

Satellite detection of firn aquifers in the Antarctic Peninsula

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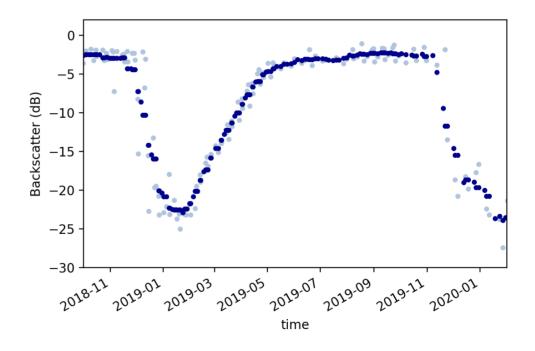
Data: Sentinel-1A and 1B (S1)

- C-band synthetic-aperture radar (5.4 GHz)
- 2014 2022 (used 2017 2020)
- Co-polarization band HH
- Used spatial resolution: 1x1 km²
- Google Earth Engine Python API

Detection algorithm:

Principle: Timeseries of radar backscatter are different for aquifer and non-aquifer locations

→ Delayed increase of backscatter after melt season in case of an aquifer



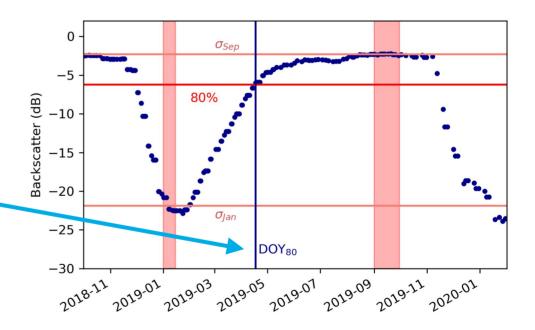


Day Of the Year at which 80% of September value are reached = DOY₈₀

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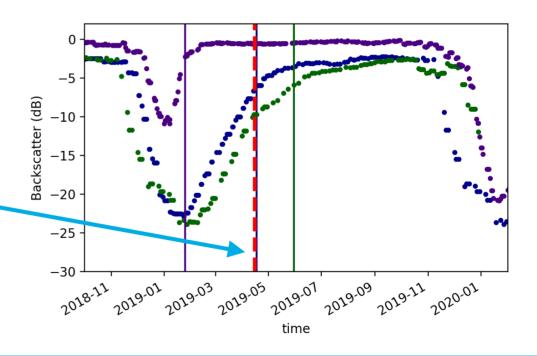
Day Of the Year at which 80% of September value are reached = DOY₈₀

Aquifer detection threshold: DOY₈₀ ≥ 105 (mid-April)

Detection algorithm:

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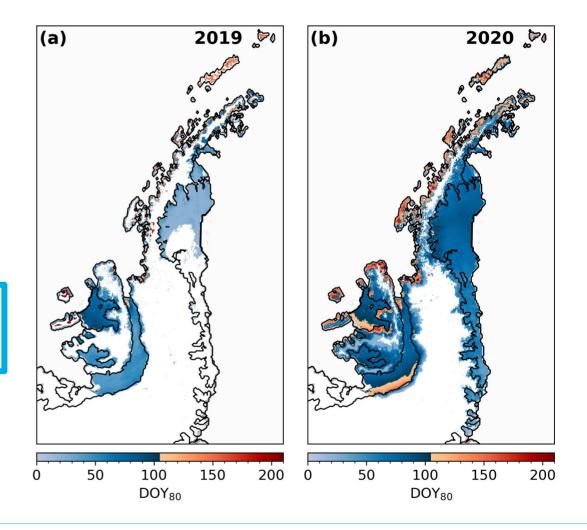
→ Delayed increase of backscatter after melt season in case of an aquifer



Resulting DOY₈₀ for the Antarctic Peninsula at 1x1 km² resolution

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Aquifer detection threshold: **DOY**₈₀ ≥ **105** (mid-April)

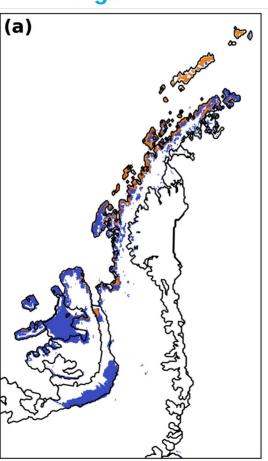


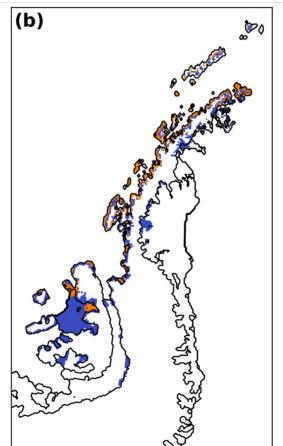
Sentinel-1 detection algorithm

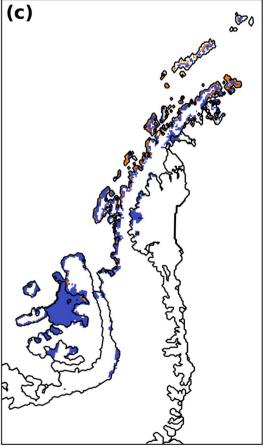
IMAU-FDM (Firn Densification Model)

Firn aquifers detected in

- At least one year
- All years







Firn aquifers are detected at high accumulation and high melt sites

