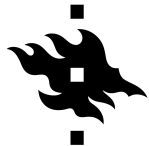

Estimating radial diffusion using a hybrid-Vlasov simulation

Harriet George, A. Osmane, E. Kilpua, S. Lesjone, L. Turc, M. Grandin, M. M. H. Kalliokoski, S. Hoilijoki, U. Ganse, M. Alho, M. Battarbee, M. Bussov, M. Dubart, A. Johlander, T. Manglayev, K. Papadakis, Y. Pfau-Kempf, J. Suni, V. Tarvus, H. Zhou, and M. Palmroth



Radial diffusion is a radiation belt transport process.

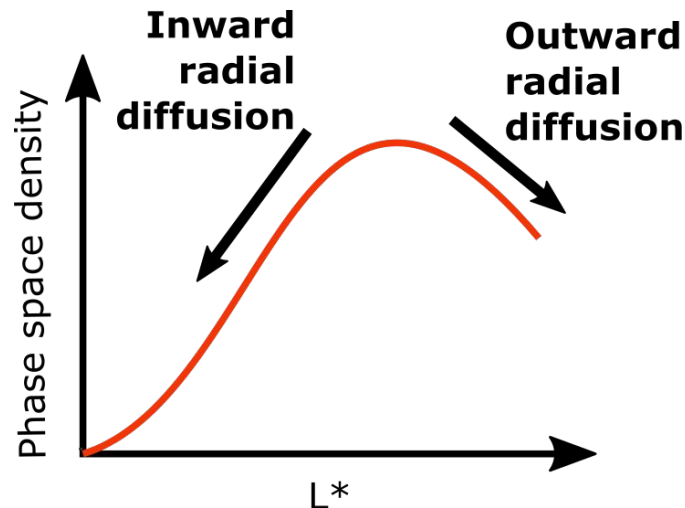
Non-adiabatic transport from violation of L^* .

L^* is equivalent to third adiabatic invariant and corresponds to drift motion.

$$L^* = \frac{2\pi B_E R_E^2}{|\phi|}$$

Driven by ULF wave activity.

D_{LL} quantifies effect of radial diffusion.



Theoretical formalisms for radial diffusion.

Fälthammar (1965)		Fei (2006)	
Electromagnetic (D_{LL}^M)	Electrostatic (D_{LL}^E)	Magnetic (D_{LL}^b)	Electric (D_{LL}^e)
dB/dt	Convective E	dB/dt	Induced E
			
Induced E	E from charge separation		Convective E
			E from charge separation
$D_{LL} = D_{LL}^M + D_{LL}^E$		$D_{LL} = D_{LL}^b + D_{LL}^e$	

 = coupling from Faraday's Law



New theoretical approach to evaluate transport in L^* .

Evaluate directly from driving wave activity with Hamiltonian formalism.

Gives instantaneous, MLT-dependent L^* time derivative.

Objective: develop methodology to implement this approach.

$$\frac{dL^*}{dt} = \frac{\mu\tau_D}{q\gamma} \frac{L^{*2}}{2\pi B_E R_E^2} \left(\left\langle \frac{dB}{dt} \right\rangle_{\varphi} - \frac{dB}{dt} \right)$$

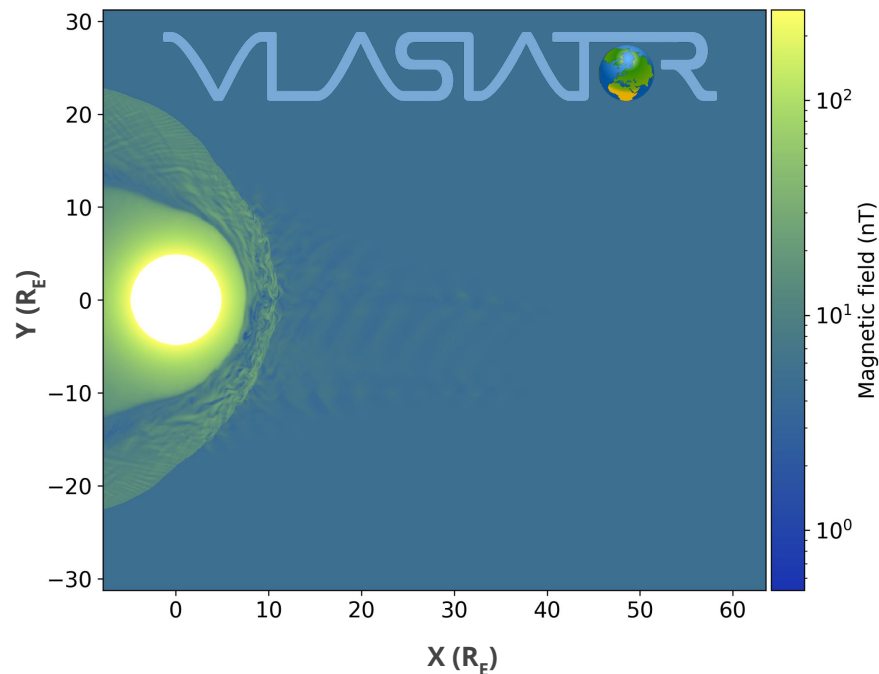
*Eq. A.40. Lejosne
& Kollmann, 2020*

Vlasiator simulation used for methodology development.

Vlasiator is a hybrid-Vlasov simulation of near-Earth space.

Equatorial 2D simulation with steady solar wind and duration of 335 s.

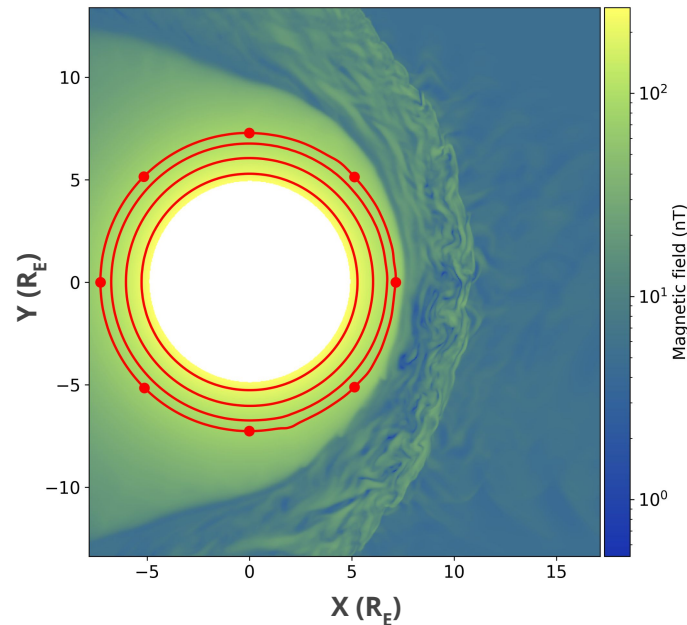
Methodology directly applicable to other simulations.



Methodology to calculate dL^*/dt from global EM data:

1. Determine initial L^* .
2. Calculate local wave activity (dB/dt) along drift path.
3. Find drift-averaged wave activity, $\langle dB/dt \rangle$
4. Compute μ , τ_D and γ from particle energy.
5. Calculate dL^*/dt .

$$\frac{dL^*}{dt} = \frac{\mu \tau_D}{q \gamma} \frac{L^{*2}}{2\pi B_E R_E^2} \left(\left\langle \frac{dB}{dt} \right\rangle_\varphi - \frac{dB}{dt} \right)$$



Key application: Calculating D_{LL}

New technique to calculate D_{LL} from simulations.

$$D_{LL} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta L^{*2}}{\Delta t} \approx \frac{1}{2\Delta t} \left\langle \left(\frac{dL^*}{dt} \Delta t \right)^2 \right\rangle$$

Initial L^*	D_{LL} (day ⁻¹)
5.21	1.25×10^{-6}
5.97	2.01×10^{-6}
6.67	1.01×10^{-5}
7.18	5.68×10^{-5}

Enables evaluation of radial diffusion beyond quasilinear theory.

New method now available to evaluate radial diffusion.

Estimating Inner Magnetospheric Radial Diffusion Using a Hybrid-Vlasov Simulation

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