





Heat-death by Volcano: How Venus went roque?

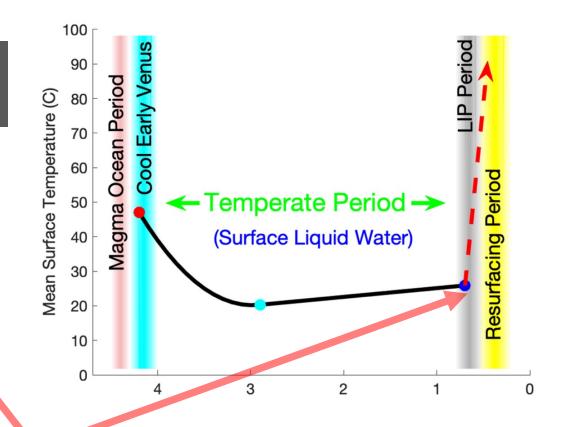
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Recent GCM work has proposed a temperate climate history of Venus

Two problems with this early happy habitable Venus model remain:

- 1. How would a Venus-like world <u>transition</u> from temperate to hothouse?
 - I. Increasing insolation won't work
 - II. Large scale volcanism?

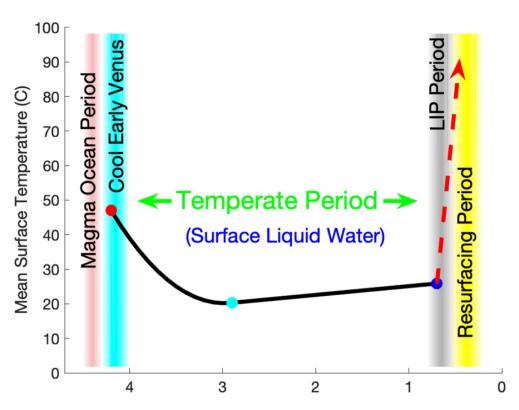


The GREAT CLIMATE TRANSITION (GCT)

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- 1. How would a Venus-like world <u>transition</u> from temperate to hothouse?
 - I. Increasing insolation won't work
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- 2. Where is the oxygen?
 - I. Upper atmosphere photodissociation of water oceans
 - II. H escape is possible
 - III. Oxygen escape is too low (Persson et al. 2020)
 - IV. Perhaps resurfacing plays a role in Oxygen absorption? (Warren & Kite 2021 LPSC No. 2548)



Hypothesis

Venus' GREAT CLIMATE TRANSITION was driven by the Environmental Impacts of Multiple Large Igneous Provinces (LIPs) occurring at the same time

We used the Earth's record of LIPs to estimate this likelihood

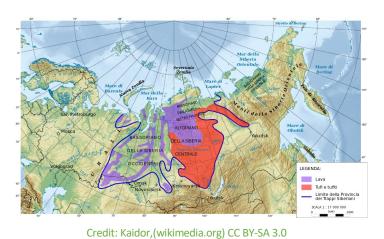
560 Continental & Ocean LIPs over 2800 Myr (Ernst et al. 2021)

LARGE IGNEOUS PROVINCES (LIPs)

Large mainly basaltic events on Earth that cause dramatic climate change

Example: 252 Ma Siberian Traps LIP caused end-Permian mass extinction--- where 90% of life was wiped out

(e.g. LIP Mass Extinction events: Wignall 2011, Nature, 477, 285-286)





Credit: OlgaChuma (wikimedia.org) CC BY-SA 3.0

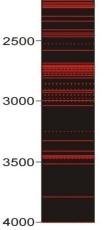
See Ernst LIP Commission website: http://www.largeigneousprovinces.org/

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Continental LIPS every ≈30 myr

+ Oceanic LIPS every ≈15 myr



500-

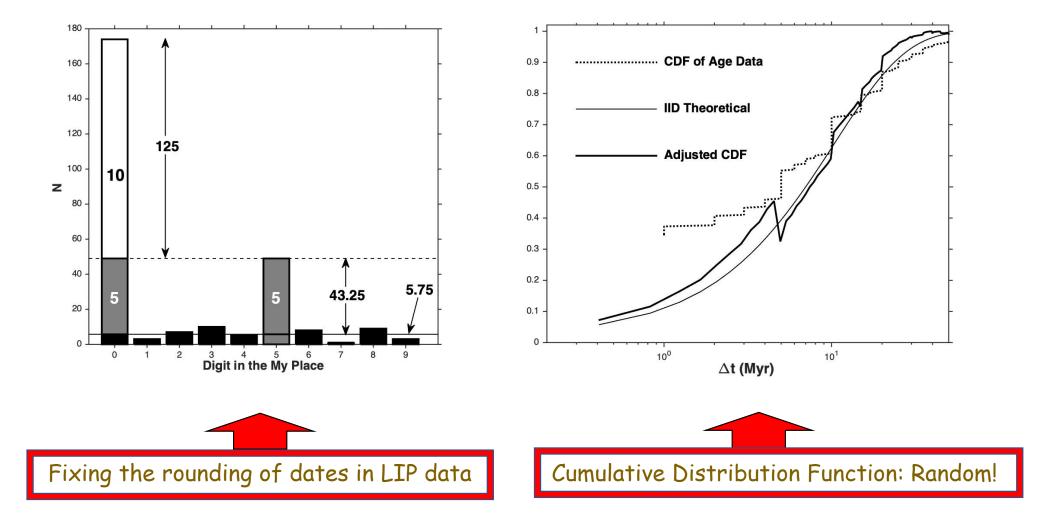
1000

1500-

Age

(Ma)

2000-



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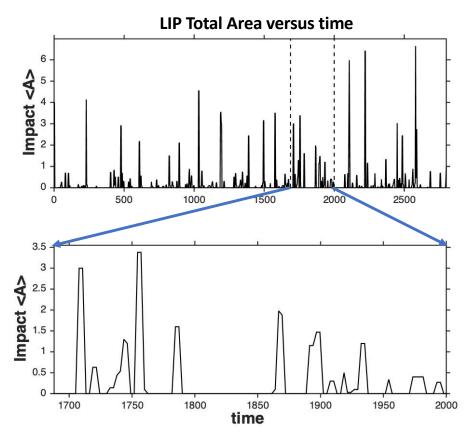
Expected number of LIP clusters simultaneous to within time Δt in Myr In the Earth record over 2800 Myr.

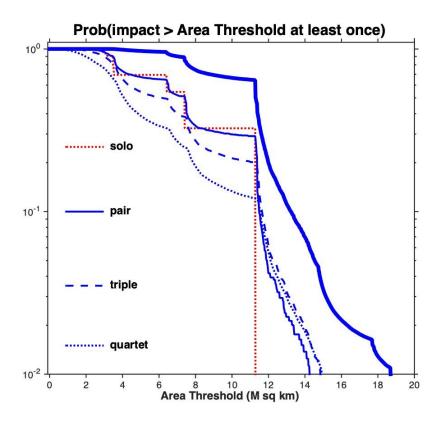
	multiplicity	(1) N(k=1)	(2) close pair rate relative to LIP rate	(3) Waiting time (Myr)	(4) Prob of at least one
	pair Δt = 0.1	11	2.0%	252	0.9999
	Δt = 1	101.5	18.1%	28	0.9999
	triple Δt = 0.1	0.11	.02%	25,345	0.1046
	Δt = 1	9.8	1.7%	285	0.9999
	quad Δt = 0.1	.0007	.0001%	3,800,660	0.0007
——	Δt = 1	0.64	0.11%	4354	0.4746

The takeaway: Using Earth's LIP record (Ernst et al. 2021), pairs and triplets of simultaneous LIPs (with ≈1 Myr separation) are very common over our 2800 Myr Earth history

- Many pairs are expected,
- At least one triplet is likely
- Quadruplets are unlikely.

Alternative analysis using ensemble of 1024 simulations based on Earth LIP data





Average over 1024 simulated histories of LIP events. Bottom: Zoomed in portion shows overlapping LIPs

Thin lines are the contributions of solo events, event pairs, triplets and quartet

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- See Way, Ernst, Scargle (2022) PSJ 3:92 (https://doi.org/10.3847/PSJ/ac6033)