

The shallow crustal structure of Volcàn de Colima:

Evidence from ambient noise surface wave tomography

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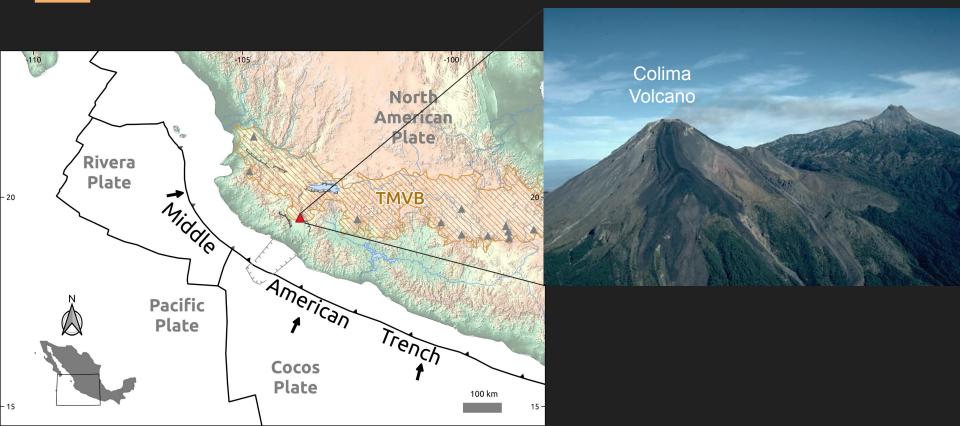








Colima volcanic Complex



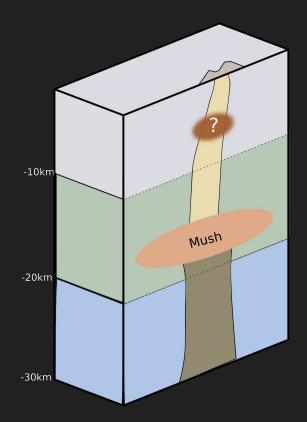
Eruptive potential

- One of the most active volcanoes in North America
- Eruptive history punctuated with explosive Plinian eruptions followed by long periods of effusive events
- 1818 CE and 1913 CE **plinian** eruptions (VEI = 4)
- Could now threaten > 300,000 inhabitants in the region
- 2005-2015 eruption generated large pyroclastic density currents



Importance of Shallow structure

- Understand how and where magmas are produced and stored at depth
- Geophysical and petrological evidence for a deep Chamber
- Suggestions of a shallow magma chamber

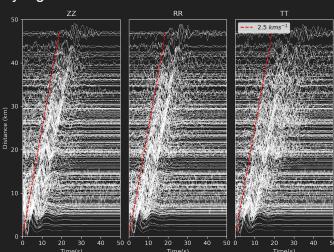


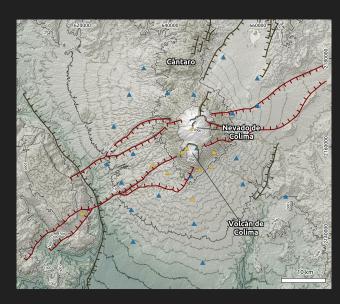
Correlation functions

- 2 distinct networks to densify the coverage
 - o RESCO
 - o CODEX
- Classical workflow using PWS

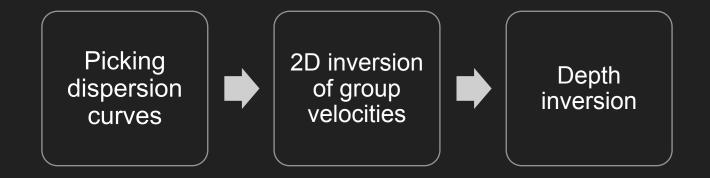
Processed ZZ, RR, TT for Rayleigh and Love

waves



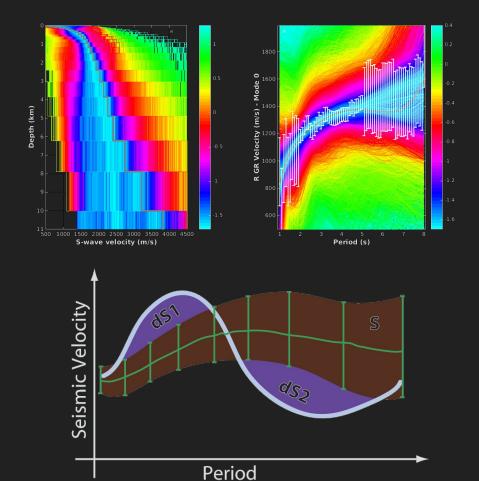


Ambient Noise Tomography



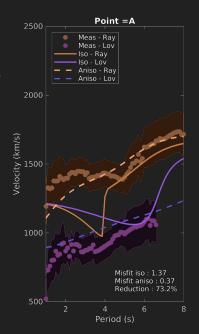
Depth inversion

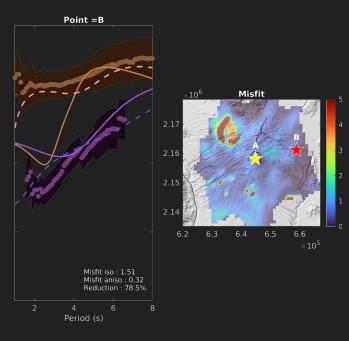
- Based on the 2D Group velocity maps
- 1D inversion for every cell of the grid
- Based on Neighborhood Algorithm by Sambridge 1999
- Try and converge toward the smallest misfit



Depth inversion

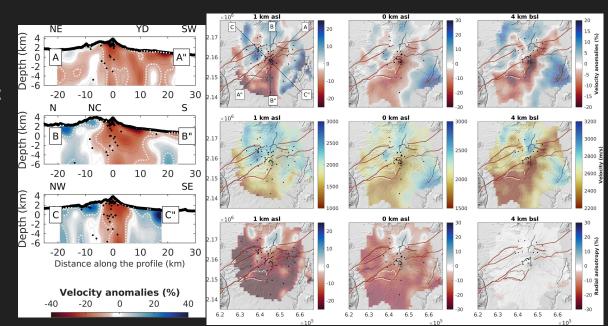
- Based on the 2D Group velocity maps
- 1D inversion for every cell of the grid
- Based on Neighborhood Algorithm by Sambridge 1999
- Try and converge toward the smallest misfit
- Isotropic vs anisotropic inversion
- Anisotropic allowed for smaller misfits





Results

- Low velocity anomaly aligns with local structure
- No clear evidence for a shallow magma chamber
- Impact of soft volcanic deposit from past flank collapses
- Negative radial anisotropy →
 Vertical structures such as
 inter-fingered dikes



Conclusions and Future Perspectives

- Highest-resolution anisotropic VS model of Volcán de Colima
- Improves our understanding of volcanic structures and processes

- Better connect with
 - Regional stress field
 - Magma migration process
- Hydrothermal?

De Plaen et al. 2022, JVGR

