

# Geodetic inference on decadal afterslip following the 2011 Tohoku-oki earthquake

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EGU22-3457

<https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-egu22-3457>



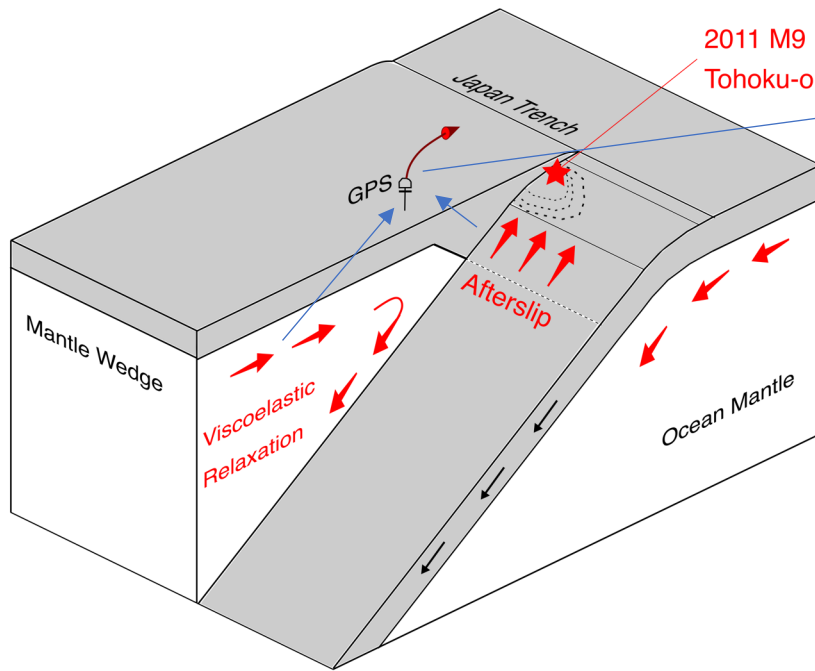
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# What controls postseismic crustal uplift ?

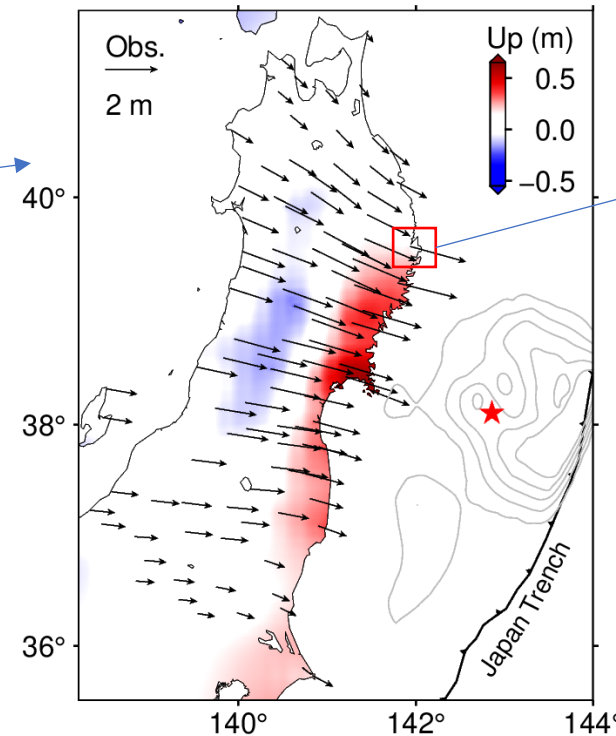
## Subduction-zone earthquake



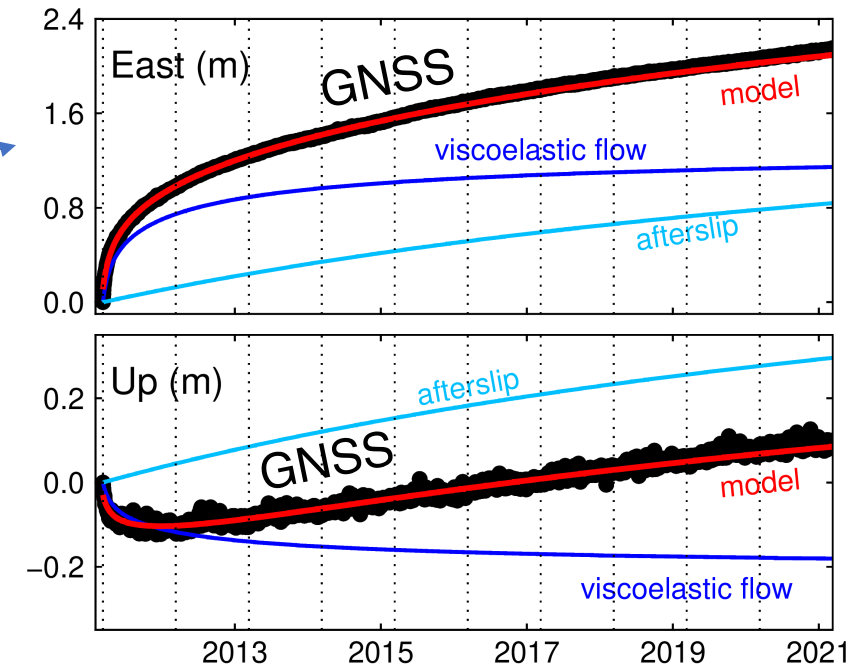
Schematic diagram for viscoelastic relaxation (in mantle) and afterslip (on megathrust)

Standard approach (previous):  
Physical model → Prediction of GNSS time series (e.g., FEM)

GNSS Observations (10 yrs)



GNSS station: Miyako

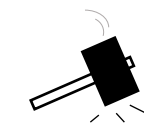


Dhar & Muto (2022 EPS, *in rev.*)

**New approach (*This study*):**

Designing analytical expression

Incorporates rheology  
+  
Predicts GNSS time series



GNSS  
Time  
series

Viscoelastic  
relaxation  
Afterslip

# Function model based on transient rheology

$$D(t) = C_1 \left[ 2 - \left( 1 + \frac{t}{\tau_1} \right)^{-1/(n-1)} - \left( 1 + \frac{t}{\tau_2} \right)^{-1/(n-1)} \right] + C_2 \left[ 1 - 2\lambda \coth^{-1} \left( e^{\frac{2V_0 G^*}{\lambda} t} \coth \frac{1}{2\lambda} \right) \right] + C_3$$

GNSS displacements

Relaxation timescale

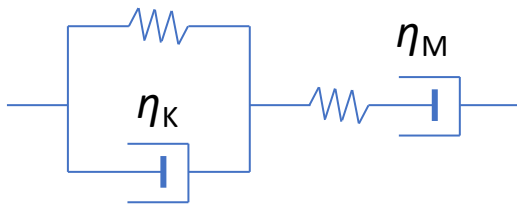
Viscoelastic relaxation

Afterslip

Frictional parameter

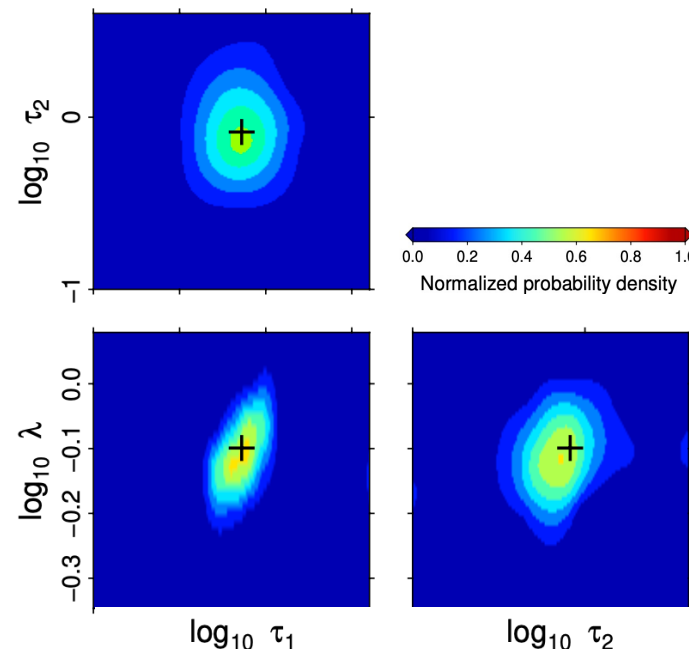
Rate-strengthening friction law  
(Barbot et al. 2009, *JGR*)

Dhar & Muto (2022 EPS, *in rev.*)



Mimic the stress-response of  
**power-law Burgers rheology**

(Muto et al. 2019 *Sci. adv.*;  
Dhar et al. 2022 *GJI*  
Barbot et al. 2009 *JGR*)

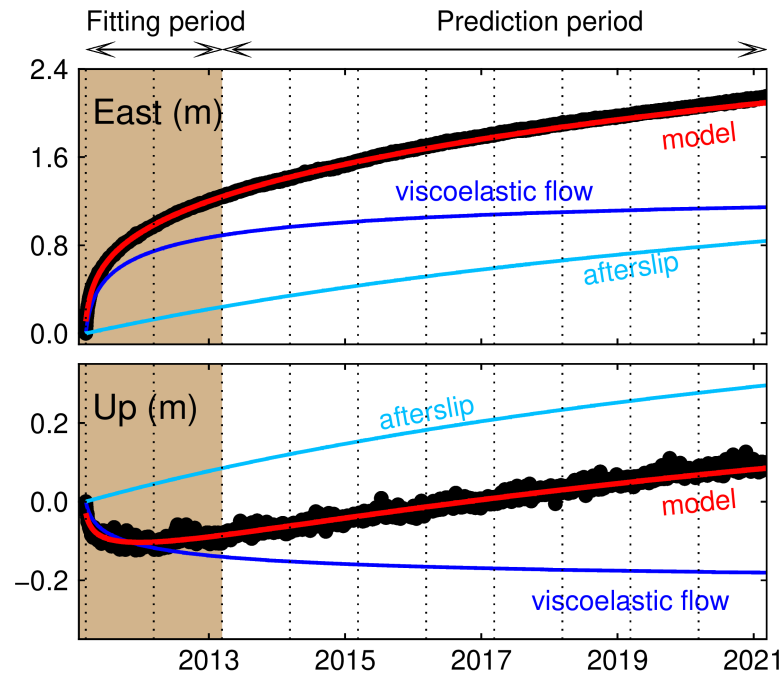


Bayesian search for  
model parameters

$\tau_1, \tau_2, \lambda$

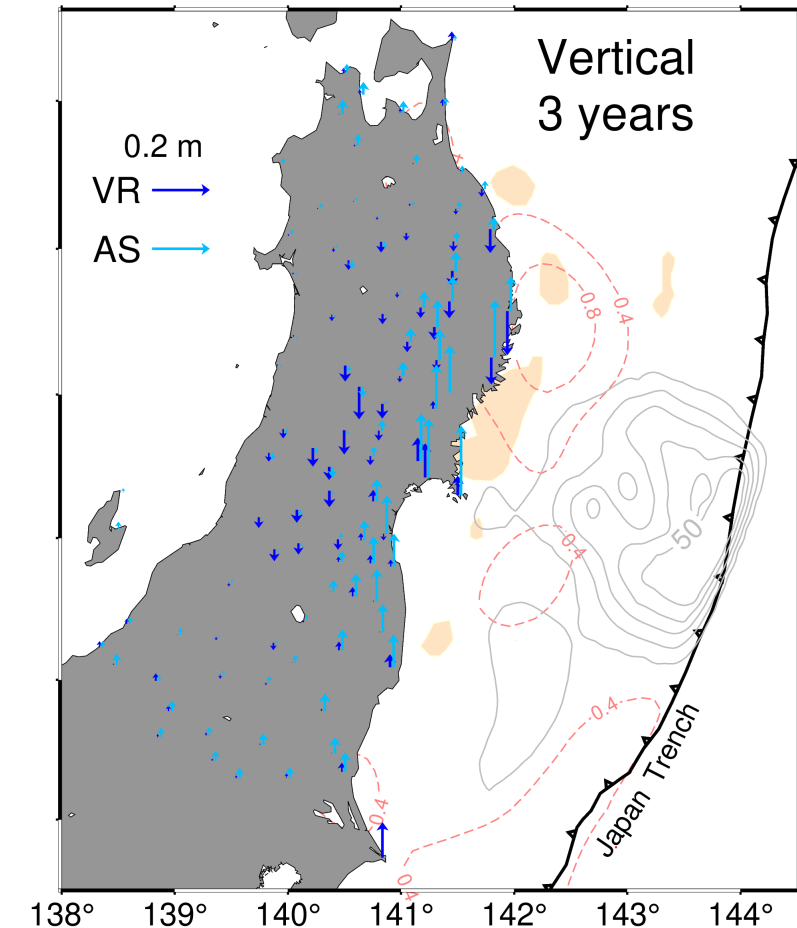
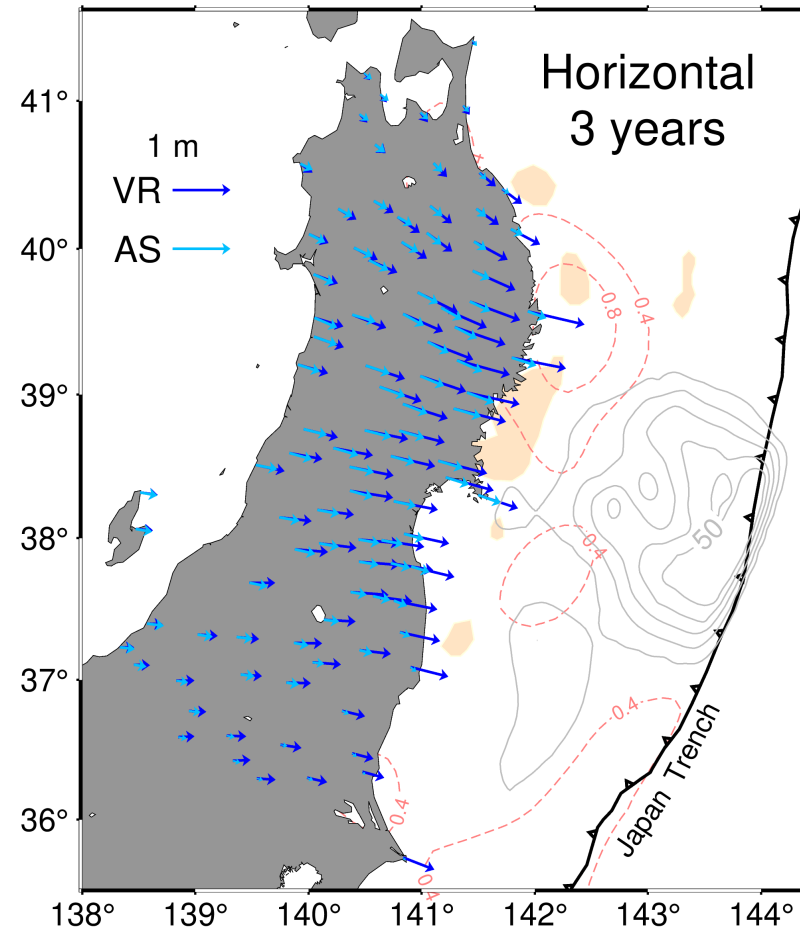
Sampling method:  
GP-UCB

Dhar & Muto (2022 EPS, *in rev.*)



Dhar & Muto (2022 EPS, *in rev.*)

7 stations used to train the model  
91 stations used for evaluation



Dhar & Muto (2022 EPS, *in rev.*)

Spatial distribution of **viscoelastic relaxation** and **afterslip** contribution

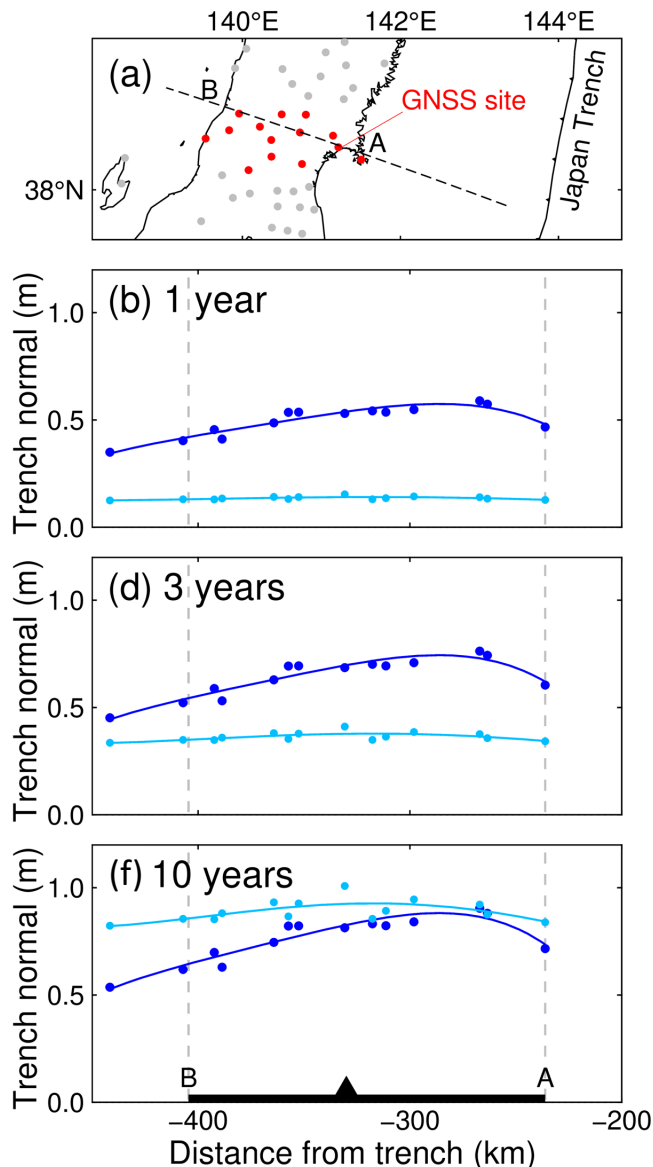
# Afterslip controls postseismic crustal uplift

For horizontal  
component,

Older consensus:  
Afterslip >  
viscoelastic flow

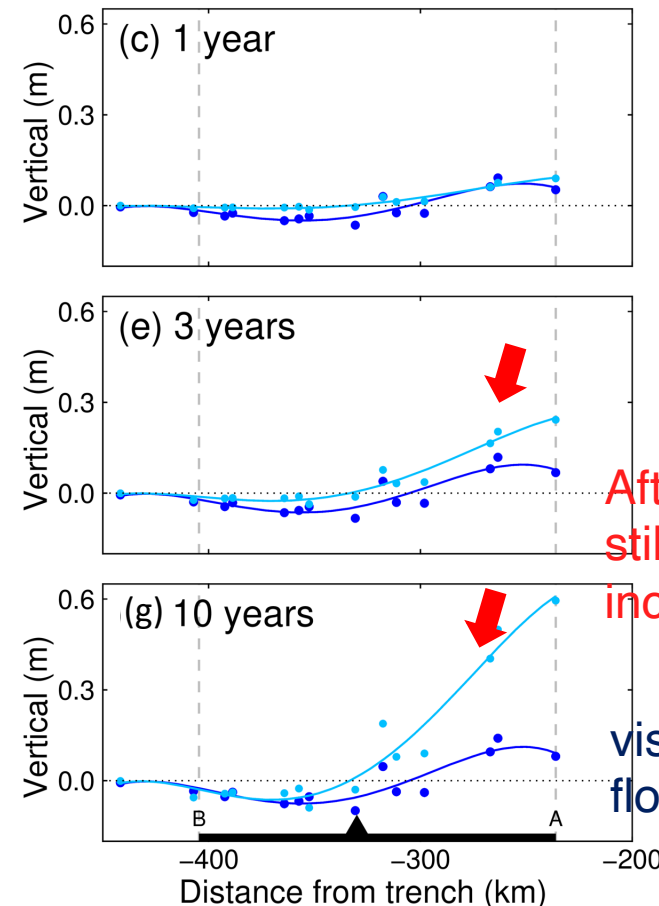
New findings:  
Viscoelastic flow  
> Afterslip

[e.g.,  
Sun et al. 2014 *Nature*;  
Freed et al. 2017 *EPSL*;  
Fukuda & Johnson 2021  
*JGR*; Muto et al., 2019  
*Sci. Adv.*]



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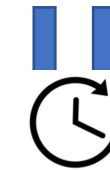
- [—] Viscoelastic relaxation
- [—] Afterslip
- Land
- ▲ Volcanic front



Afterslip is  
still  
increasing

viscoelastic  
flow ceased

Observed  
Modeled

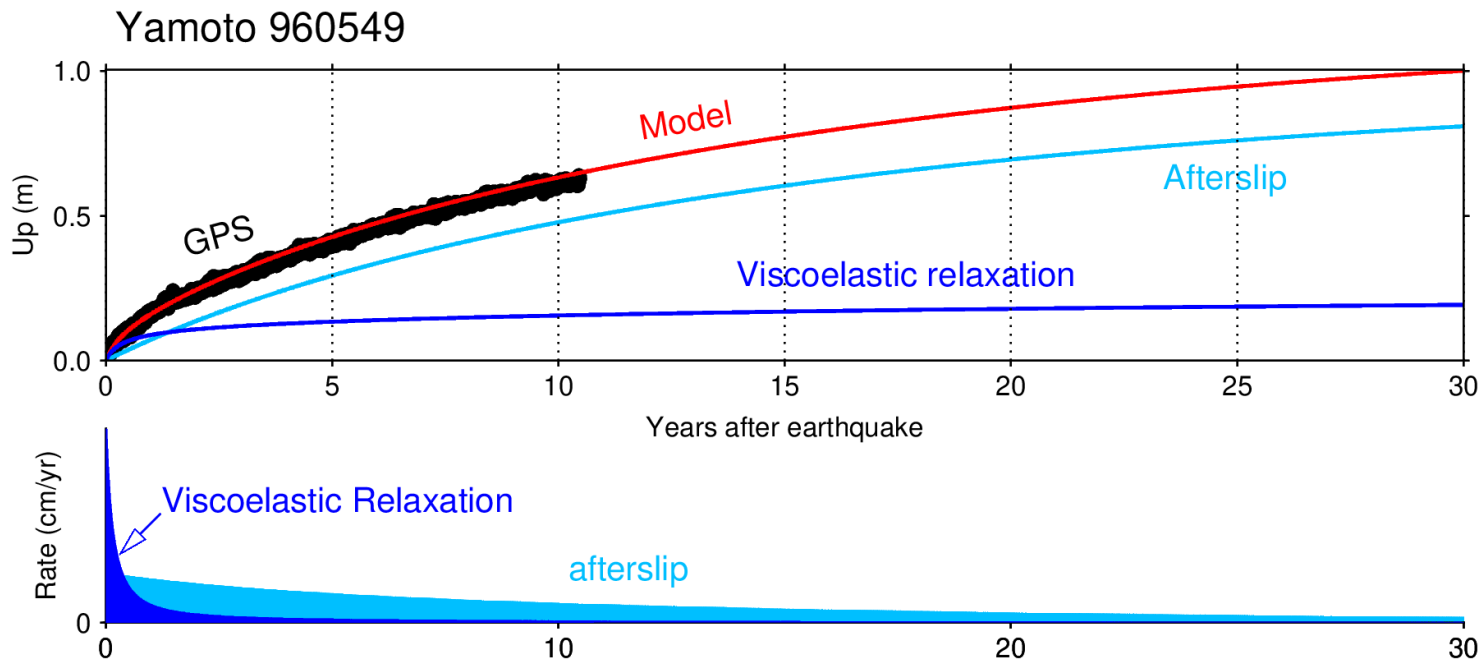


Consistent with  
previous  
physical  
models (0-7 yr)

This study  
(7-10 yr)

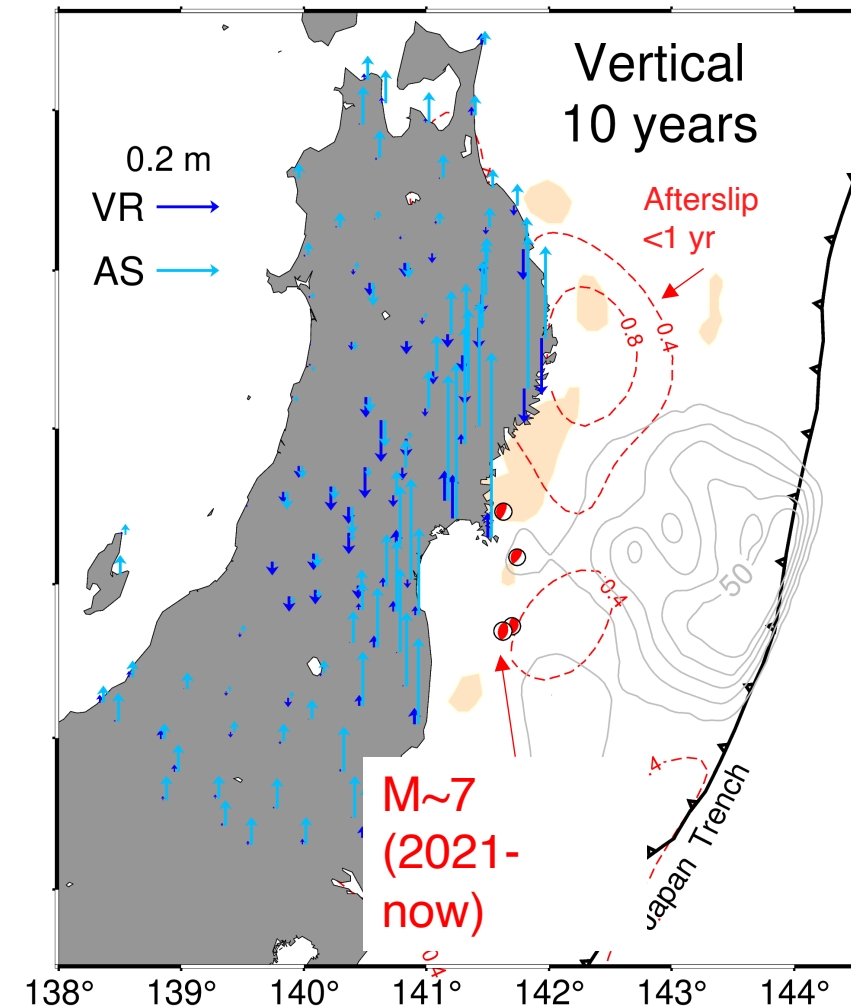
Future prediction  
(10-~30 yr)

# Afterslip continues even after a decade



- **Decadal persistent** of afterslip ( $\sim 10$ -30 years) for forearc NE Japan
- Negligible contribution of viscoelastic relaxation at decadal scale

Afterslip triggers  
small repeating earthquakes  
and  **$M \sim 7$**  large earthquakes



# Take-home points

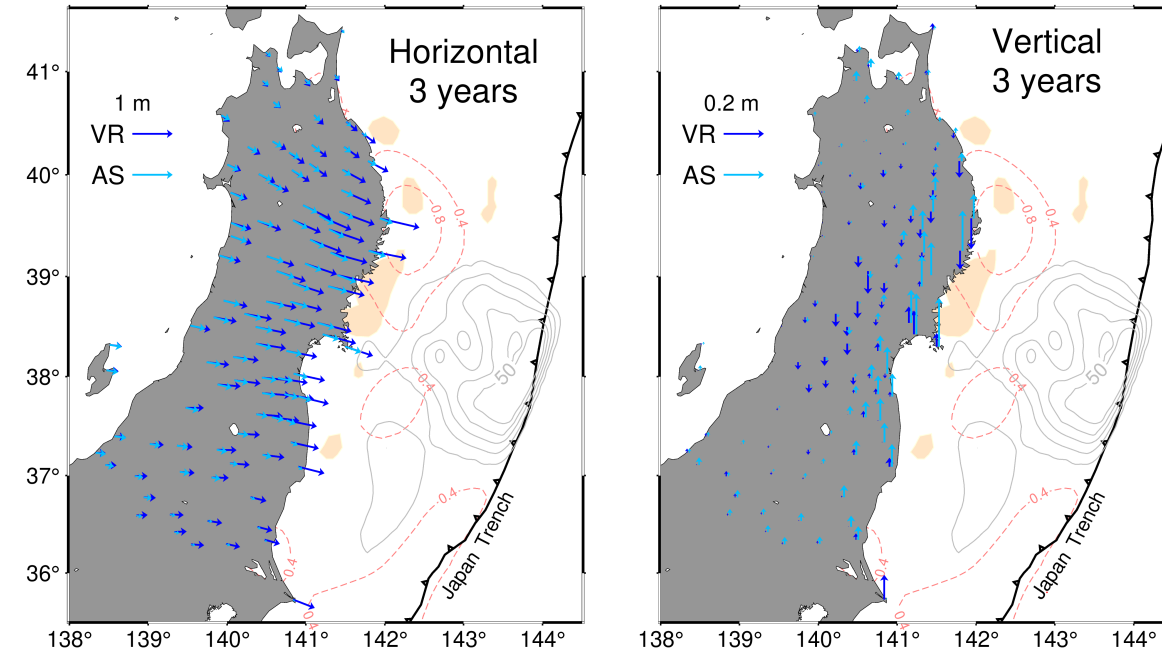
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Breaking GNSS time series into **viscoelastic relaxation** and **afterslip** using only analytical expressions.

Q: What controls postseismic crustal uplift at great subduction-zone earthquake?

Ans: **Afterslip controls vertical motion at decadal timescale**



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Thank you  
for your attention!

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<https://meetingorganizer.copernicus.org/EGU22/EGU22-3457.html>