



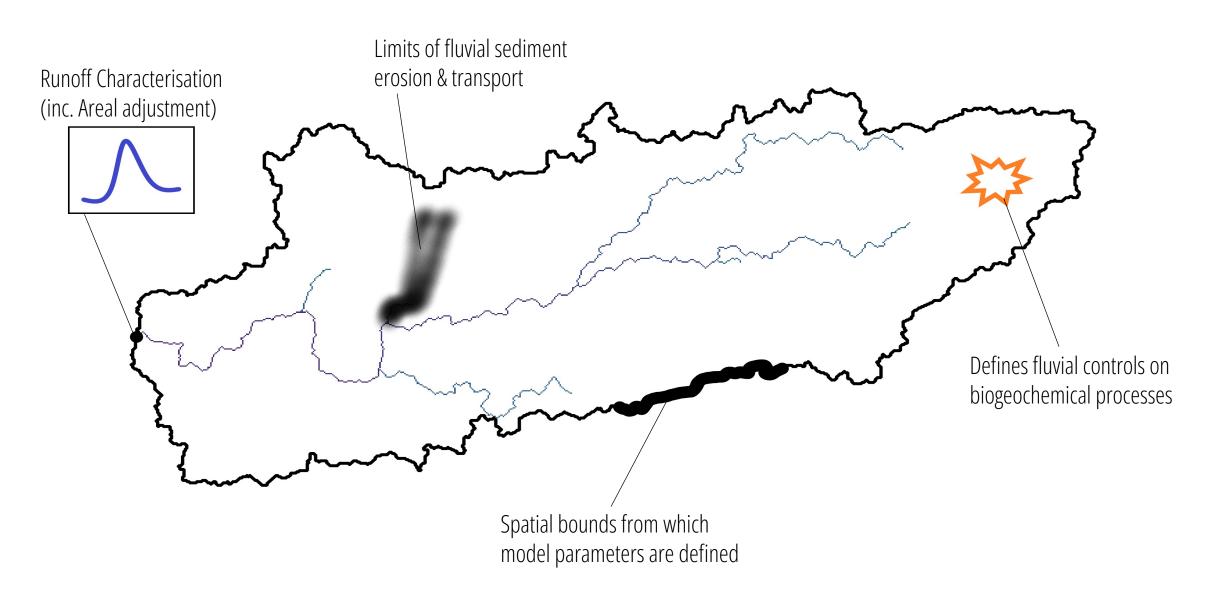


Uncertainty in Delineation of Peatland Micro-catchments

Adam Johnston¹, Emma Shuttleworth¹, Martin Evans¹, Tim Allott¹ and Mike Pilkington²

¹University of Manchester ²Moors for the Future Partnership

Micro-catchments



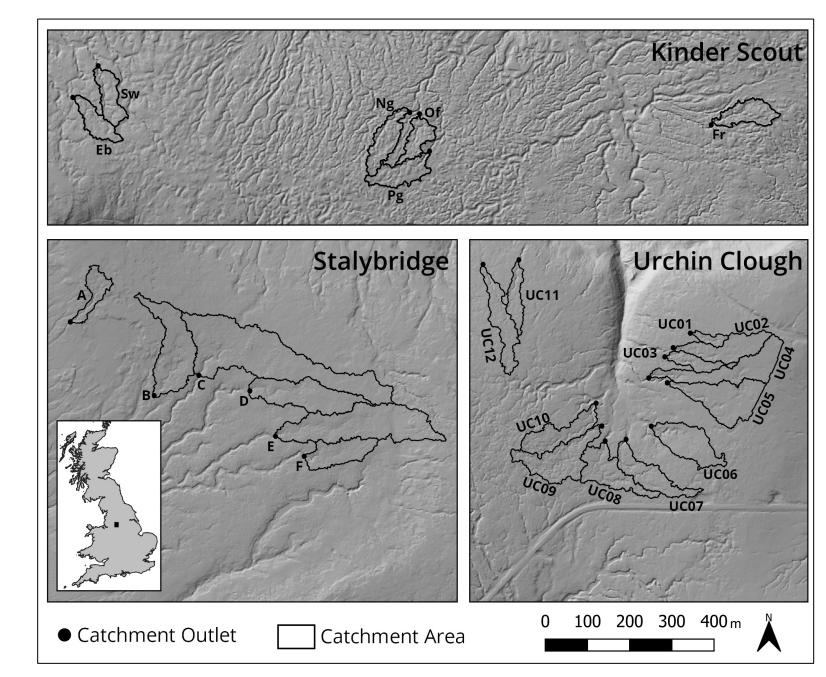
1m DTM (LiDAR)

0.25m DSM (Photogrammetry)

0.5m DSM 1m DSM

Elevation Accuracy (900 GCPs)

Study Area & Data



PDF used to generate Random Field (RF) 2. Simulations Window size based on semivariogram range Mean filter RF Difference from Provide spatial autocorrelation of DEM error No error relationship with Mean Elevation topographic variables Slope 1.Characterising **DEM Error** Aspect 1000 RFs generated per DEM. Result is 1000 potential realisations of each DEM Methods Fitted to Probability Distribution Function (PDF) Asymmetric Laplace best fit for all DEMs For each original DEM 3.Watershed

delineation

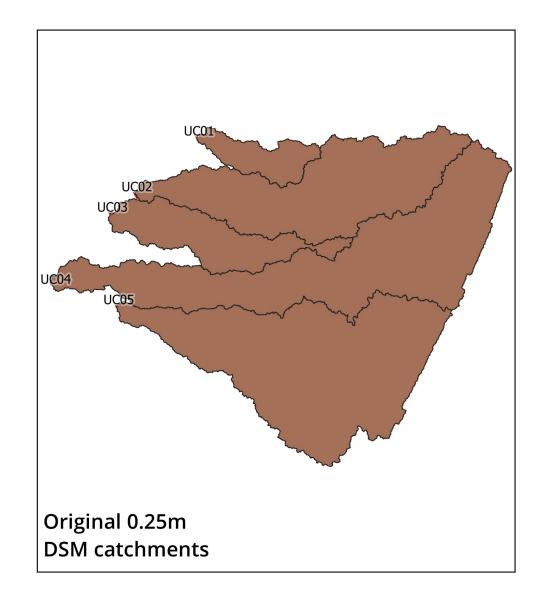
For each simulated DEM realisation

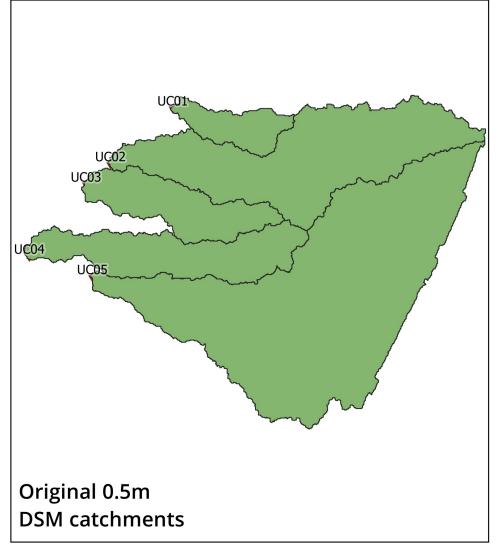
		0.25m DSM	0.5m DSM	1m DSM	1m DTM	range
Kinder Scout	Eb	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.53	0.01
	Sd	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.60	0.01
	Ng	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.69	0.01
	Of	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.47	0.01
	Pg	0.68	0.68	0.68	0.67	0.01
	Fr	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.01
Urchin Clough	UC01	0.17	0.17	0.28	0.40	0.23
	UC02	0.91	1.04	0.93	0.79	0.25
	UC03	0.37	0.36	0.35	0.57	0.22
	UC04	1.28	0.50	1.43	0.31	1.13
	UC05	1.39	2.07	1.22	2.12	0.90
	UC06	1.02	0.99	1.69	2.00	1.01
	UC07	0.86	0.87	0.83	1.42	0.59
	UC08	0.95	0.91	0.98	0.66	0.32
	UC09	1.22	1.28	1.27	1.32	0.10
	UC10	0.86	0.97	0.96	0.71	0.26
	UC11	0.43	0.43	0.62	0.41	0.20
	UC12	0.85	0.53	0.65	0.94	0.42
Stalybridge	Α	0.46	0.49	0.45	0.98	0.52
	В	1.63	1.60	1.21	1.20	0.43
	С	4.00	4.00	4.45	3.72	0.73
	D	1.49	1.66	1.73	2.71	1.22
	Е	2.52	2.32	2.39	1.51	1.00
	F	0.82	0.81	0.82	0.79	0.03

Consistent in extensively gullied peat (well defined morphology)

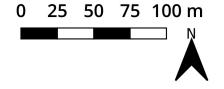
Variability between different DEM type and resolutions

Catchment areas from the original DEMs

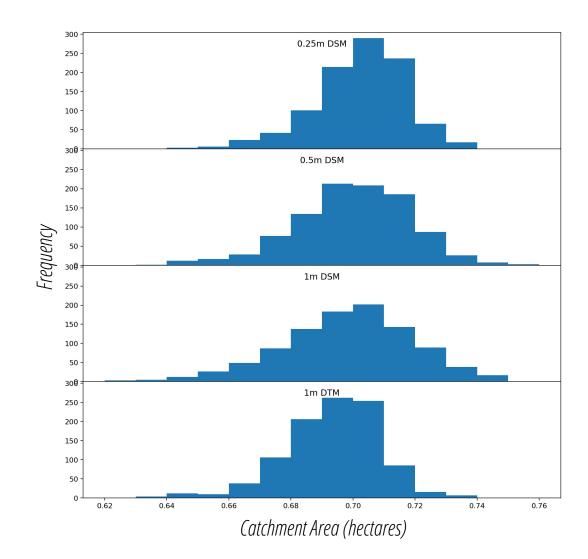


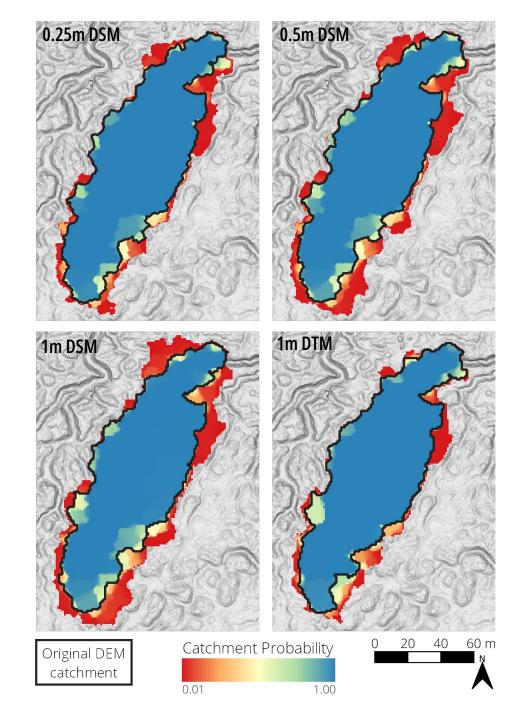


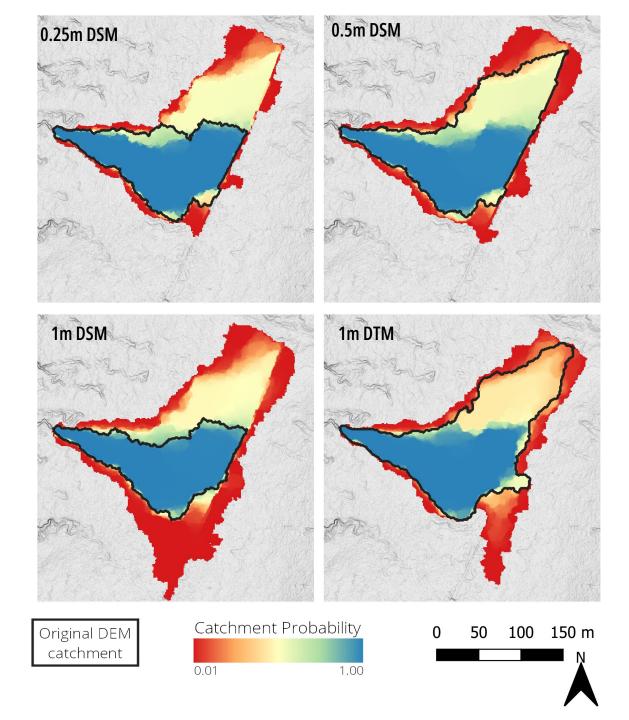
Catchment delineated from the original 0.25m DSM and resampled to 0.5m result in marked difference for UC04 and UC05



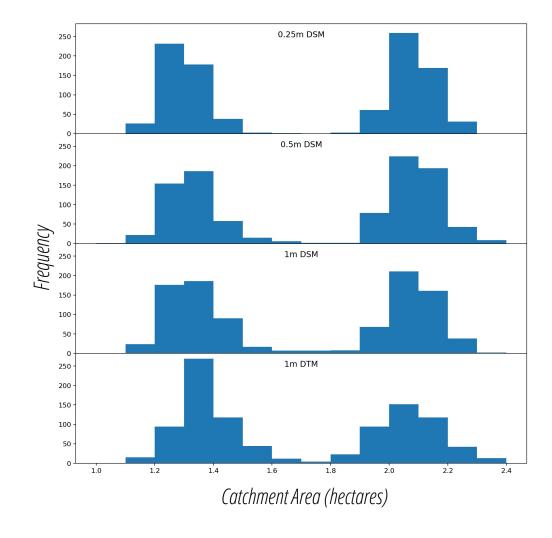
Simulation results from a degraded catchment (Ng):







Simulation results from a relatively intact catchment (UC05)



Implications

Micro-catchment delineations are more sensitive to DEM error in more intact peatlands

DSM suited for catchment delineation in low-canopy environments

Uncertainty in micro-catchment area may **propagate error** to hydrological analyses (e.g. water balance calculations)

Field assessment of watershed should be carried out where possible

Uncertainty in catchment areas.. Certainly time for an Ottakringer!



@GeoJohnst



Adam.Johnston@Manchester.ac.uk





The University of Manchester