

Cold-water coral records of temperature and circulation in the Northeast Atlantic intermediate waters over the past 35 thousand years

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LAURA F. ROBINSON

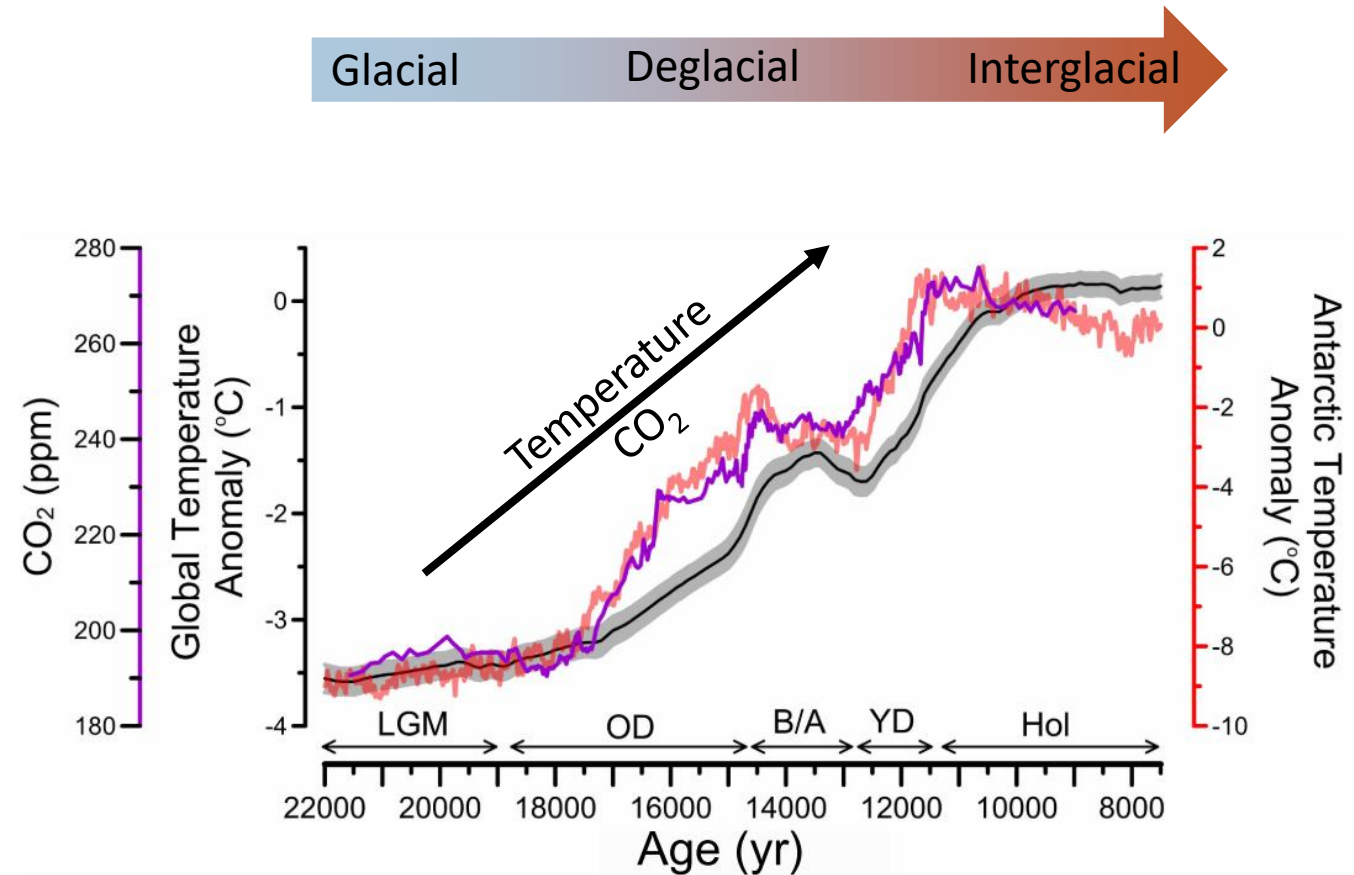
JOSEPH A. STEWART

JAMES KERSHAW

YUN-JU SUN

Motivation

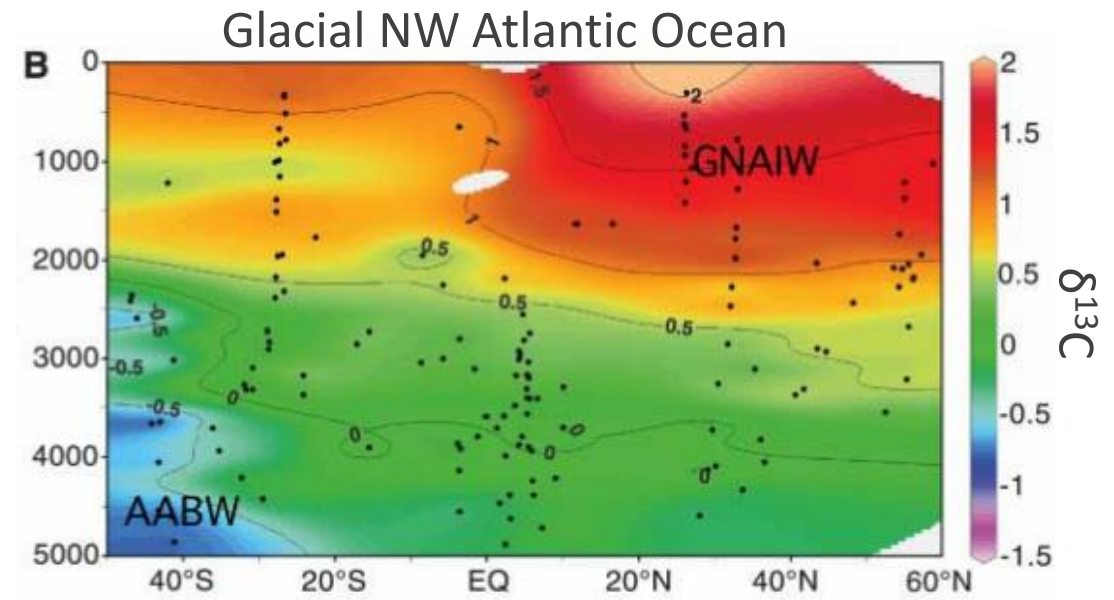
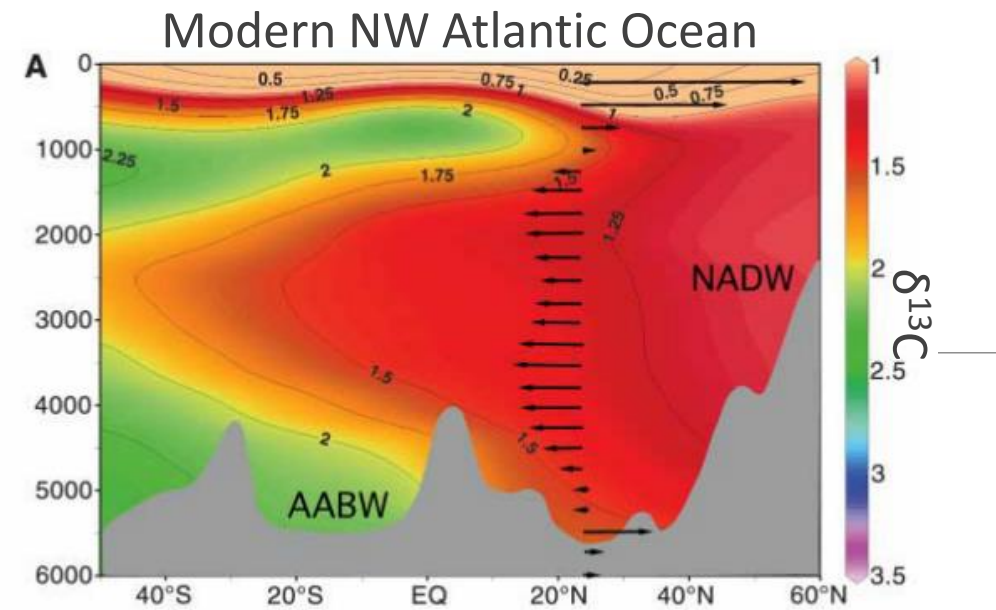
- Better understand the link between ocean and climate
- Ocean regulates the climate:
 - Transport, absorption/release of heat and gases
- Paleorecords of climate system:
- Ice cores: correlated increase atmospheric temperatures and greenhouse gases (CO_2)



Marcott et al. (2014)

Motivation

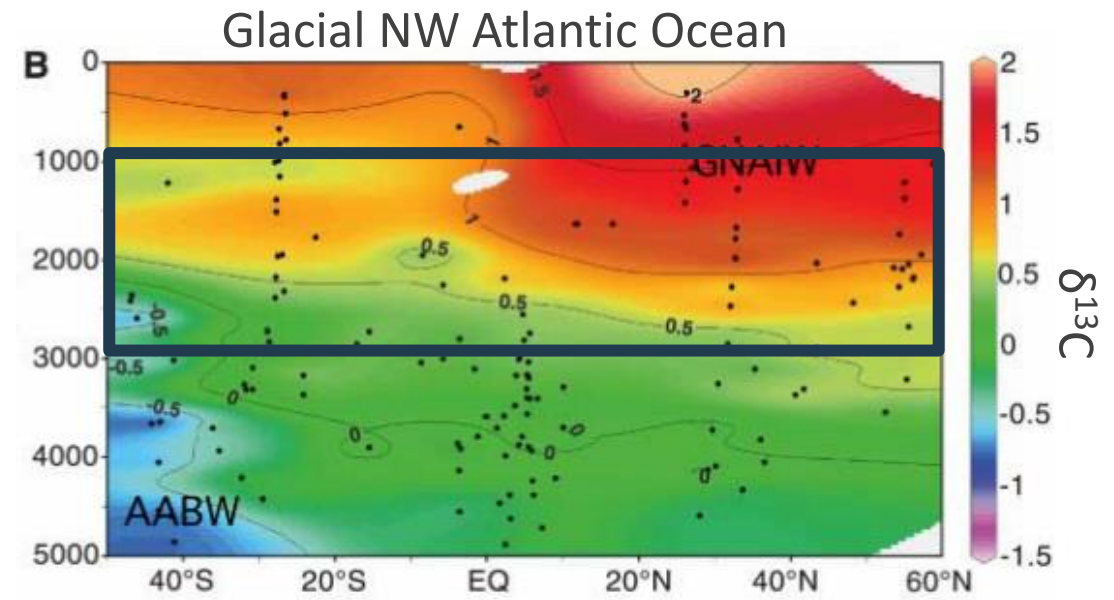
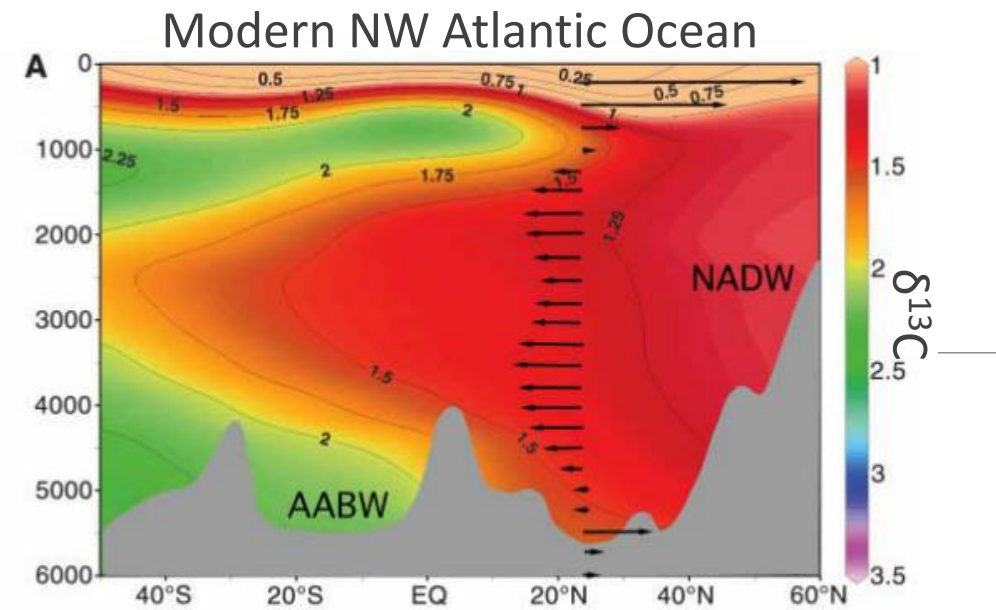
- Past climate → oceanic changes
- Different ocean configuration



Lynch-Stieglitz et al. (2007)

Motivation

- Past climate → oceanic changes
- Different ocean configuration
- **Need** of intermediate depths records



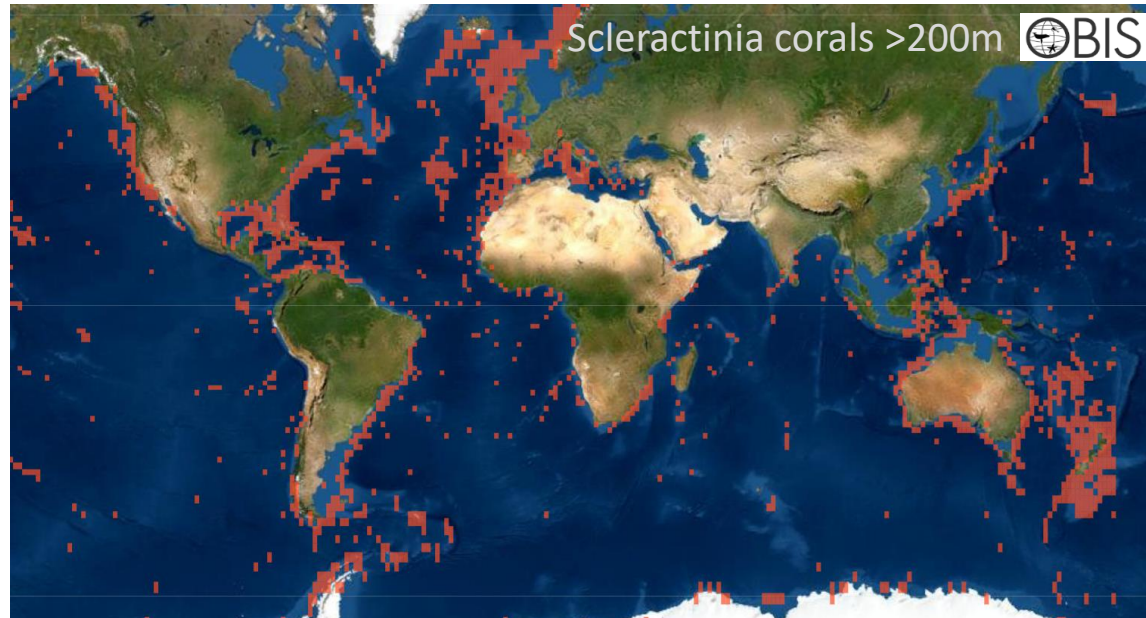
Lynch-Stieglitz et al. (2007)

Cold-water corals: marine climatic archives

Live in **intermediate depths range** and **worldwide** distribution

Aragonitic skeleton → **Precisely and accurately dated**: U-Th dating

→ **Geochemical properties**: ^{14}C , elemental ratios

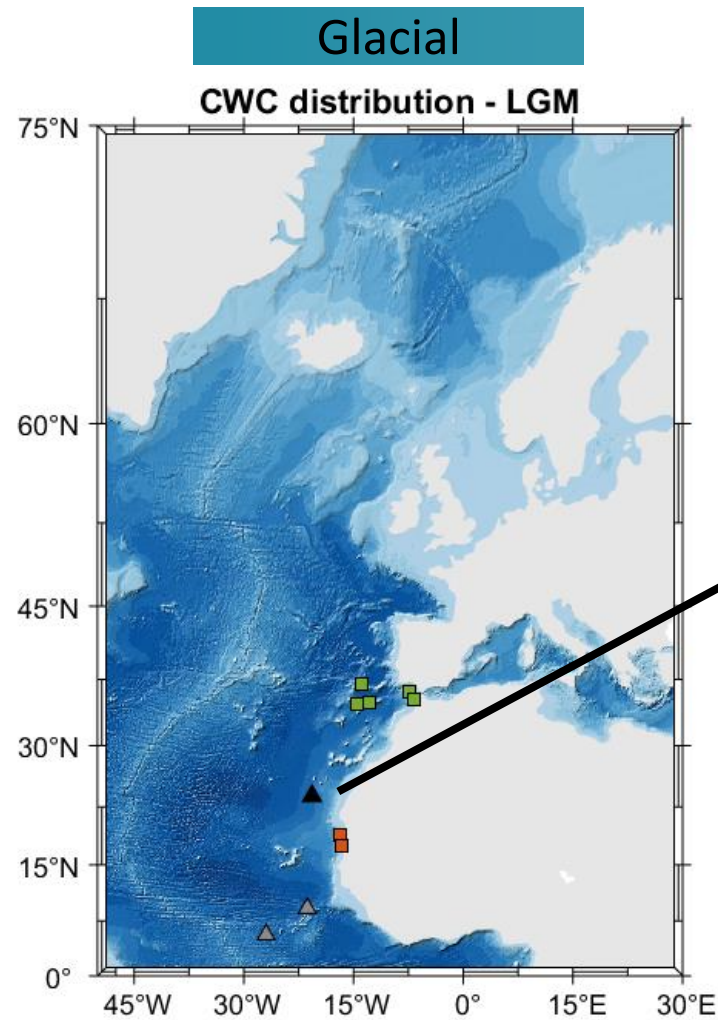
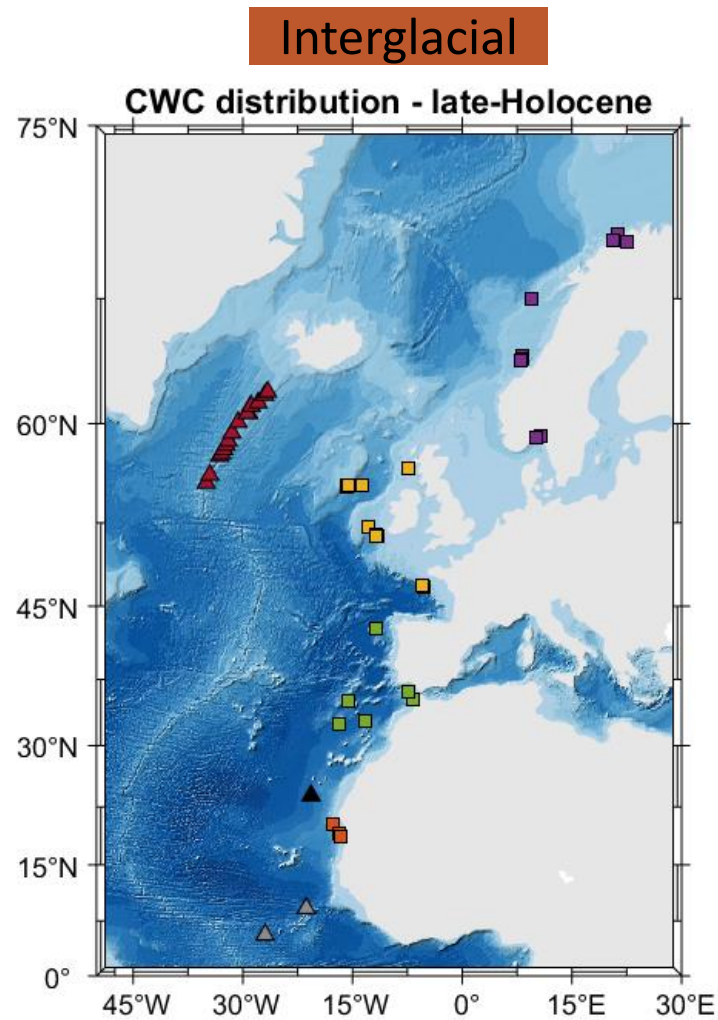


Javania sp.



Desmophyllum dianthus

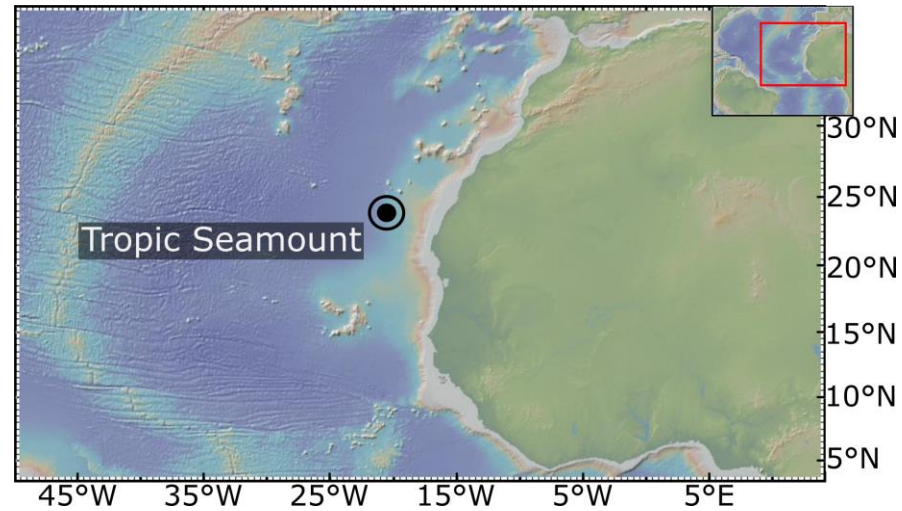
Past cold-water coral distribution – NE Atlantic



**Tropic Seamount
(this study)**

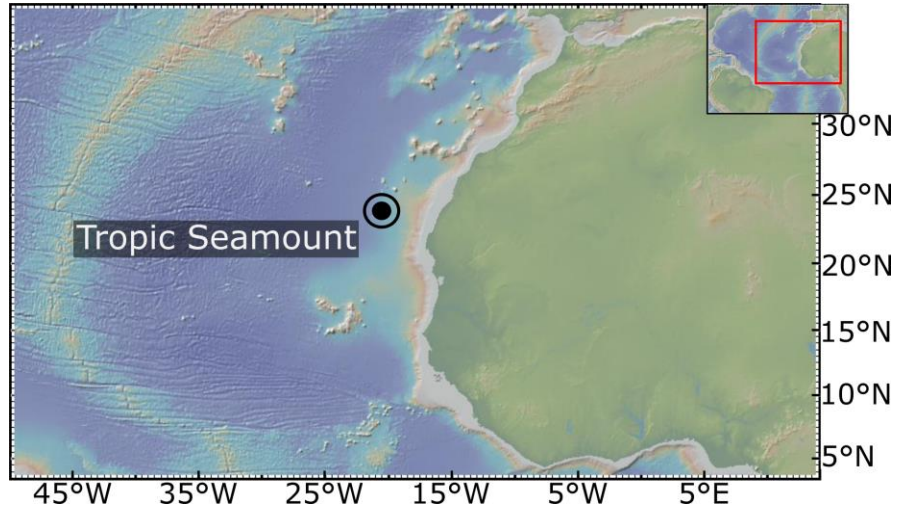
de Carvalho Ferreira et al. (in Review).
Deep Sea Research Part I

Tropic Seamount (23°N, 21°W)

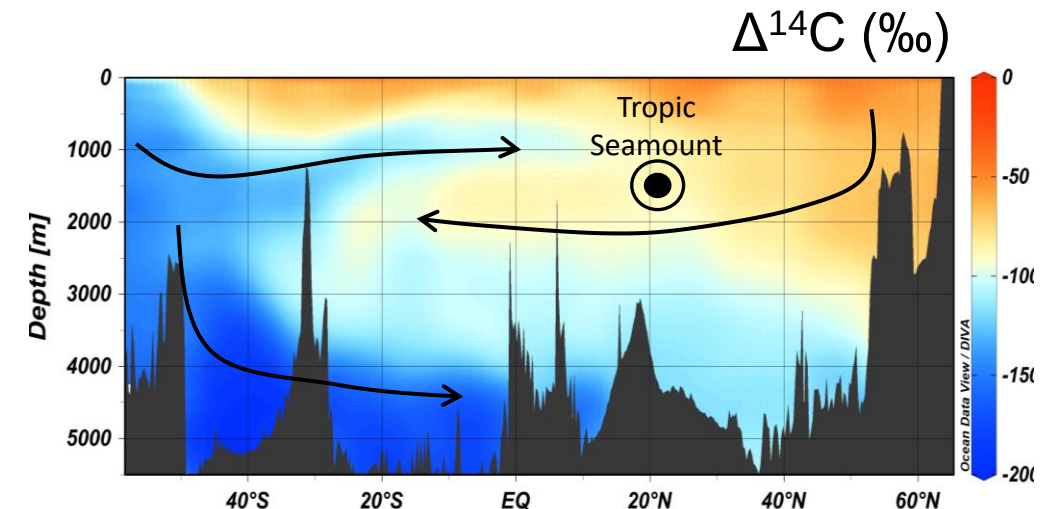


- 36 corals from 970 m to 1800 m
- **U-Th ages**

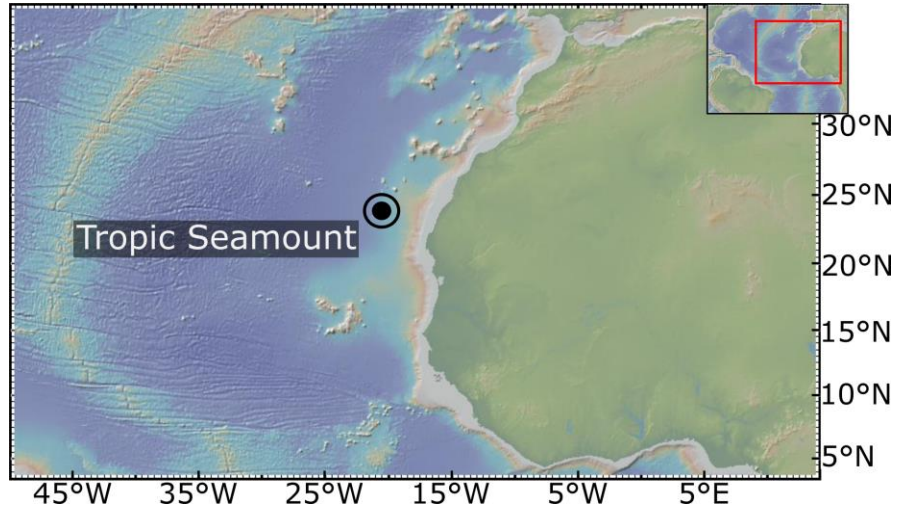
Tropic Seamount (23°N, 21°W)



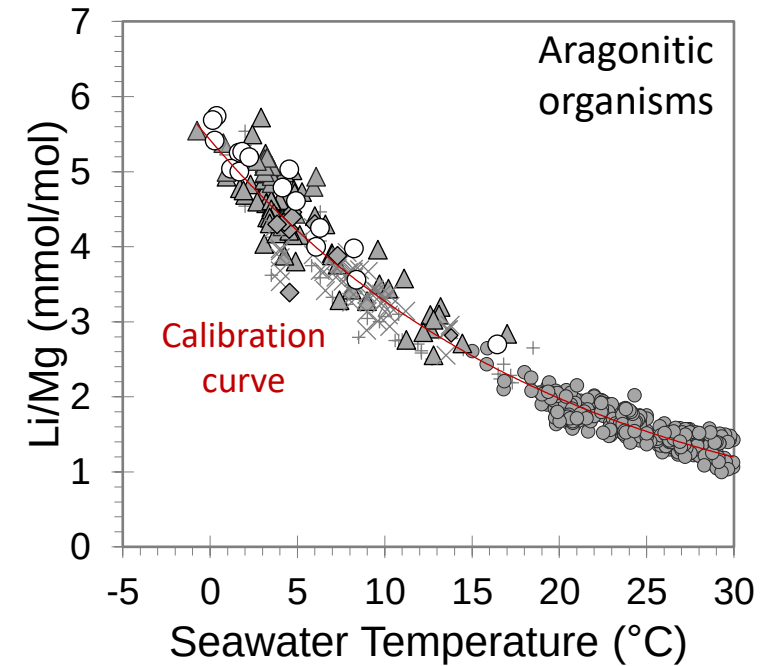
- 36 corals from 970 m to 1800 m
- **U-Th ages**
- **Radiocarbon (oceanic circulation)**



Tropic Seamount (23°N, 21°W)



- 36 corals from 970 m to 1800 m
- **U-Th ages**
- **Radiocarbon**
- **Li/Mg (temperature)**

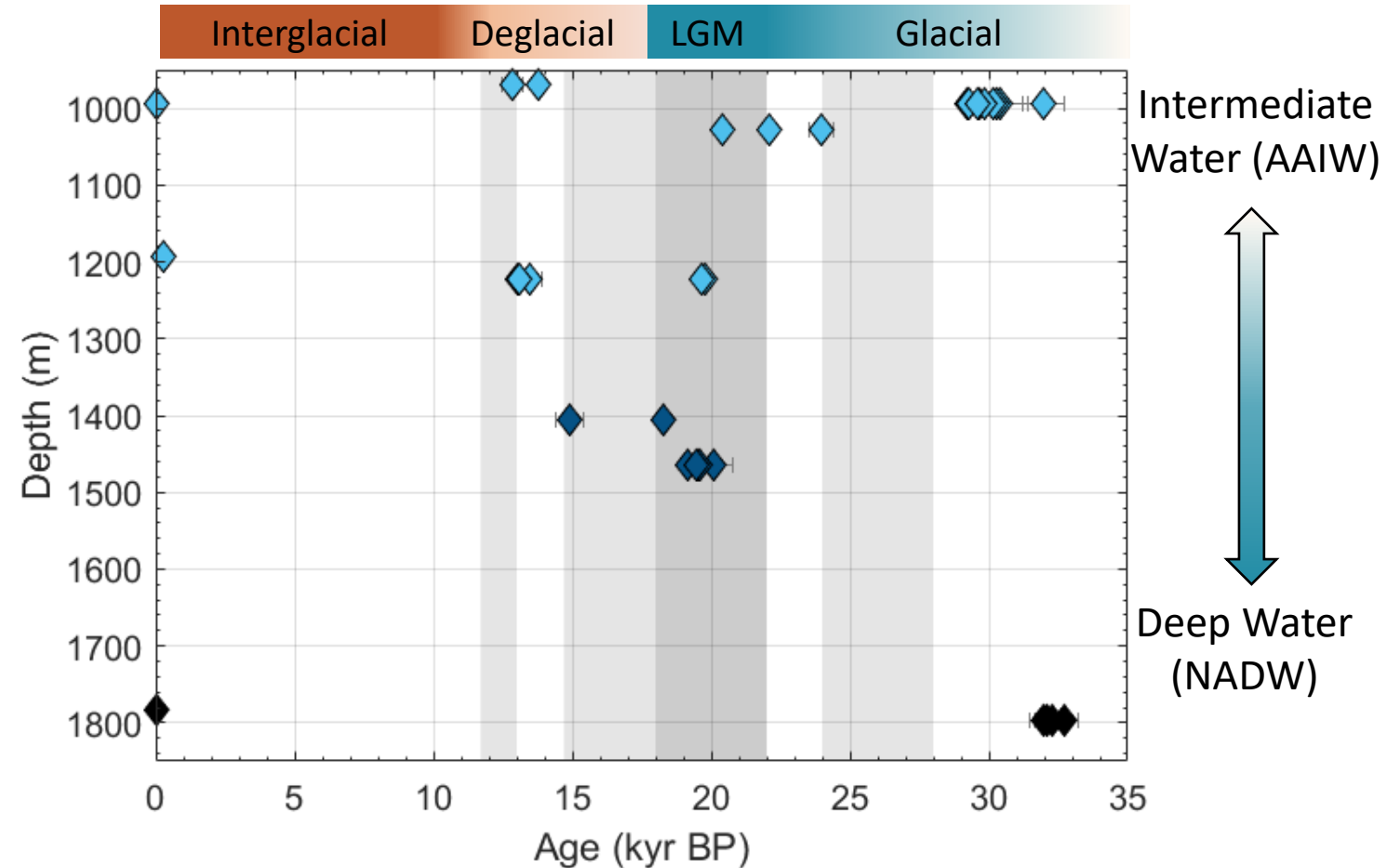
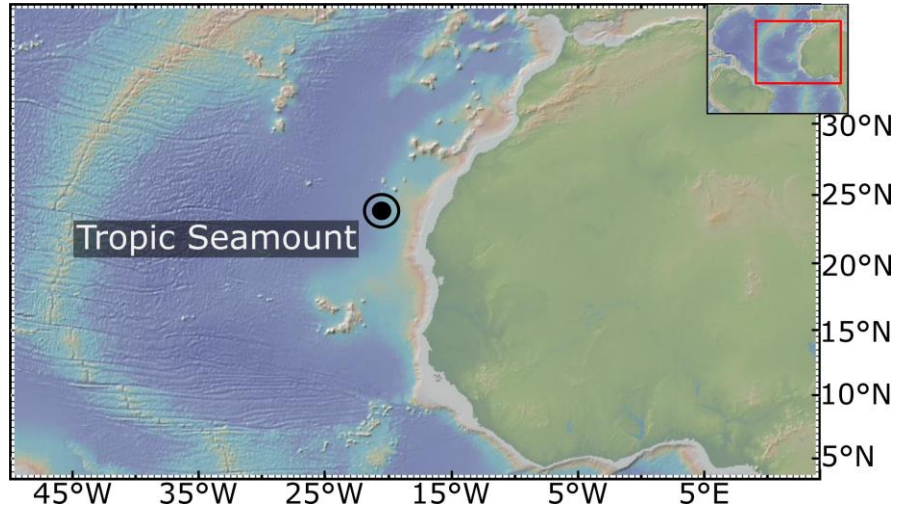


$$\text{Li/Mg} = 5.42 e^{(-0.05 T)}$$

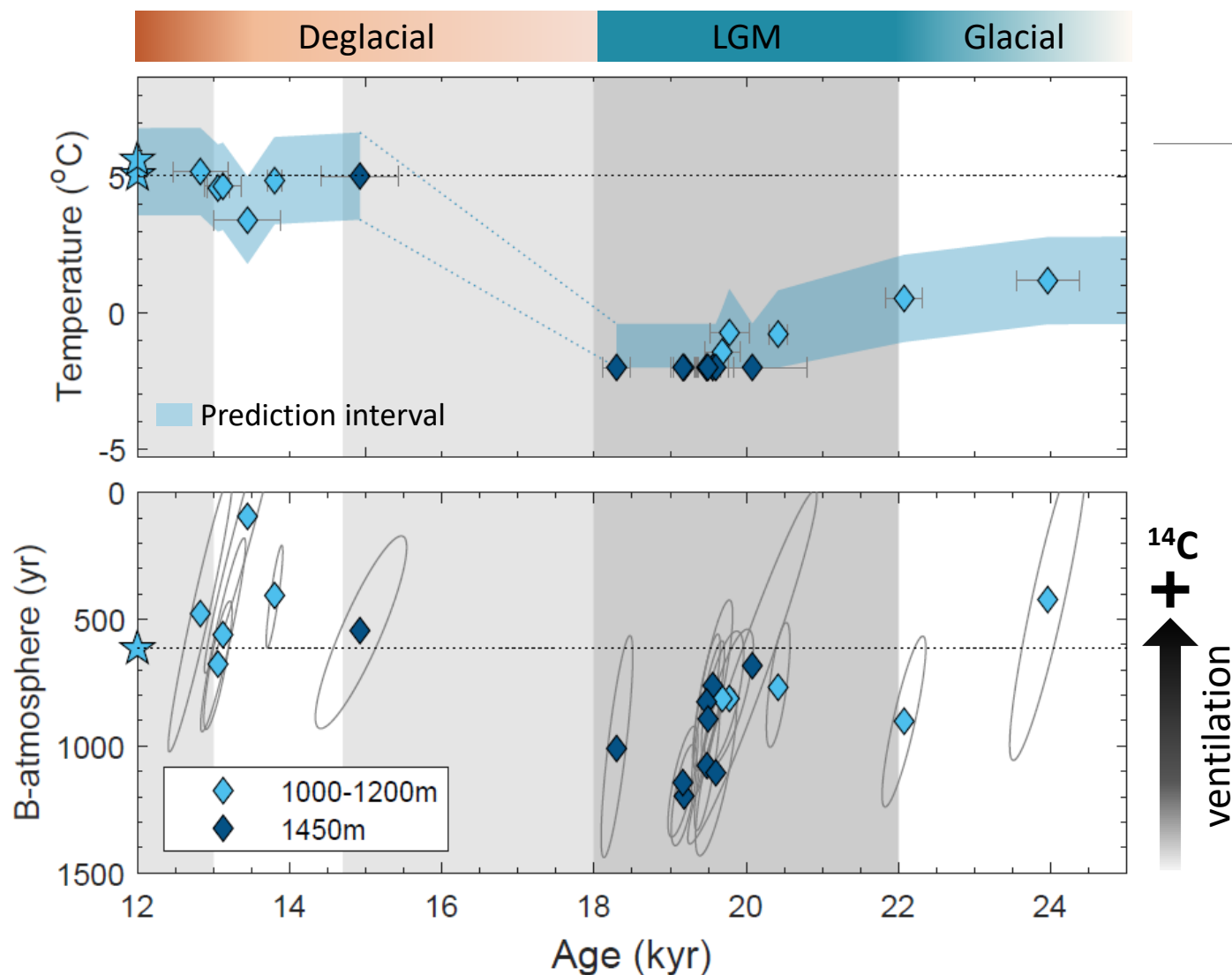
Stewart et al. (2020)

Tropic Seamount

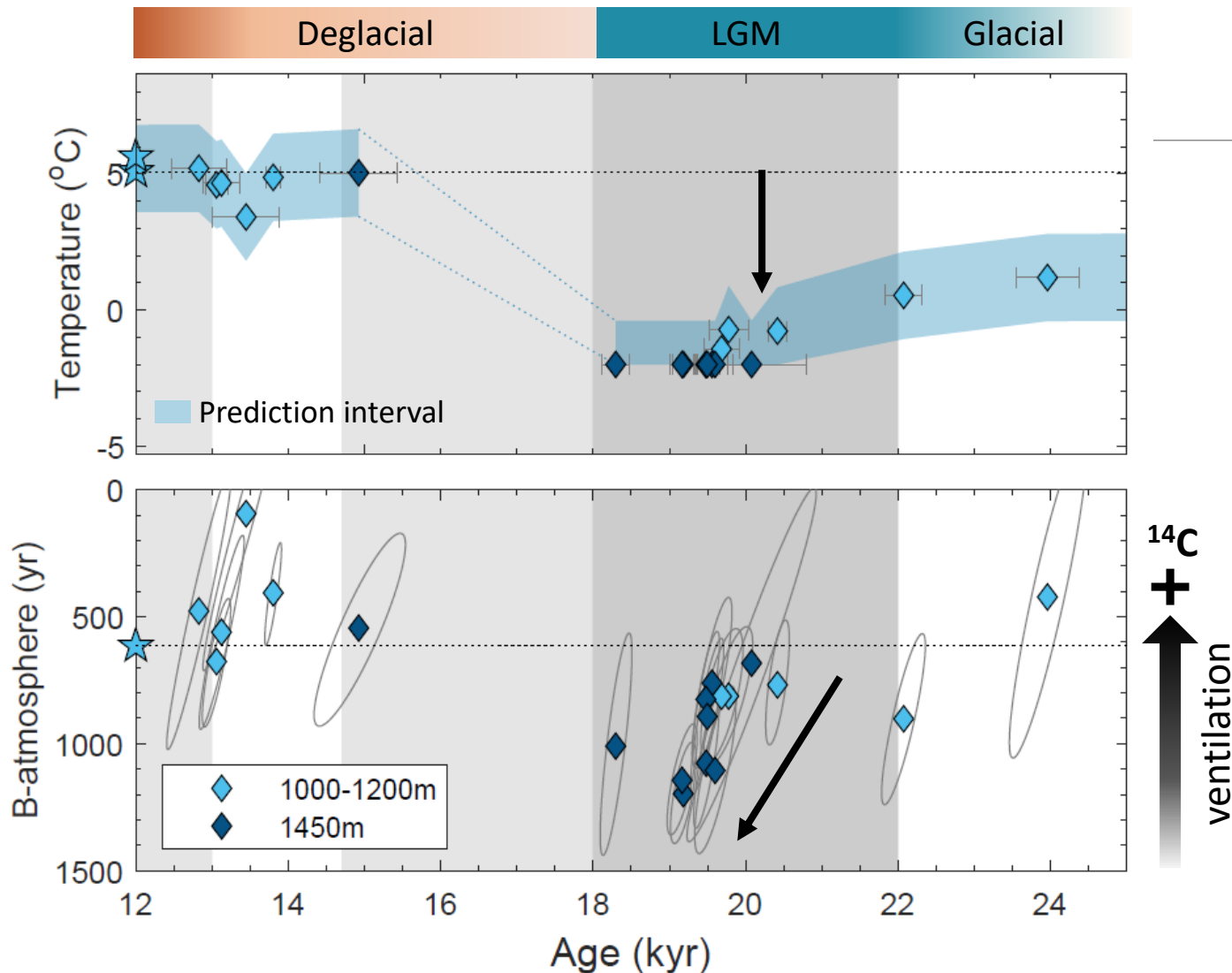
U-Th ages



Tropic Seamount Fossil record

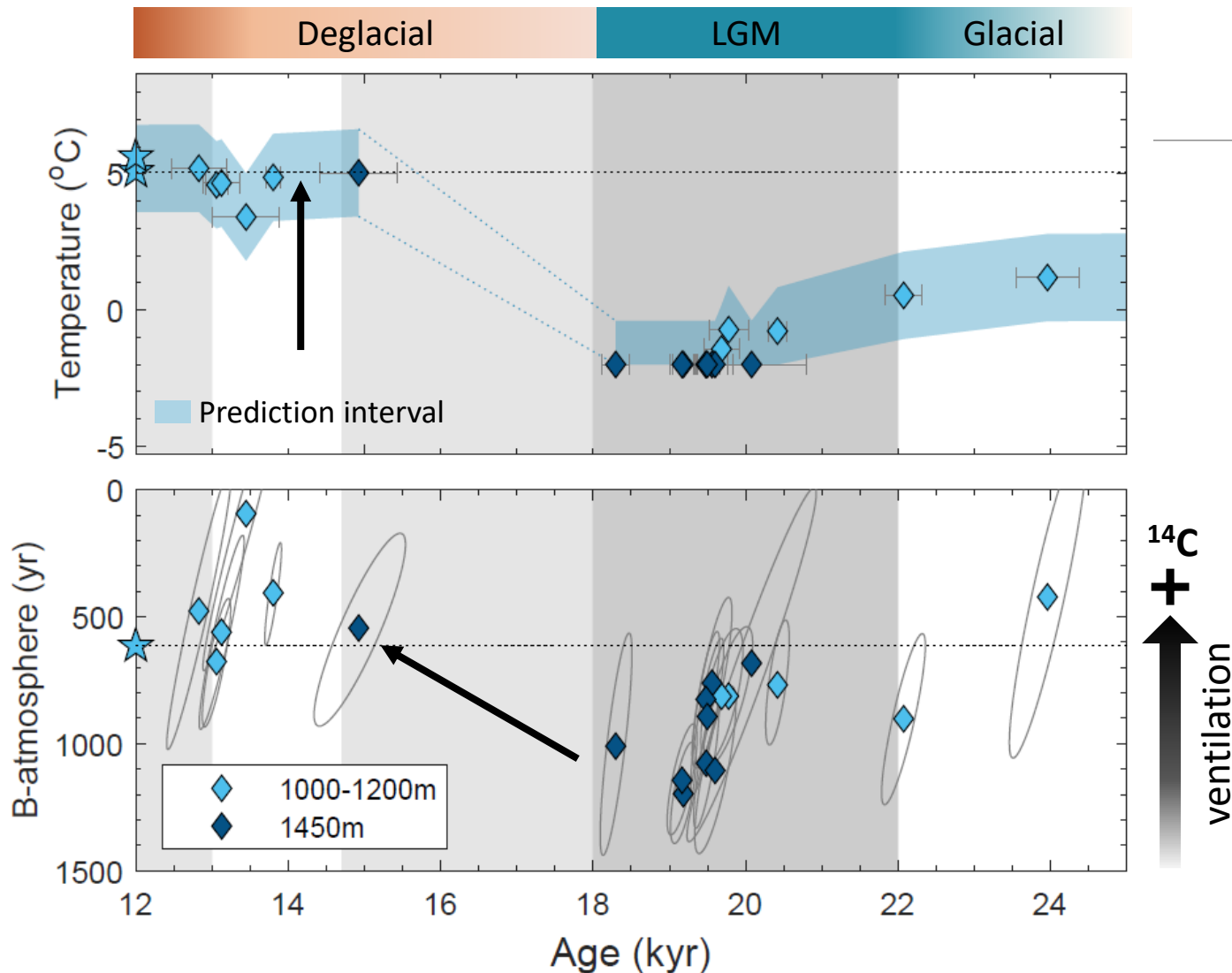


Tropic Seamount Fossil record



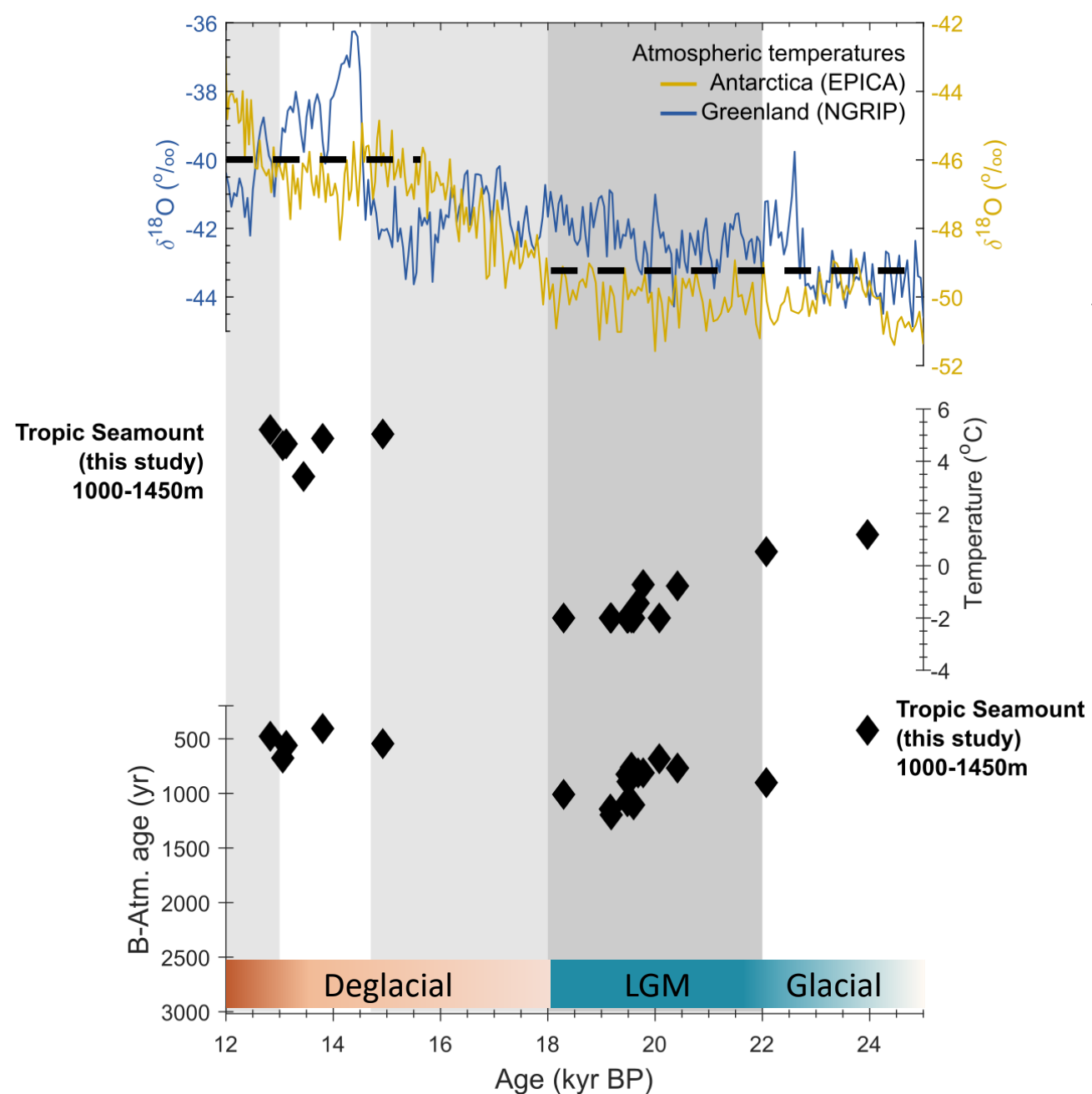
- **Last Glacial Maximum (LGM):**
 - Rapid ^{14}C decrease
 - Cold temperatures

Tropic Seamount Fossil record



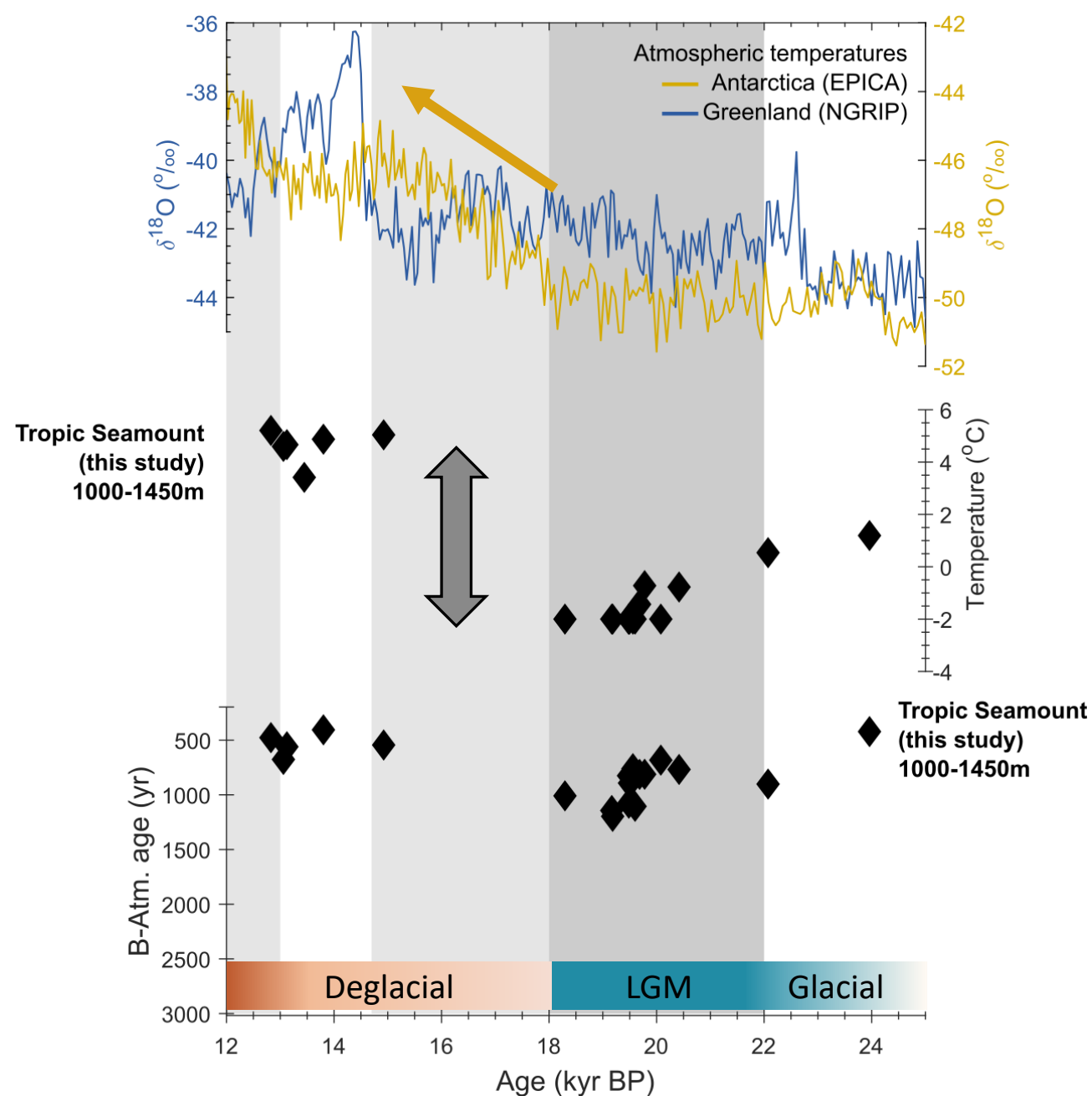
- **Last Glacial Maximum (LGM):**
 - Rapid ^{14}C decrease
 - Cold temperatures
- **Deglaciation:**
 - Modern-like ^{14}C
 - Modern-like temperatures ($\sim 5^\circ\text{C}$)

Discussion



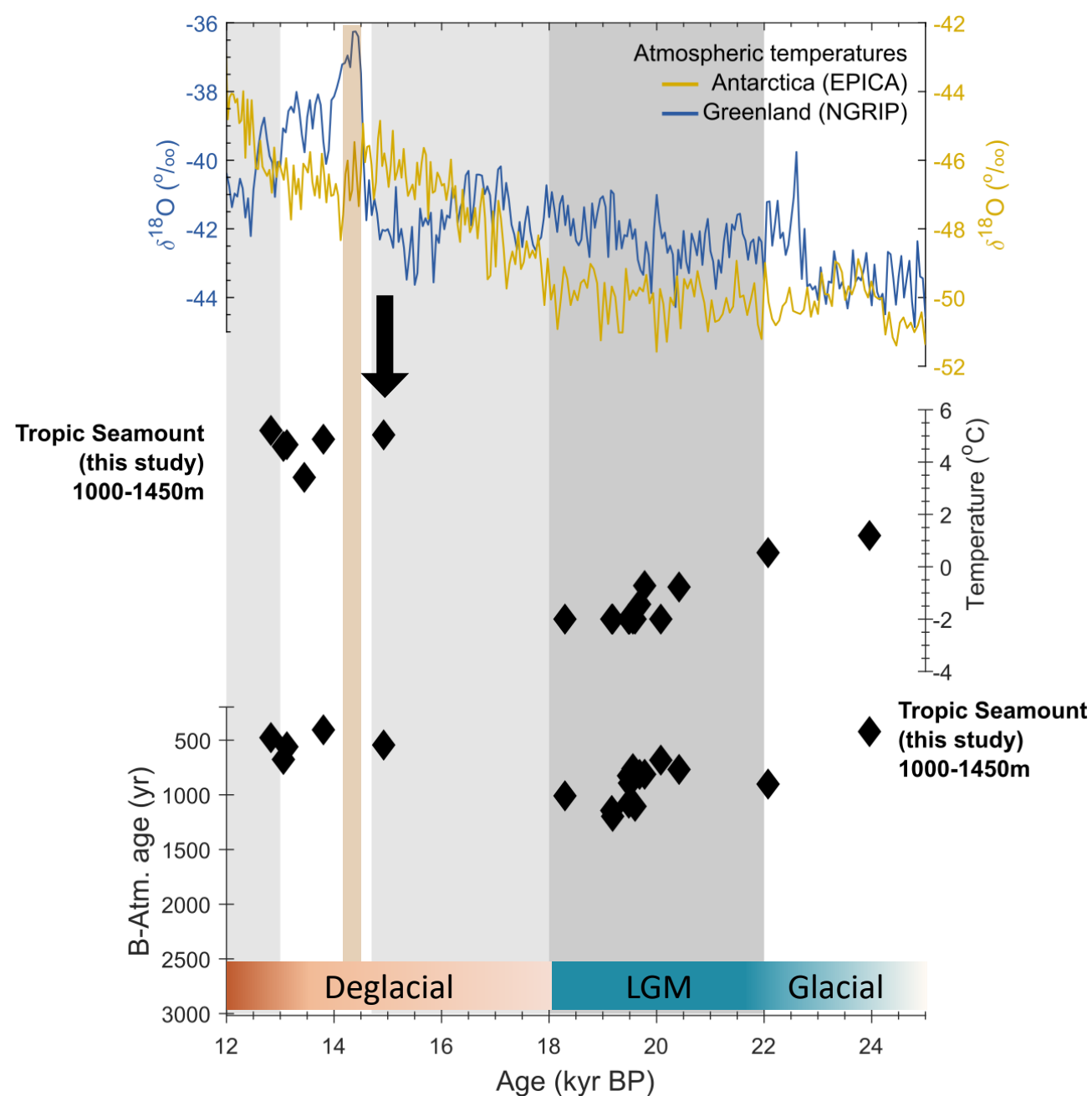
- **Glacial vs deglacial:**
 - Agreement with atmospheric records

Discussion

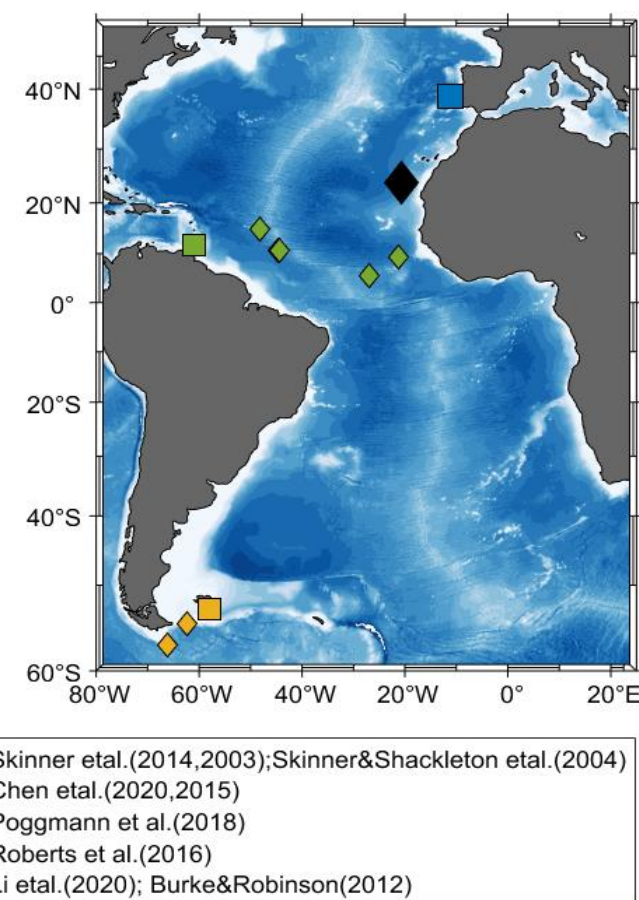
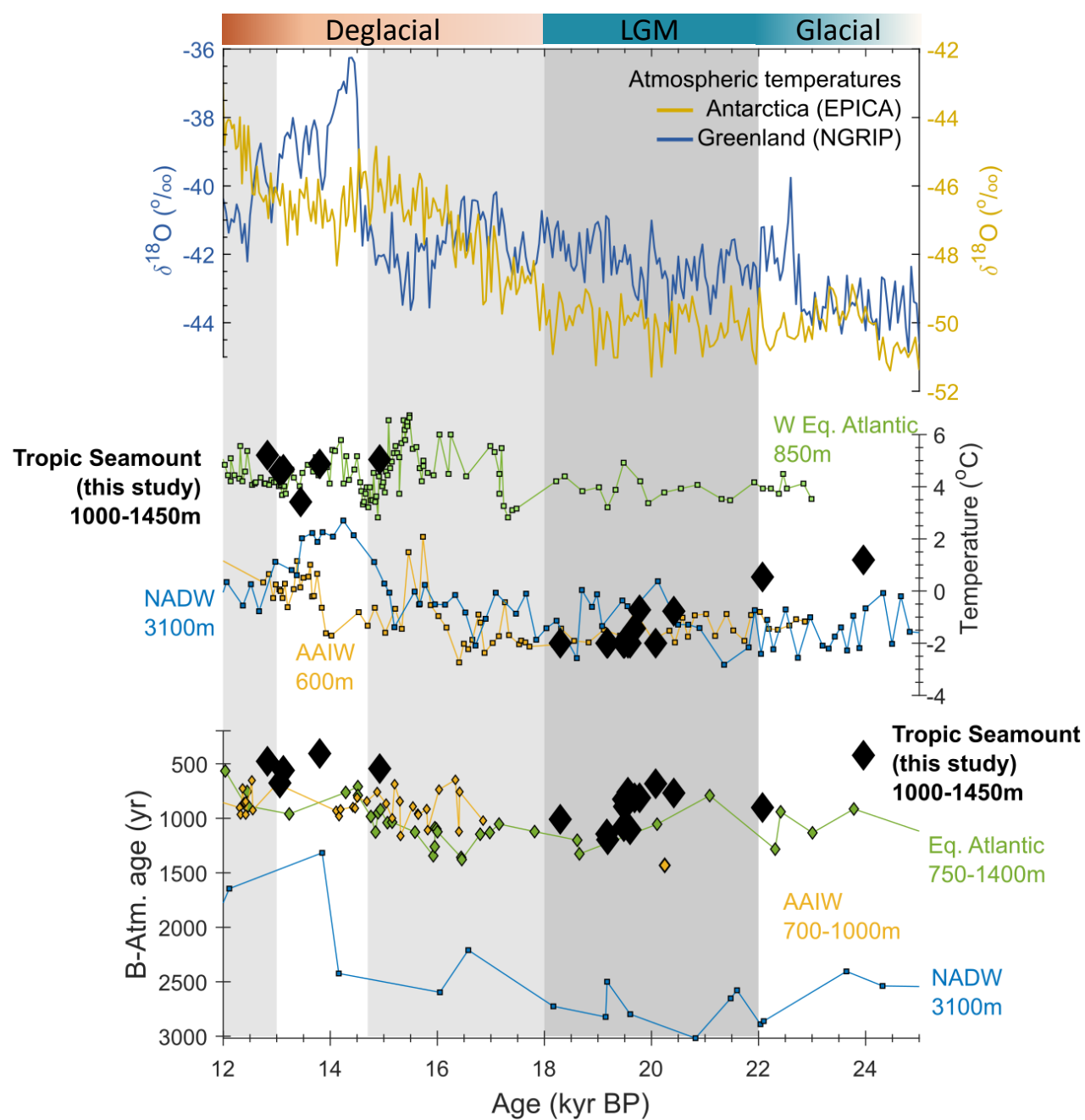


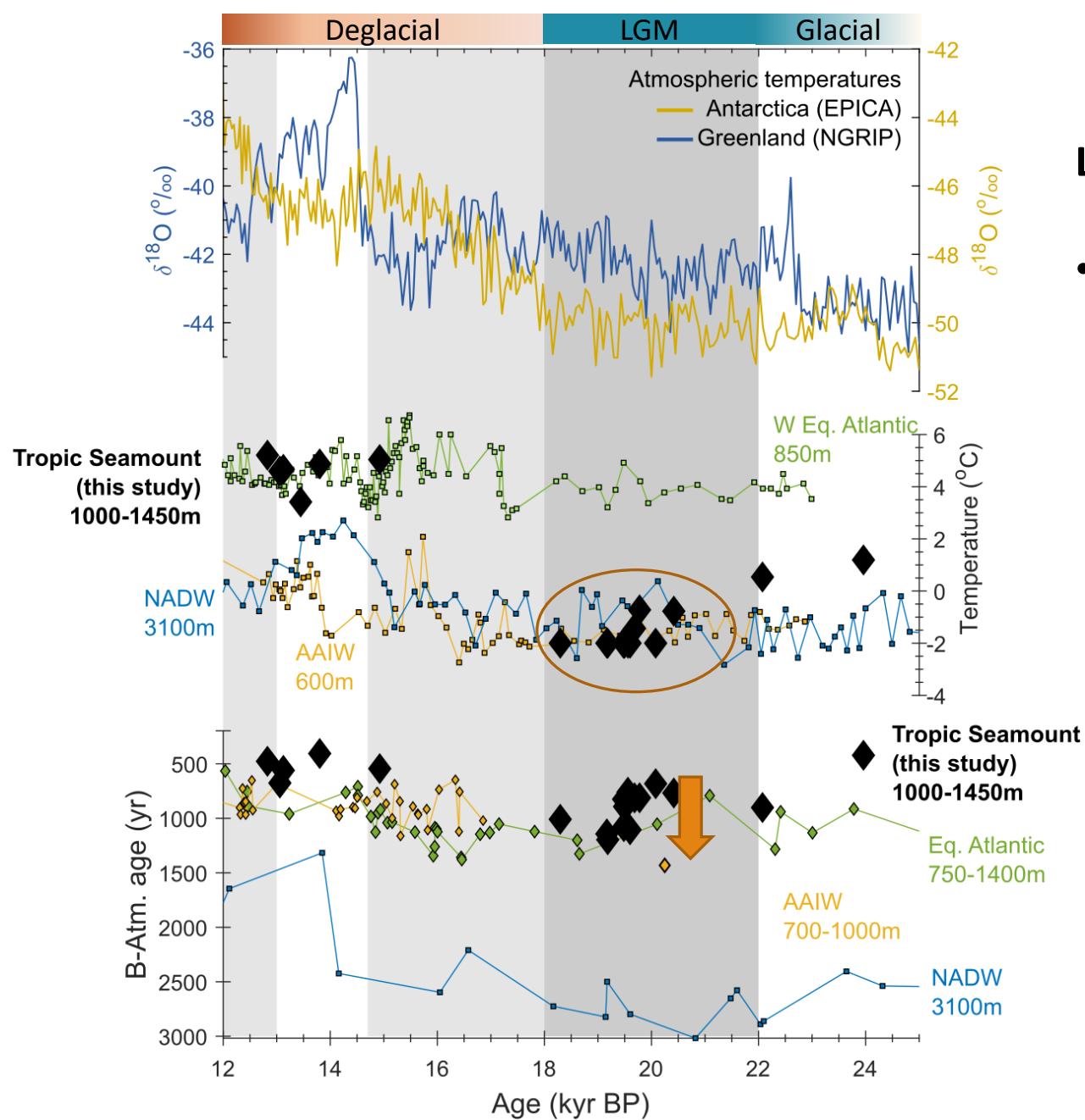
- **Glacial vs deglacial:**
 - Agreement with atmospheric records
- **Deglaciation:**
 - Warmer temperatures
 - **contemporaneous** with warming atmosphere at Southern Hemisphere

Discussion



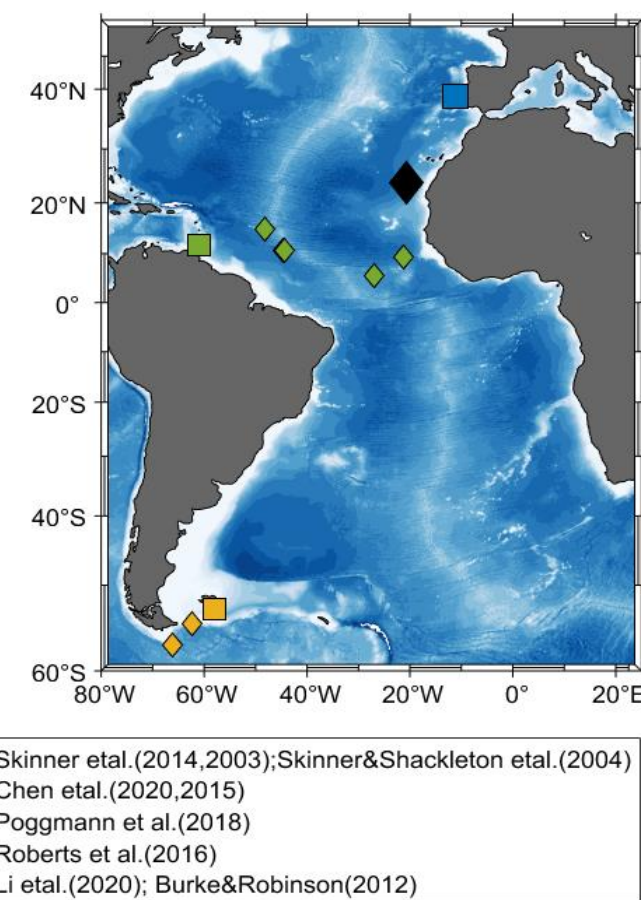
- **Glacial vs deglacial:**
 - Agreement with atmospheric records
- **Deglaciation:**
 - Warmer temperatures
 - **contemporaneous** with warming atmosphere at Southern Hemisphere
- Intermediate ocean warmer **before** warming peak at Northern Hemisphere

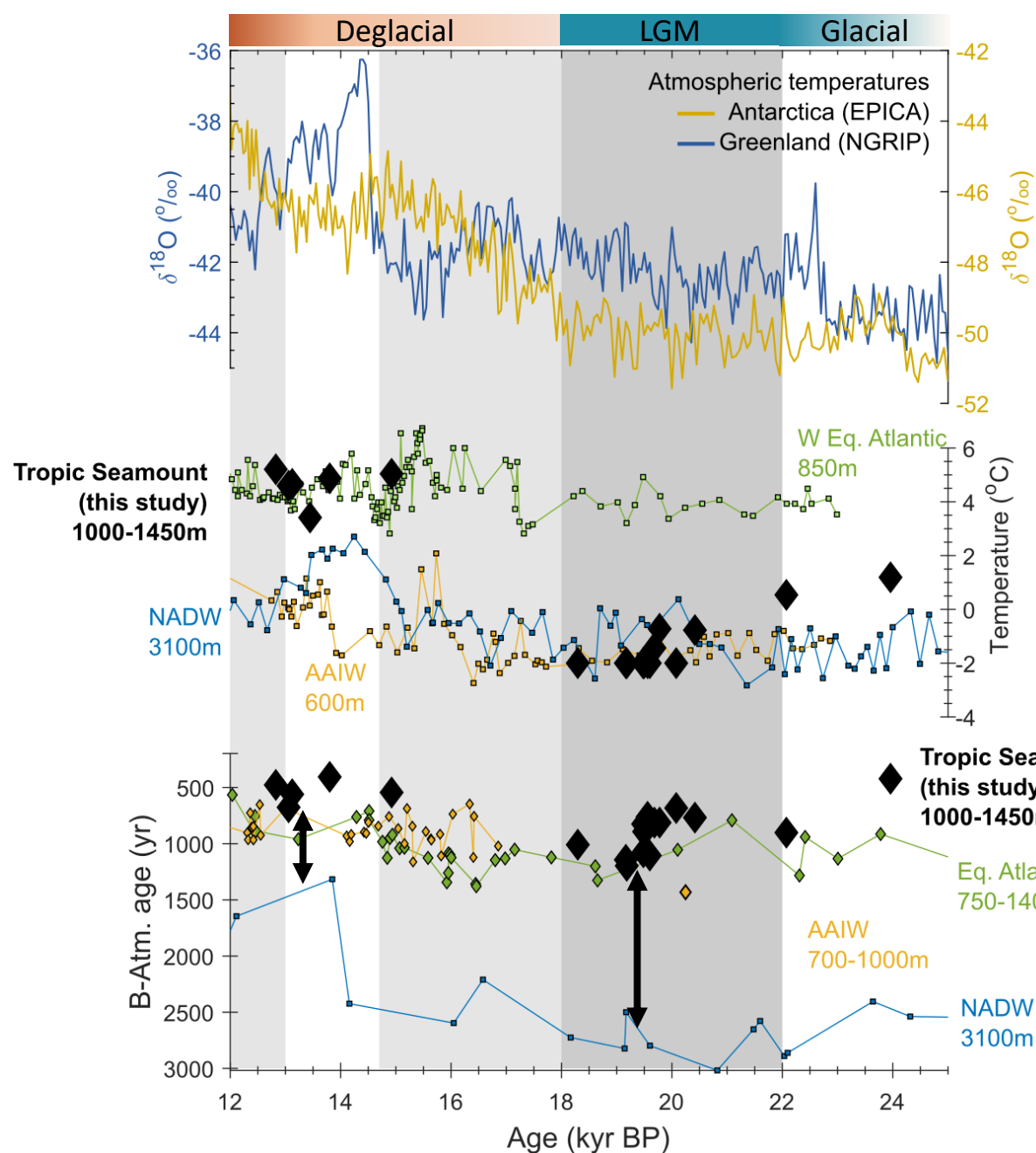




LGM:

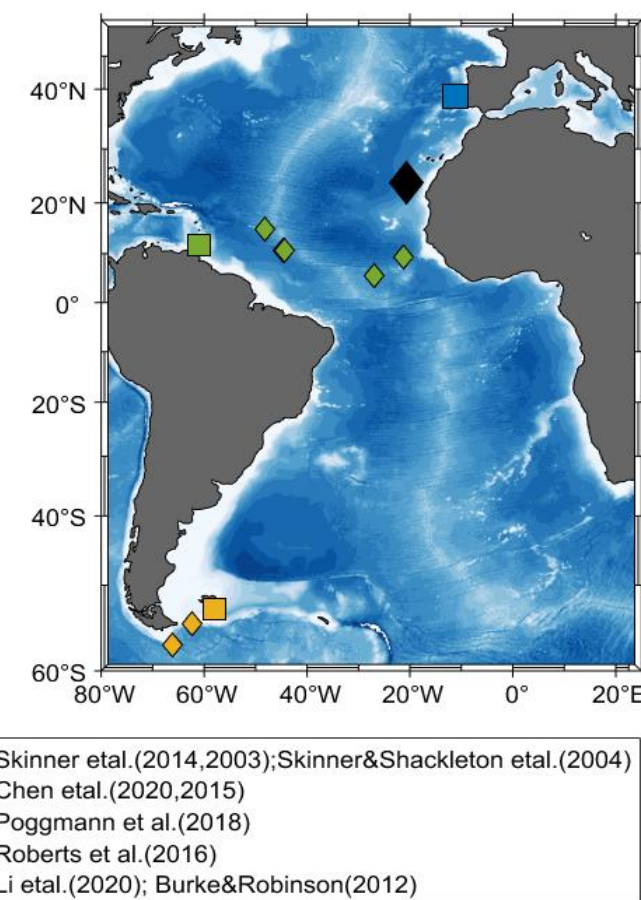
- AAIW signatures





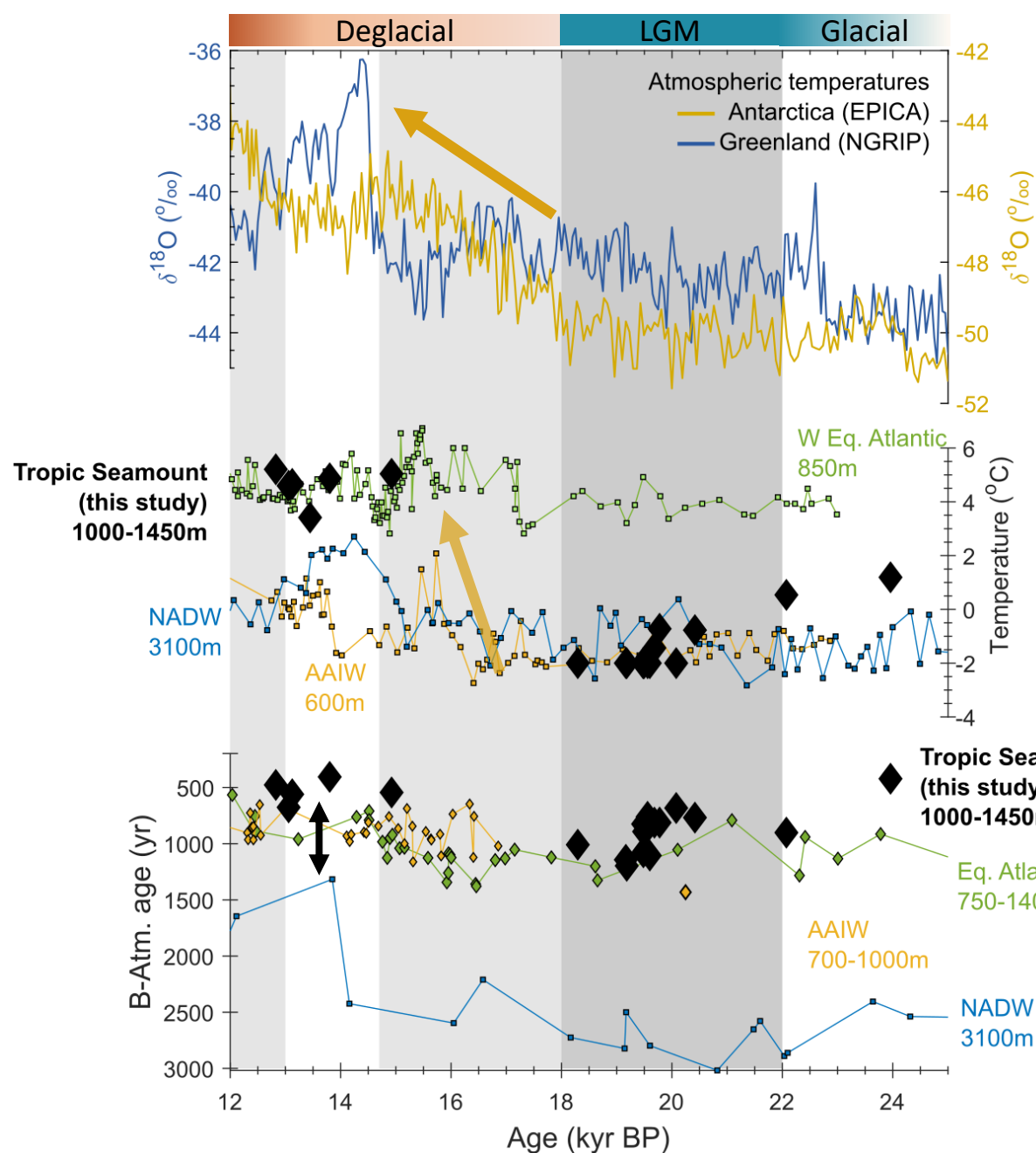
LGM:

- AAIW signatures
- Larger ^{14}C difference between intermediate and deep waters



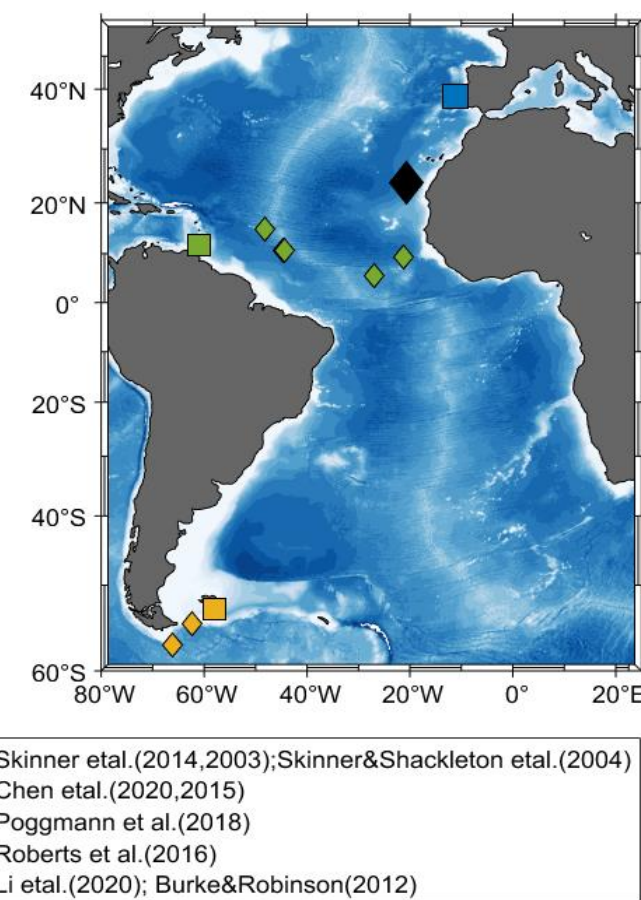
→ Intermediate layer

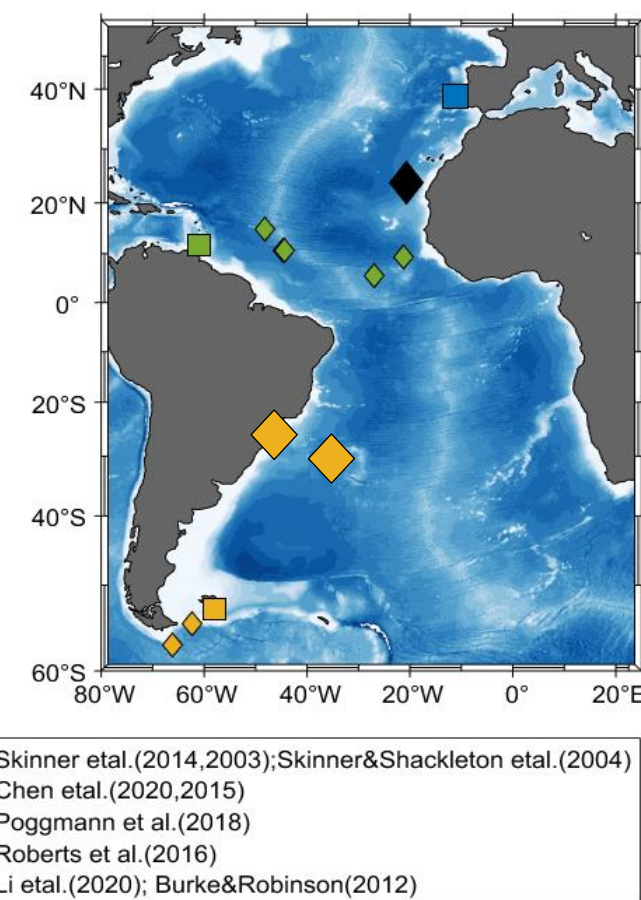
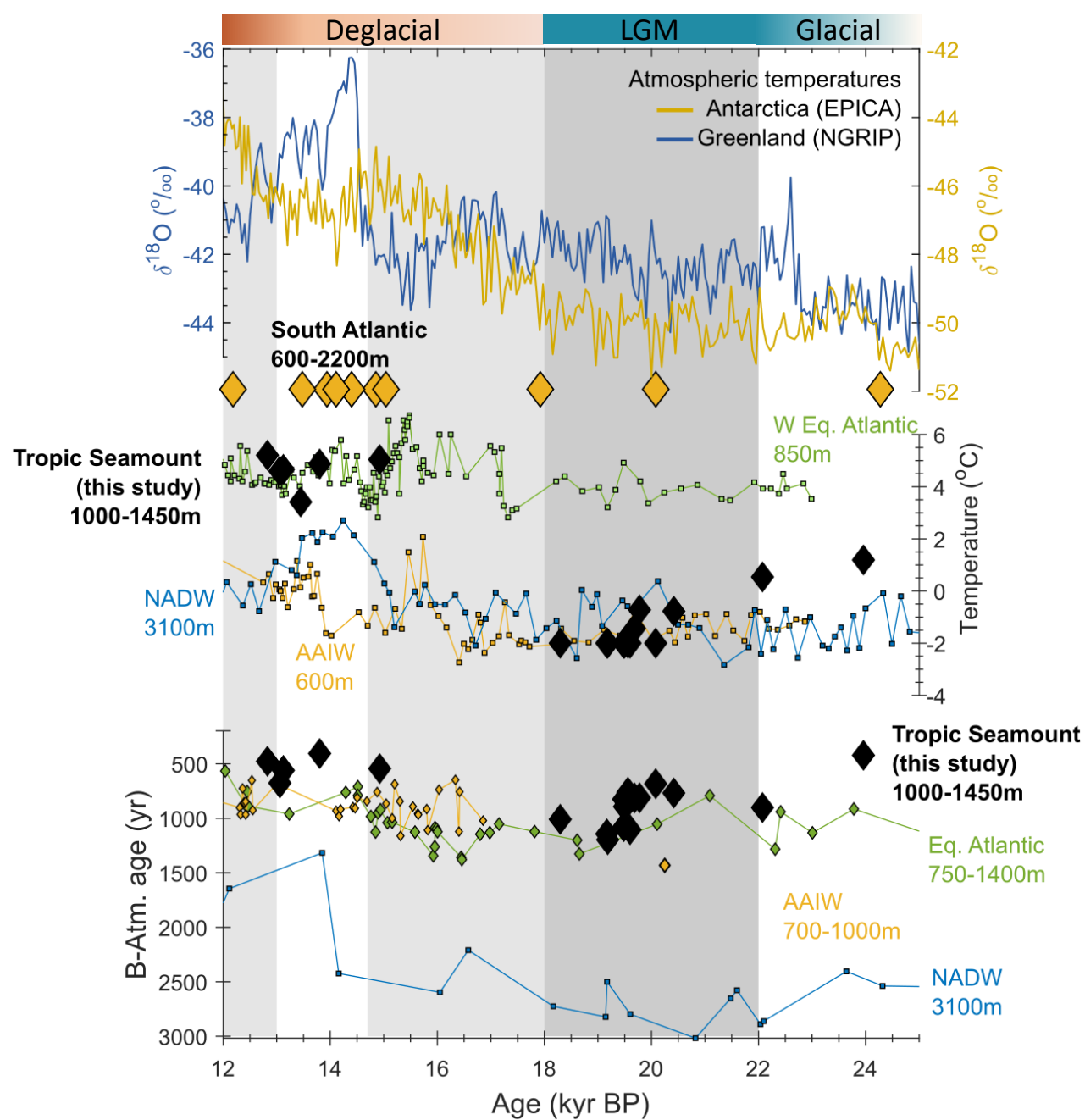
→ Deep layer



Deglaciation:

- Intermediate waters warming correlates with Antarctica and AAIW

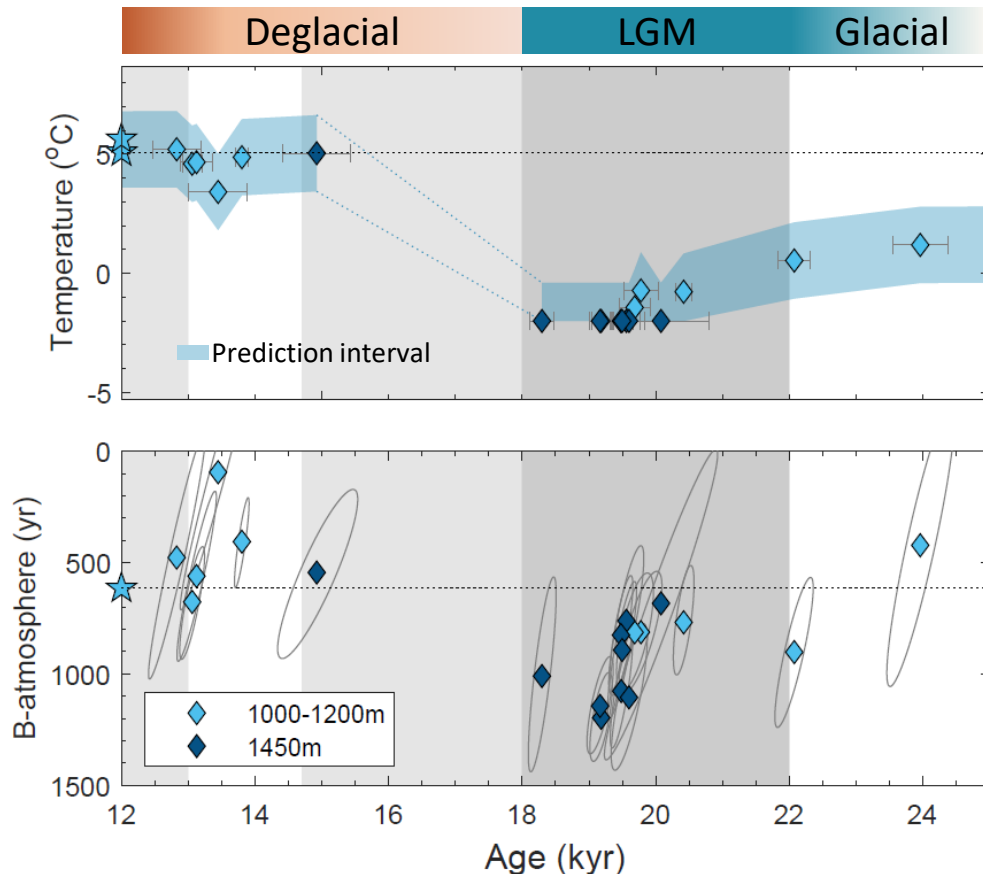




Coming soon...

Summary

Thank you!
Obrigada!



- **Last Glacial Maximum (LGM):**
 - Rapid ^{14}C decrease towards **AAIW signatures**
 - Larger ^{14}C difference of intermediate and deep waters (**stratified ocean**)
 - **Cold** intermediate waters similar to AAIW and NADW
- **Deglaciation:**
 - ^{14}C increase towards **modern values**
 - Less ^{14}C difference from intermediate and deep waters → **better mixed ocean**
 - **Warming** of tropical intermediate waters:
 - In agreement with **atmospheric warming at Antarctica**
 - **Preceding** atmospheric warming peak of **Northern Hemisphere**