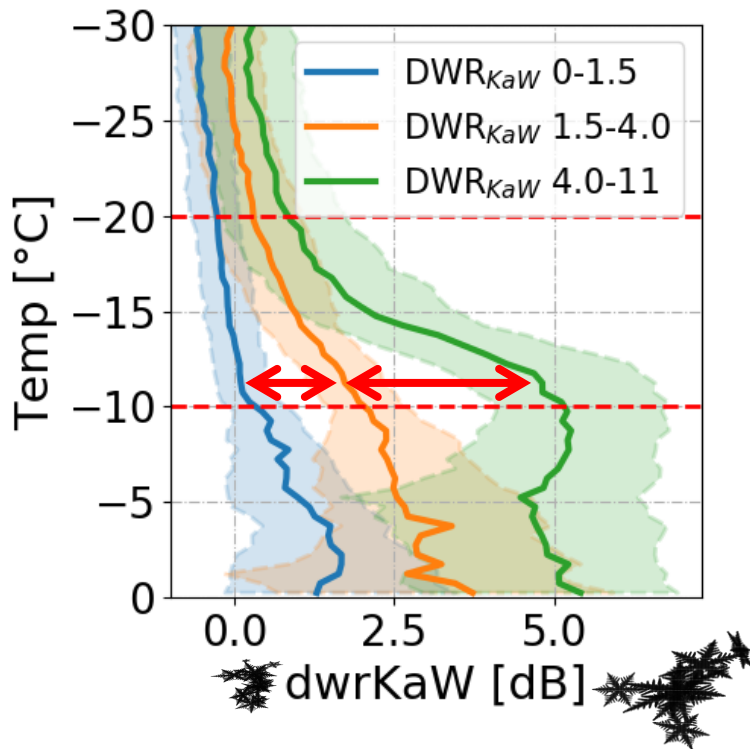
→ Statistical analysis of DGL combining multi-frequency Doppler radar observations with polarimetric Doppler cloud radar observations





# Correlation between enhanced DWR in DGL and other radar observables

How are aggregation and growth of ice crystals related?

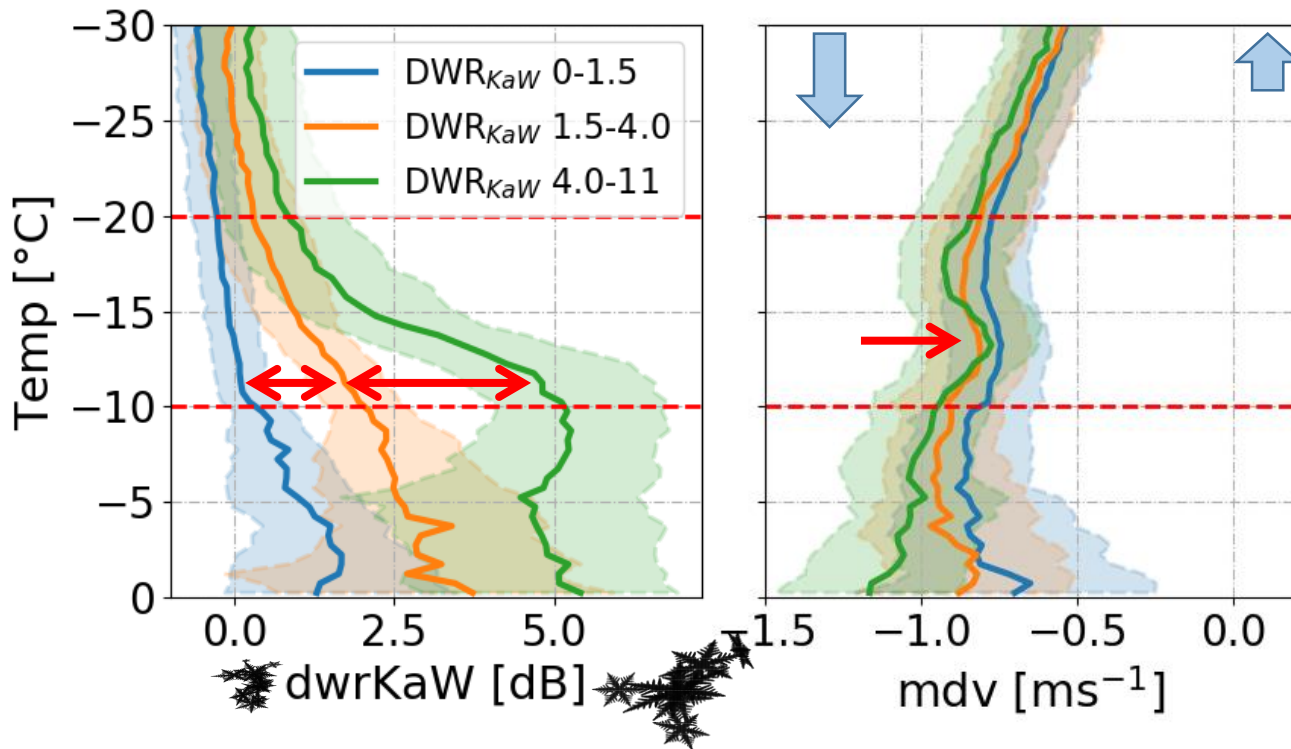


Increasing aggregate  
size with increasing  
DWR-KaW class



# Correlation between enhanced DWR in DGL and other radar observables

How are aggregation and growth of ice crystals related?



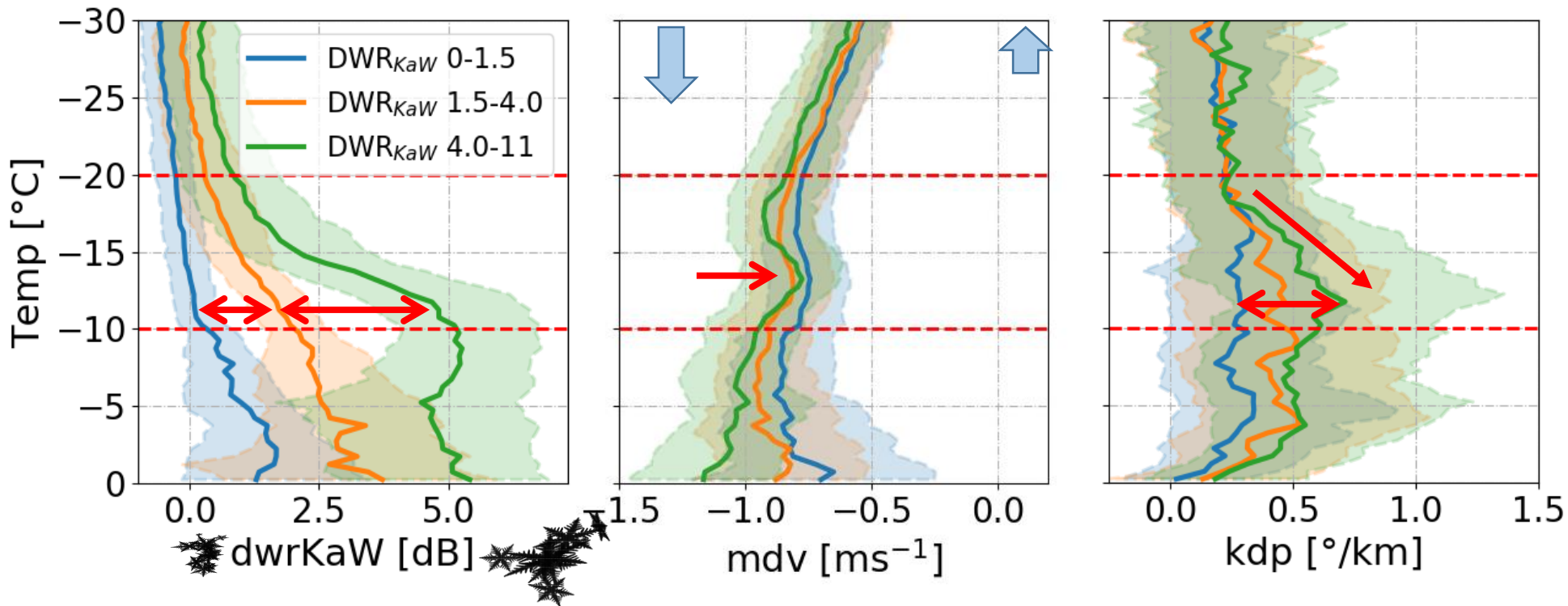
Increasing aggregate size with increasing DWR-KaW class

MDV reduction  
→ combination of **new mode of small particles** and updraft



# Correlation between enhanced DWR in DGL and other radar observables

How are aggregation and growth of ice crystals related?



Increasing aggregate size with increasing DWR-KaW class

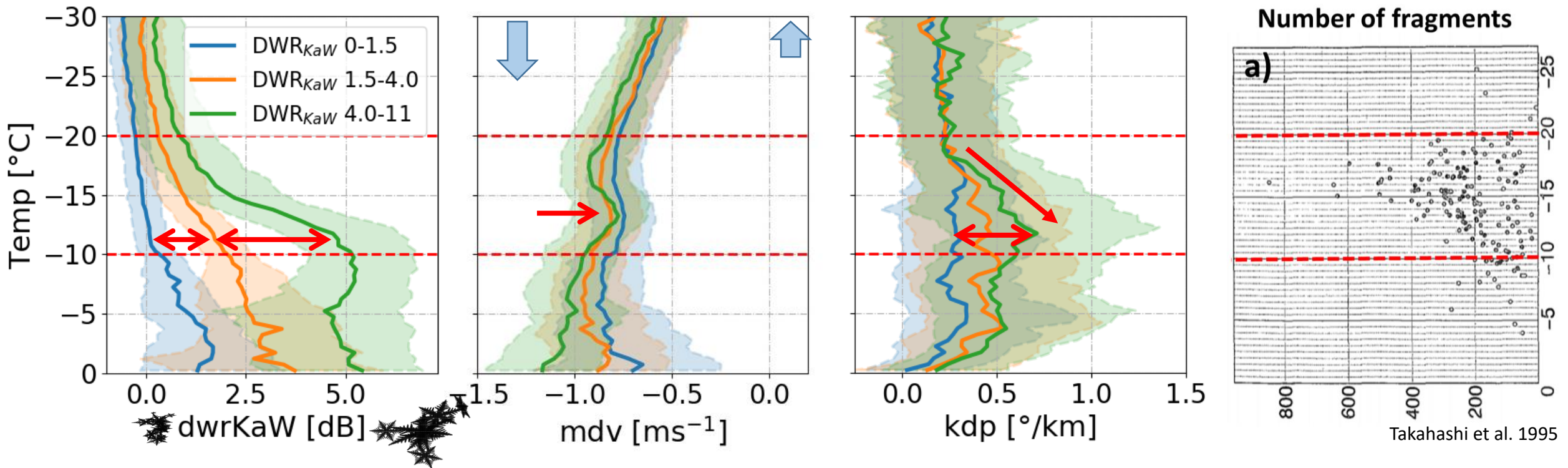
MDV reduction  
→ combination of **new mode of small particles** and updraft

- Concentration of small particles continuously increases in DGL
- stronger increase for larger aggregates



# Correlation between enhanced DWR in DGL and other radar observables

How are aggregation and growth of ice crystals related?

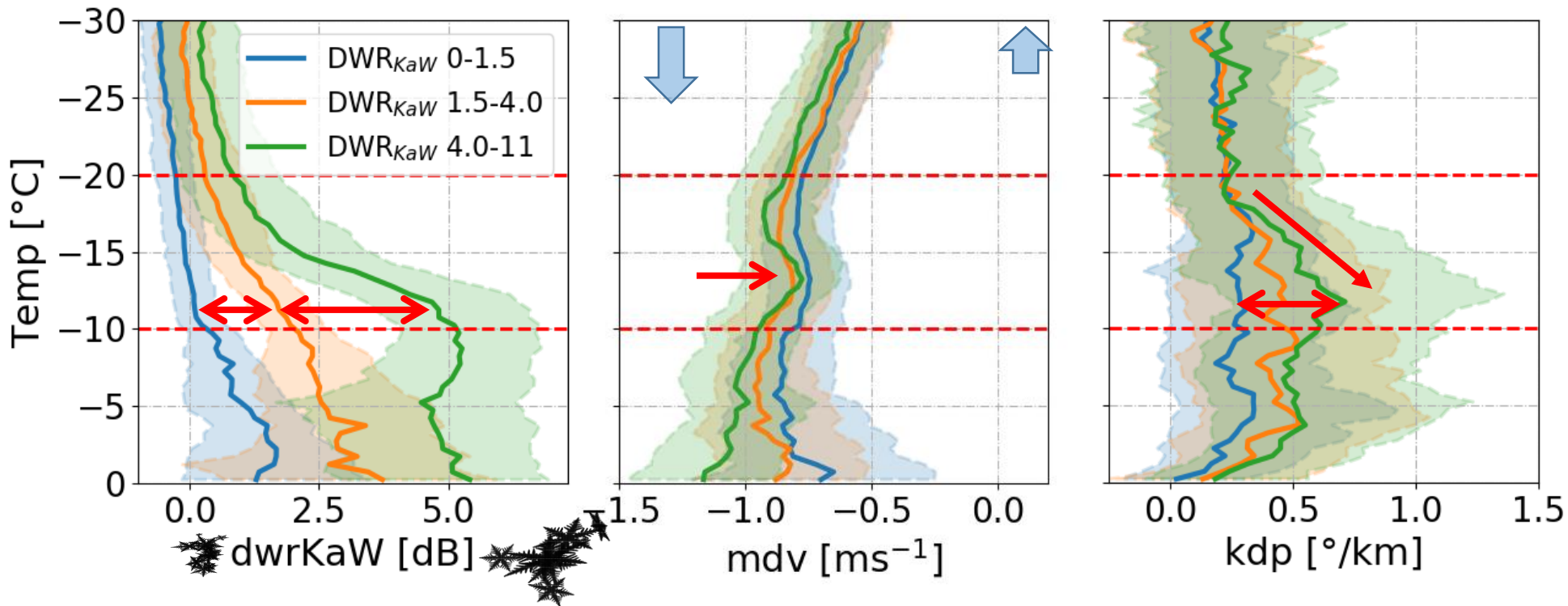


- Why is KDP increasing, aggregation should consume ice particles?  
→ **Hypothesis: Fragmentation during aggregation process**
    - Takahashi et al. 1993,1995: fragile arms growing on ice spheres were broken off during collision
  - Hypothesis can be further studied with e.g. Monte-Carlo Lagrangian particle models
- following talk by Jan-Niklas Welss**



# Correlation between enhanced DWR in DGL and other radar observables

How are aggregation and growth of ice crystals related?



von Terzi et al. 2022, ACP  
<https://acp.copernicus.org/preprints/acp-2022-263/>

- Why is KDP increasing, aggregation should consume ice particles?  
→ **Hypothesis: Fragmentation during aggregation process**  
→ Hypothesis can be further studied with e.g. Monte-Carlo Lagrangian particle models  
following talk by Jan-Niklas Welss

Further information: *von Terzi et al. 2022, ACP* (in review), contact me: [lterzi@uni-koeln.de](mailto:lterzi@uni-koeln.de)