



Enabling carbon farming: a robust, affordable and scalable method

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Potential of carbon farming

1. Agricultural soils have lost significant amounts of carbon (Quine et al. 1997; Van Oost et al. 2007; Sanderman et al. 2017).

2. Enhancing soil carbon:
water retention ↑
biodiversity ↑
resilience to droughts ↑
(Guillaume et al. 2022).

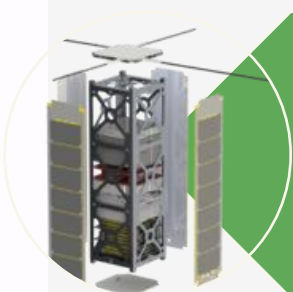
3. Can mitigate climate change by sequestering carbon (IPCC, 2021)



Challenges in Carbon Farming:



Wet-chemistry is too costly for farm-level projects



Satellite alternatives are scalable, but always **measuring indirectly**



Additionality (the action that increases the carbon stock) must be shown and documented



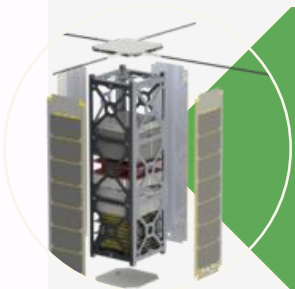
Challenges & solutions Carbon Farming:



Wet-chemistry is too costly for farm-level projects



Near InfraRed Scanners which leverage existing measurements



Satellite alternatives are scalable, but always **measuring indirectly**



Combine satellite with field-based measurements

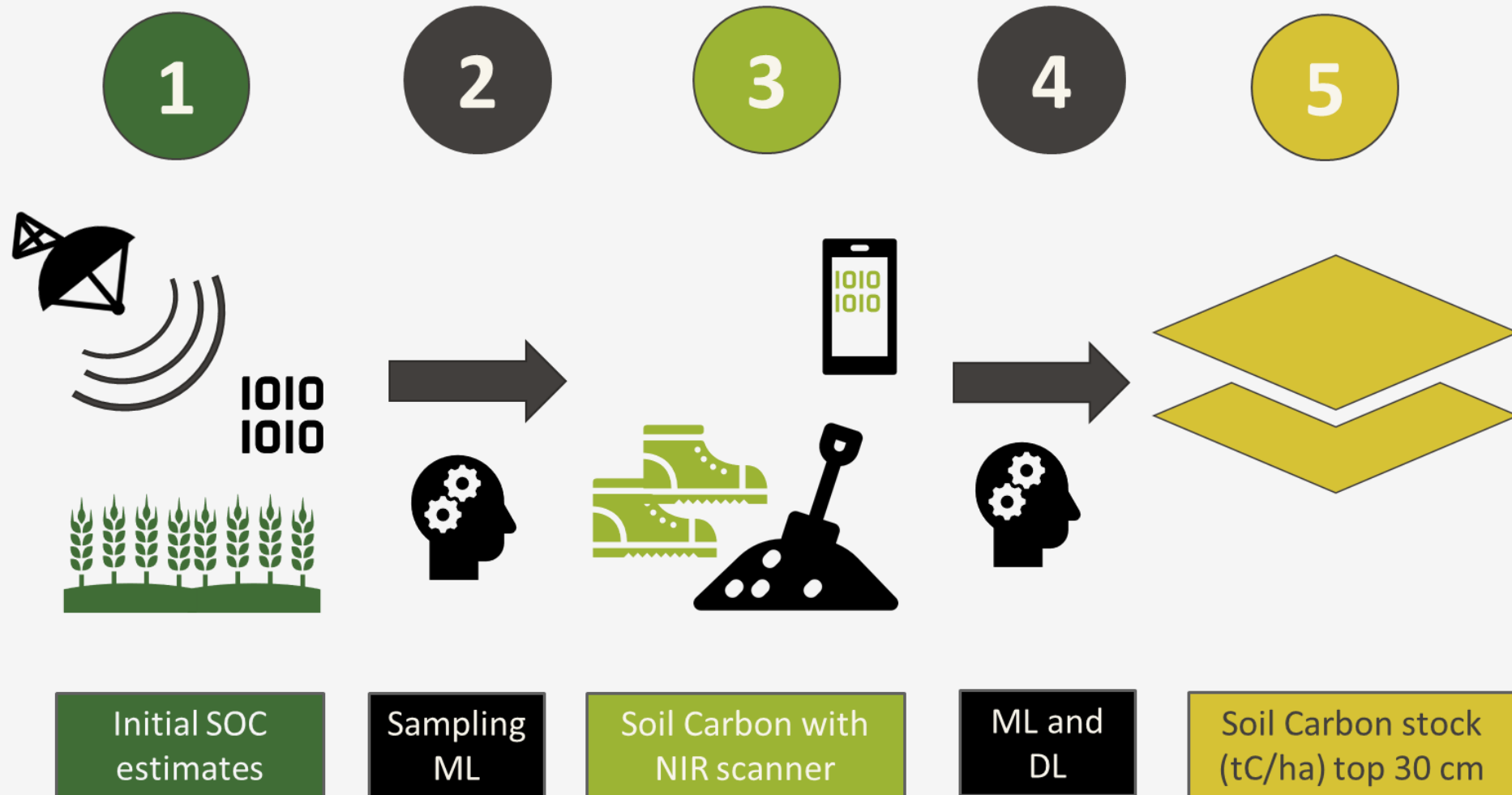


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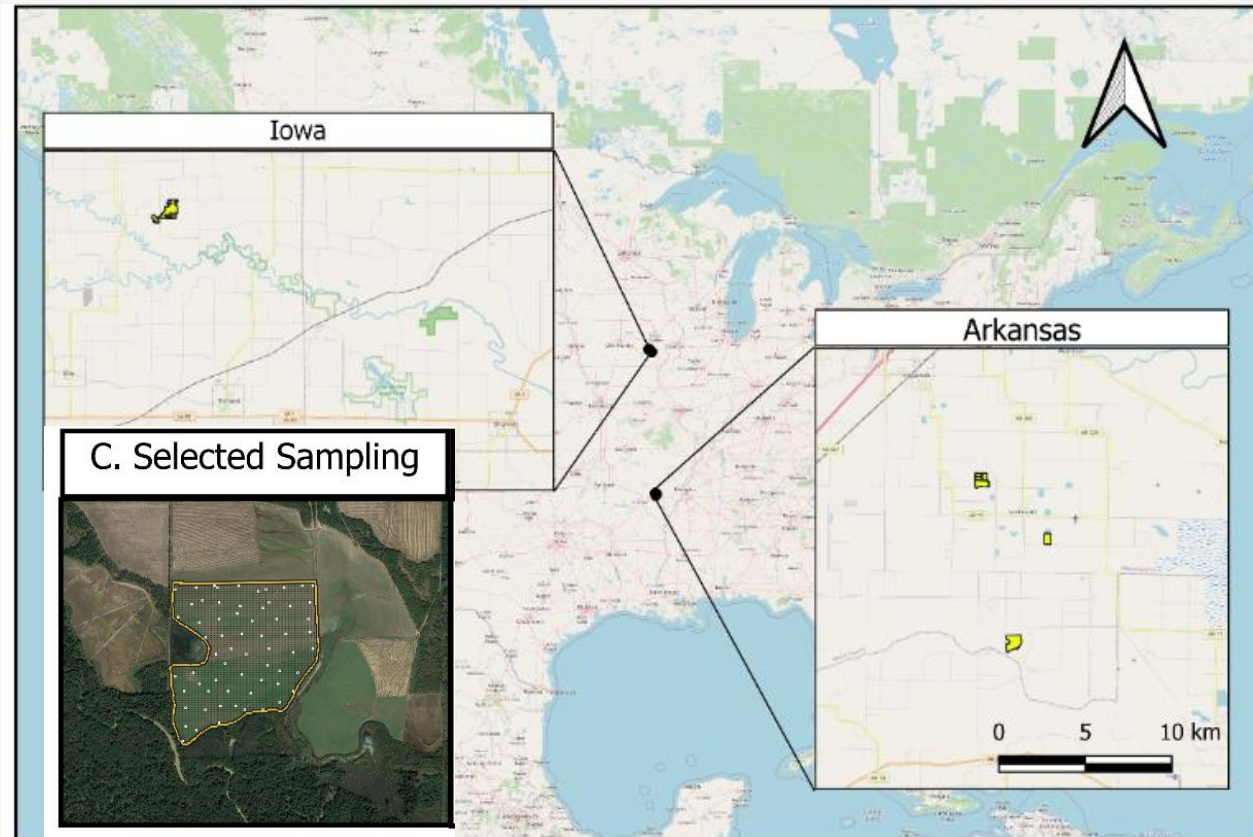


Robust data quality and collection aligned with carbon credit protocols

Soil Carbon STock pRotocol – The SoilCASTOR

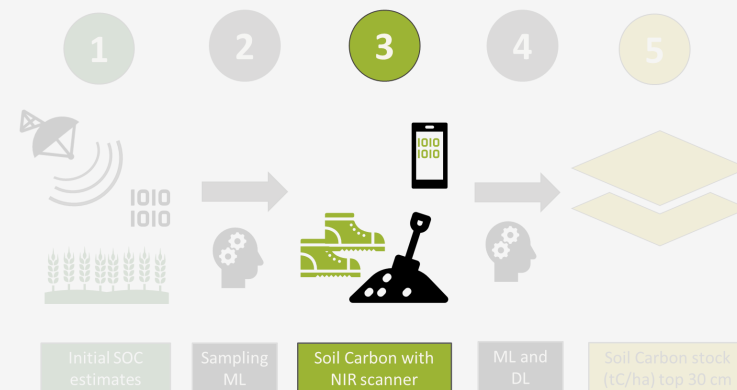


The case study: USA Iowa and Arkansas Steps 1&2



1. Collect all (satellite) data available for regions
2. Run sampling algorithm (cLHS)
 - Sampling captures maximum variability
 - Efficient sampling design

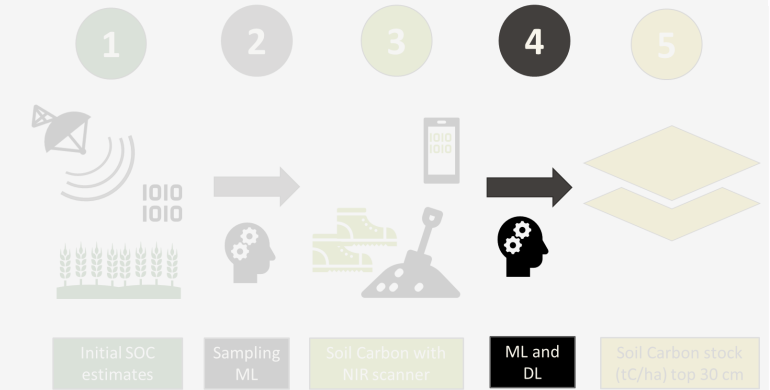
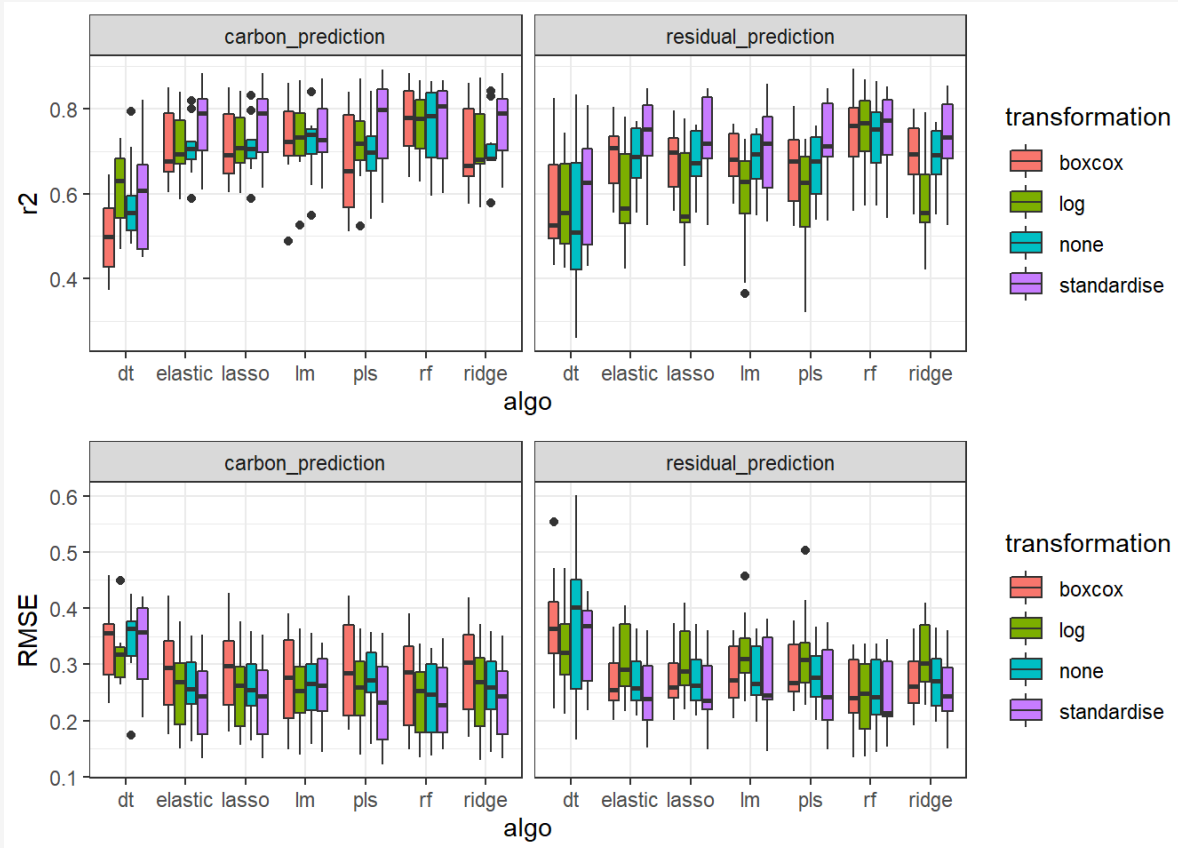
The case study: USA Iowa and Arkansas Step 3



Soil auger top 30 cm

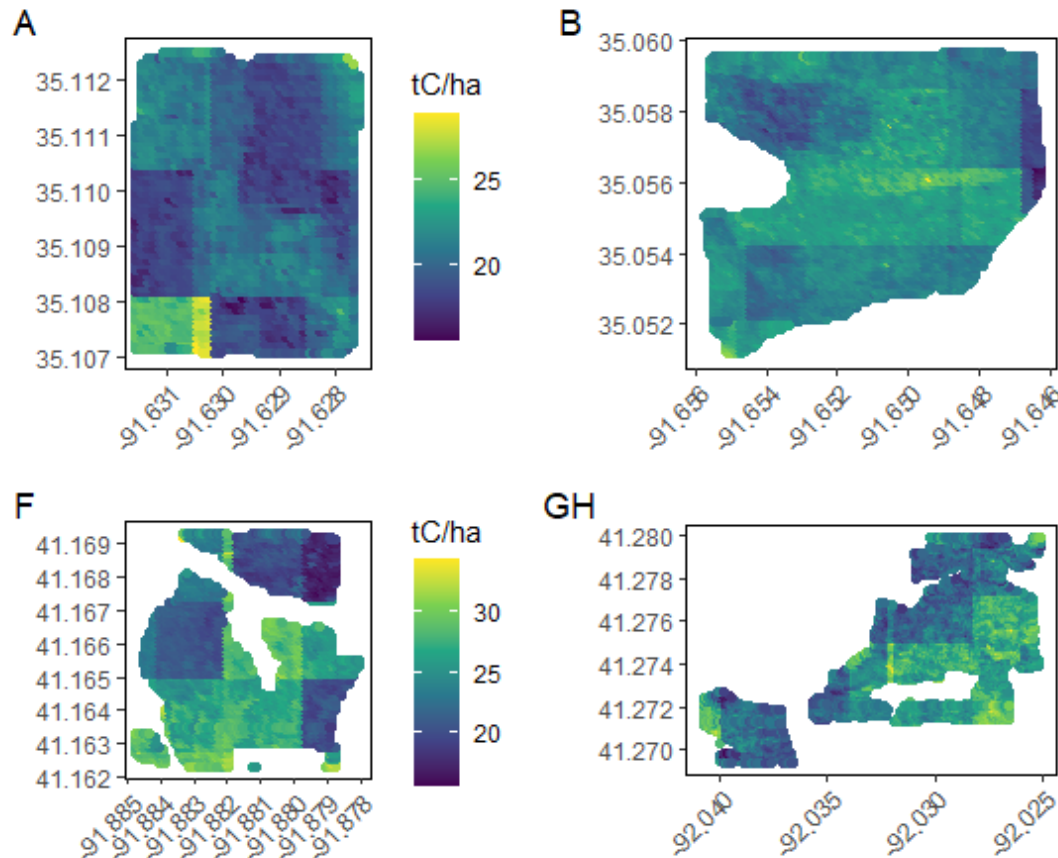
NIR Scanner to measure
soil organic carbon in-situ

The case study: USA Iowa and Arkansas



1. Ensemble Machine Learning Model
2. Select optimal model and target variable based on R^2 and RSME
3. Attain optimal results

The case study: USA Iowa and Arkansas part 3



1. Bulk density from pedotransfer function
2. Carbon stock 10*10 meter resolution
3. In range expected

Outlook



**Basis to
support
carbon
farming**

**Pilots in
Kenya, US
and EU**

**Soils with
enhanced
or restored
carbon
stocks**



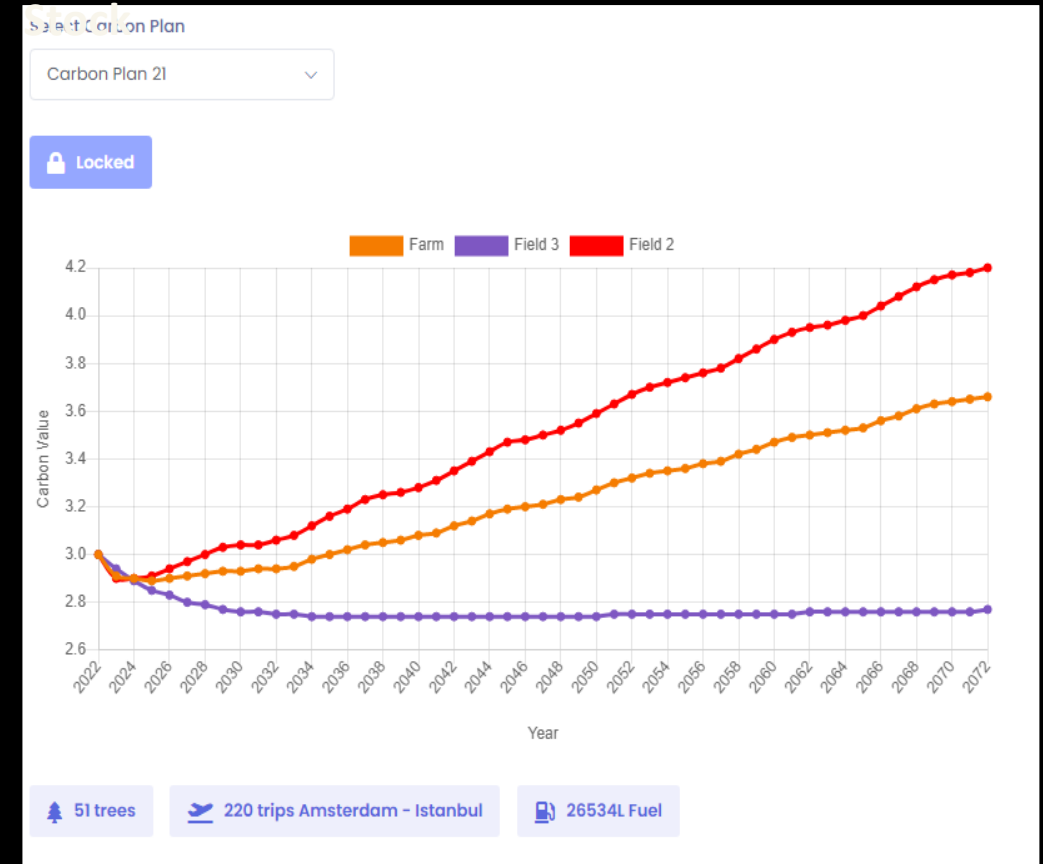
Questions?

Additional Slides

Alignment with Carbon Credits

- (1) Aligns with requirements Carbon Credits (e.g. VCS Verra)
- (1) Piloting a Decision Support Tool (DST) (global) to enable farmers to take action to increase stocks (additionality)

Pilot Decision Support to augment Soil carbon



Bulk Density options

- (1) **Pedotransfer functions:** Based on clay content and SOC (%) from the global soil model SoilGrids.
- (2) **NIR Scanner Clay content with Machine learning:** Clay content estimates from the NIR scanner

Other options:

- (3) **Lab- based measurement** (highly labour intensive)

