







hydroPASS: a newly developed R package to go through the regional calibration of distributed catchment models

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distributed parameter lumped parameter space parameters from local calibration space 1) Select randomly one parameter set per catchment Parameter set 1 2) A regional functional relationship between CDs and parameters is inferred (by random forests) 3) Improve regionalization 4) Predict Parameter set 1 (optional) distributed Catchment 2 parameters by a) Predict lumped parameters means of the regional functional b) Select one parameter set relationship per catchment near to predicted one to increase regional consistency 5) Run distributed model and calculate c) Parameter sets with good local ME increase pool of local regional ME_{reg} Parameter set 1 6) Repeat step 1-5, to improve ME_{rec}

Flowchart of PASS (Merz et al., 2020).

Where we started



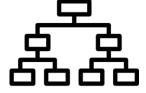
PArameter Set Shuffling (PASS) procedure

Pros:

- It is not required any a priori assumption on the relationship between parameters and descriptors;
- Use of different machine learning algorithms (e.g., Random Forest, Decision Tree, Artificial Neural Network (ANN)).

Drawbacks:

- Lack of a workflow for a consistent and reproducible application of the method;
- Limited application to other study areas, having different physical characteristics (e.g., the Alpine Region), and with other hydrologic models.



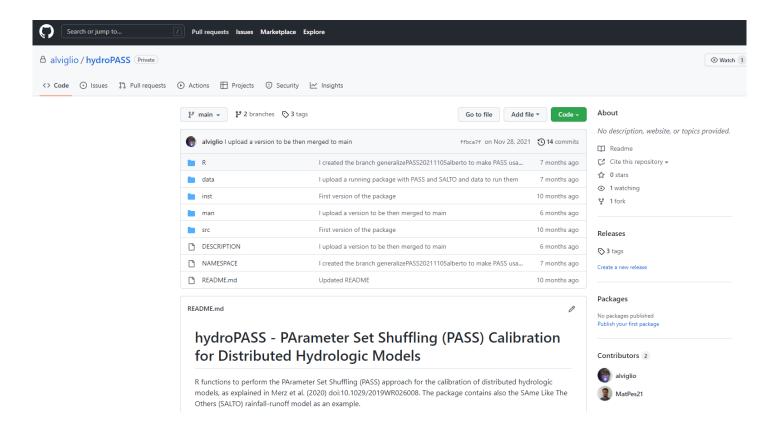


Necessity of organizing code and data into a single framework



A new R package: hydroPASS





The source package contains:

- General information about the package (e.g., version, authors, etc.);
- The src/ directory with the fortran code for the model SALTO;
- The R/ directory with the R code for the functions SALTO, SALTOsetup, PASS;
- The data/ directory with some data for the examples provided as help for each function;
- The man/ directory with the help documents for all the code and data.

source package



installation packages for Windows, Linux and Mac operating systems



A new R package: hydroPASS



Actual Version: 0.0-beta.7

Function load.Data

Input:

- NetCDF files of precipitation, temperature, potential evapotranspiration, catchments descriptors and a digital elevation model;
- Text files of daily discharge;
- Shapefile of catchment boundaries.

Output:

• .RData file with all the data arranged for running the SALTOsetup function.

Function **SALTOsetup**

Input:

.RData file produced with load.Data.

Output:

- .RData file containing:
- Climate data, discharge and catchment descriptors, arranged for running SALTO or other models;
- Topology of catchments (see SALTO function).

```
$ prec: num [1:21915, 1:500] 0.945 2.84 2.016 12.965 0.331 ...
 ... attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
 ....$ : chr [1:21915] "1961-01-01" "1961-01-02" "1961-01-03" "1961-01-04" ...
 ....$ : chr [1:500] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
$ temp: num [1:21915, 1:500] 2.81 3.63 5.09 2.98 1.96 ...
 ... attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
 ....$ : chr [1:21915] "1961-01-01" "1961-01-02" "1961-01-03" "1961-01-04"
 ....$ : chr [1:500] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
$ pet : num [1:21915, 1:500] 0.59 0.666 0.802 0.606 0.51 ...
 ... attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
 ....$ : chr [1:21915] "1961-01-01" "1961-01-02" "1961-01-03" "1961-01-04" ...
 ....$ : chr [1:500] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
... attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
 ....$ : chr [1:21915] "1961-01-01" "1961-01-02" "1961-01-03" "1961-01-04" ..
 ....$ : chr [1:117] "1" "2" "3" "4"
```

```
$ cat: num [1:117, 1:79] 4.41 4.13 3.5 2.53 3.07 2.56 2.56 2.62
... attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
....$: chr [1:117] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
....$: chr [1:79] "CL_dRD2D" "CL_MAP" "CL_MAT" "CL_PET" ...
$ grd: num [1:500, 1:79] 2.91 2.91 2.91 2.92 2.92 ...
... attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
....$: chr [1:500] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...
....$: chr [1:79] "CL_dRD2D" "CL_MAP" "CL_MAT" "CL_PET" ...
```

```
'data.frame': 7 obs. of 4 variables:

$ grd : num 142 143 166 167 168 192 193

$ effarea: num 0.3758 0.0102 0.0415 0.6628 0.2725 ...

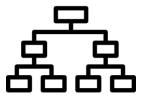
$ flowto : num 168 168 192 193 193 193 -99

$ level : num 1 1 1 1 2 2 3
```



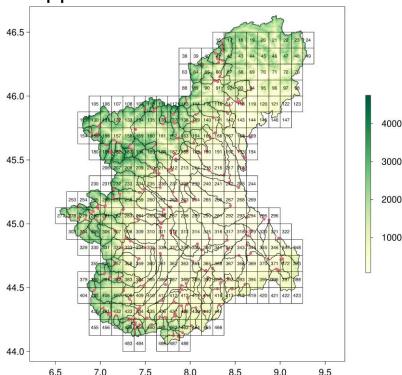
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PASS

Application to real case studies



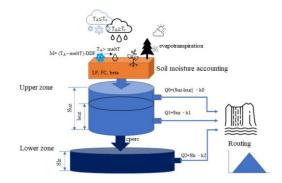
Stream gauges, catchment boundaries and pixels with climate inputs of Piemonte and Valle d'Aosta. The background shows elevation (m.a.s.l.).

Model Efficiency Function

> library(TUWmodel)

```
> ?TUWmodel
> # Model efficiency function (i.e., objective function)
> ME.TUWmodel <-
    function(param.
                         # vector or matrix parameters for catchment i
             cat.number, # number of catchment i
                        # list of grid names associated to all catchments
                         # matrix of precipitation data for all grids
                         # matrix of air temperature data for all grids
                         # matrix of potential evapotranspiration...
                         # list of proportion of catchment area contained
                         # in each grid for all catchments
                         # matrix of runoff discharge for all rivers
                         # matrix of snow cover for all grids
             iwarmup=303) {
   GRDNAME <- grdname[[cat.number]]</pre>
   AREA <- area[[cat.number]]
   PREC <- prec[, as.character(GRDNAME)]
   AIRT <- airt[, as.character(GRDNAME)]
   EP <- ep[, as.character(GRDNAME)]</pre>
   DISC <- disc[, cat.number]</pre>
   SNOW <- snow[, as.character(GRDNAME)]
  if (!is.null(dim(param))) param <- t(param)</pre>
  # global variables are in the function
   simu <- TUWmodel(prec=PREC, airt=AIRT, ep=EP,
                     area=AREA, param=param)
   swesim <- (simu$swe > 1)[-c(1:iwarmup),]
   sweeds \leftarrow (SNOW > 10) [-c(1:iwarmup),]
   # Snow Cover Efficiency
   SC <- mean(1 - apply(abs(swesim - sweobs), 1, mean, na.rm=T), na.rm=T)
  # Runoff Kling-Gupta Efficiency
   simu <- simu$q[-c(1:iwarmup)] # remove the warming period</pre>
   simu[is.na(simu)] <- -999
   obse <- DISC[-c(1:iwarmup)] # remove the warming period
   r <- cor(simu, obse, method='pearson', use='pairwise.complete.obs')</pre>
   beta <- mean(simu)/mean(obse, na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
   gamma <- (sd(simu)/mean(simu))/(sd(obse, na.rm=TRUE)/mean(obse, na.rm=TRUE))</pre>
   kgeQ \leftarrow 1 - sqrt((r - 1)^2 + (beta - 1)^2 + (gamma - 1)^2)
    me <- 0.5*kgeQ + 0.5*SC # mean of Runoff Kling-Gupta Efficiency
                             # and Snow Cover Efficiency
   if (is.na(me)) me <- -999
  return(me)
```

SALTO, TUWmodel,



Conceptual description of TUWmodel (Tong et al., 2021).

```
> # Running PASS
> run01 <- PASS(Y=train.parameters,
                X.cat=cat.CD,
                X.grd=grd.CD.
                grd2cat=sapply(topology, function(x) x$grd.name),
                lower=c(SCF=0.9, DDF=0.0, Tr=1.01, Ts=-3.0, Tm=-2.0,
                        LPrat=0.0, FC=0.0, BETA=0.0, k0=0.0, k1=2.0, k2=30.0,
                        lsuz=1.0. cperc=0.0. bmax=0.0. croute=0.0).
                upper=c(SCF=1.5, DDF=5.0, Tr=3.0, Ts=1.0, Tm=2.0,
                        LPrat=1.0, FC=600.0, BETA=20.0, k0=2.0, k1=30.0, k2=250.0,
                        lsuz=100.0, cperc=8.0, bmax=30.0, croute=50.0),
                options=PASS.options(maxLoops=100, nGroups=10,
                                     REGloops=5, sampling='random'),
                prec=data118cat305px1$prec,
                airt=data118cat305px1$tmean,
                ep=data118cat305px1$pet,
                area=sapply(topology, function(x) x$grd.weightCat),
```

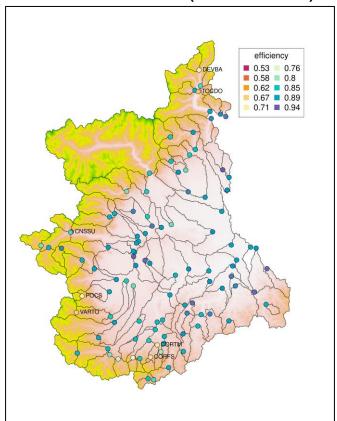
Key point: flexibility



PASS in Northwestern Italy

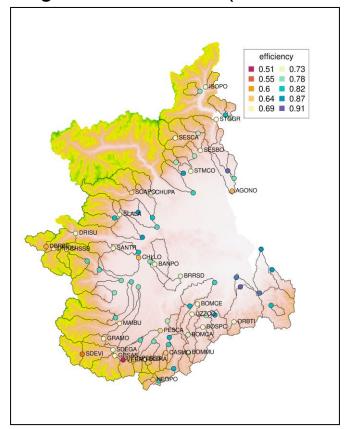


Local calibration (2000-2010)

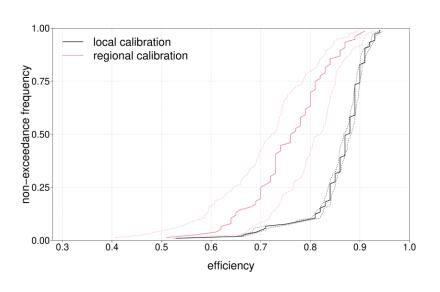


Local model efficiency for **104 sites**. The codes of sites where ME < 0.75 are indicated.

Regional calibration (2000-2010)



Regional model efficiency for **75 sites**. The codes of sites where ME < 0.75 are indicated.



Cumulative frequency function of model efficiencies (black: locally calibrated parameters for 104 sites, red: regionalised parameters with PASS for 75 sites).



References



- Merz, R., Tarasova, L. & Basso, S. Parameter's Controls of Distributed Catchment Models How Much Information is in Conventional Catchment Descriptors?, Water Resources Research, 2020, 56 (2), e2019WR026008.
- Tong, R., Parajka, J., Salentinig, A., Pfeil, I., Komma, J., Széles, B., Kubáň, M., Valent, P., Vreugdenhil, M., Wagner, W. & Blöschl, G. The value of ASCAT soil moisture and MODIS snow cover data for calibrating a conceptual hydrologic model, Hydrology and Earth System Sciences, 2021, 25, 1389–1410.



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