













# A lumped parameter modeling approach considering land-cover and land-use (LCLU) for the simulation of karst spring hydrological functioning.

Sivelle V.\*, Jourde H., Bittner D., Richieri B., Labat D., Hartmann A. and Chiogna G.

\* Corresponding author: <u>vianney.sivelle@umontpellier.fr</u>

#### Introduction

- Karst groundwater availability decrease worldwide.
- Climate Change (CC) and anthropogenic pressures impact groundwater resources.
- Land Cover Land Use (LCLU) changes strongly impact the recharge processes.

#### Introduction

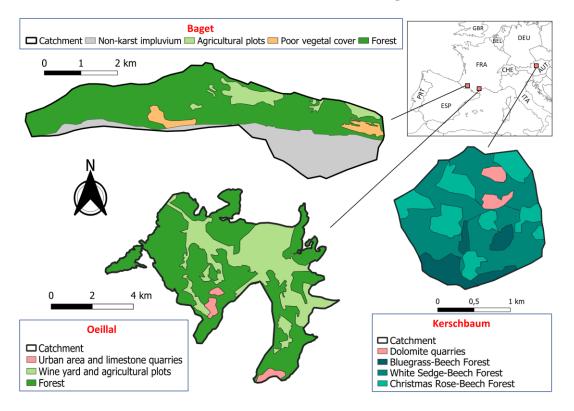
- Karst groundwater availability decrease worldwide.
- Climate Change (CC) and anthropogenic pressures impact groundwater resources.
- Land Cover Land Use (LCLU) changes strongly impact the recharge processes.
  - → Needs for prediction tools accounting for both CC and LCLU changes to properly assess impacts of global change.

#### Introduction

- Karst groundwater availability decrease worldwide.
- Climate Change (CC) and anthropogenic pressures impact groundwater resources.
- Land Cover Land Use (LCLU) changes strongly impact the recharge processes.
  - → Needs for prediction tools accounting for both CC and LCLU changes to properly assess impacts of global change.
  - → Added value to consider LCLU in lumped parameter modeling?
  - → Trade-off between model complexity and model performance?

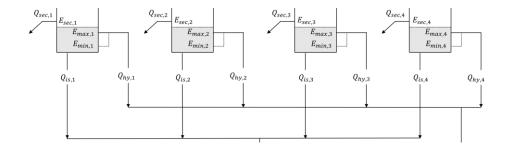
# Study sites

Karst catchment of (a) Kerschbaum, (b) Oeillal and (c) Baget and associated land use. Forest dominated LC and recharge area  $< 50 \ km^2$ 

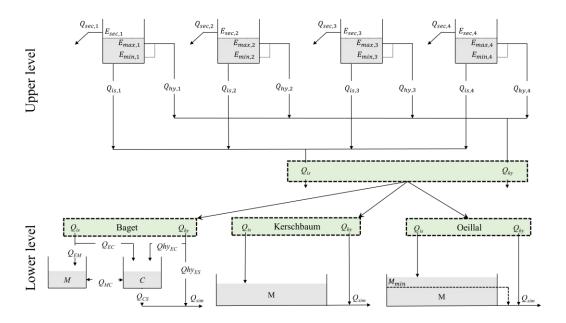


The upper level is based on the LuKARS model (Bittner et al., 2018)

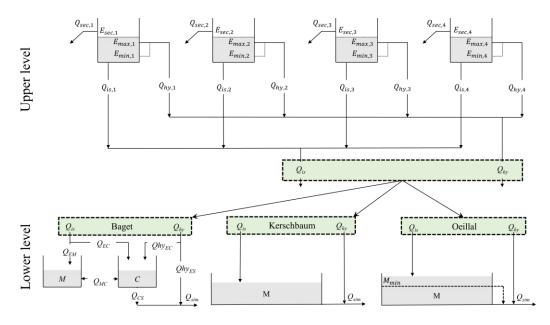
Upper level



- The upper level is based on the LuKARS model (Bittner et al., 2018)
- The lower level is based on former studies for Baget (Sivelle et al., 2019), Kerschbaum (Bittner et al., 2018) and Oeillal (Sivelle et al., 2021).

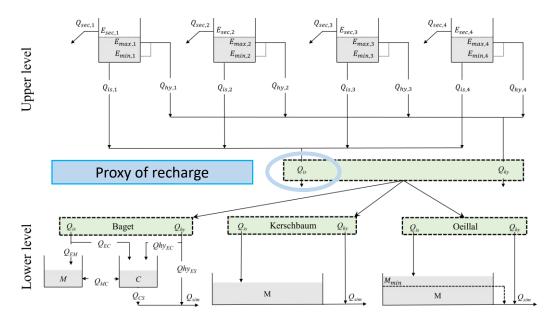


- The upper level is based on the LuKARS model (Bittner et al., 2018)
- The lower level is based on former studies for Baget (Sivelle et al., 2019), Kerschbaum (Bittner et al., 2018) and Oeillal (Sivelle et al., 2021).



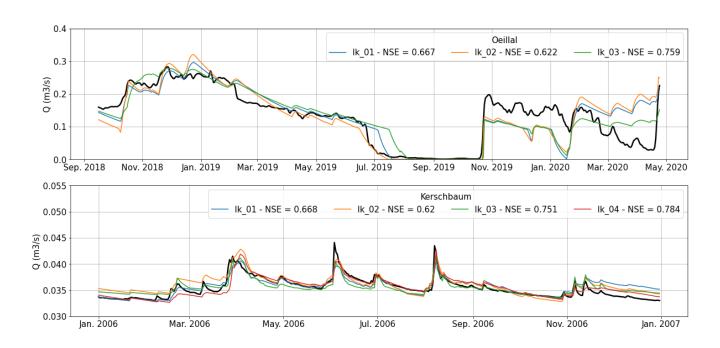
→ Model performance are evaluated for different number of compartment in upper level LK\_01, LK\_02, LK\_03, LK\_04 refer to model with 1 to 4 compartment in the upper level respectively.

- The upper level is based on the LuKARS model (Bittner et al., 2018)
- The lower level is based on former studies for Baget (Sivelle et al., 2019), Kerschbaum (Bittner et al., 2018) and Oeillal (Sivelle et al., 2021).



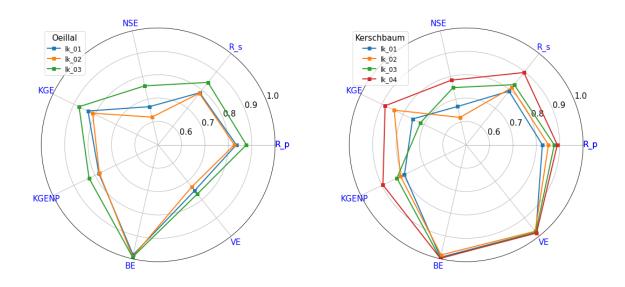
→ Model performance are evaluated for different number of compartment in upper level LK\_01, LK\_02, LK\_03, LK\_04 refer to model with 1 to 4 compartment in the upper level respectively.

# Model performance vs. model structure



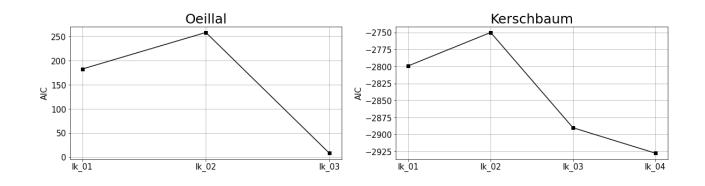
- Good model performance when considering 1 compartment in the upper level.
- → Nonetheless better model performance when considering various compartments.

# Model performance vs. model structure



→ Overall better performance for the model with higher number of compartments in the upper level.

# Model performance vs. model structure

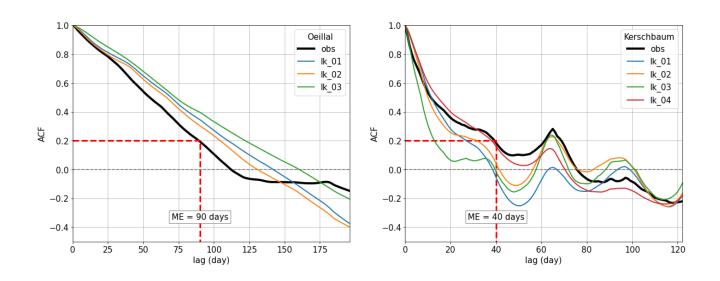


AIC: Akaike Informative Content

The lower AIC value the better compromise between model performance and number of parameters.

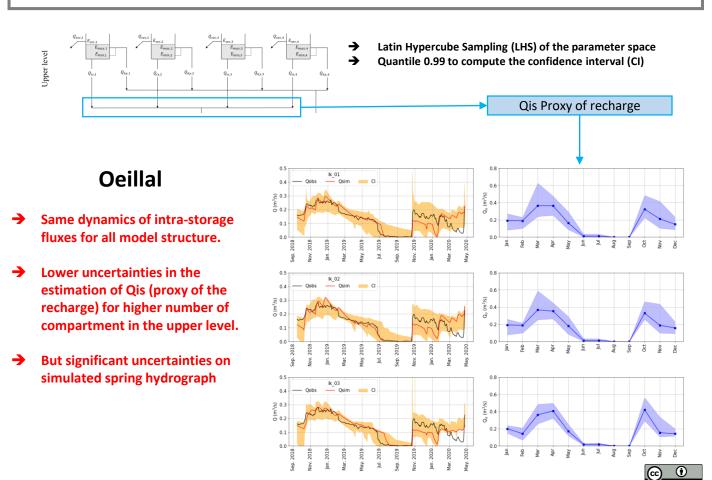
For both Oeillal and Kerschbaum, considering various compartment in the upper level gives better model performance with a suitable compromise between model complexity and performance.

# ACF of observed and simulated spring discharge

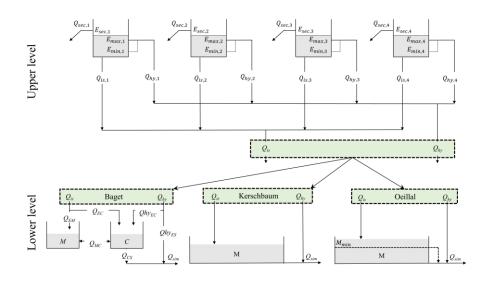


- → For Oeillal, all model structure overestimate the memory effect (ME)
- → For Kerschbaum, better estimation of the ACF and memory effect (ME) for the model considering various compartments in the upper level.

## Conclusion



## **Perspectives**



- → Assessing both structural and parametric uncertainties.
- → Application on study site with observation on a longer period of time.
- Assessing the sensitivity of projection under CC conditions to potential LCLU changes (anthropic pressure, vegetation adaptation)

# Thanks for your attention

