

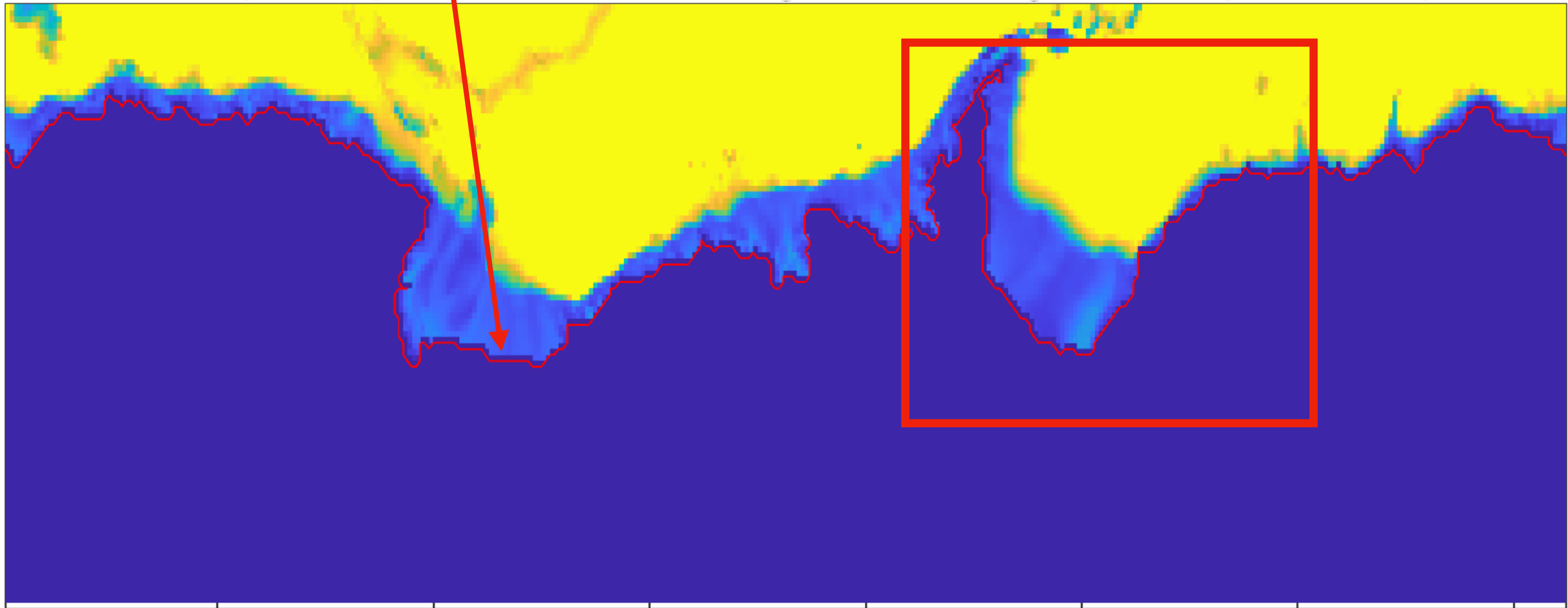
Increasing complexity of NEMO for climate applications by explicitly simulating the large sub-ice shelf seas

Katherine Hutchinson, Julie Deshayes, Christian Éthé, Clement Rousset, Martin Vancoppenolle, Nicolas Jourdain, and Pierre Mathiot

Bathymetry of ORCA1

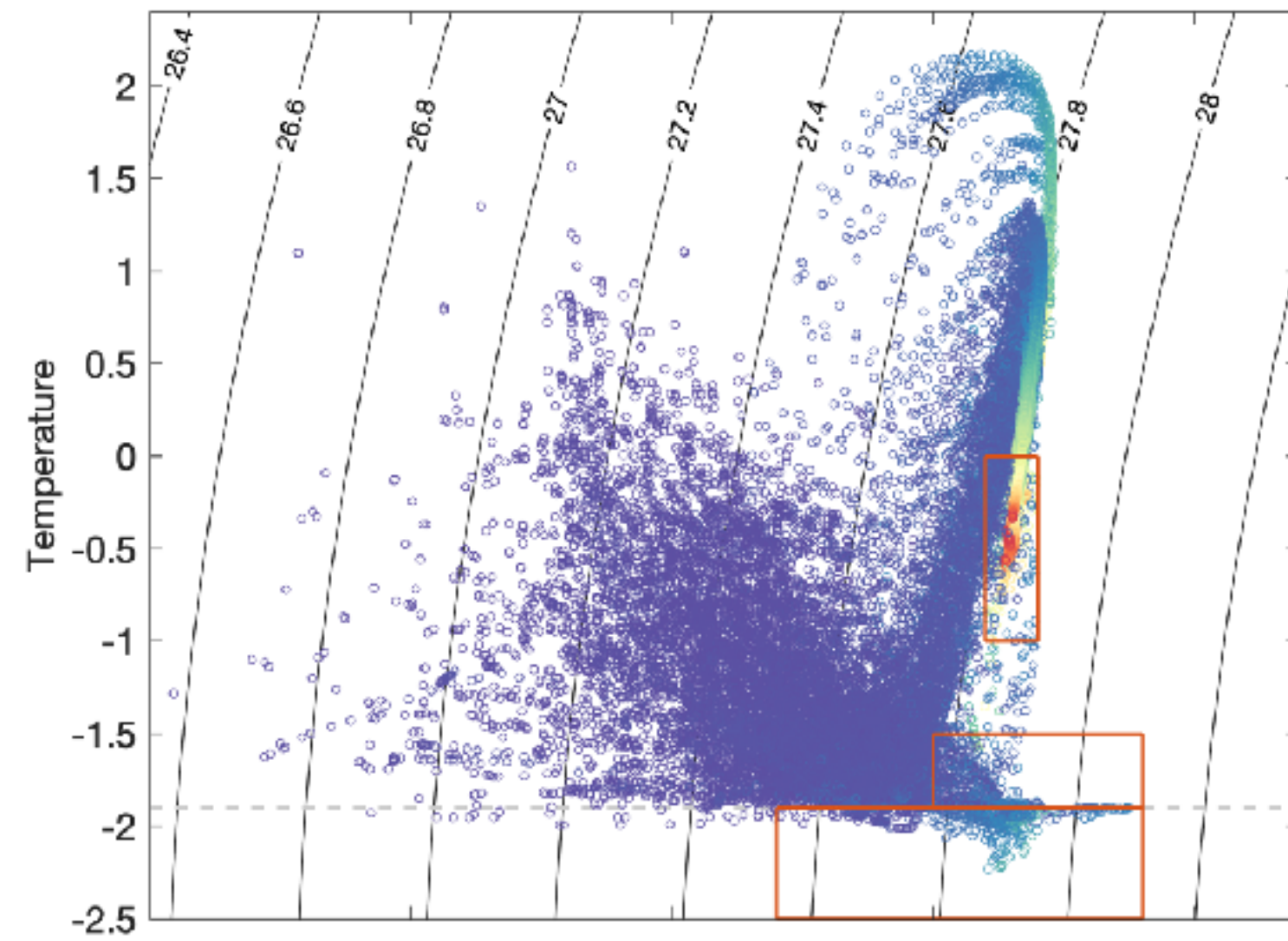
Parameterised ice shelf melt

Weddell Sea

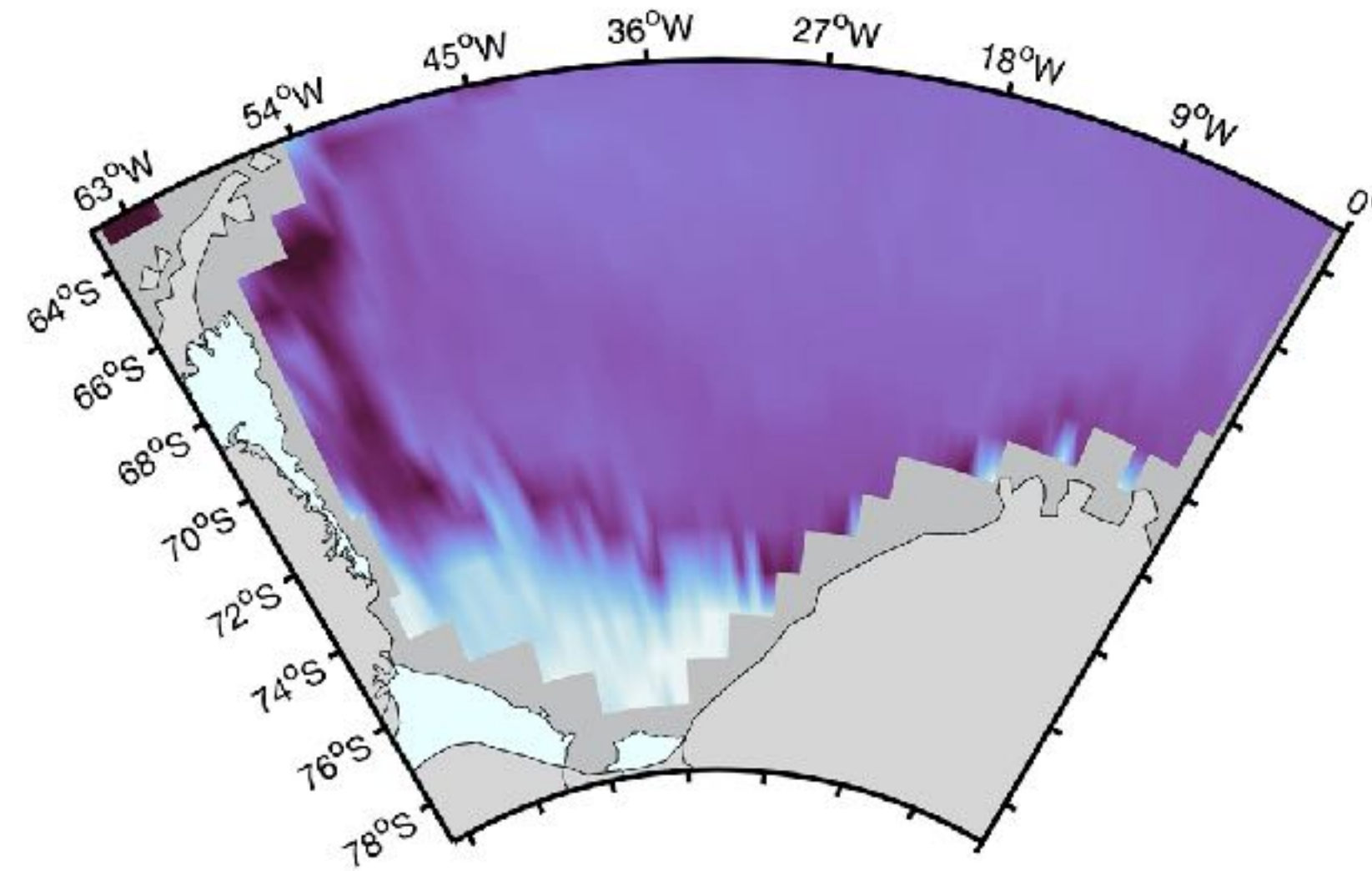


****For the same results but pertaining to Ross Ice shelf, please checkout the extra slides of the presentation pdf****

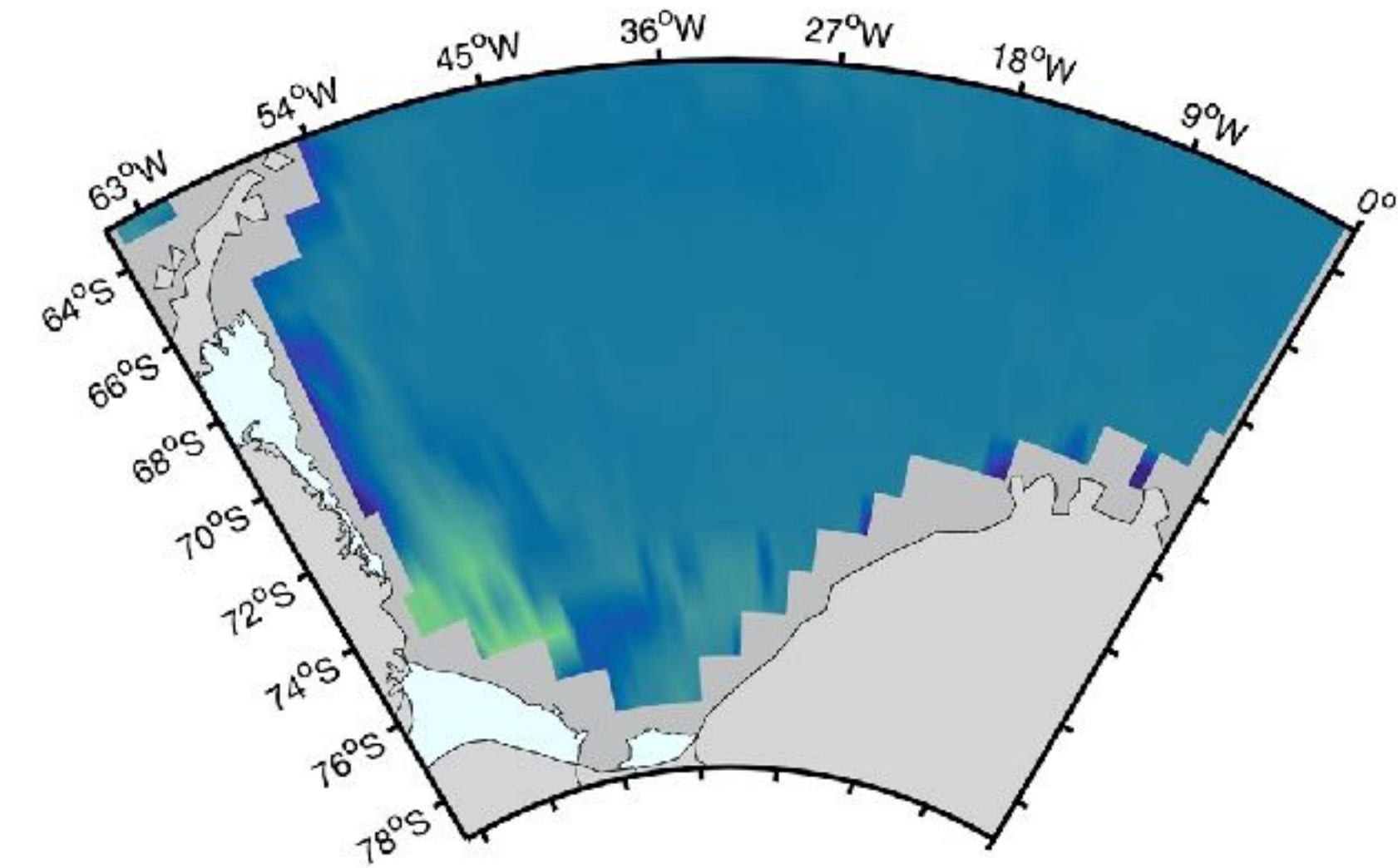
WOA T-S Weddell



WOA Bottom Temp Weddell



WOA Bottom Salt Weddell

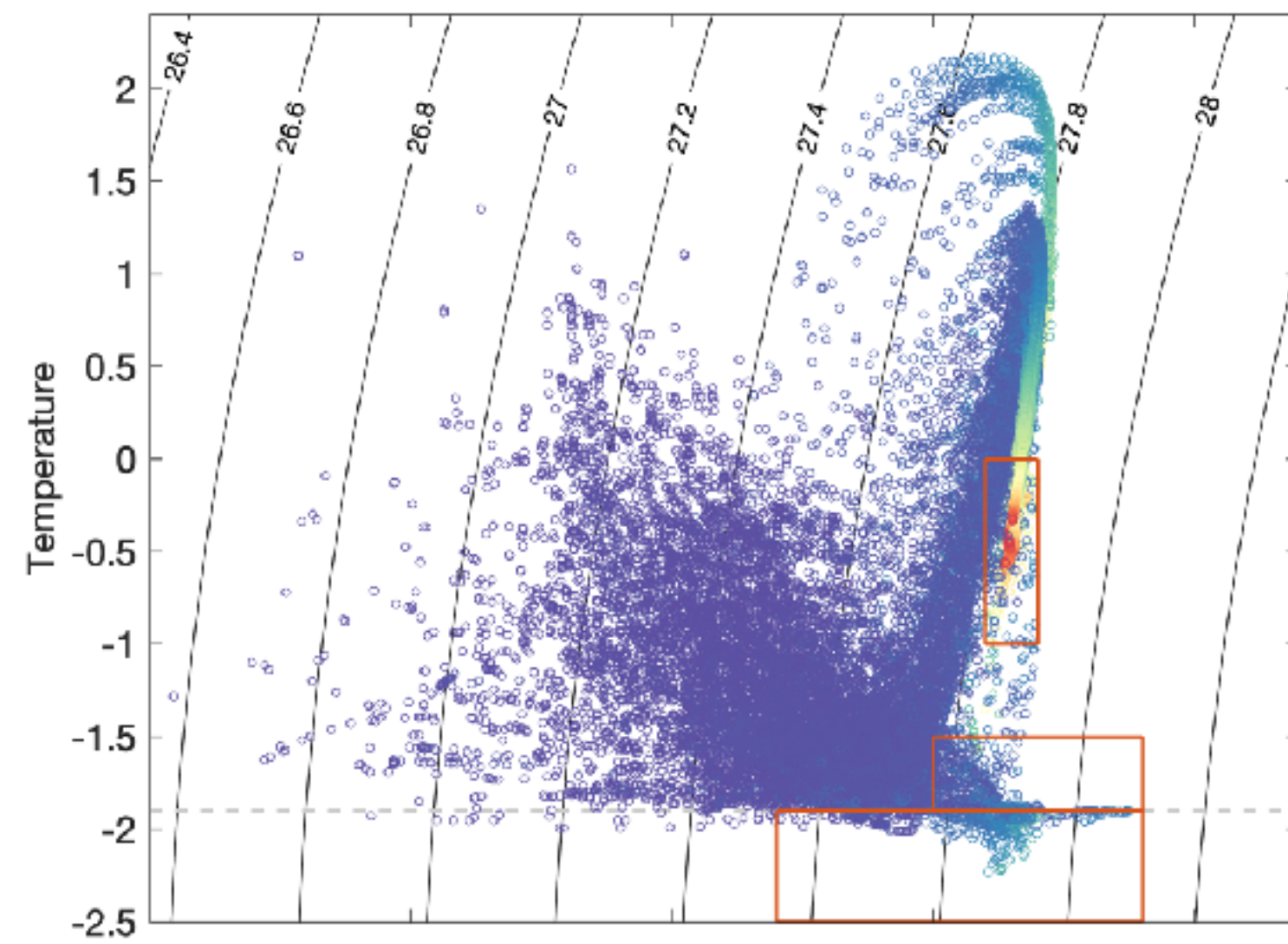


NEMO 4.2 T-S Weddell

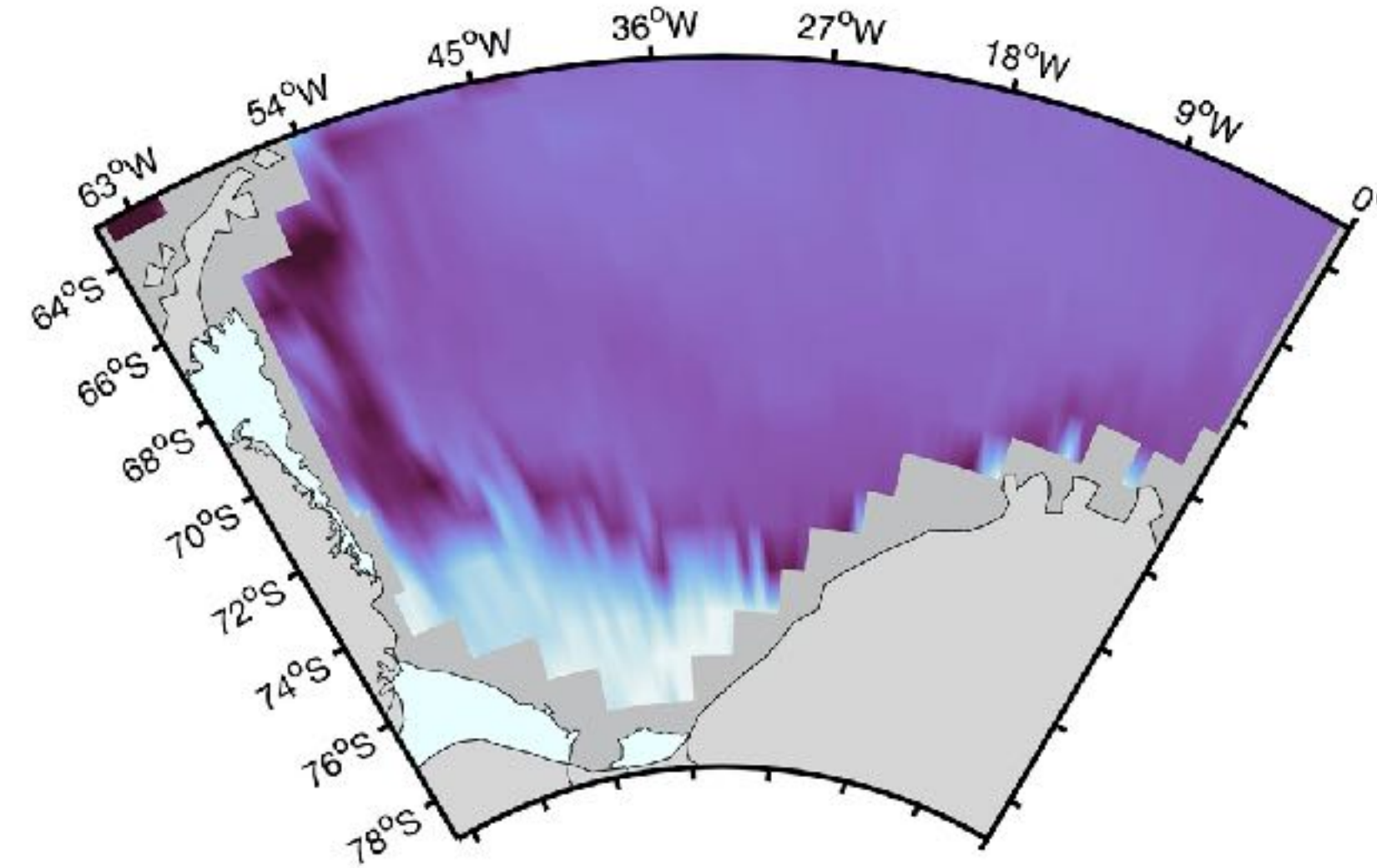
NEMO 4.2 Bottom Temp Weddell

NEMO 4.2 Bottom Salt Weddell

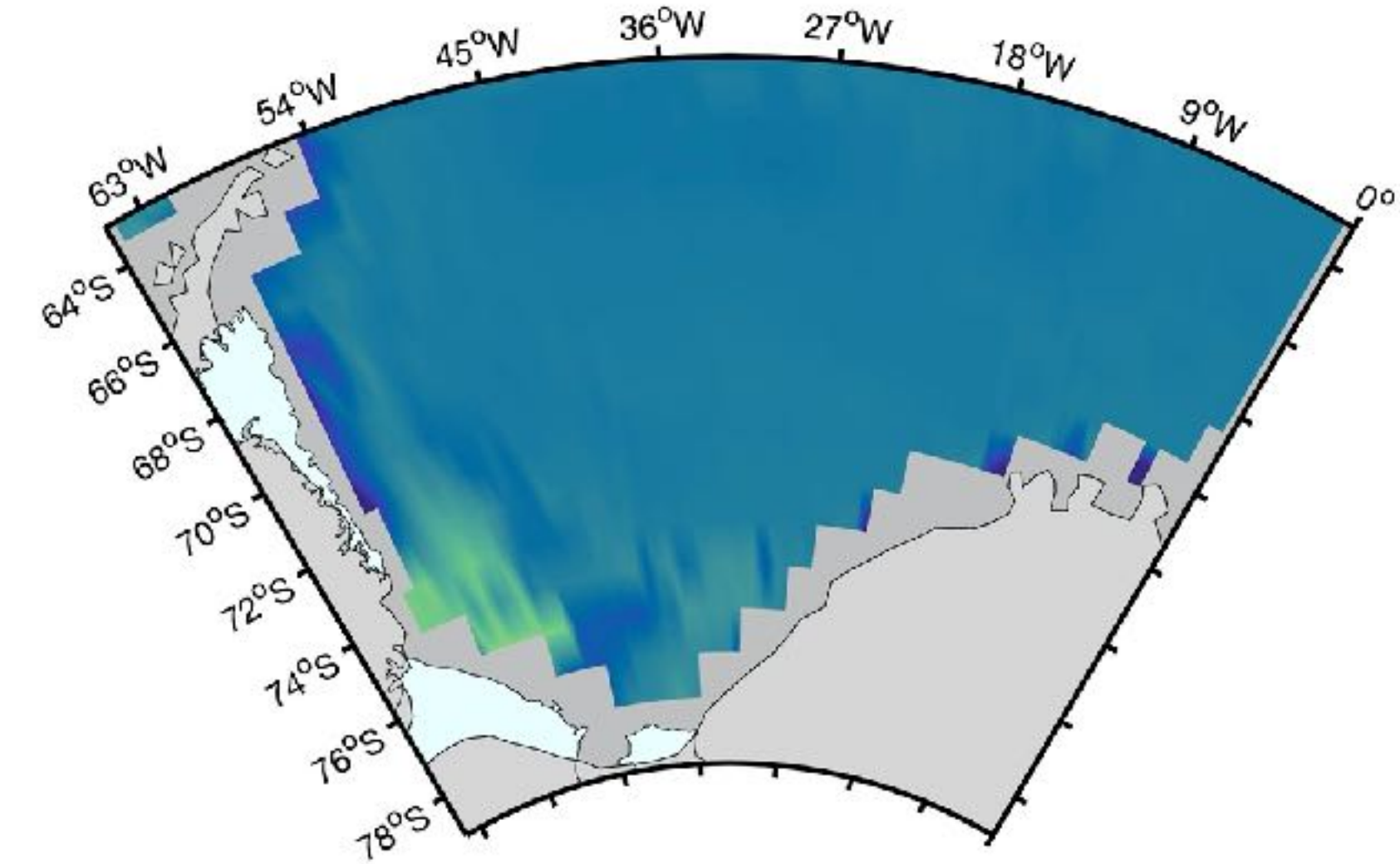
WOA T-S Weddell



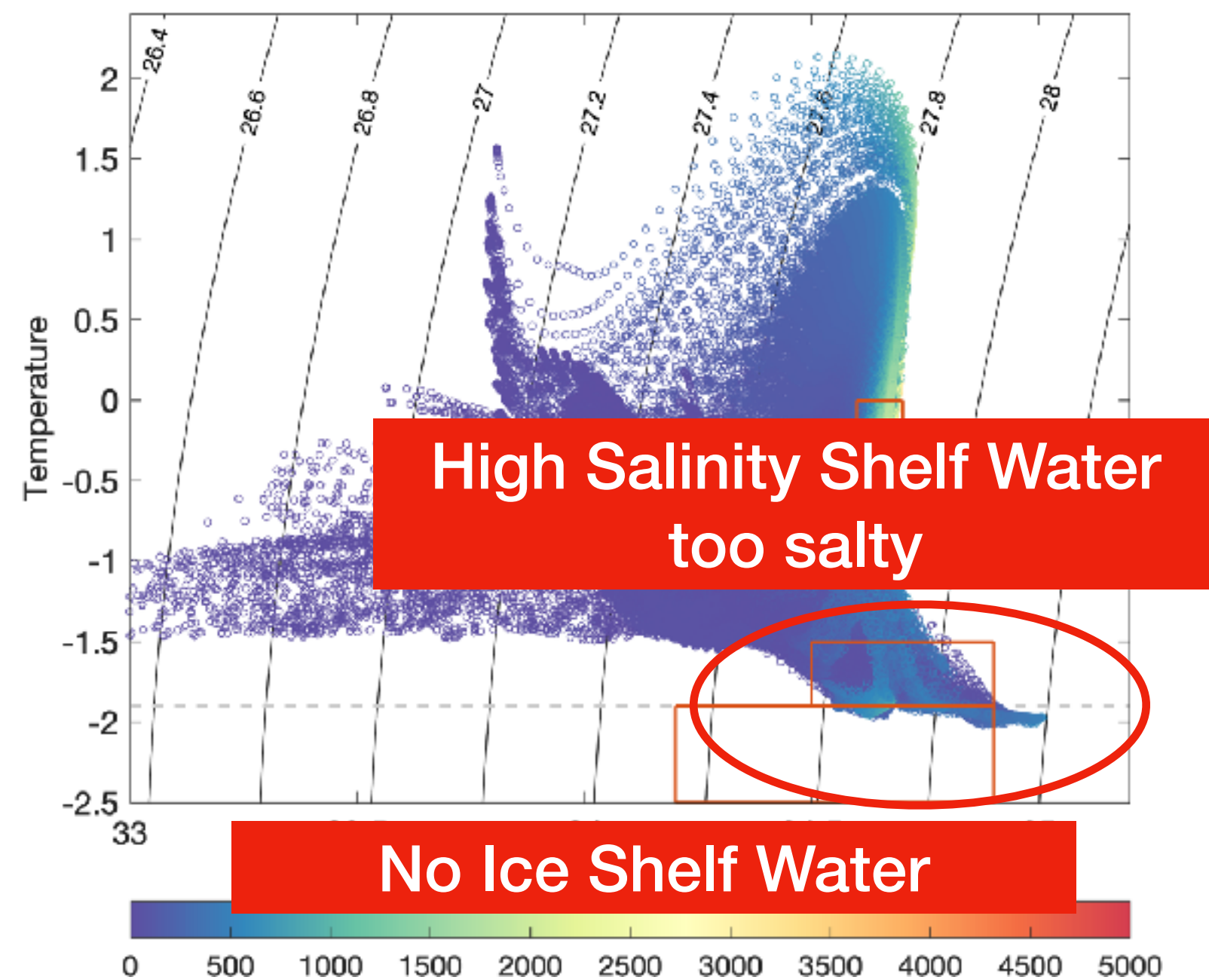
WOA Bottom Temp Weddell



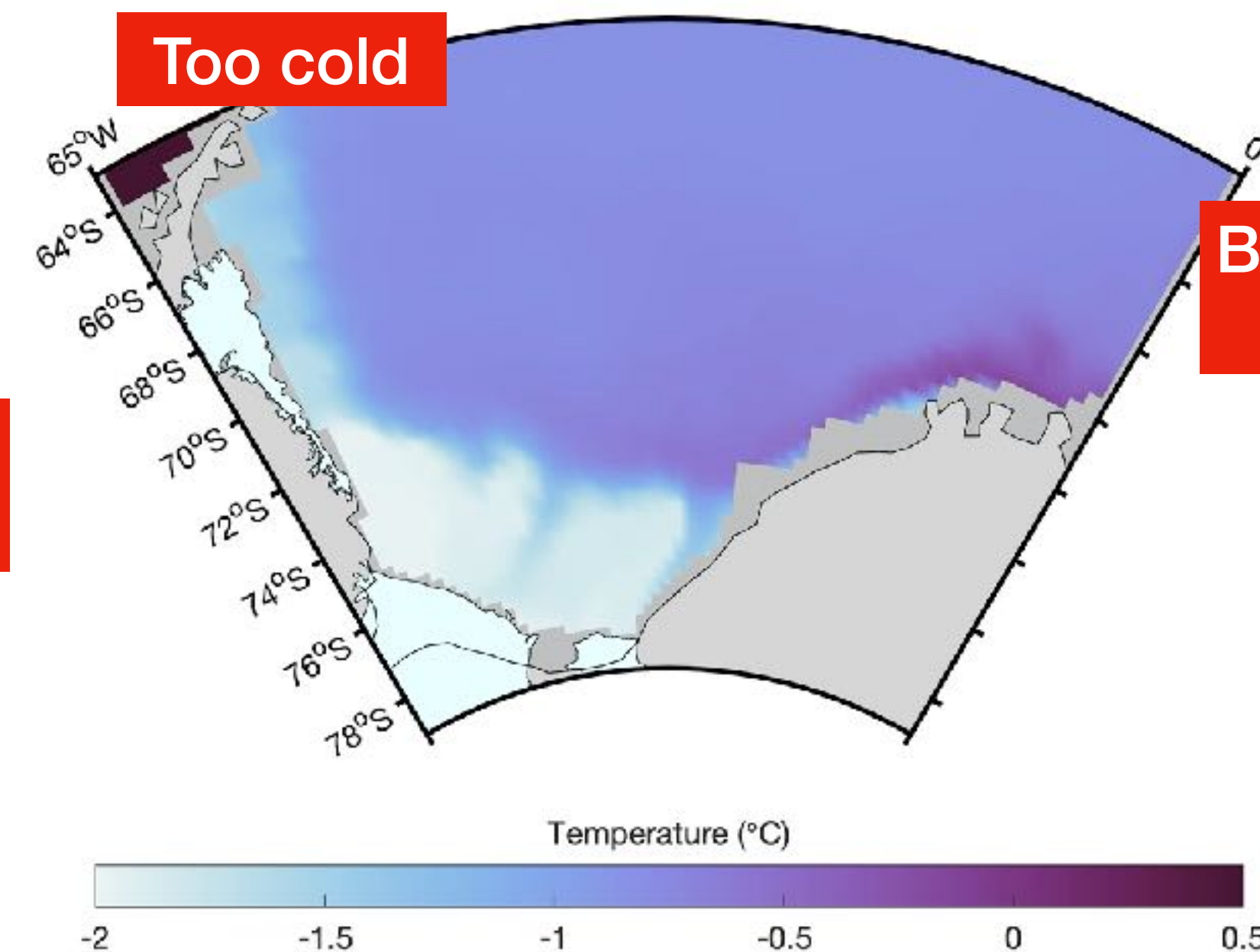
WOA Bottom Salt Weddell



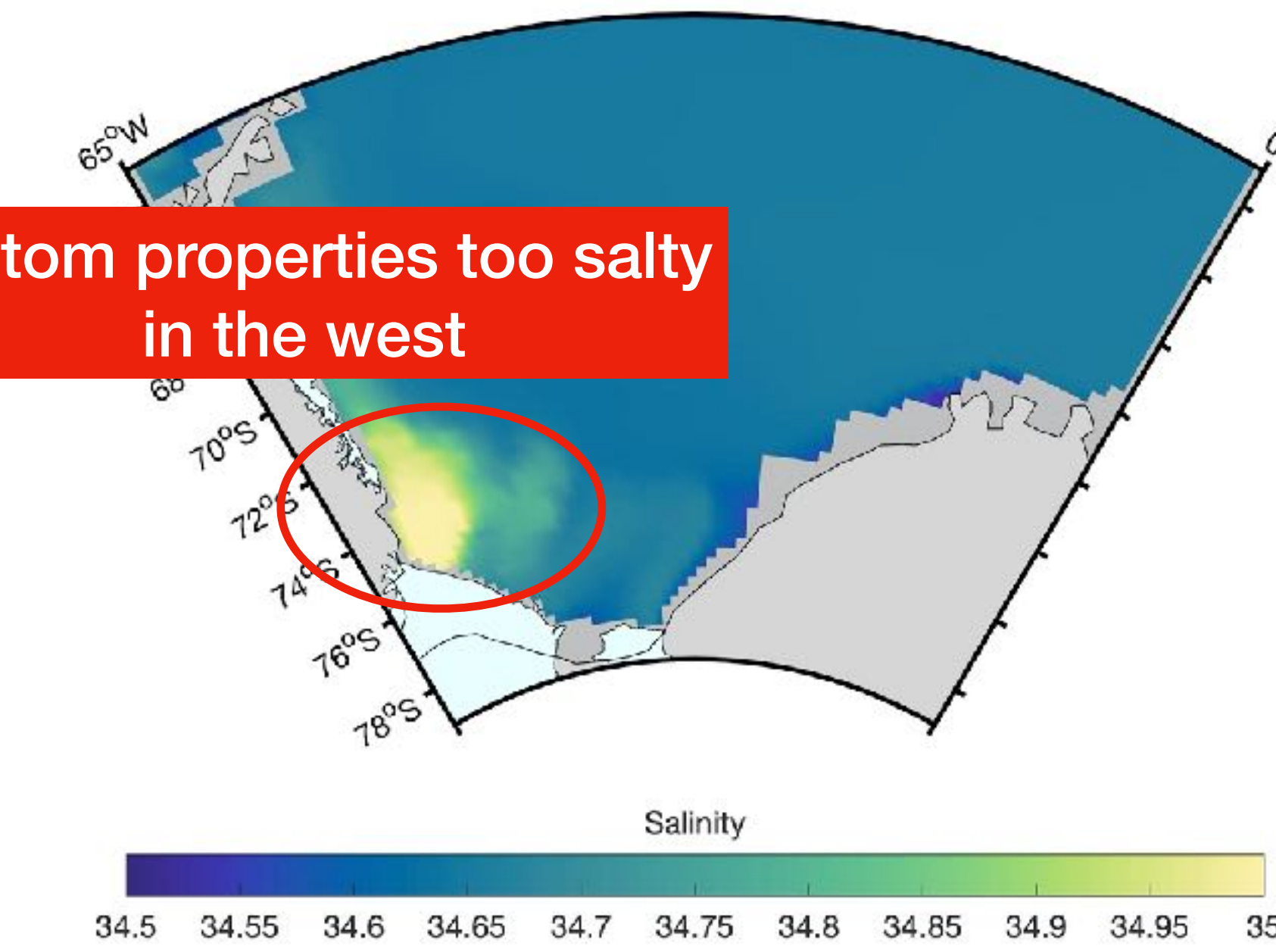
NEMO 4.2 T-S Weddell



NEMO 4.2 Bottom Temp Weddell

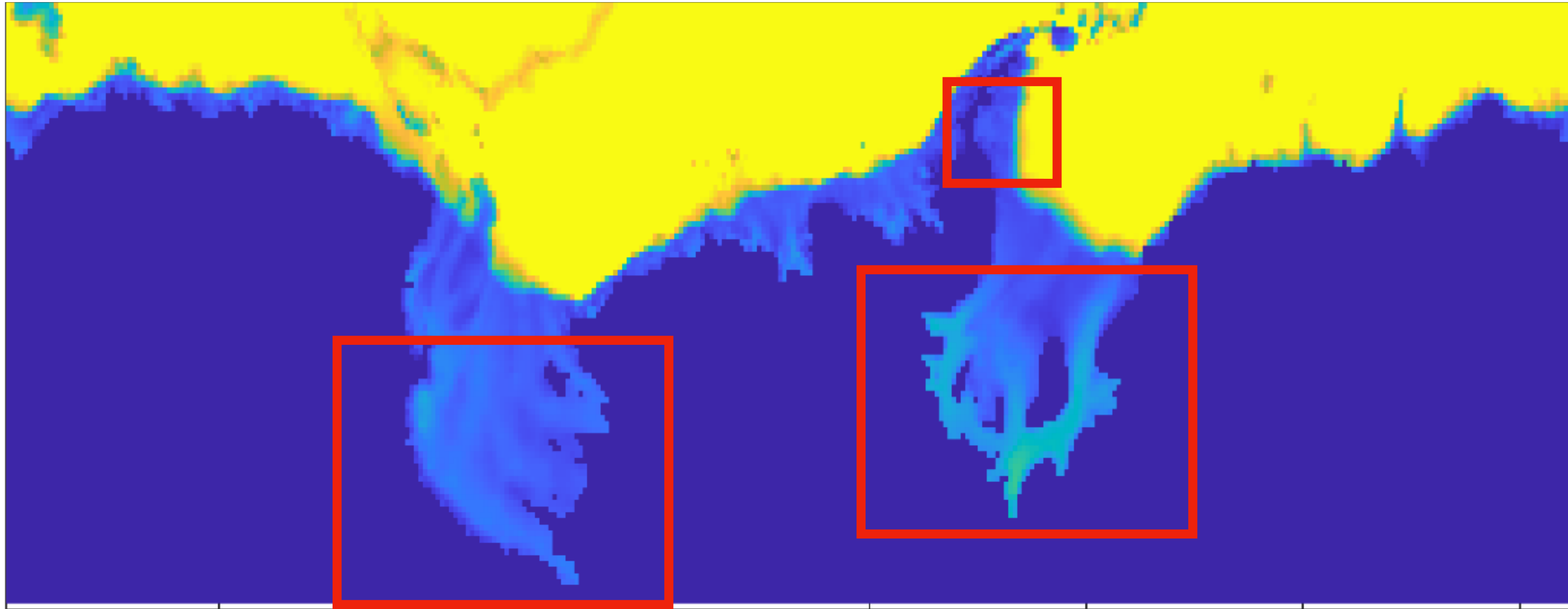


NEMO 4.2 Bottom Salt Weddell

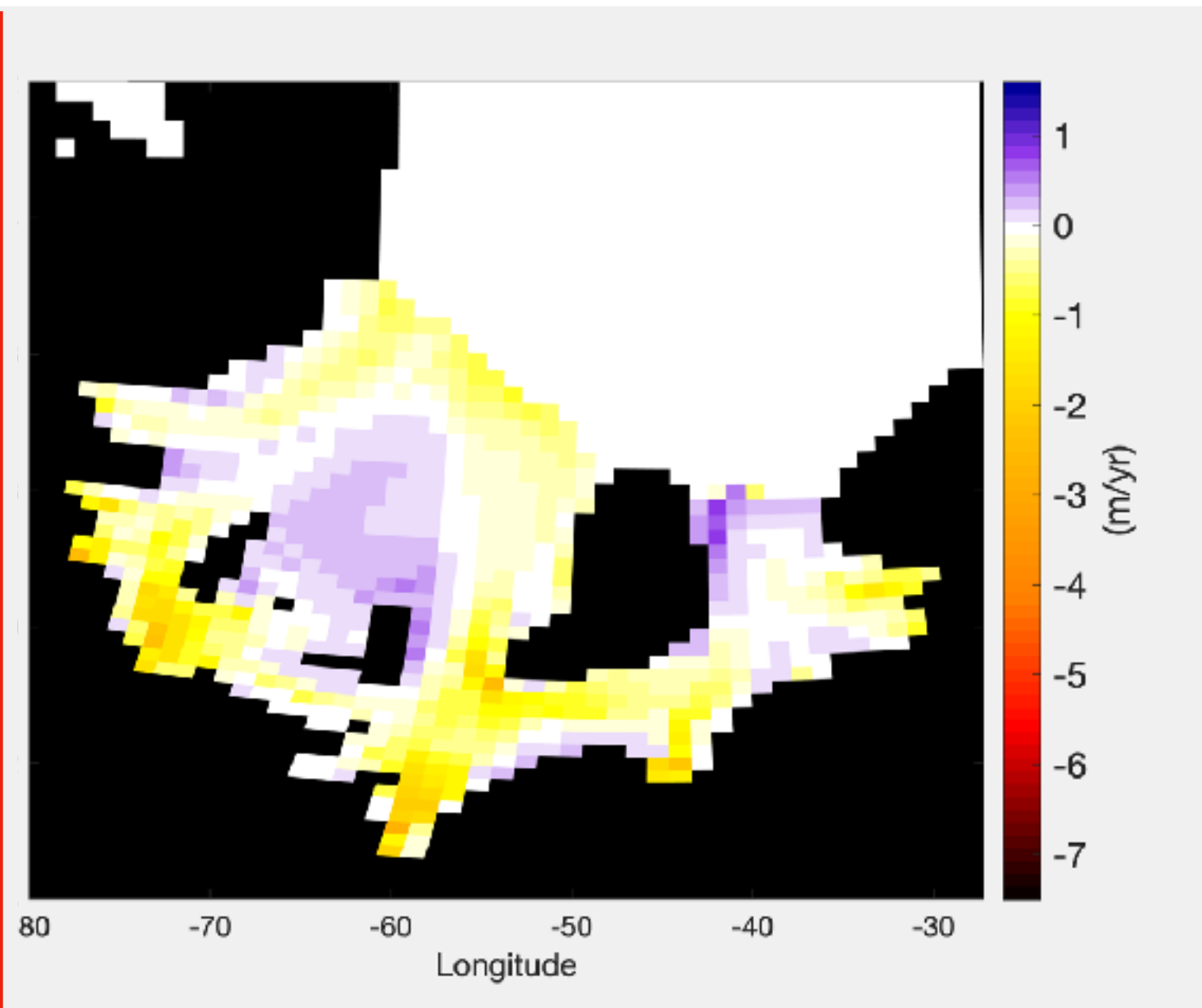
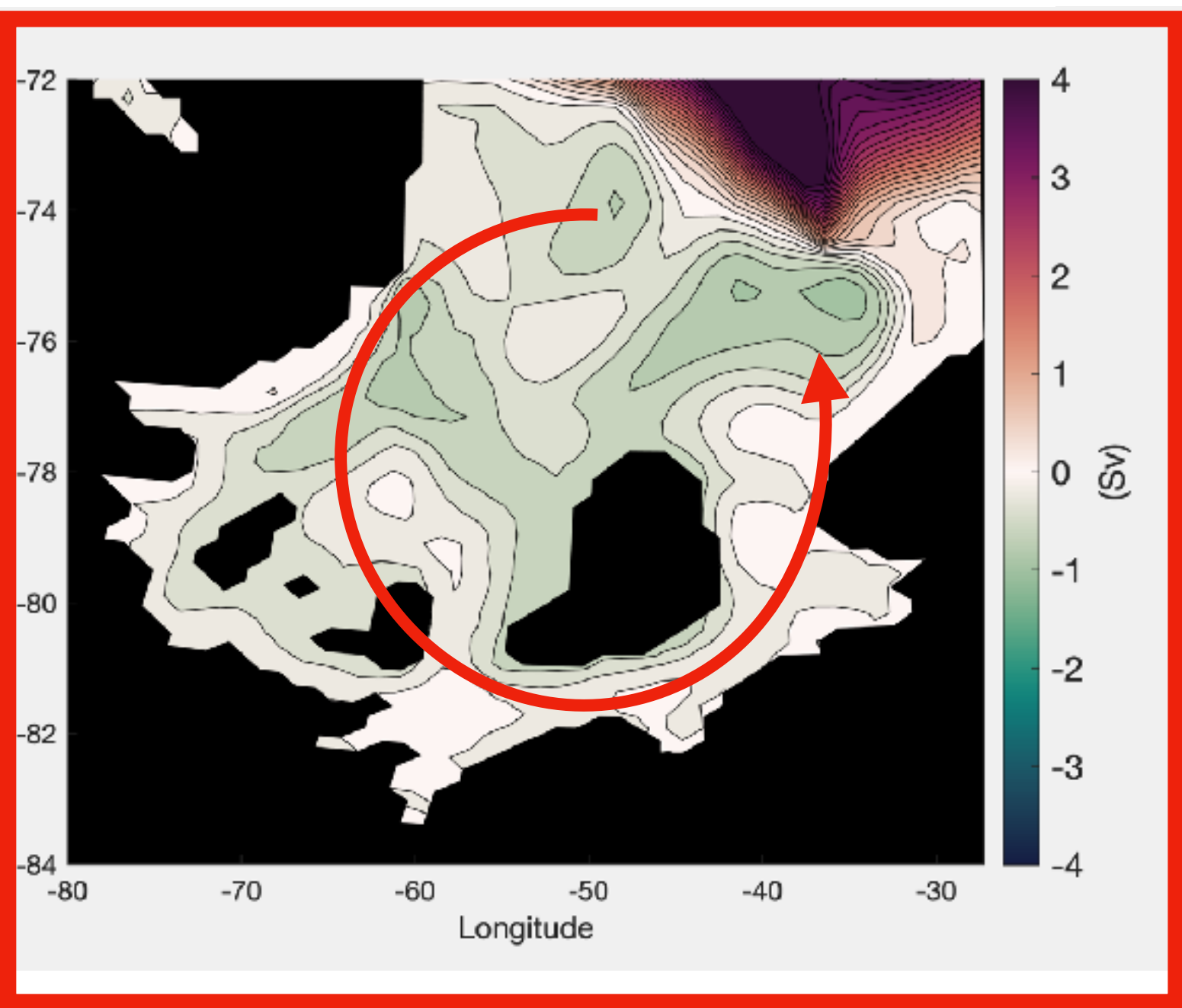


Bathymetry of eORCA1

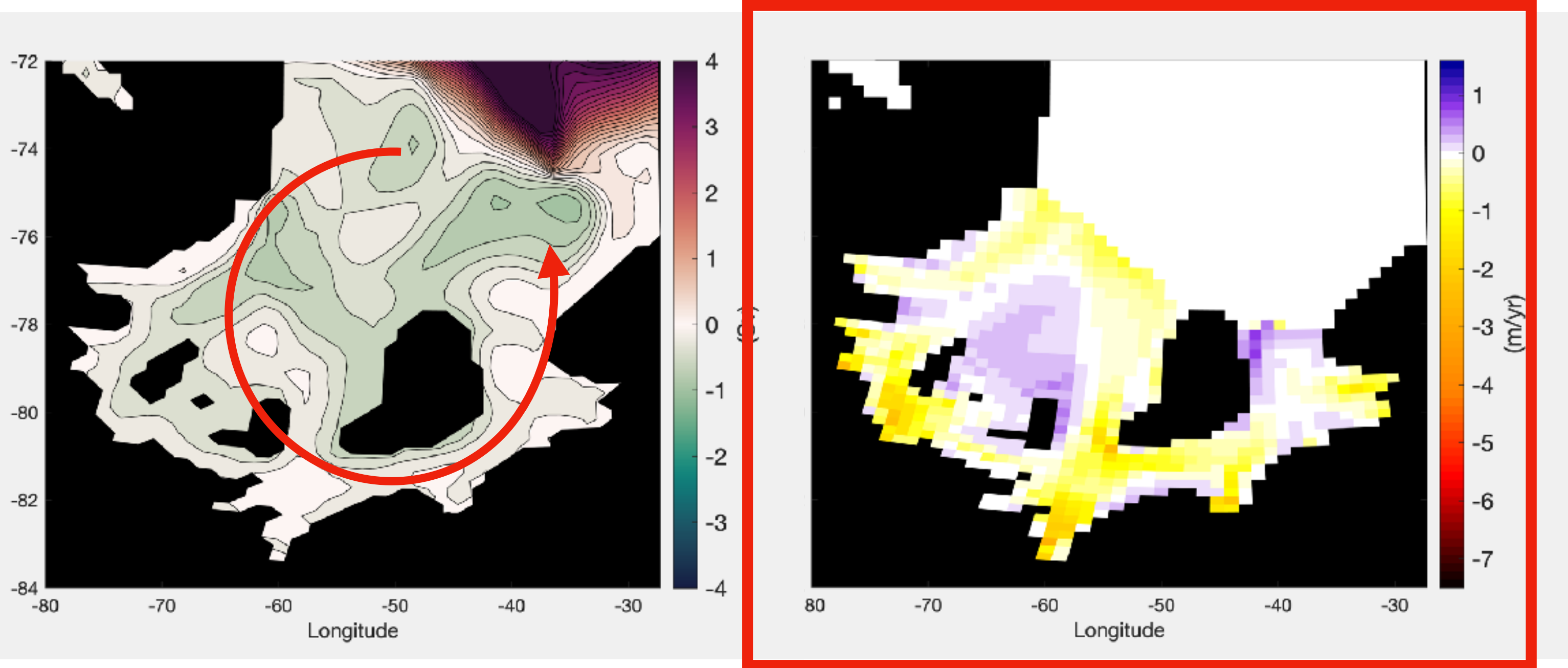
Now we open the large cold Antarctic sub-ice shelf cavities in
eORCA1 NEMO 4.2



Only open FRIS, Ross & LCIS

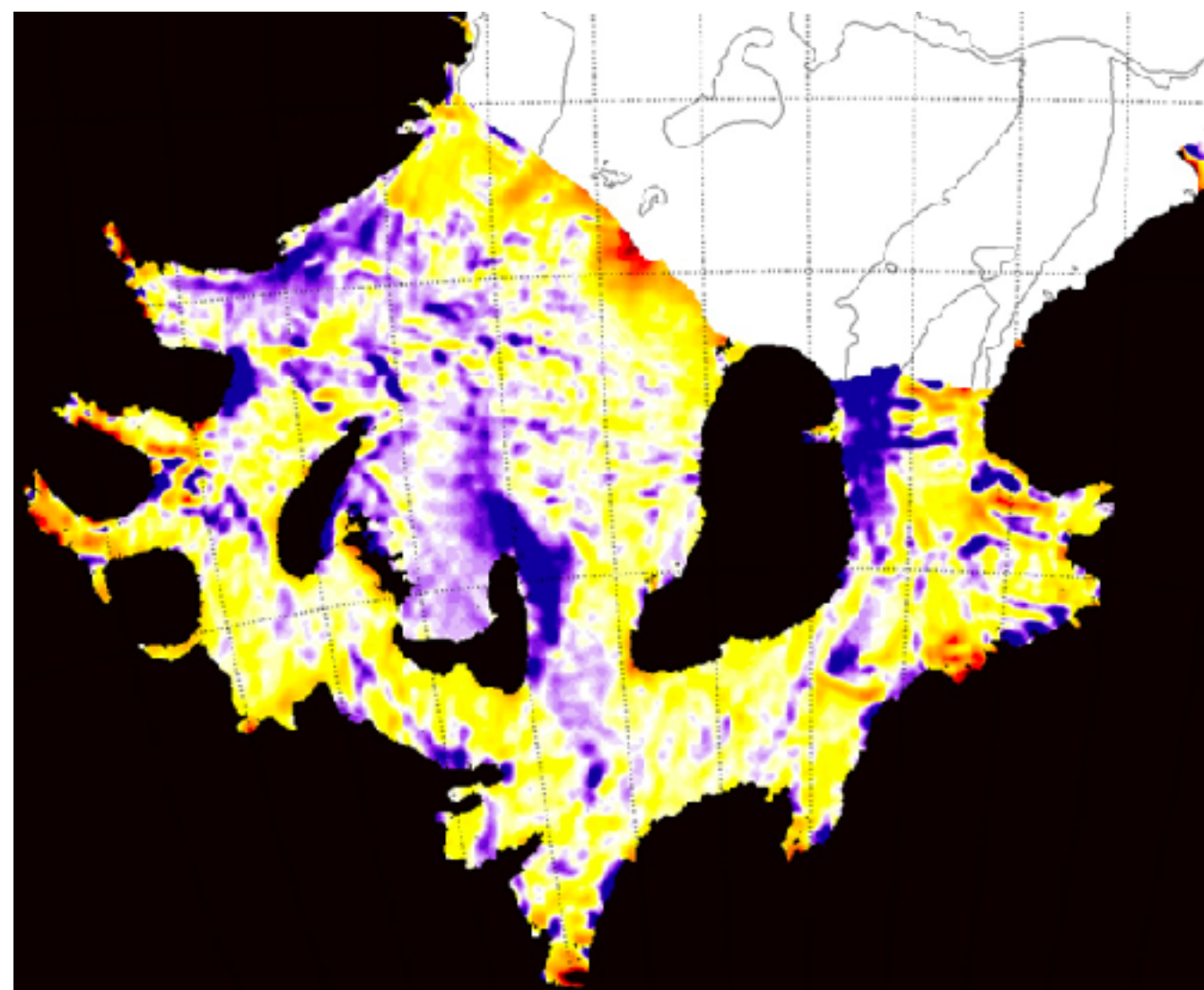


FRIS	Net Melt (Gt/yr)
eORCA1 2 cycles 1995-2009	117
Depoorter 1995-2009	50
Adsumilli 1994-2018	81
eORCA1 2 cycles 2003-2008	104
Rignot 2003-2008	155
eORCA1 last 5 yr forcing	95
Hausmann 1/12 NEMO last 5yr forcing	159

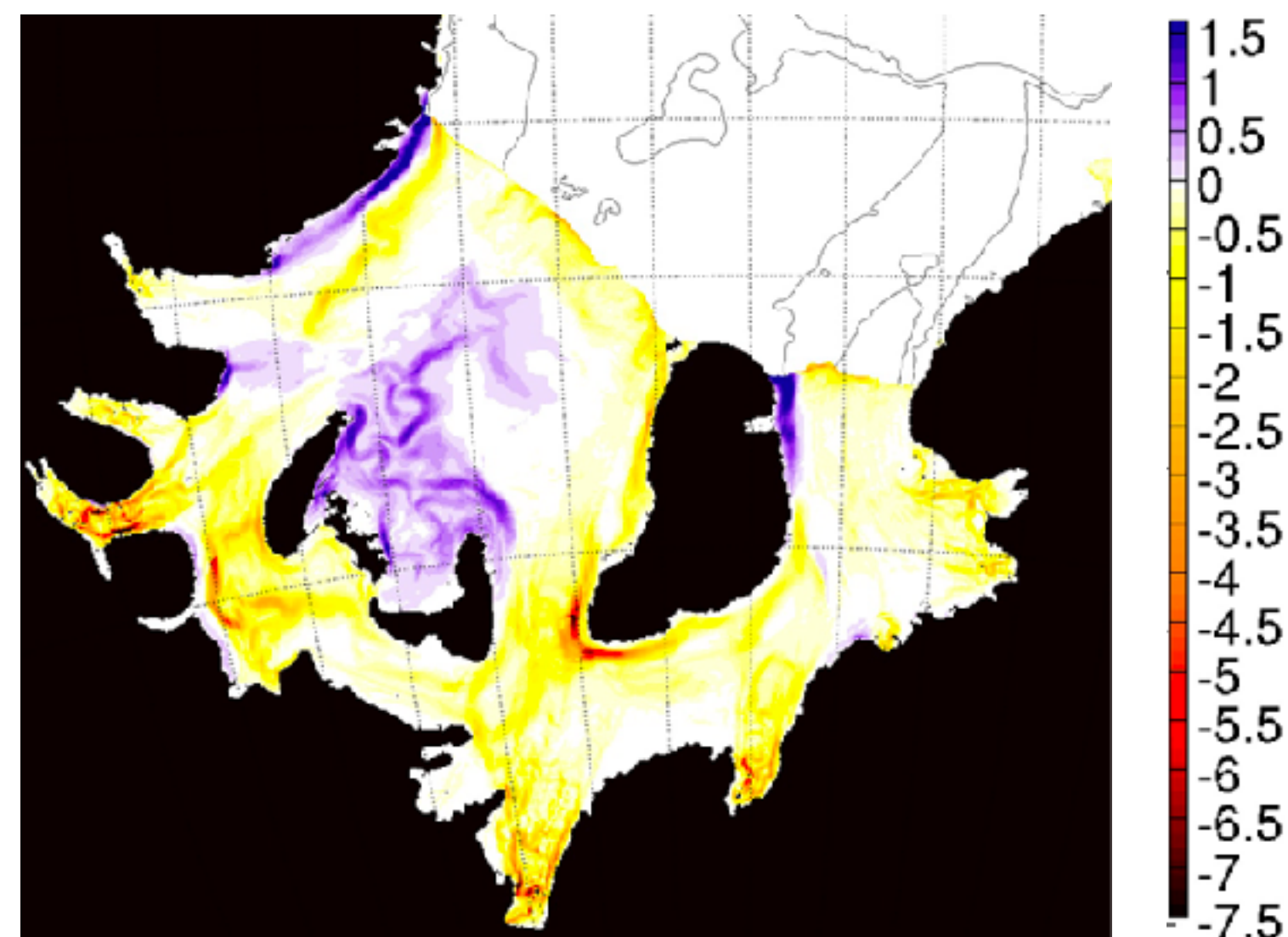


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Hausmann 1/12 NEMO last 5yr forcing	159

Rignot et al., 2013 (**Satellite Obs**)



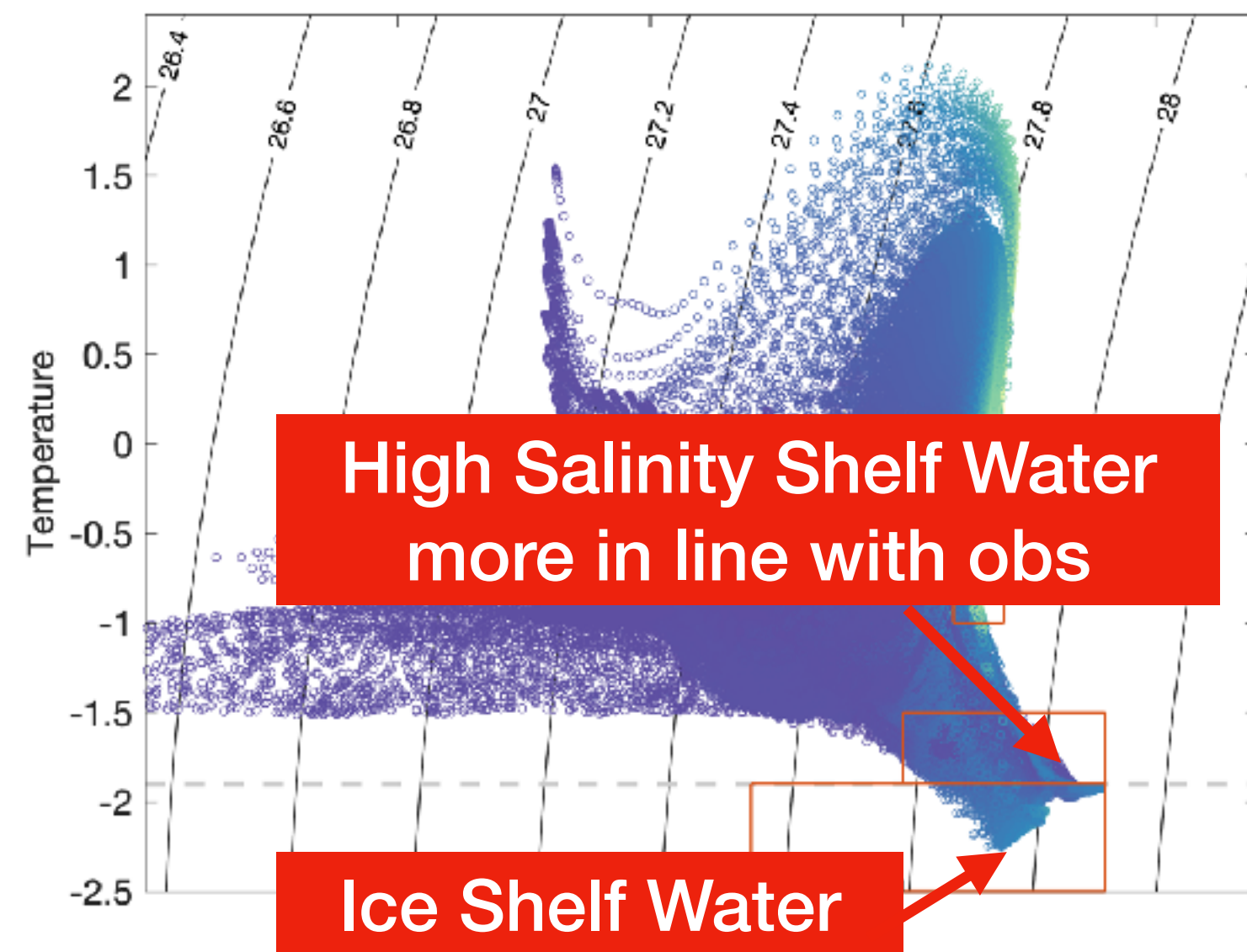
Hausmann et al., 2020 (**NEMO regional 1/12°**)



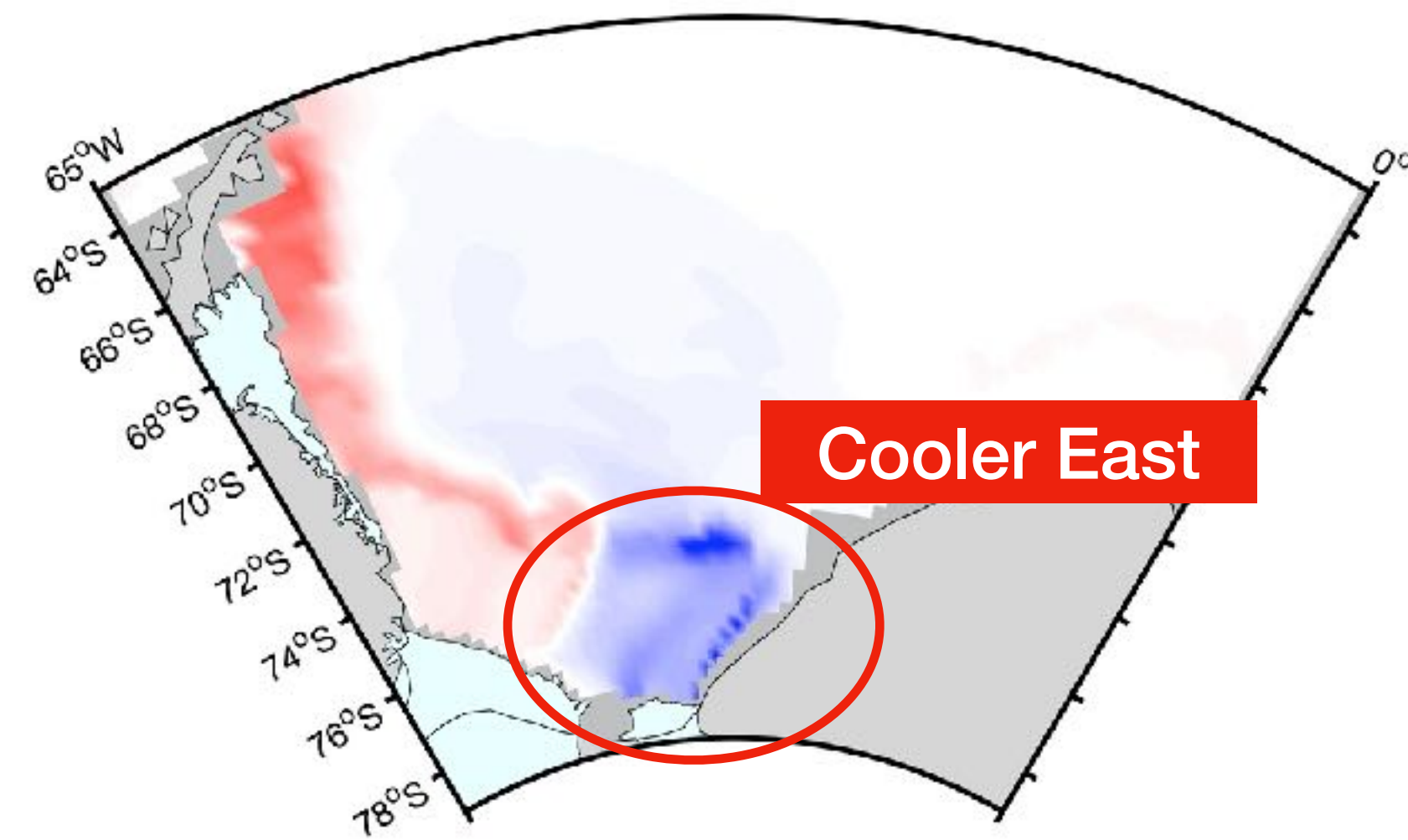
Pattern of melt compares well with satellite observations and high resolution regional model

From Hausmann et al., 2020

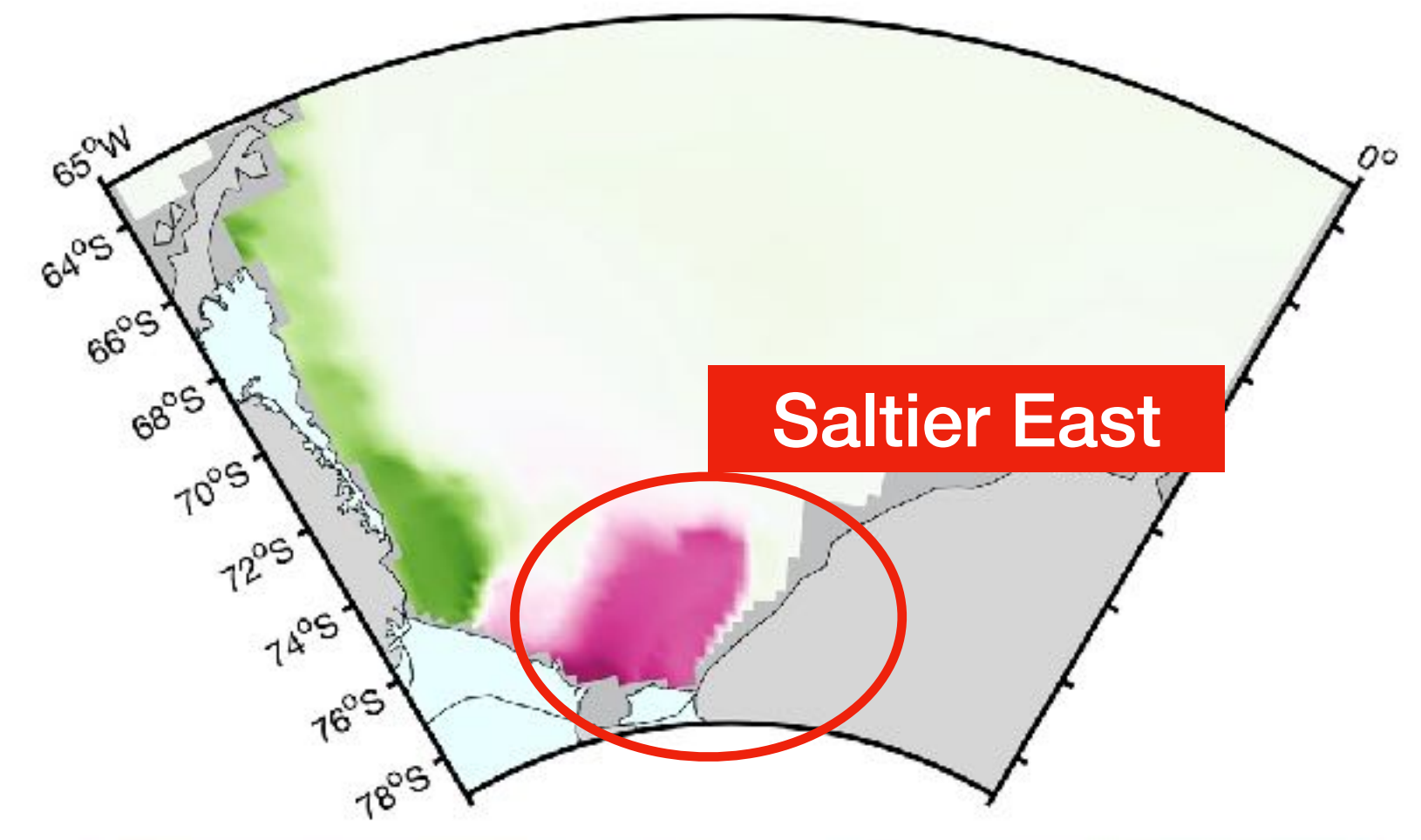
OPEN CAV T-S Weddell

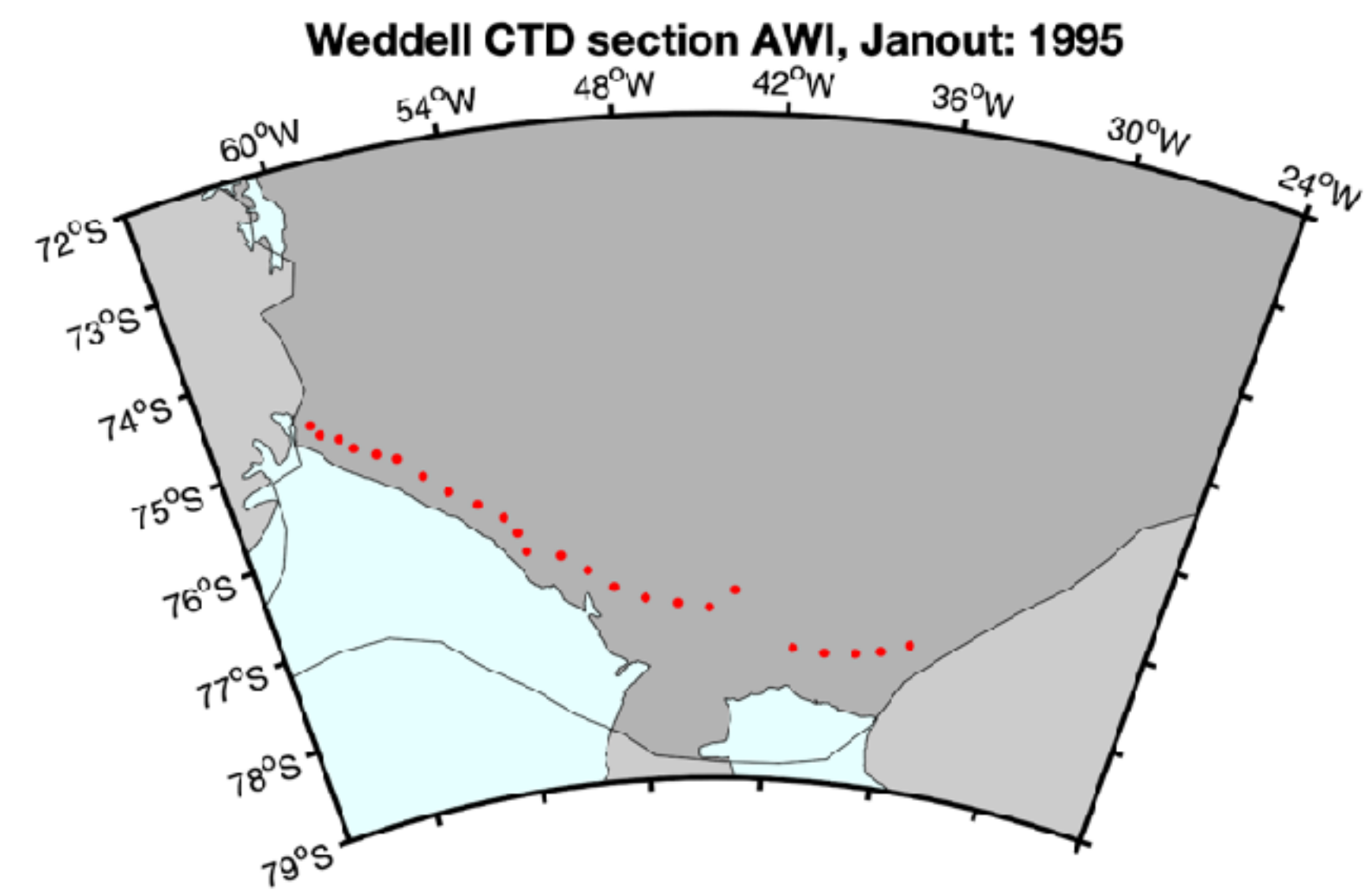


OPEN - CLOSED Bottom Temp Weddell



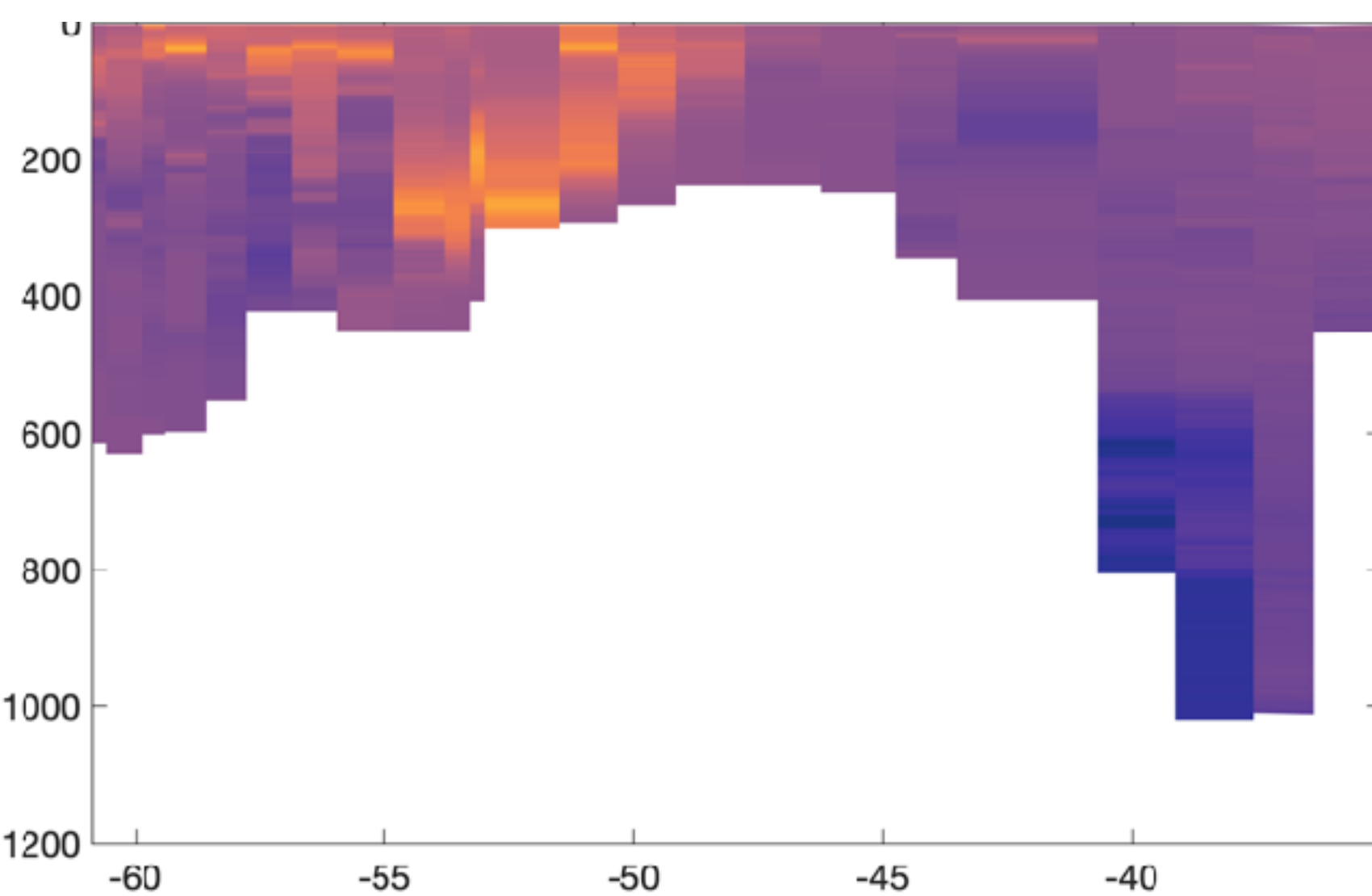
OPEN - CLOSED Bottom Salt Weddell



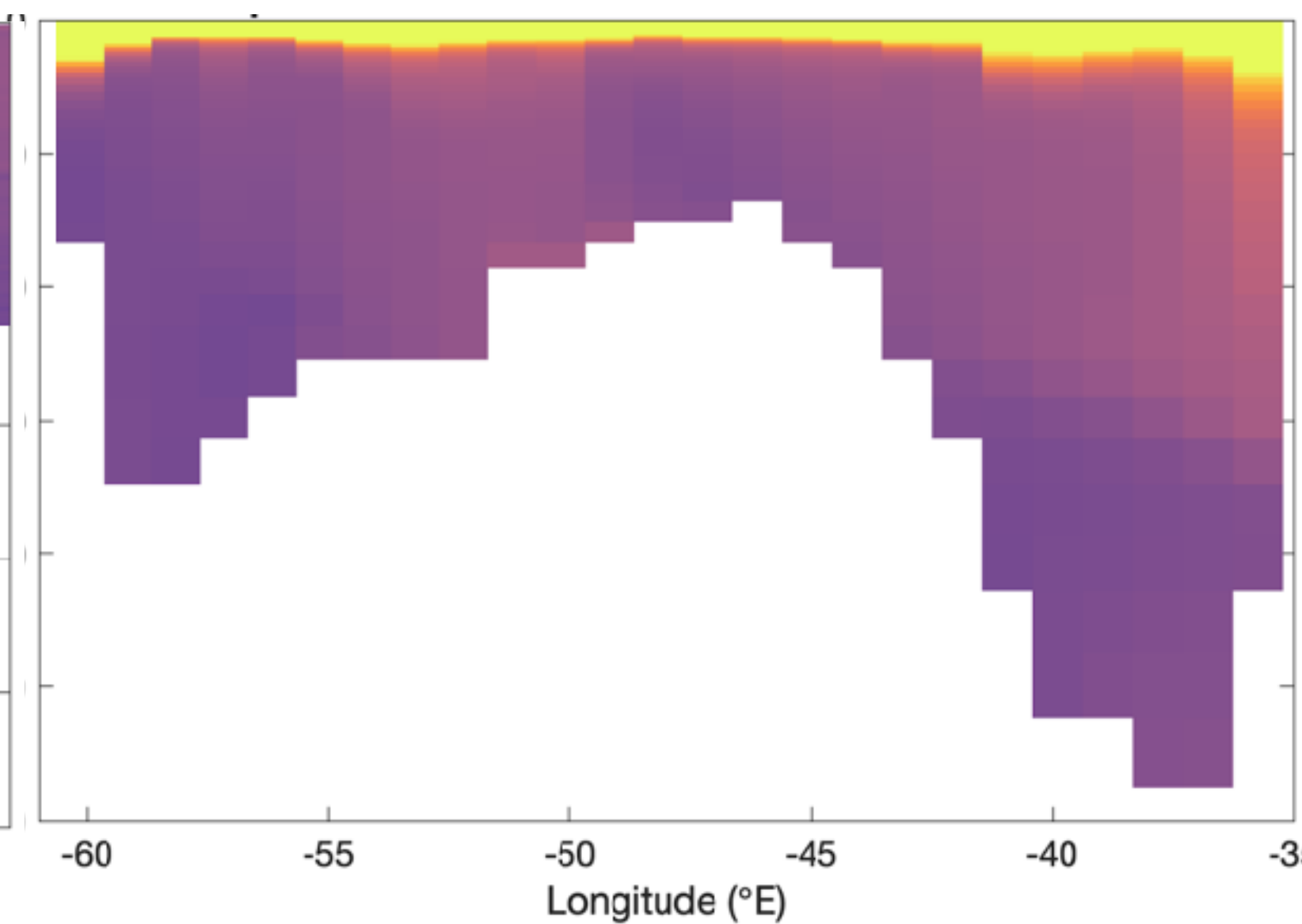


See presence of outflowing
ISW within Filchner Trough

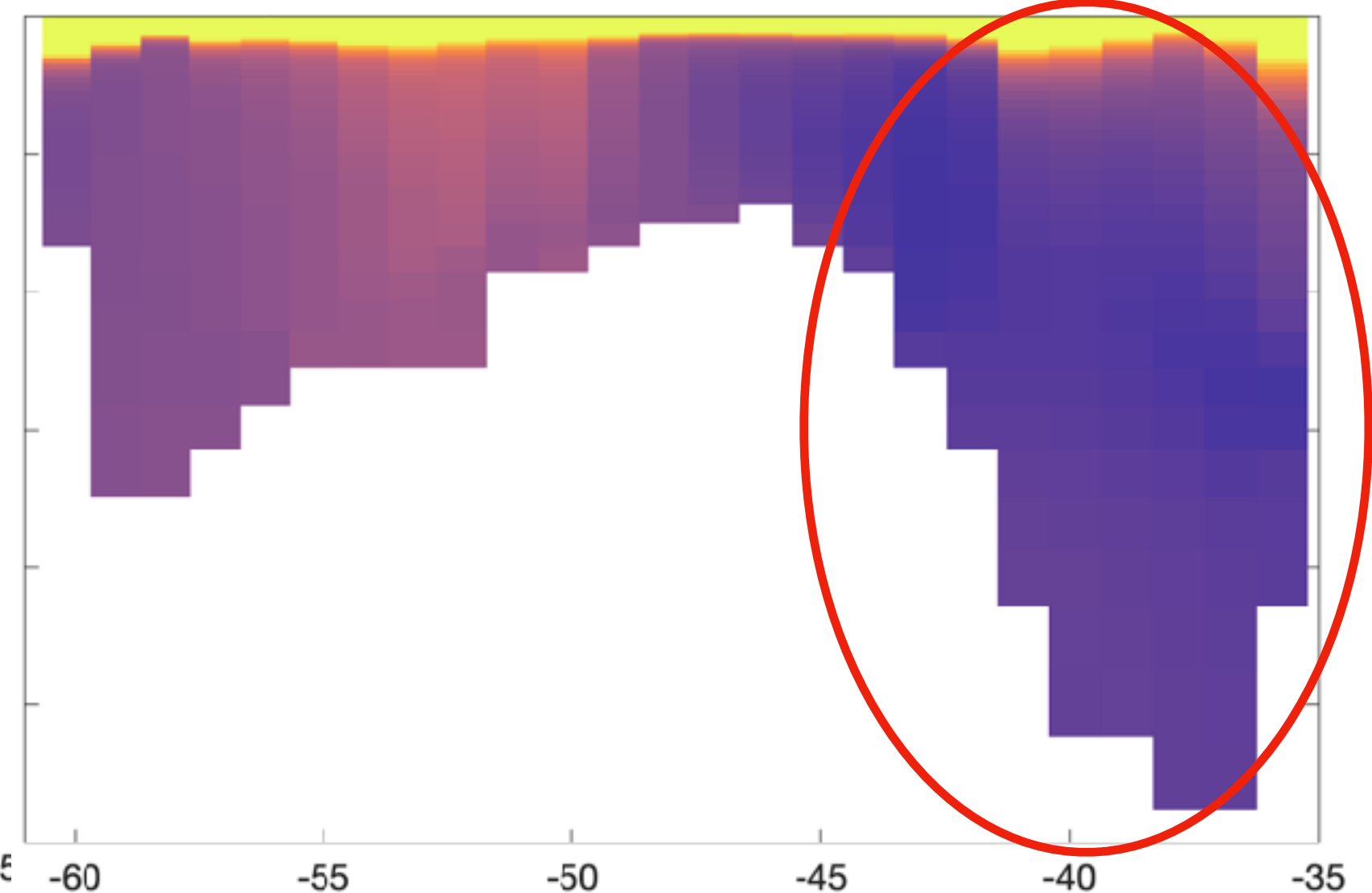
CTDs

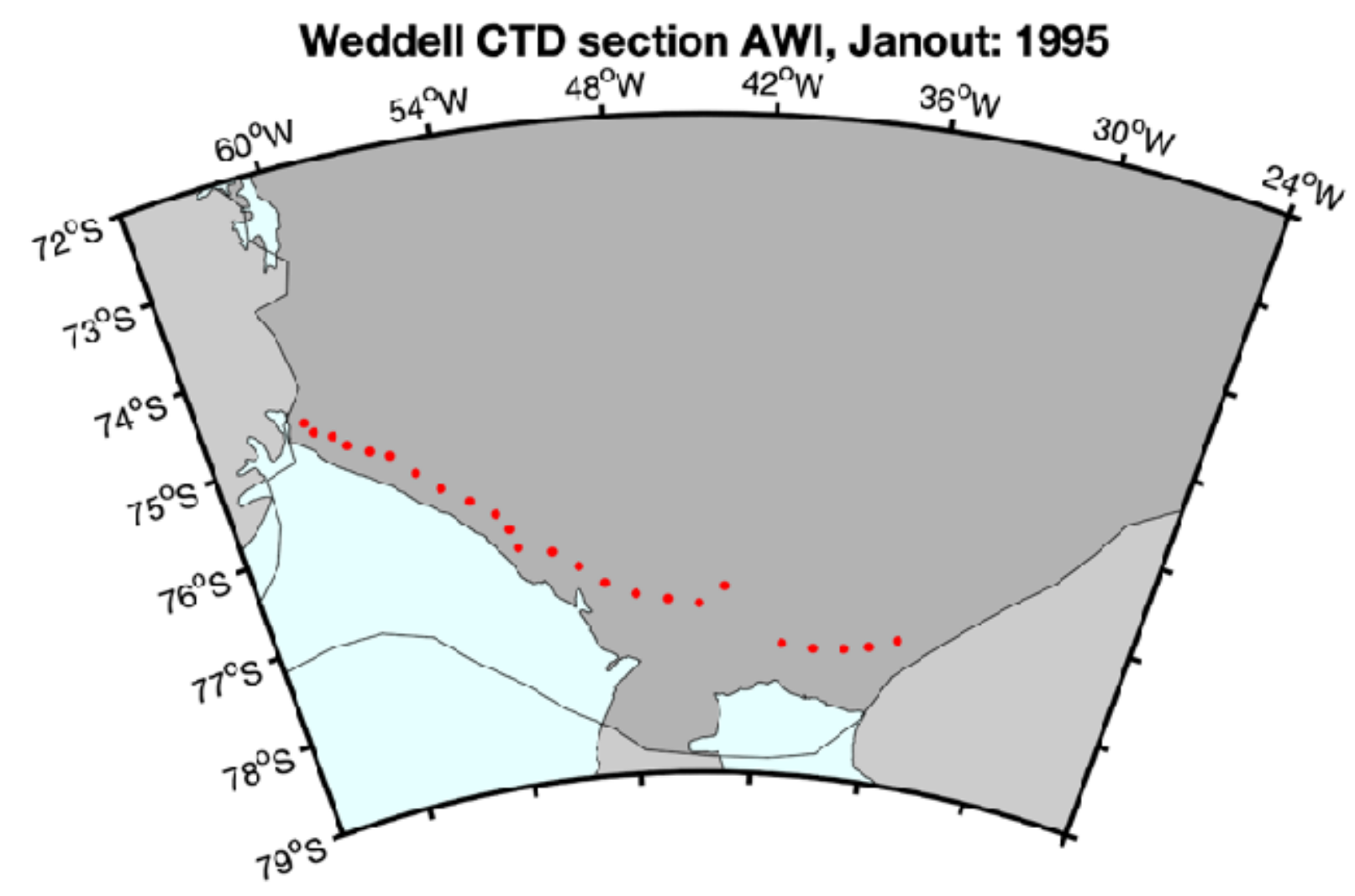


CLOSED isf cavity



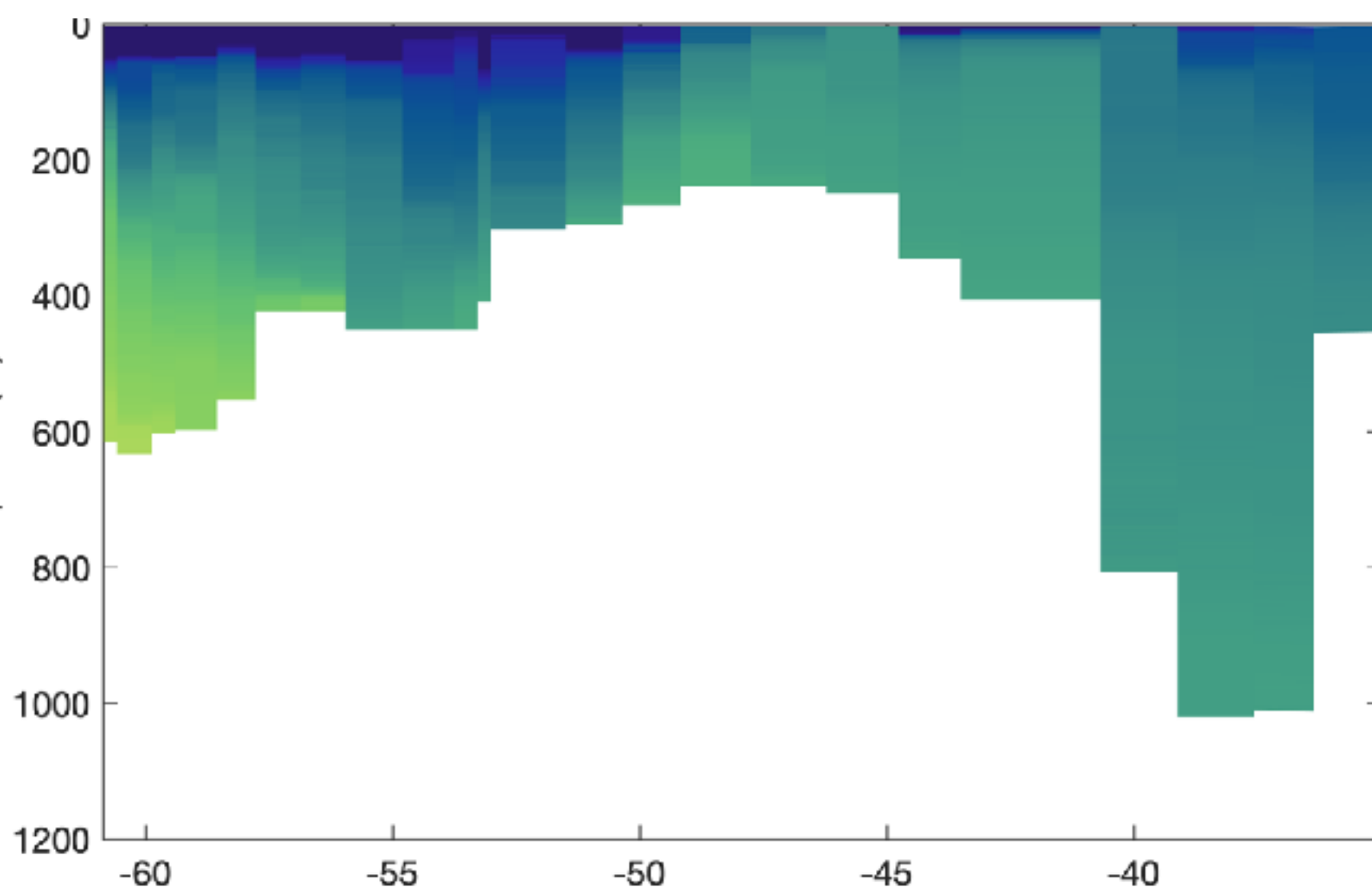
OPEN isf cavity



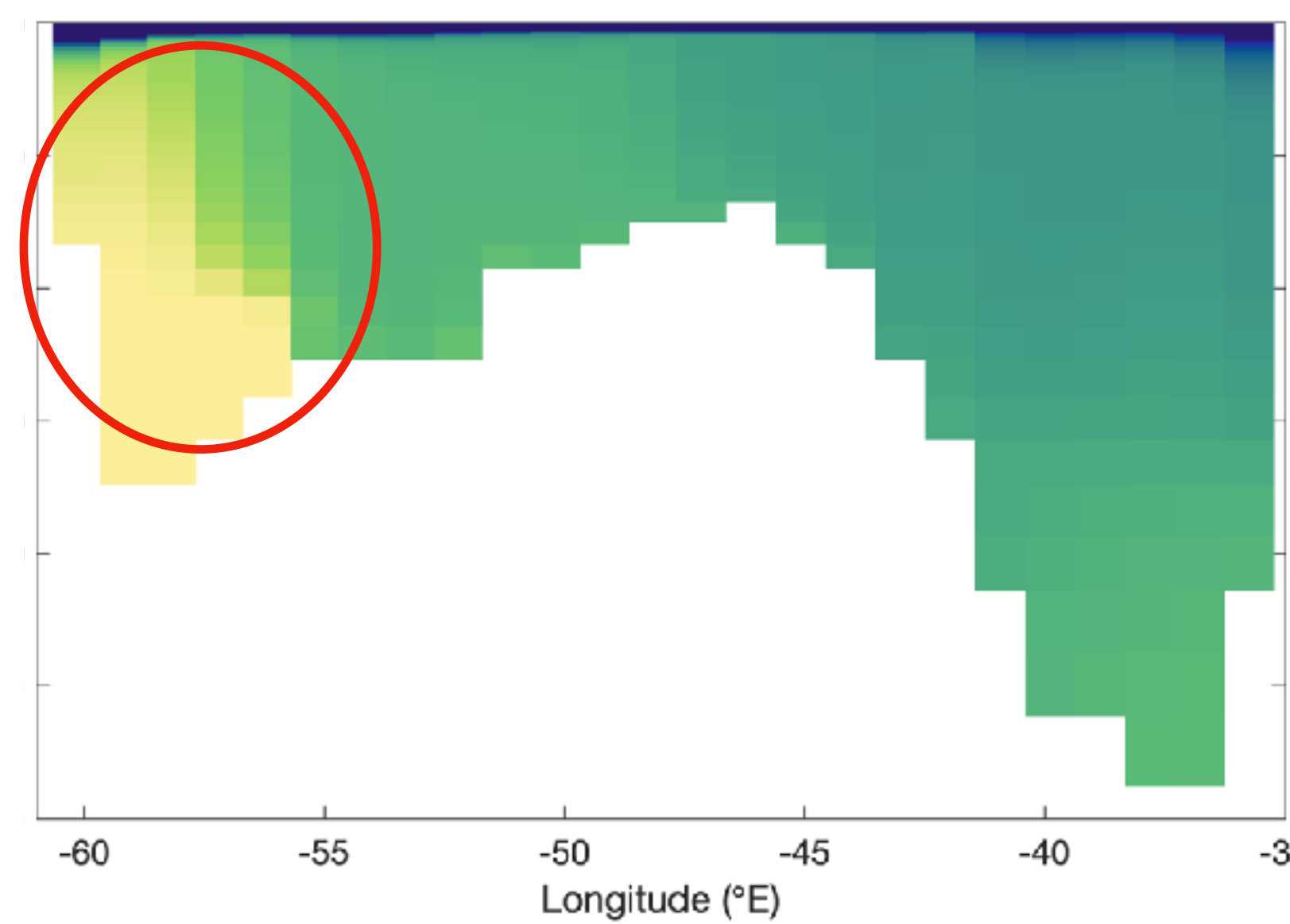


HSSW focused the west
now speed out over
continental shelf

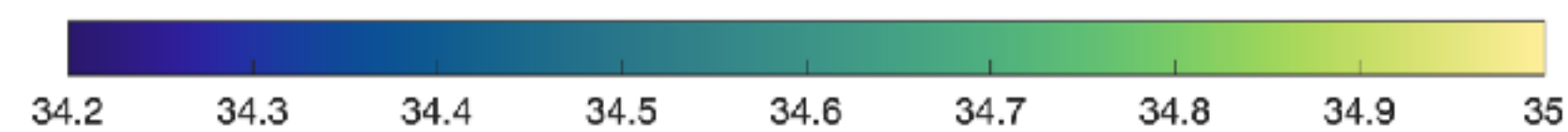
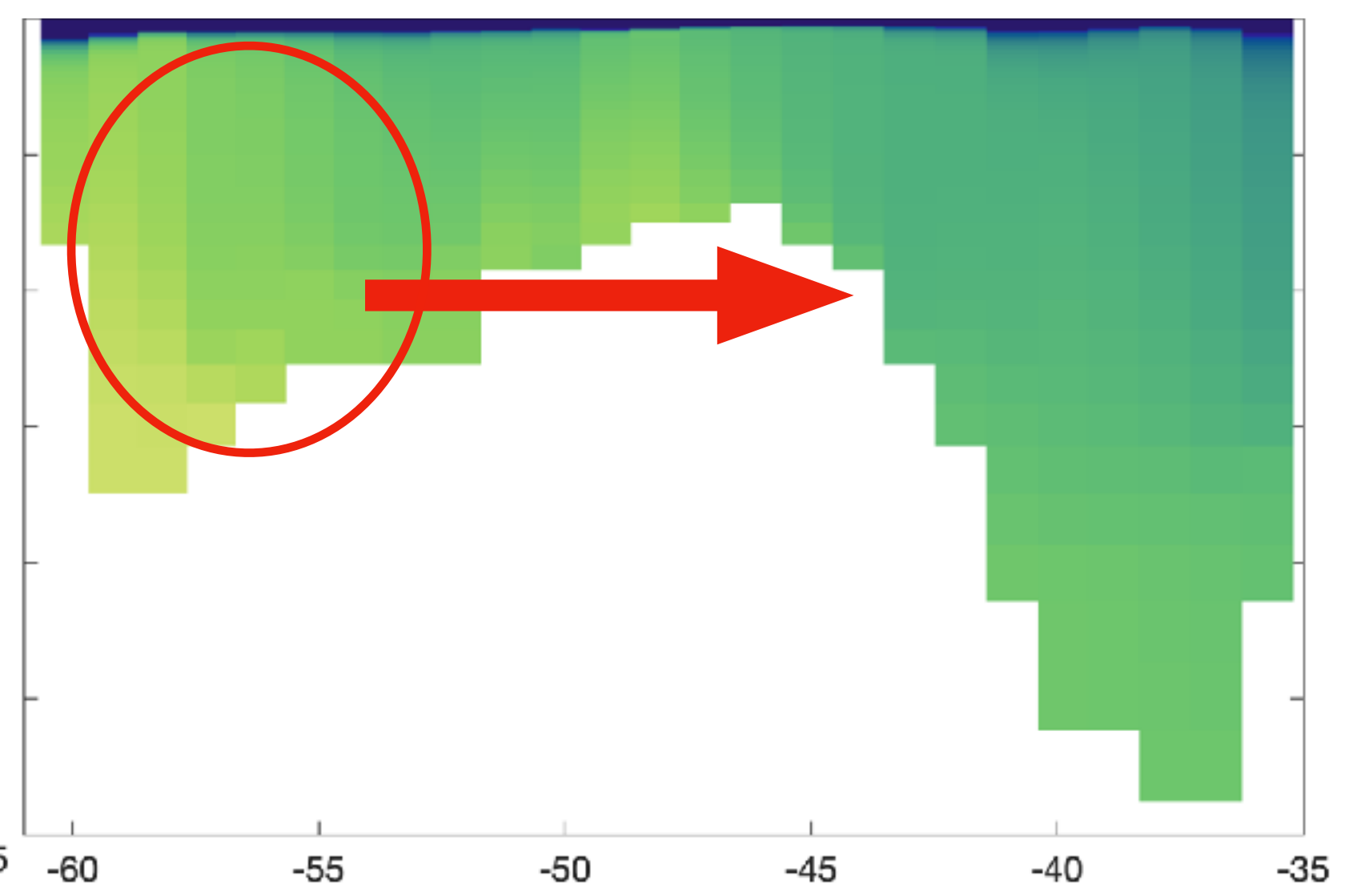
CTDs



CLOSED isf cavity

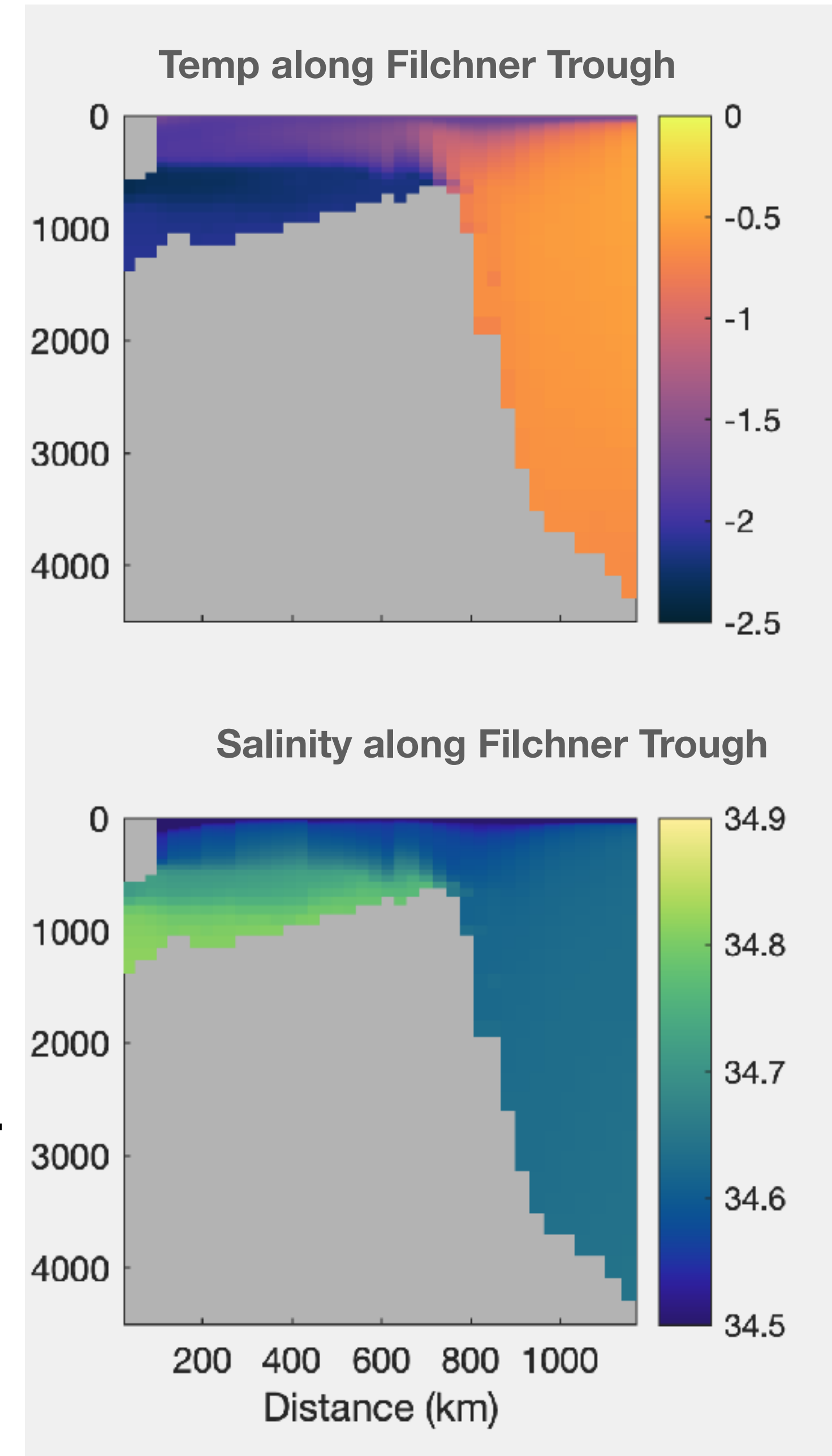


OPEN isf cavity



Summary

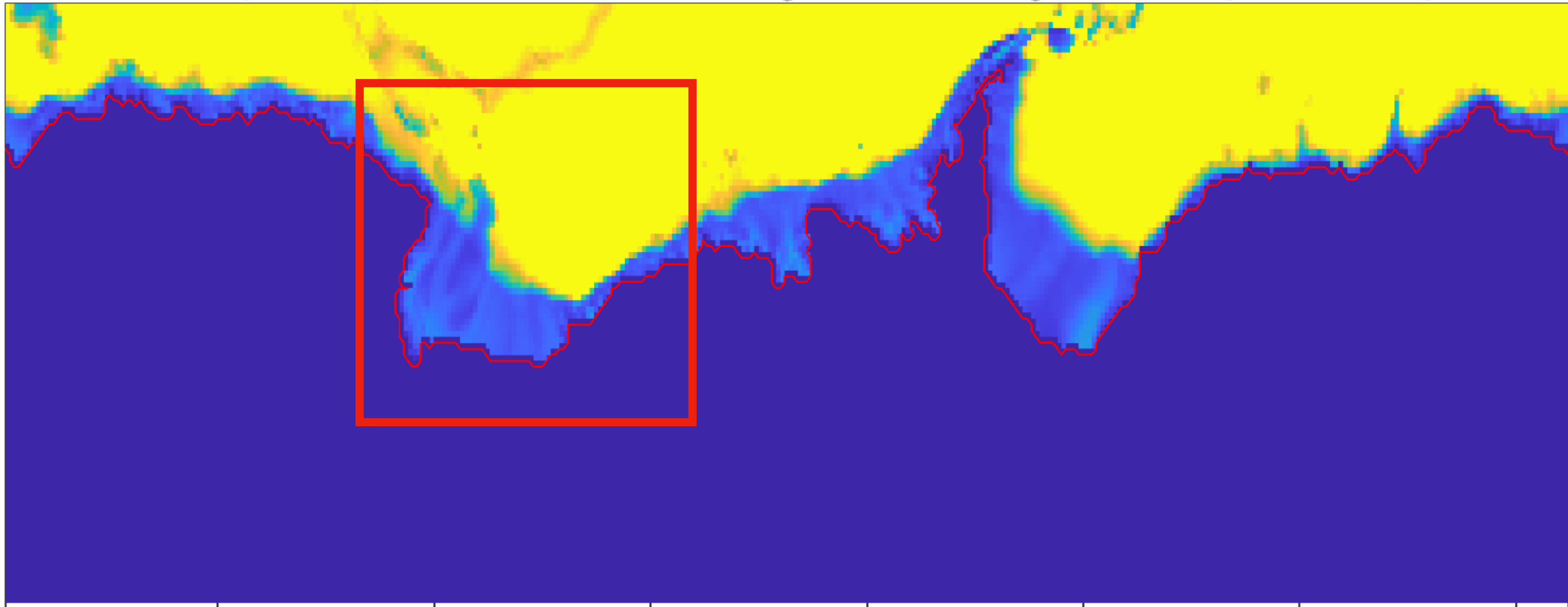
- Opening the large, cold sub-ice shelf cavities in eORCA1 gives realistic circulation and melt rate patterns.
- The properties on the continental shelf are more in line with observations and the changes observed are in agreement with regional high res model results.
- A challenge remains to transport the dense shelf water down the continental slope and offshore to impact the properties of Bottom Water.



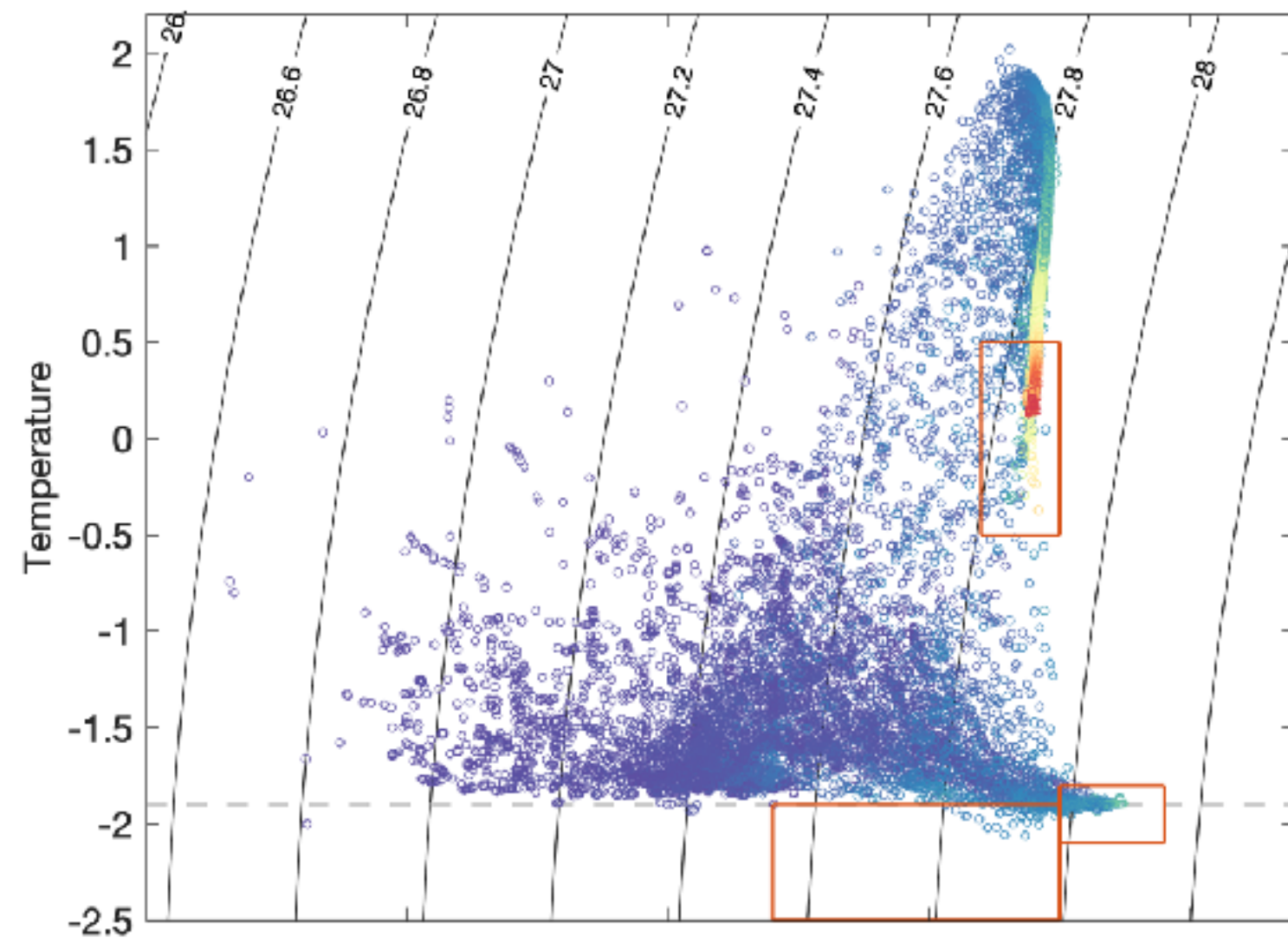
Slides for Ross Sea and Ice Shelf...

Bathymetry of ORCA1

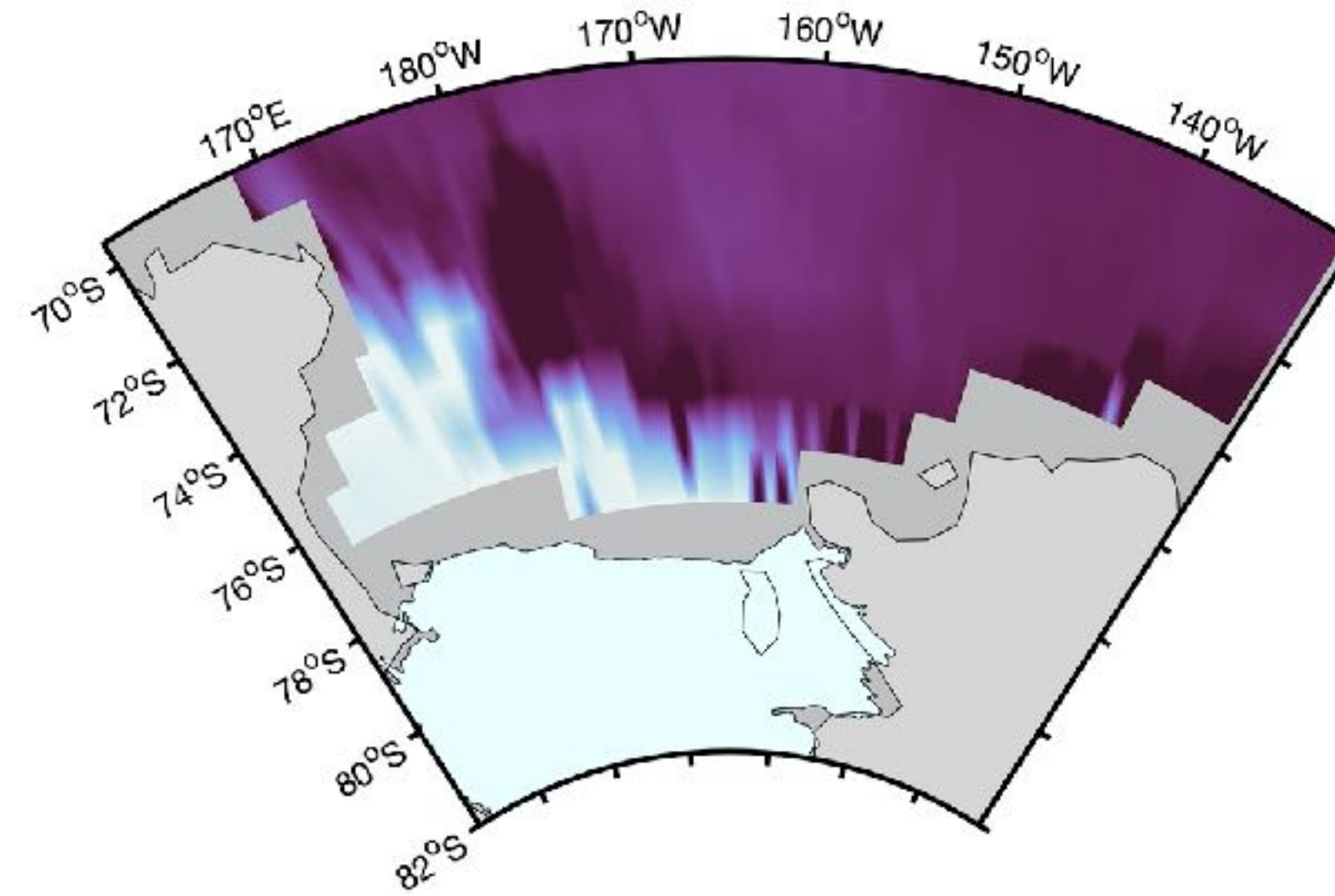
Ross Sea



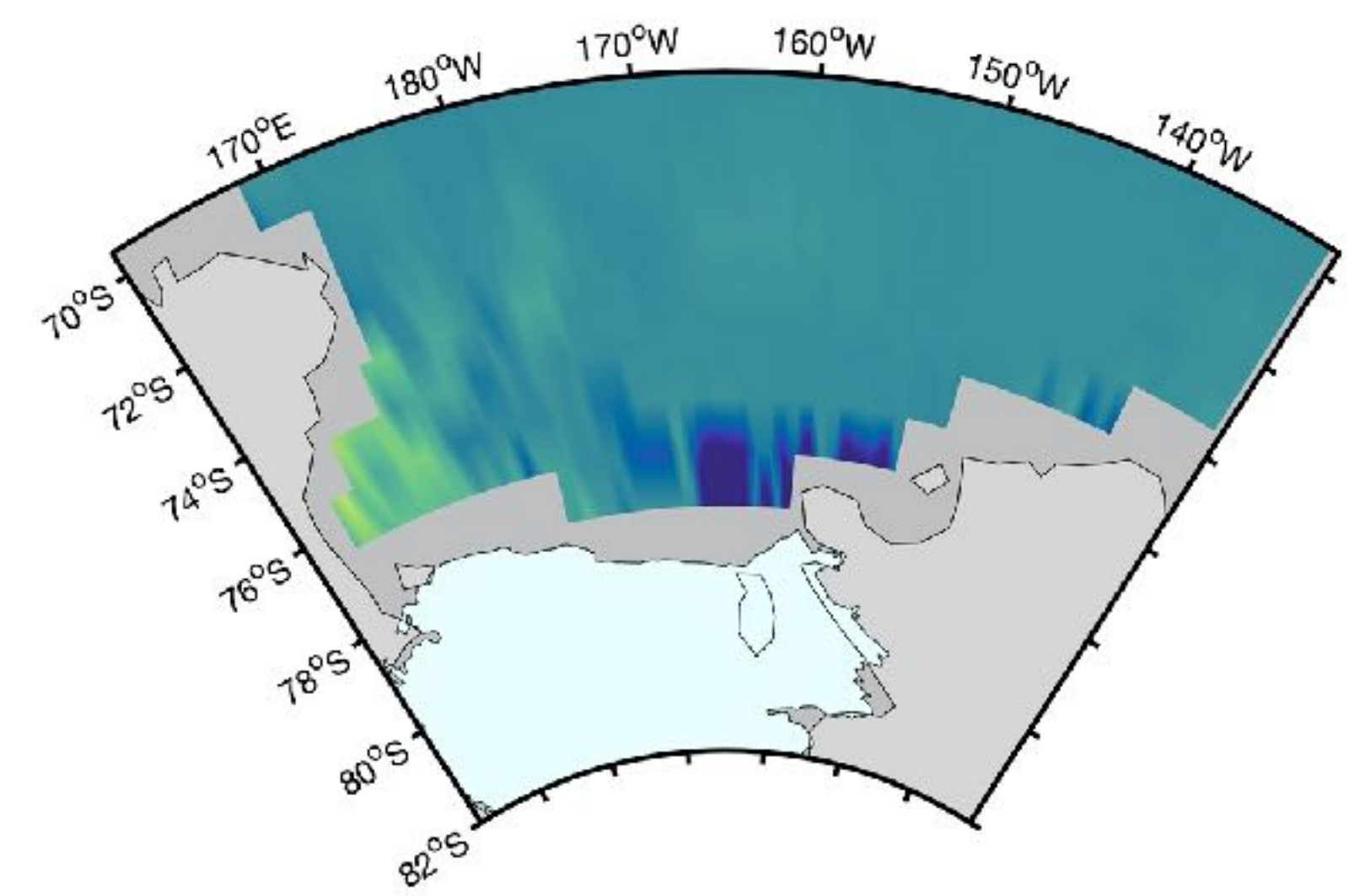
WOA T-S Ross



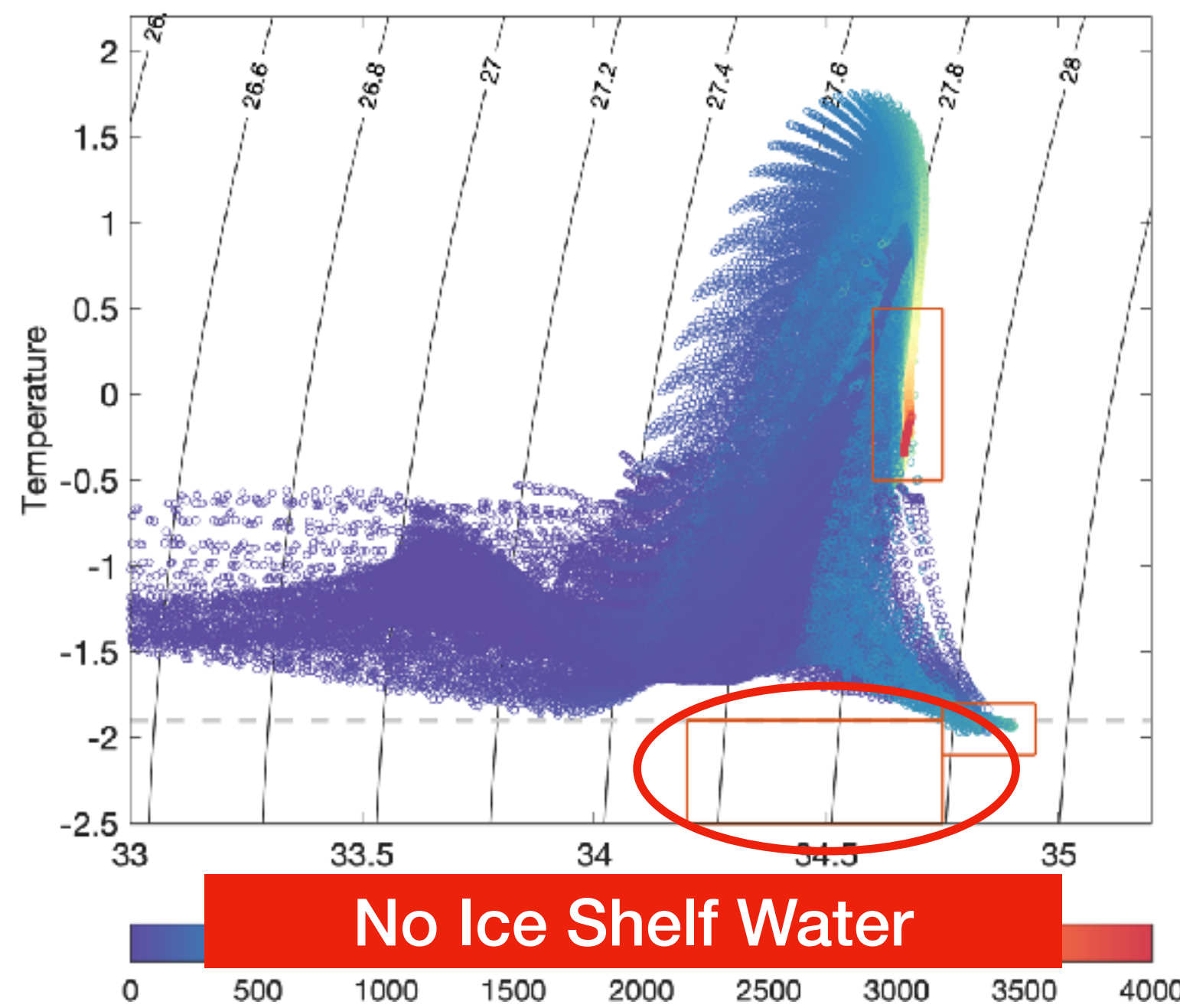
WOA Bottom Temp Ross



WOA Bottom Salt Ross

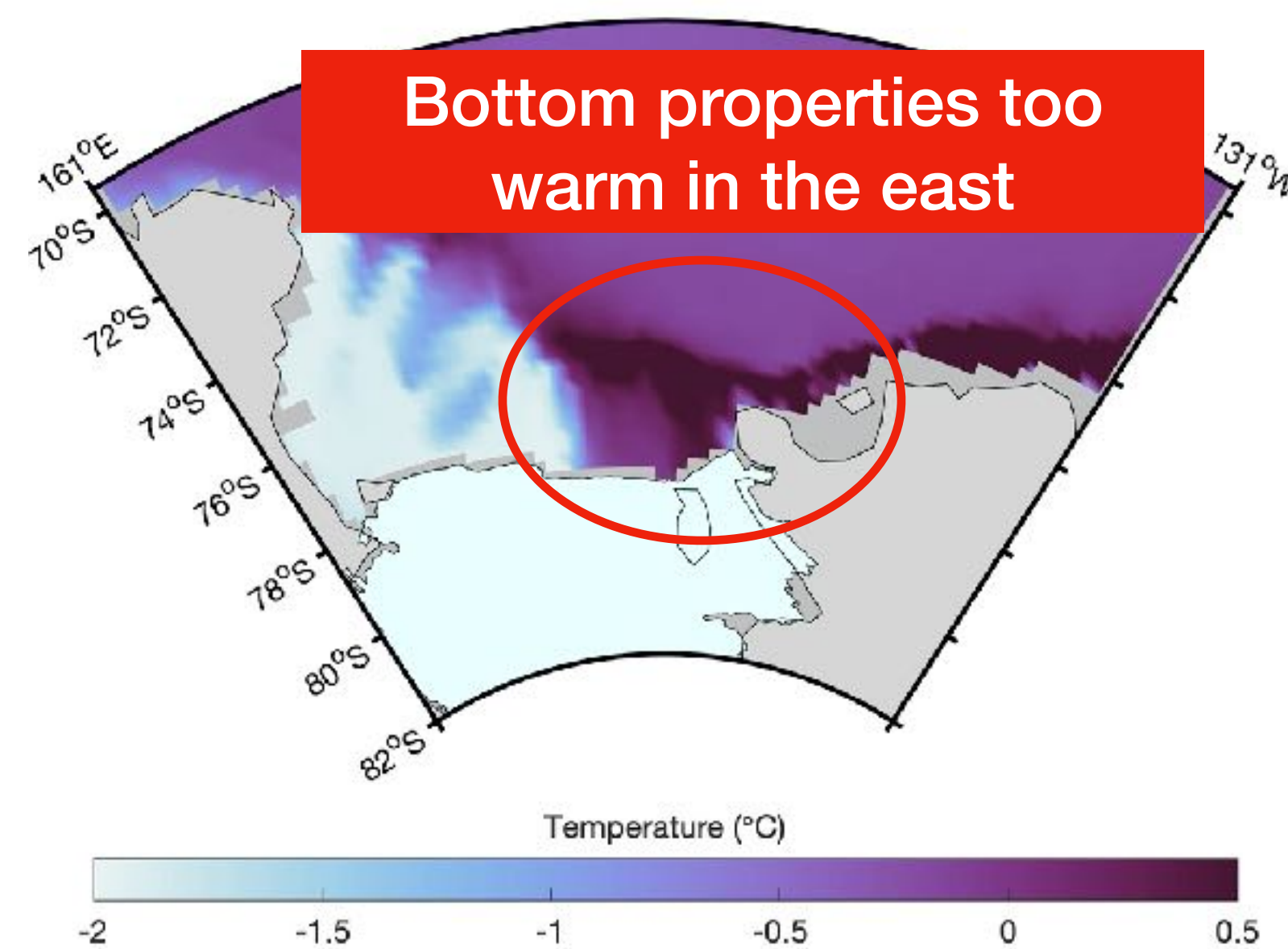


NEMO 4.2 T-S Ross



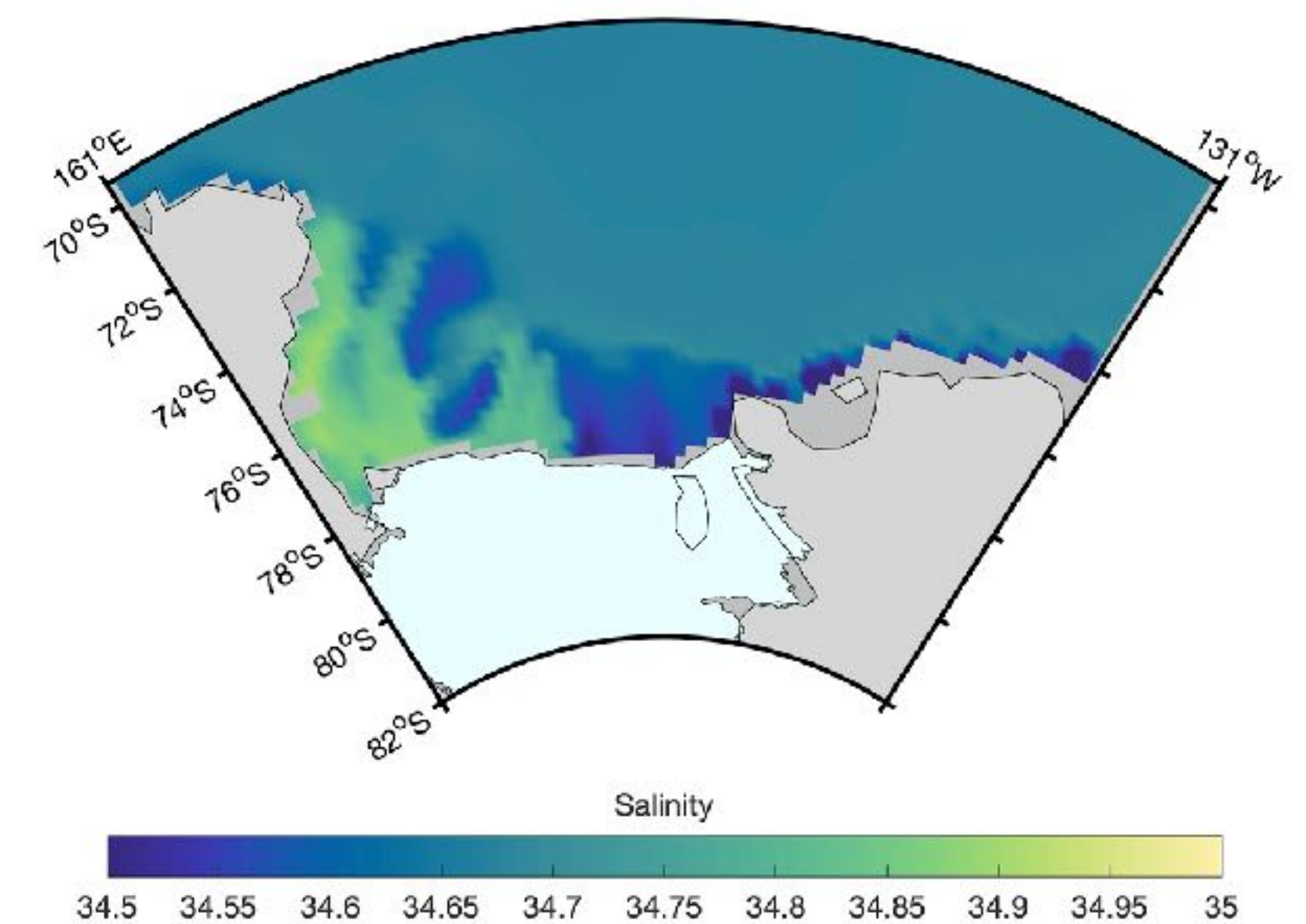
No Ice Shelf Water

NEMO 4.2 Bottom Temp Ross



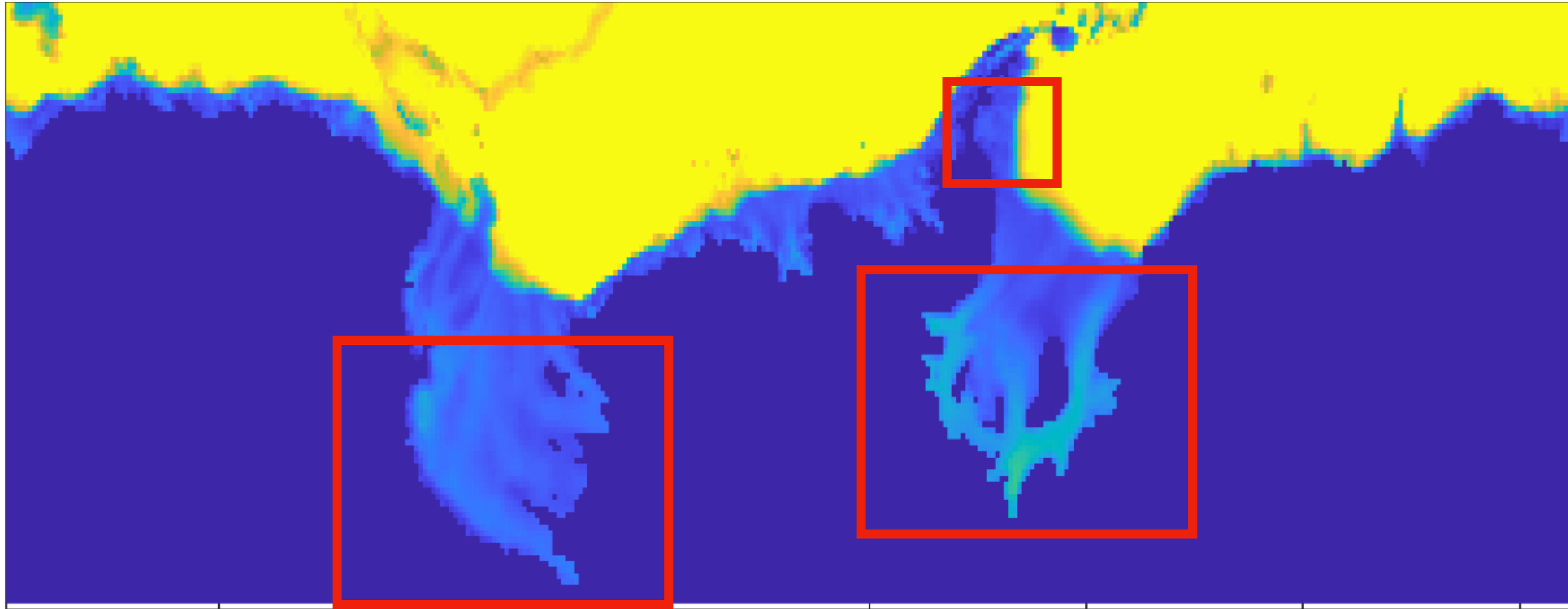
Bottom properties too warm in the east

NEMO 4.2 Bottom Salt Ross

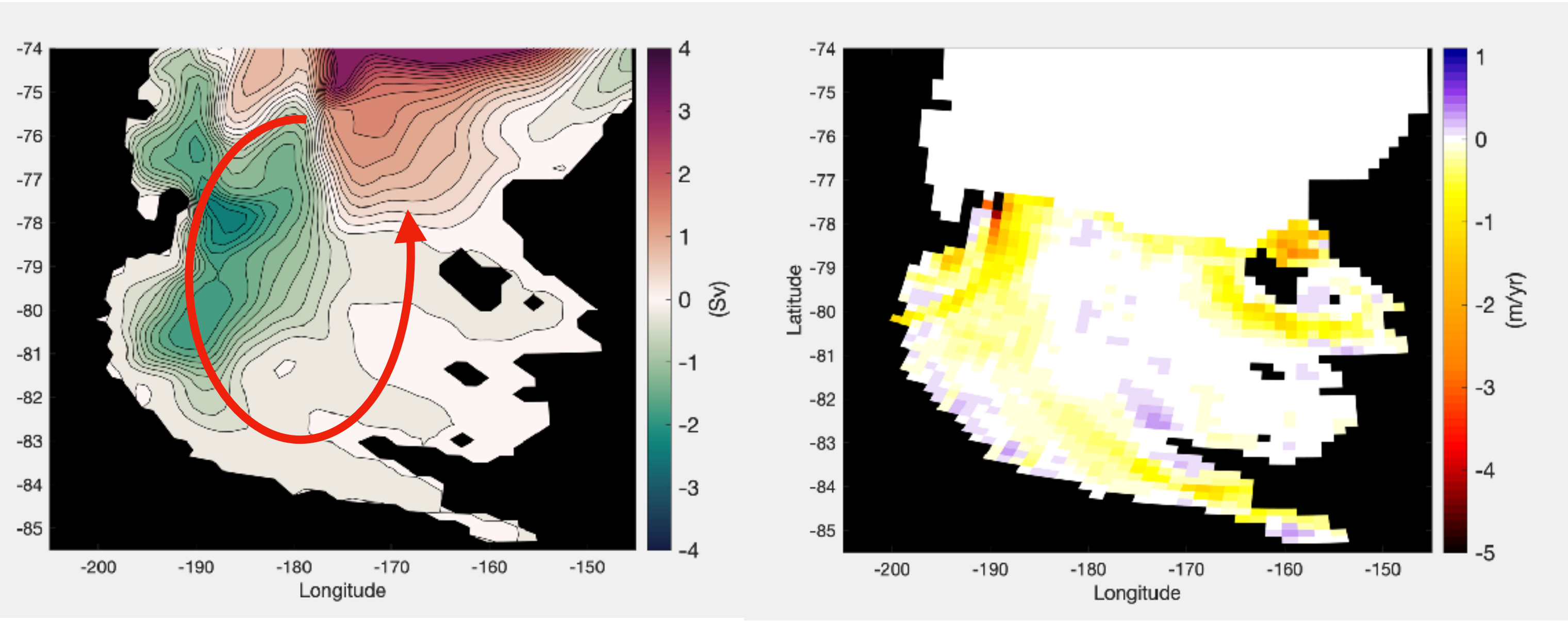


Bathymetry of eORCA1

Now we open the large cold Antarctic sub-ice shelf cavities in
eORCA1 NEMO 4.2



Only open FRIS, Ross & LCIS

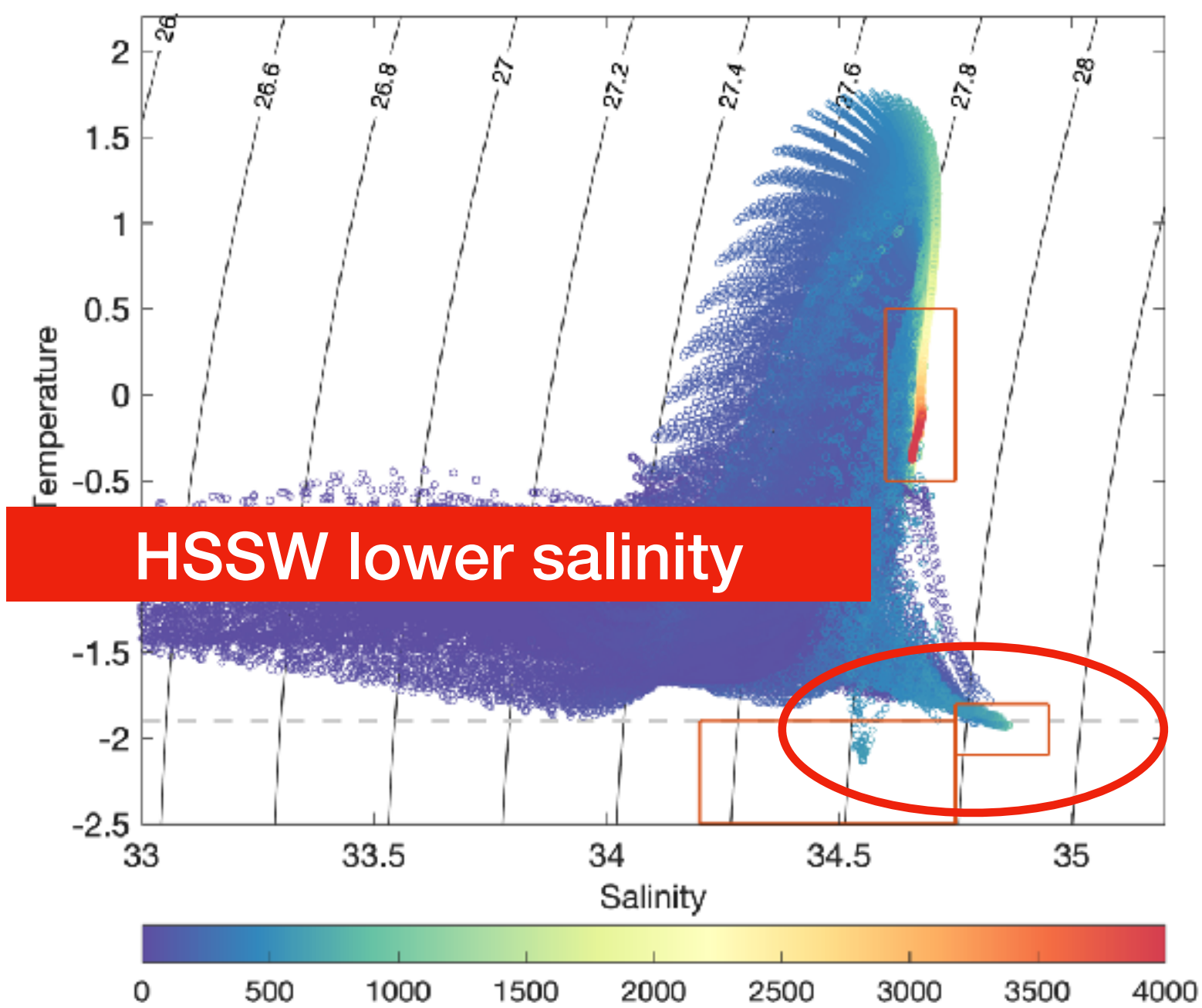


ROSS	Net Melt (Gt/yr)
eORCA1 2 cycles 1995-2009	112 
Depoorter 1995-2009	34
Adsumilli 1994-2018	80
eORCA1 2 cycles 2003-2008	131 
Rignot 2003-2008	48

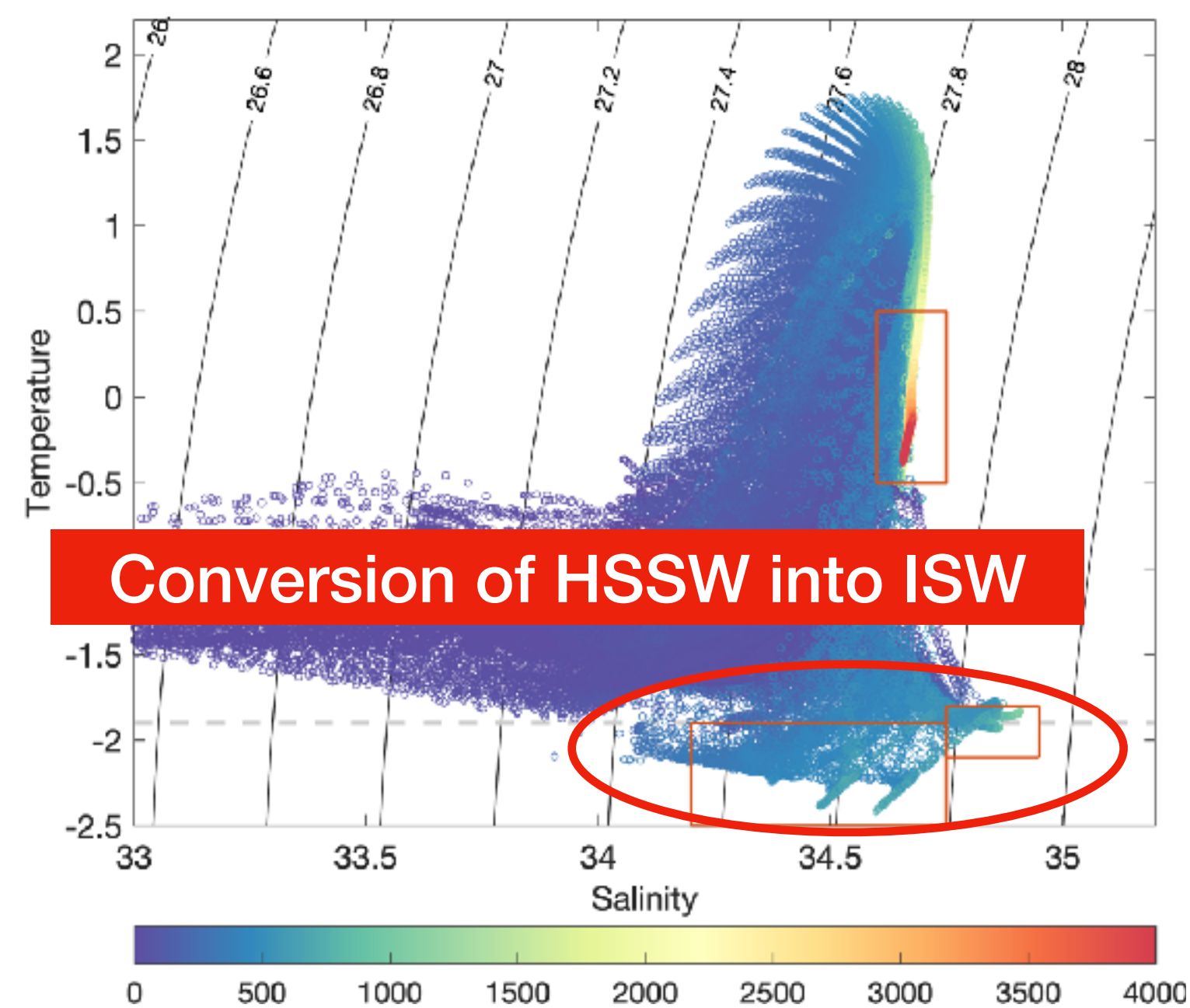
OPEN CAV T-S Ross

OPEN - CLOSED Bottom Temp Ross

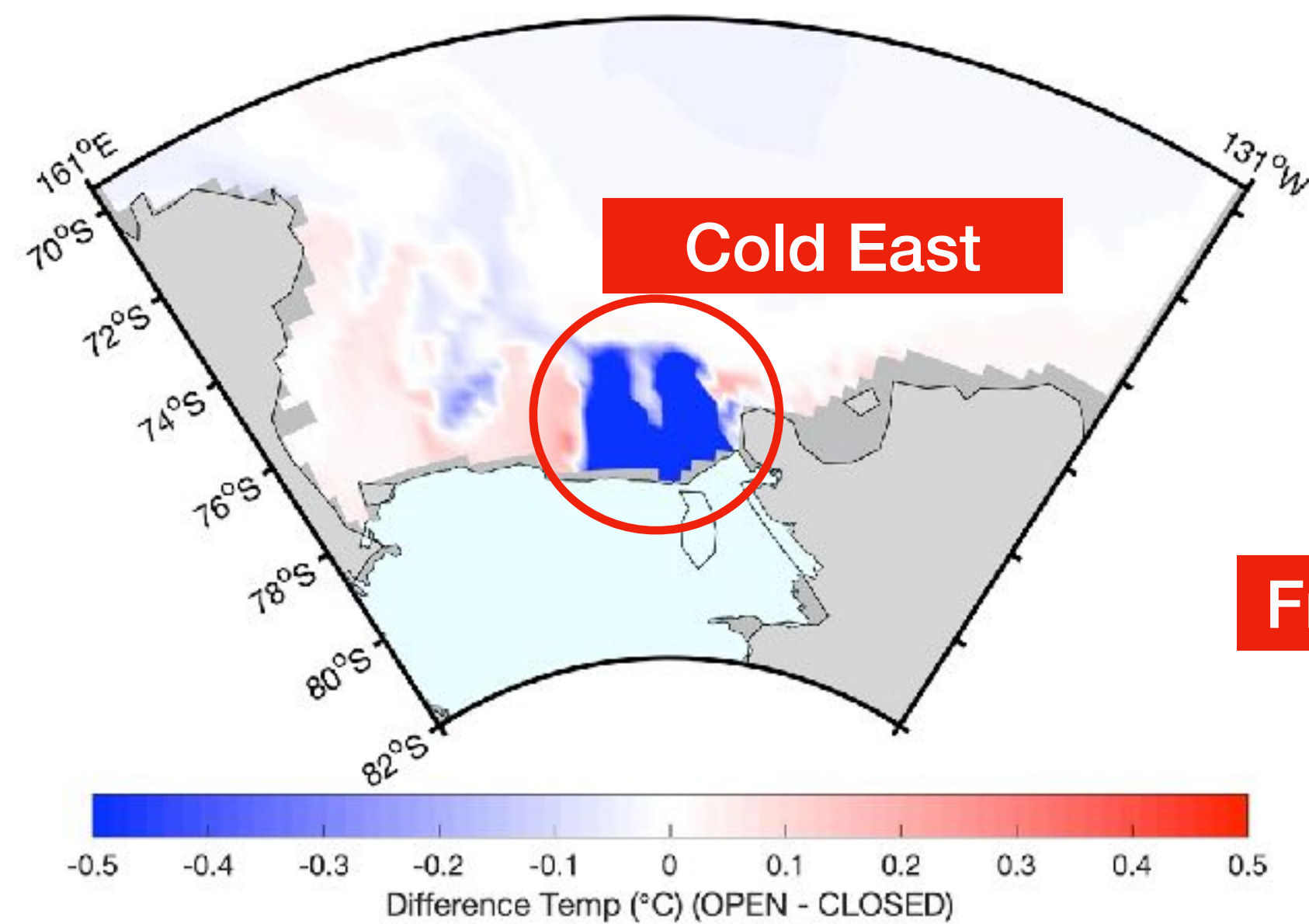
OPEN - CLOSED Bottom Salt Ross



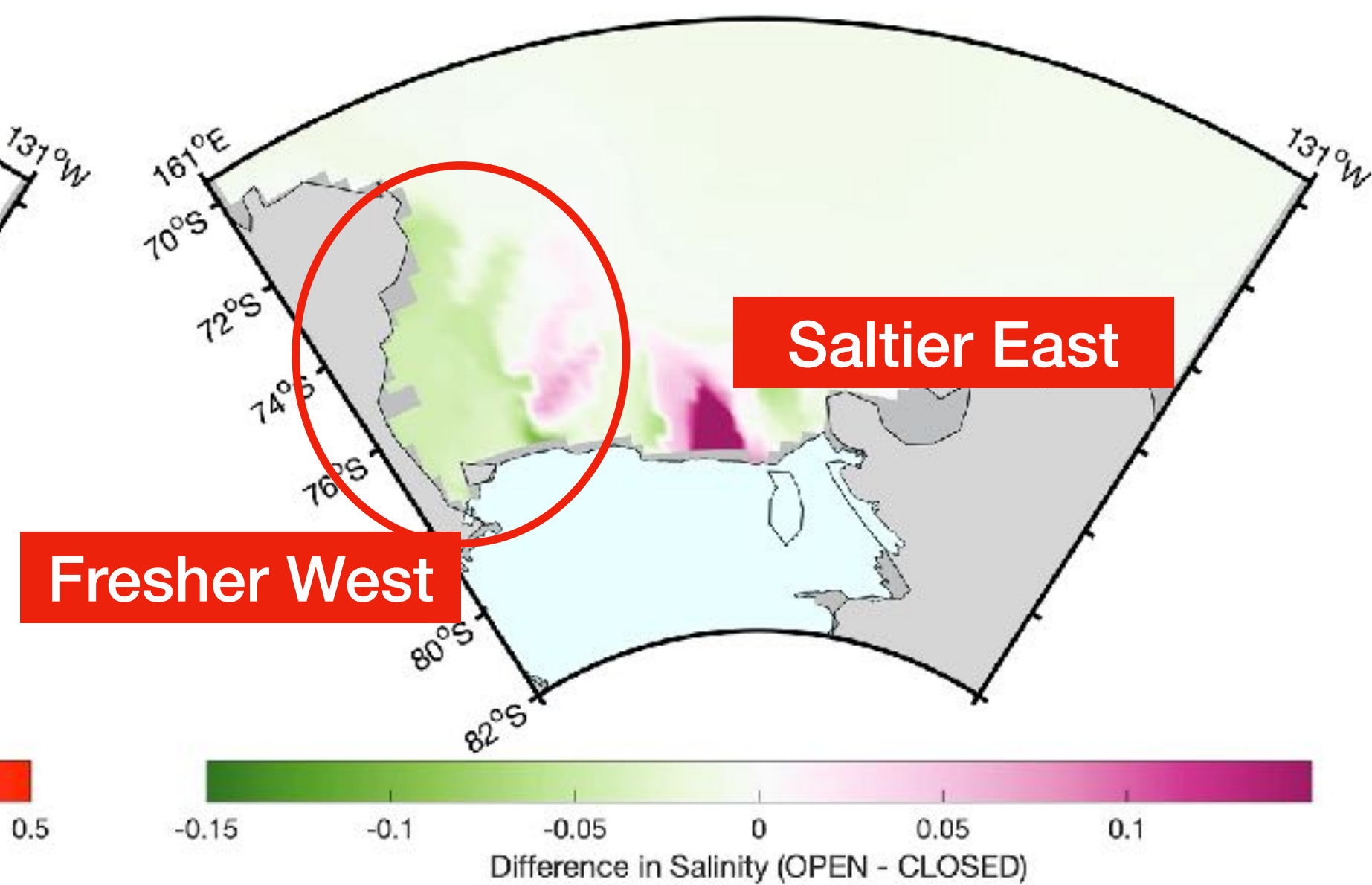
OPEN CAV T-S Ross



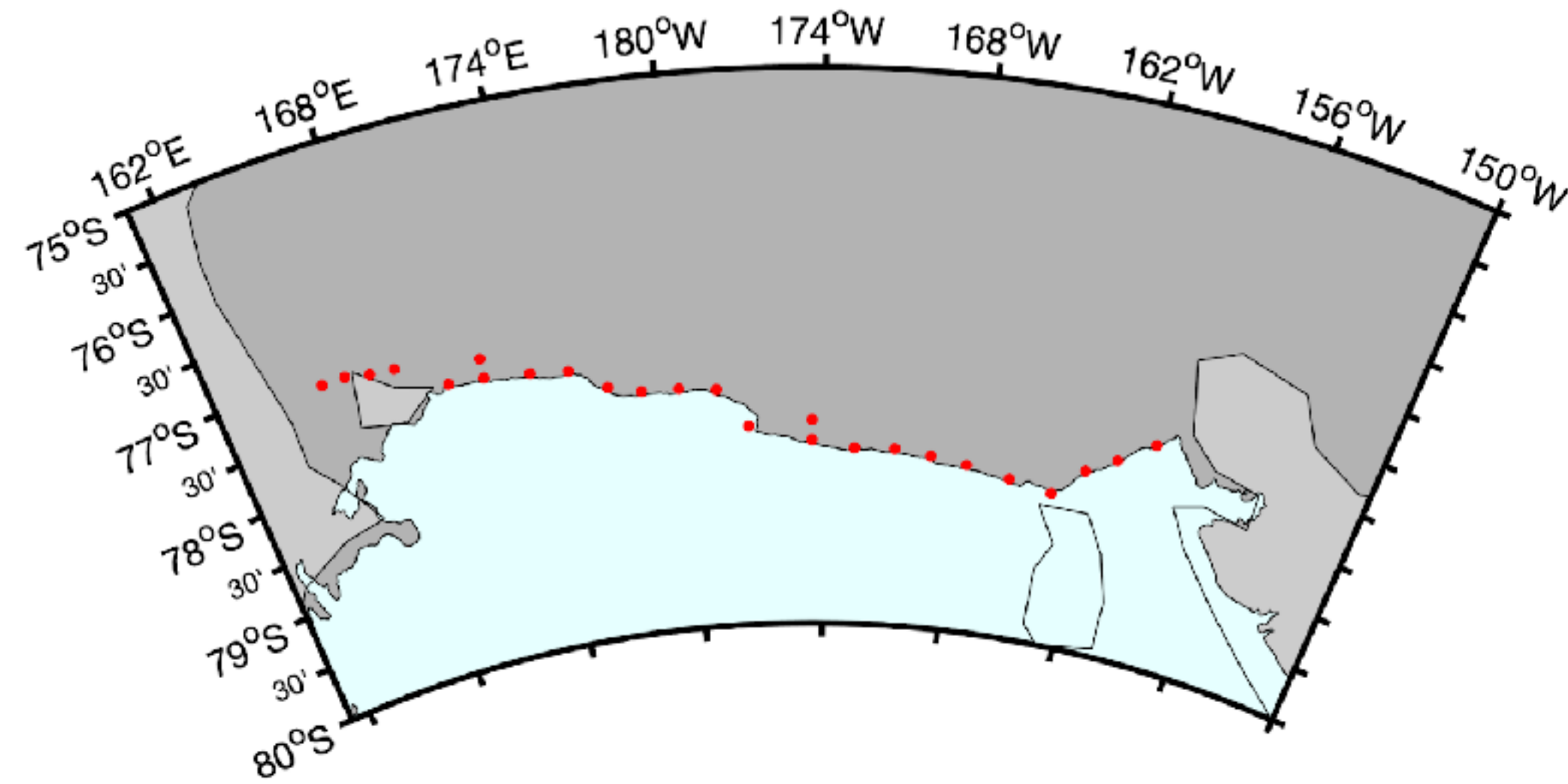
OPEN - CLOSED Bottom Temp Ross



OPEN - CLOSED Bottom Salt Ross



CTD section WOAid: US034357 in year 2007 along Ross isf

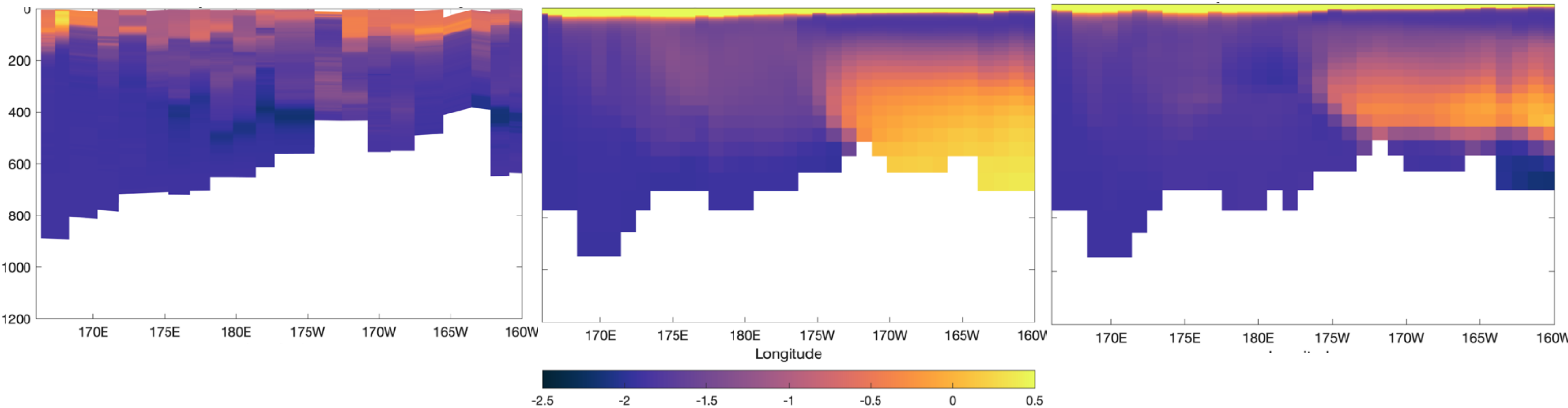


Warm bias to east reduced

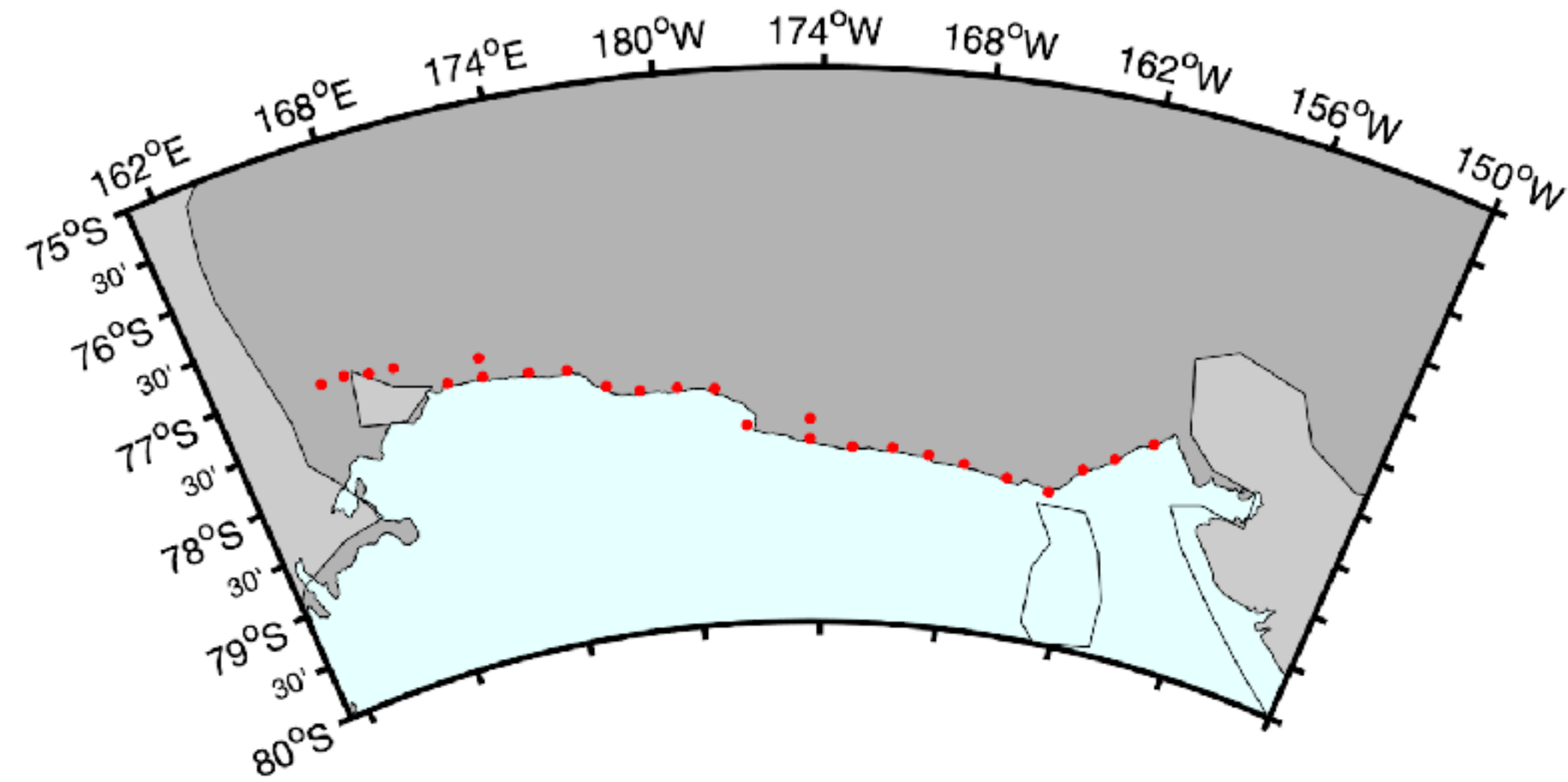
CTDs

CLOSED isf cavity

OPEN isf cavity



CTD section WOAid: US034357 in year 2007 along Ross isf



HSSW more spread out

CTDs

CLOSED isf cavity

OPEN isf cavity

