

Stochastic transport in an idealized ocean-atmosphere coupled system

Long Li¹

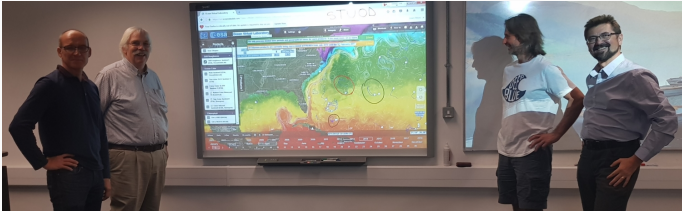
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Joint work with Etienne Mémin¹, Bertrand Chapron² and Noé Lahaye¹

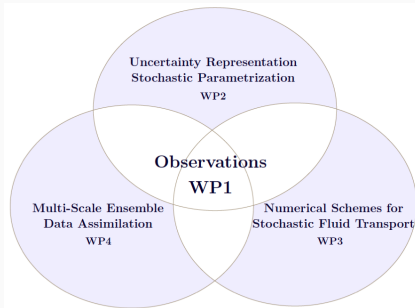
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Stochastic Transport in Upper Ocean Dynamics (STUOD)



<https://www.imperial.ac.uk/ocean-dynamics-synergy/>



“Our approach accounts for transport on scales that are currently unresolvable in computer simulations, yet are observable by satellites, drifters and floats.”

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- Pathwise conservation of moments

$$\mathbb{D}_t \Theta^p = 0, \quad d_t \int_{\Omega} \Theta^p d\mathbf{x} = 0$$

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Application to Q-GCM [Hogg et al., 2003]

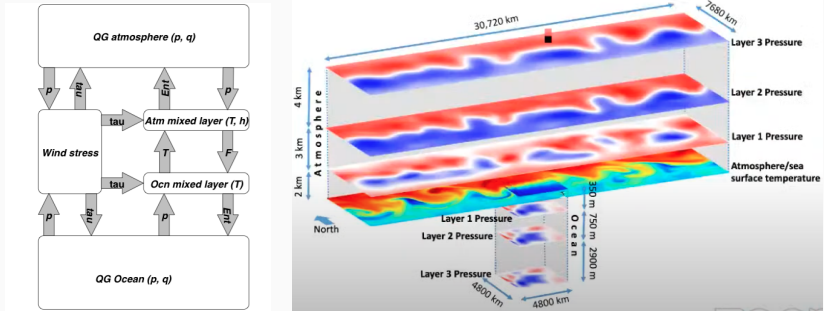


Figure 1: Model illustration from <http://www.q-gcm.org>

- Idealized midlatitude coupled model emphasizing ocean dynamics

Application to Q-GCM [Hogg et al., 2003]

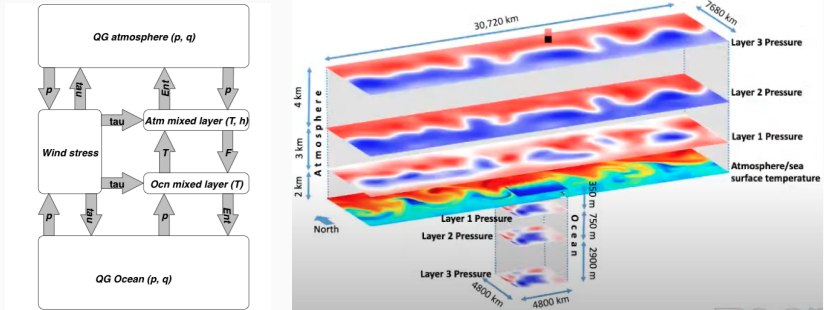


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- Classical Ekman model with wind-current-dependent stresses

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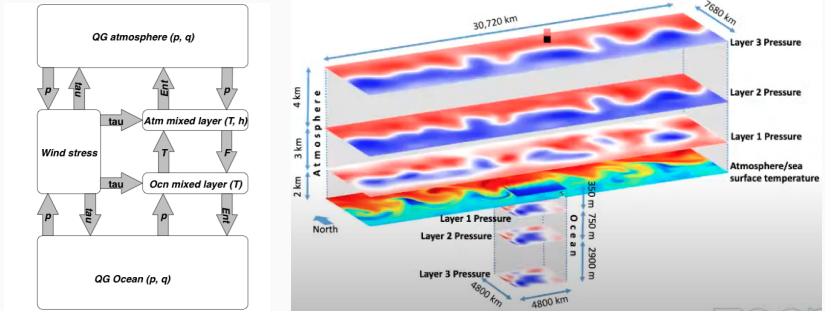


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- Idealized midlatitude coupled model emphasizing ocean dynamics
- Classical Ekman model with wind-current-depended stresses
- Our applications: stochastic transport of PV and SST for both ocean and atmosphere

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- Code available on:
https://github.com/matlong/qgcm_lu
https://github.com/louity/qgm_pytorch

Numerical results

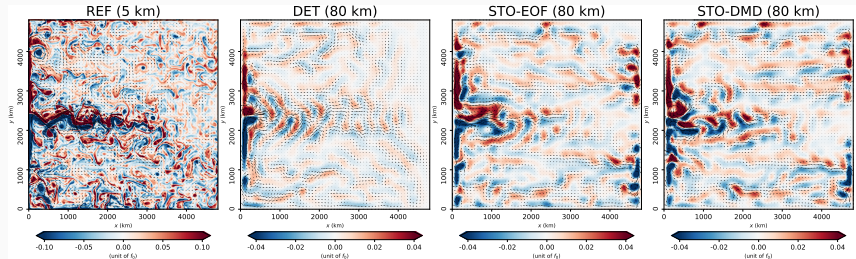


Figure 2: Snapshots of ocean upper layer relative vorticity.

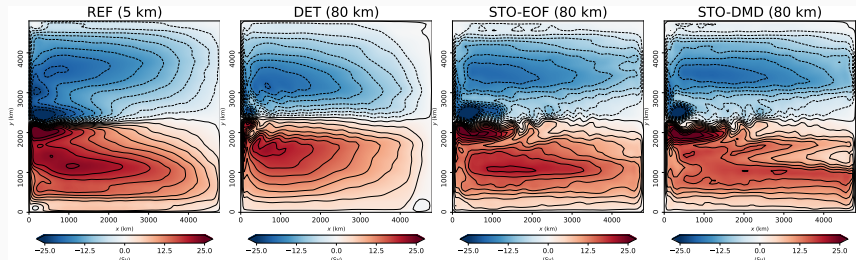


Figure 3: 40-years averages of ocean upper layer streamfunction.

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- More realistic configurations: surface buoyancy conditions [Lapeyre and Klein, 2006], North Atlantic circulation (from FFT to multigrid)
- Ensemble forecasting and data assimilation

Thank you very much!

Questions?



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