

Bundesamt für Umwelt BAFU

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TAILORED APPROACHES TO ANALYSE CUMULATIVE DROUGHT-RELATED CLIMATE RISKS AND ASSOCIATED IMPACT CASCADES IN SWITZERLAND

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BACKGROUND

Develop methods and concepts to deal with compound and unexpected extreme events

Swiss national adaptation Strategy

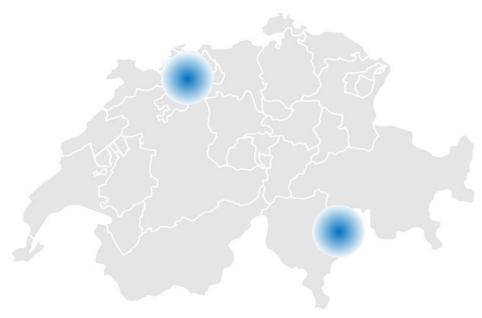


Regional case studies:

> Force people to think the unthinkable

> Identify blind spots





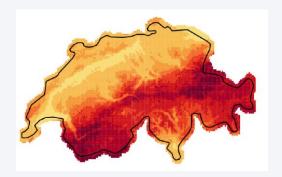
Upscale to national level for adaptation strategy

PROJECT CASE STUDIES

- 1. Alpine area
- Protective forest in the Val Mesolcina
- Extended drought over two consecutive Seasons (winter, summer), storm in the year before
- → Can drought + bark beetle + fire risk lead to a loss of protective function?
- 2. Swiss Plateau
- Urban area (Basel)
- Multi-year heat and drought event(s)
- → Can consecutive extreme droughts lead to a collapse of interlinked urban systems (water, energy, transport)?

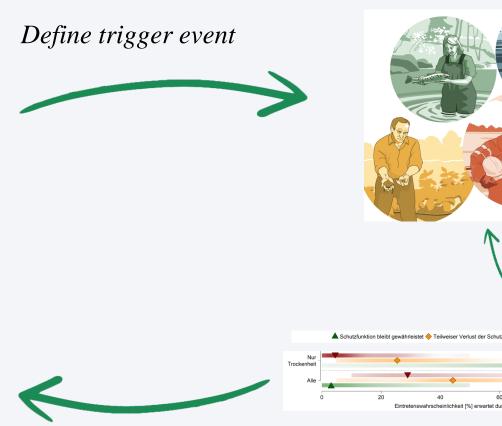


METHODOLOGICAL CONCEPT



Climate scenarios (CH2018)

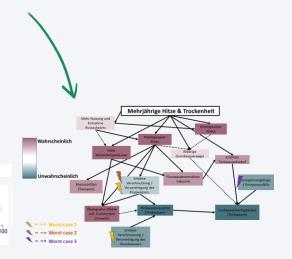
Recommendations for adaptation



Upscale results

Stakeholders

- Survey
- Interviews

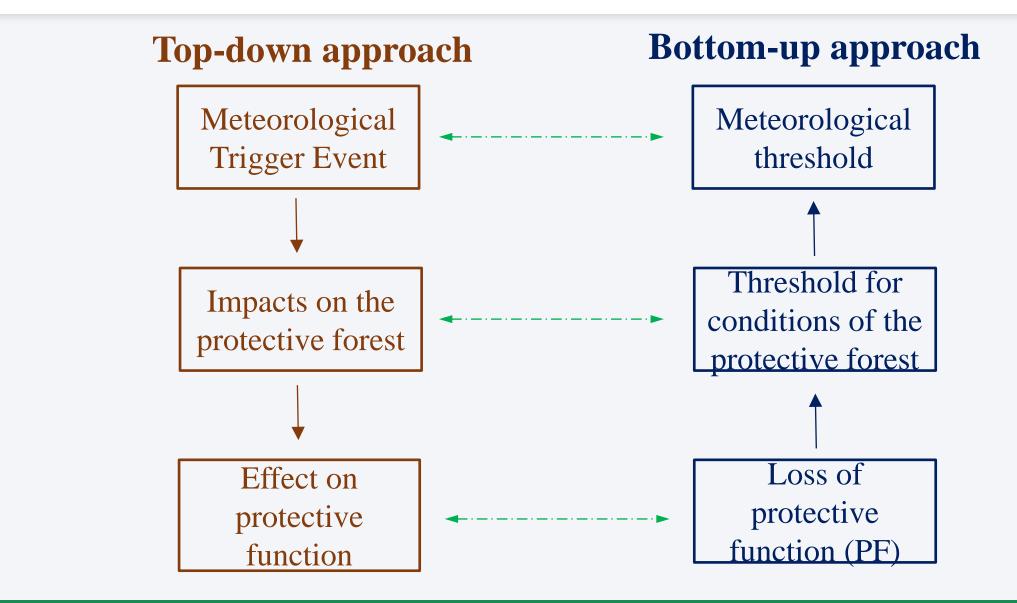


Analysis

- Probabilities
- Process flowcharts

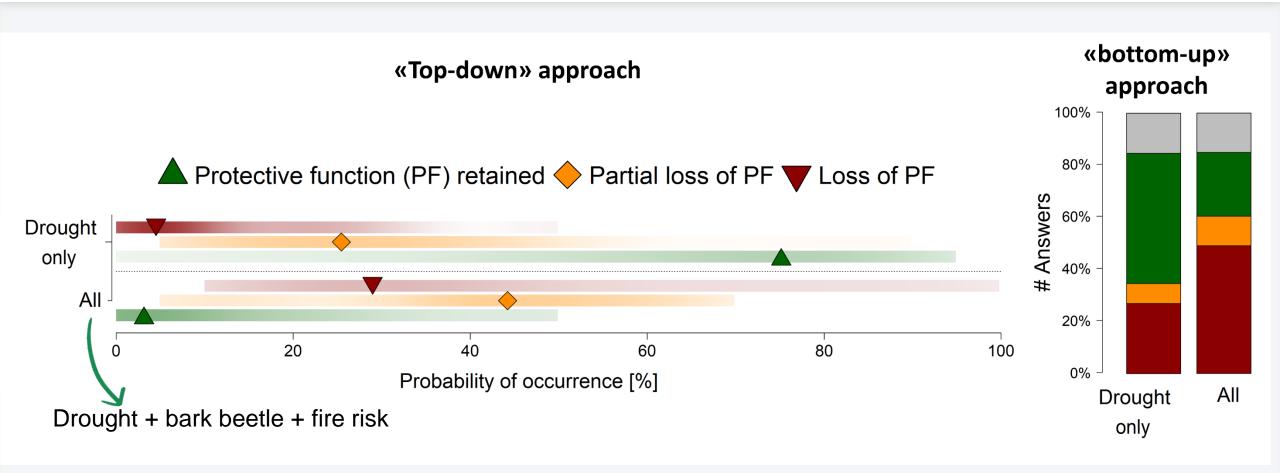


SURVEY: TOP-DOWN AND BOTTOM-UP APPROACHES





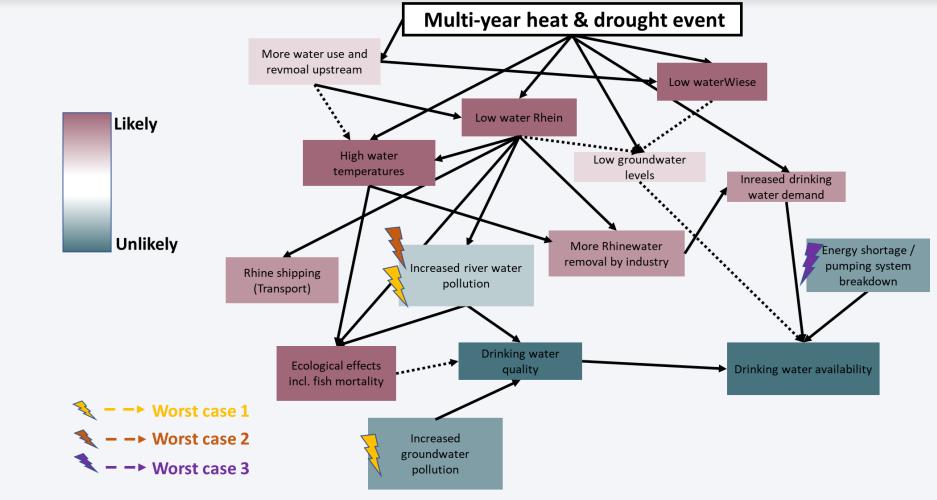
ALPINE CASE STUDY: KEY RESULTS



Compound-cascade reduces chance of «no harm» case to 5-20%



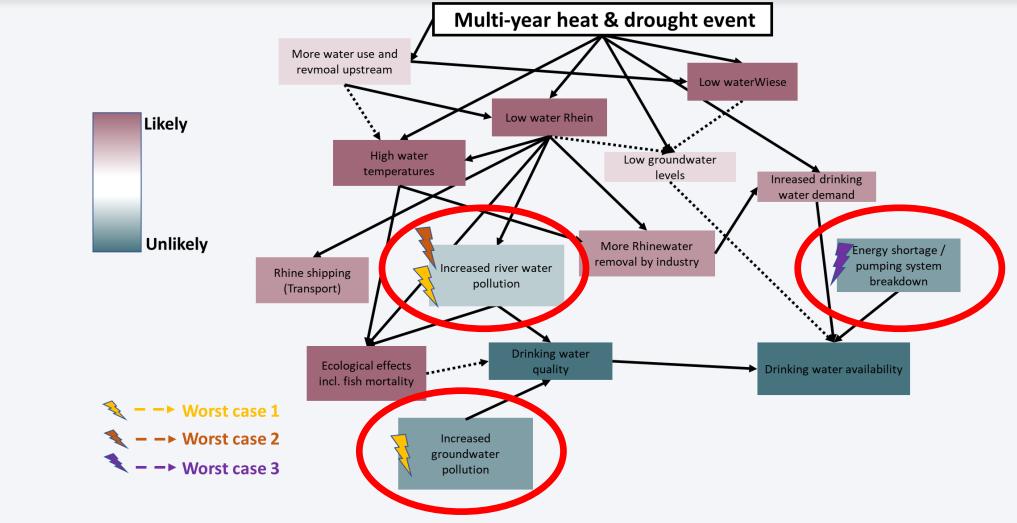
URBAN CASE STUDY: KEY RESULTS (DRINKING WATER SYSTEM)



Drinking water shortage only expected if drought compounds with problems in other systems (energy, environment)



URBAN CASE STUDY: RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADAPTATION



Prepare for problems during peak demand (pollution, energy shortage)



SUMMARY & CONCLUSIONS

Two-way elicitation helps to do «blind spot thinking» in a structured way

1. Characterize process chains

Depends on

2. Survey to elicit numbers and probabilities

system

and / or

complexity

Interviews to characterize system interconnections and blind spots

Combined approach (top-down plus bottom-up) helps to identify robust results

Helpful for spotting extreme opinions and tail of distributions

THANK YOU

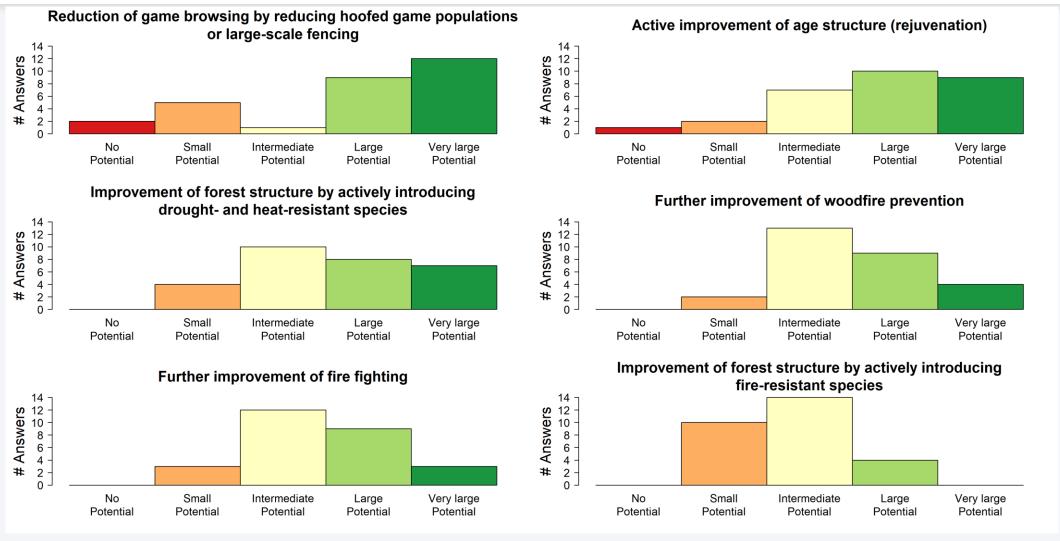




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ALPINE CASE STUDY: RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ADAPTATION



General "forest health" is more important than specific drought / fire actions