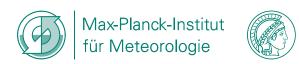
Multiple equilibria of the vegetation-atmosphere system in radiative-convective equilibrium storm-resolving simulations with interactive leaf phenology

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Leaf phenology

The temporal evolution of leaf amount due to

- Emergence
- Growth
- Death



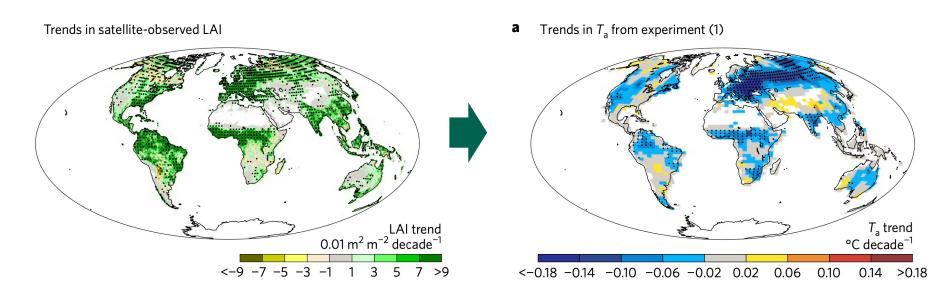
Delpierre et al., 2017

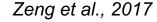




Influence on climate

Leaf phenology & LAI influence on climate through its control on $\rightarrow g_c$, C_v , α ...







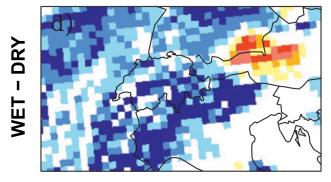


Needs for high-resolution

Past studies used coarse-resolution

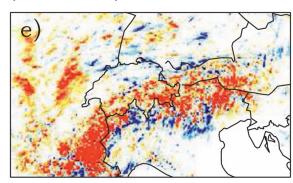
→ cannot resolve small-scale processes in land & atm.

Simulation with convective parameterization (dx = 25 km)



25 km: drier soil → lesser rain

Simulation with explicit convection (dx = 2.2 km)



2.2 km: drier soil → more rain

Hohenegger et al., 2009





Goals

Investigate the effects of interactive leaves on the equilibrium climate of an idealized planet and vegetation states by

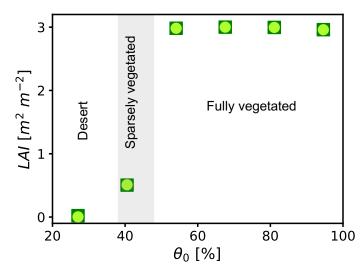
- 1. Characterizing potential equilibrium state
- Comparing simulations with interactive leaves and fixed LAI
- → using idealized radiative-convective equilibrium (RCE) storm-resolving simulations

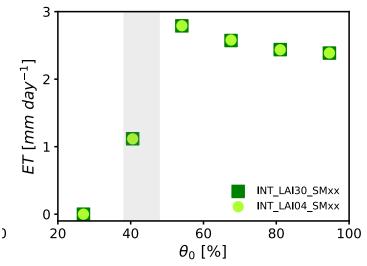




Equilibria in the vegetation-atmosphere system with interactive leaves

- Three categories of equilibrium states exist
- Equilibrium states are only dependent upon the initial soil moisture
- 3. It is difficult to kill the plant in our set-up



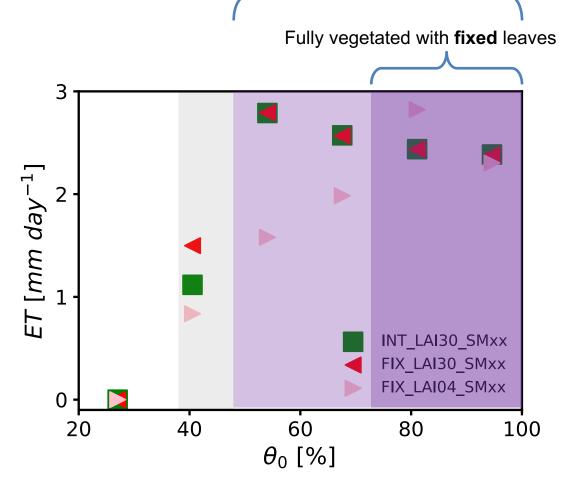






The role of interactive leaves

 Earlier transition to fully vegetated planet with interactive leaves



Fully vegetated with **interactive** leaves





Thank you!

Questions?



