

Beyond the usual suspects P&T

Deriving multivariate high-resolution transient forcings for land surface models



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Availability of downscaled projections

Variables × spatial domain

Variables

- ▶ Usual focus on P & T, possibly Tx & Tn
- ▶ Relative humidity, wind speed, visible and infrared radiation not always available

Spatial domains

- ▶ Usual focus of statistically downscaled/bias-corrected projections on specific domains (e.g. country)
- ▶ Coherence issue across regions

Issue for running land surface models offline

- ▶ Deriving high-resolution projections for transboundary basins

Case study: basins draining the Pyrenees

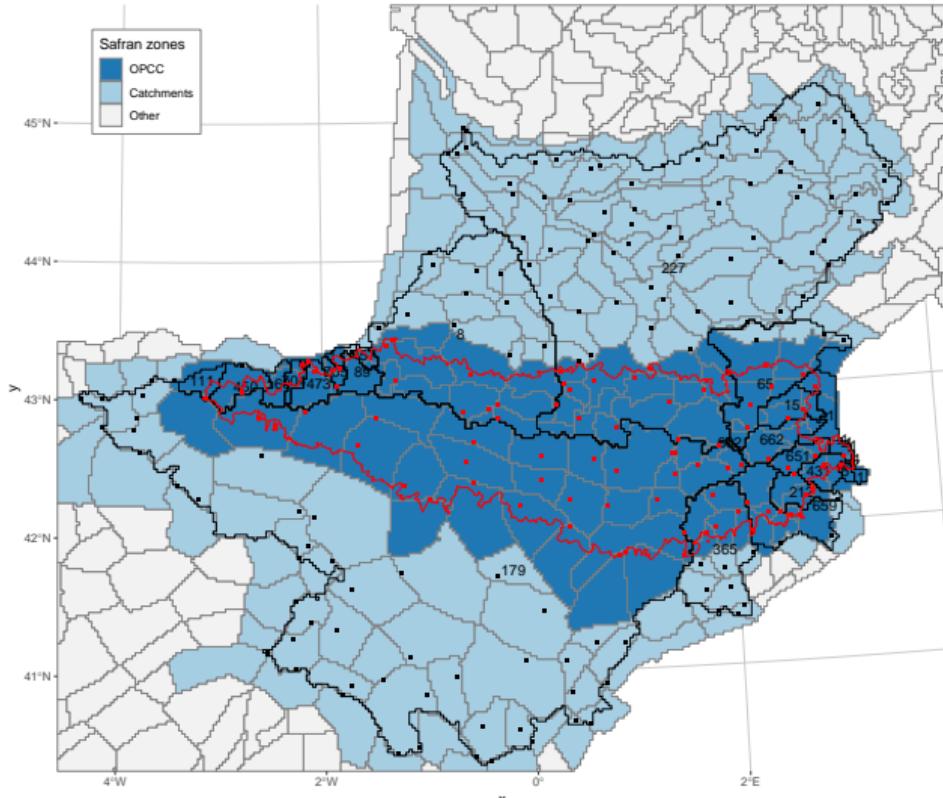
PIRAGUA project: Evolution of water resources in the Pyrenees

Reanalysis

- ▶ Safran-PIRAGUA 2.5-km surface reanalysis as a merging of Safran-France (Vidal et al., 2010) and Safran-Spain (Quintana-Seguí et al., 2017)
- ▶ All variables
- ▶ Whole hydrological domain

Projections

- ▶ Statistically downscaled projections from CMIP5 GCMs under RCP4.5 and RCP8.5 (Amblar-Francés et al., 2020)
- ▶ P, Tn, Tx only
- ▶ Pyrenees only on a 5-km grid



Analogue resampling

Extension of the work by Clemins et al. (2019)

Analogy

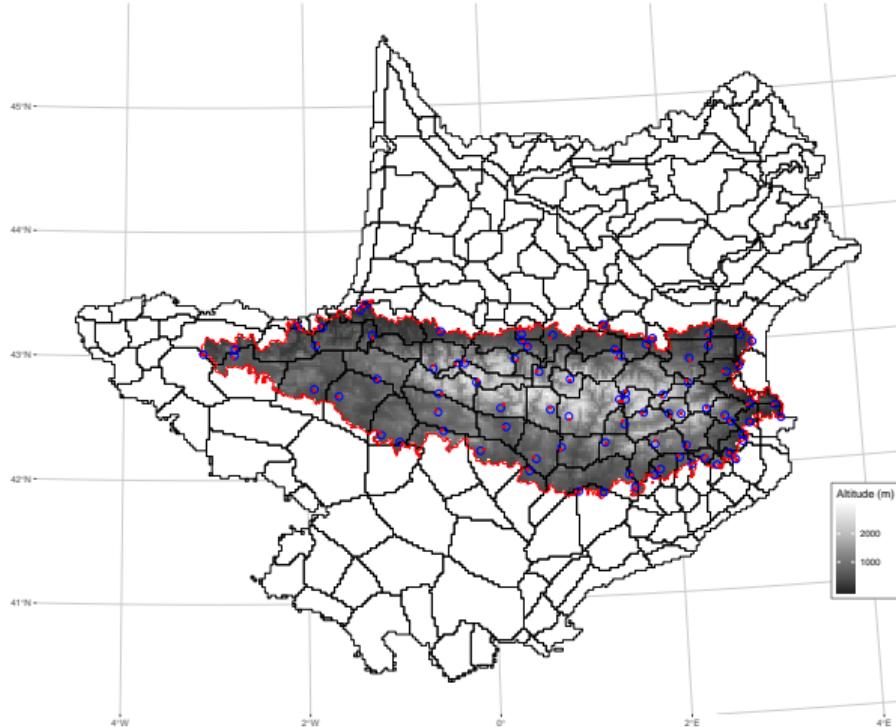
- ▶ 83 grid cells over the Pyrenees (one per climatically homogeneous zone)
- ▶ (P, Tn, Tx) ; weights: (2,1,1)
- ▶ Daily standardized anomalies wrt 1961-2005 monthly climatology

Archive

- ▶ Safran-PIRAGUA reanalysis 1961-2005

Hypothesis

- ▶ Analogue dates for (P, Tn, Tx) are also valid for other variables



Dealing with larger domain and T changes

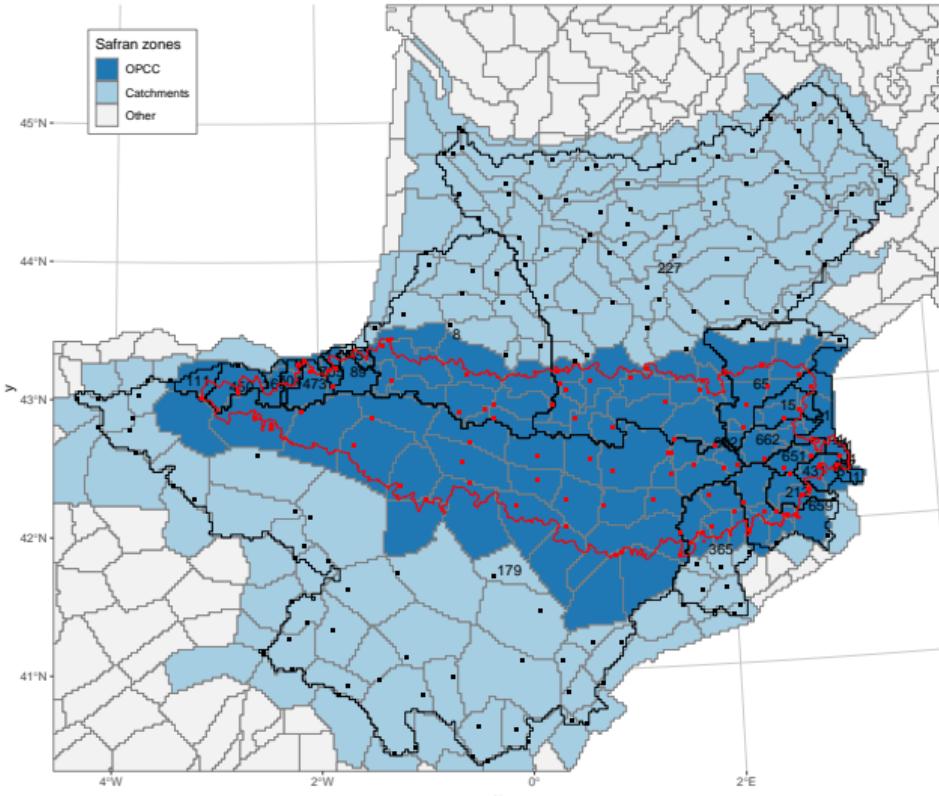
Greater Pyrenean Region (GPR)

Target on a larger domain

- ▶ **Hypothesis:** analogue dates are valid for the whole GPR

Future T values larger than historical maxima

- ▶ Linearly transient **Tn** and **Tx** baseline climatology from 2006 onwards in projections
- ▶ Regional average trend over the Pyrenees
- ▶ To add to resampled variables from analogue dates



Dealing with changes on other variables

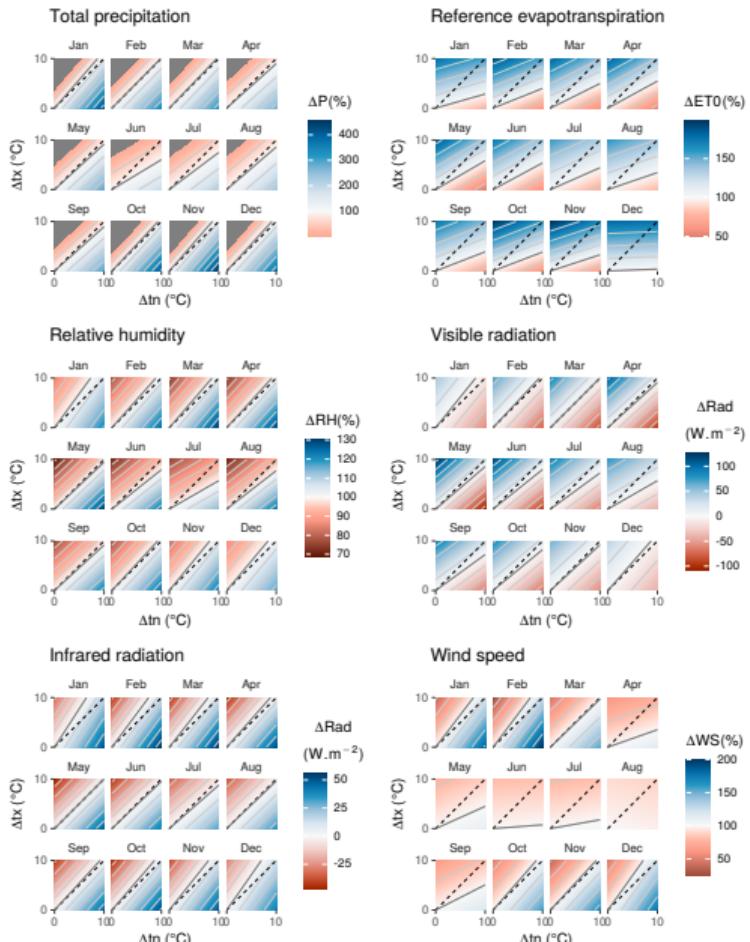
With reference to changes in T

Relationship between (T_n , T_x) anomalies and (PR, RH, LW, SW, WS) anomalies

- ▶ Calibrated within the Safran-PIRAGUA reanalysis
- ▶ **Hypothesis:** linear relationship for each month

Application along the 21st century

- ▶ **Hypothesis:** relationships hold in the future with a higher temperature baseline



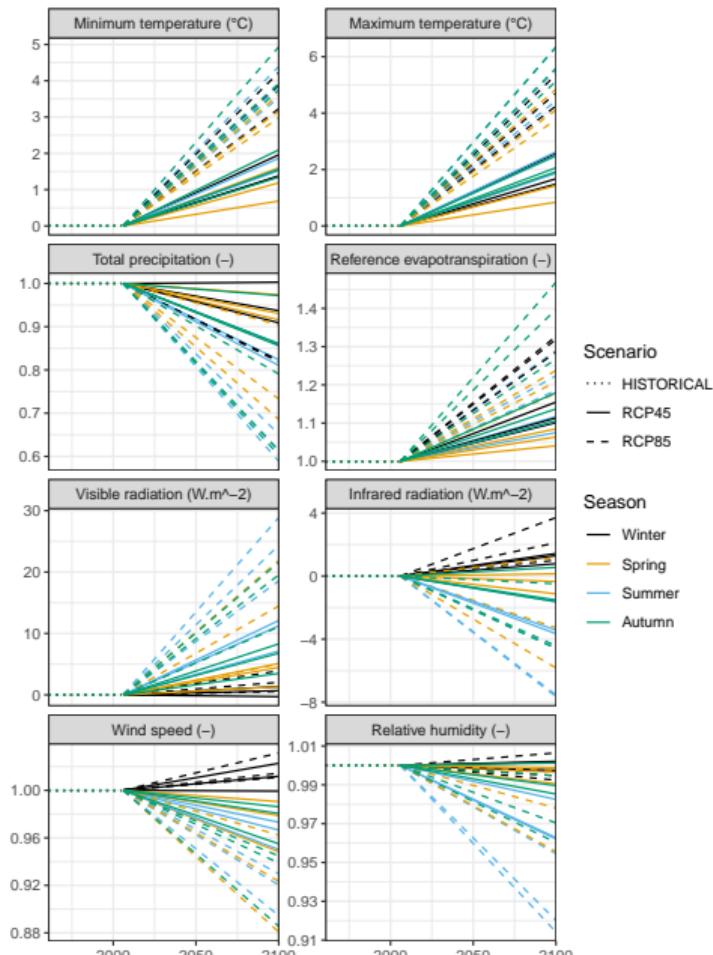
Transient baseline climatology

Example of CNRM-CM5

Aggregated by season

- ▶ Decrease in total precipitation
- ▶ Decrease in relative humidity
- ▶ Decrease in wind speed
- ▶ Increase in visible radiation

Higher changes under RCP8.5

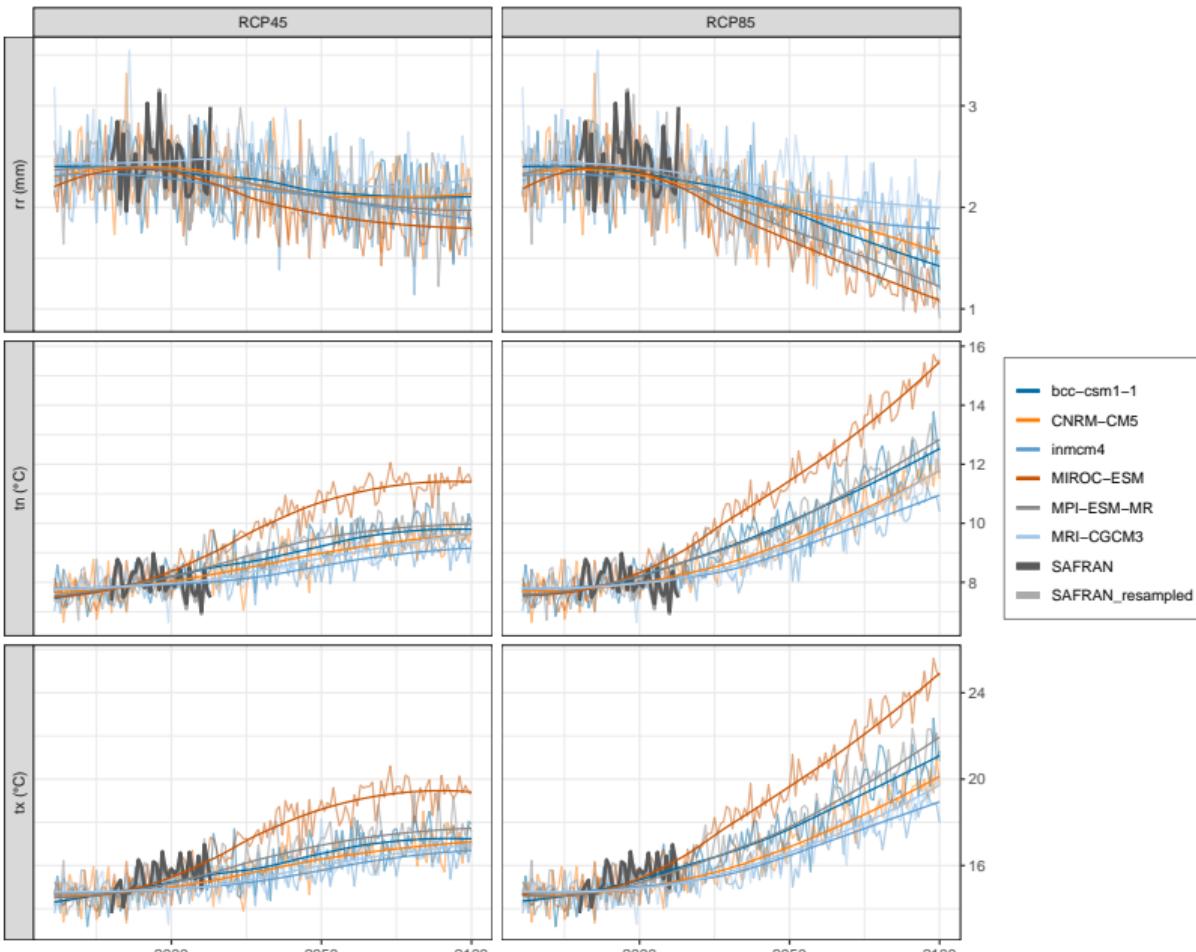


Pyrenees

Resampled projections

Effects of resampling

- ▶ Non linear projections
- ▶ Bias-correction with respect to Safran-PIRAGUA
- ▶ Year-to-year variability

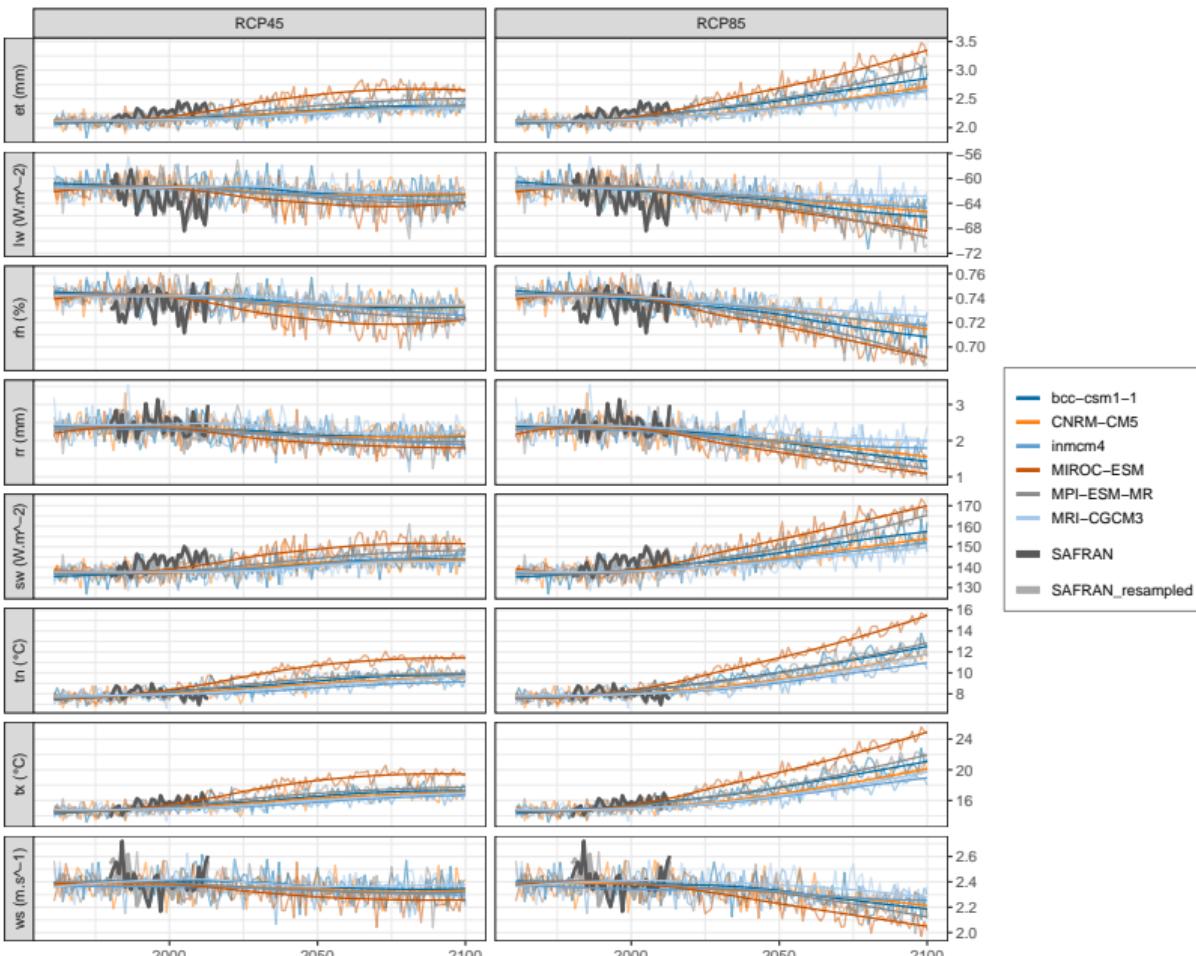


Pyrenees

Resampled projections

Effects of resampling

- All required variables!



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Thank you for your attention!

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References

-  M. P. Amblar-Francés et al. (2020). High resolution climate change projections for the Pyrenees region. *Advances in Science and Research* 17, pp. 191–208.
-  P. J. Clemins et al. (2019). An analog approach for weather estimation using climate projections and reanalysis data. *Journal of Applied Meteorology and Climatology* 58 (8), pp. 1763–1777.
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