

27.05.2022

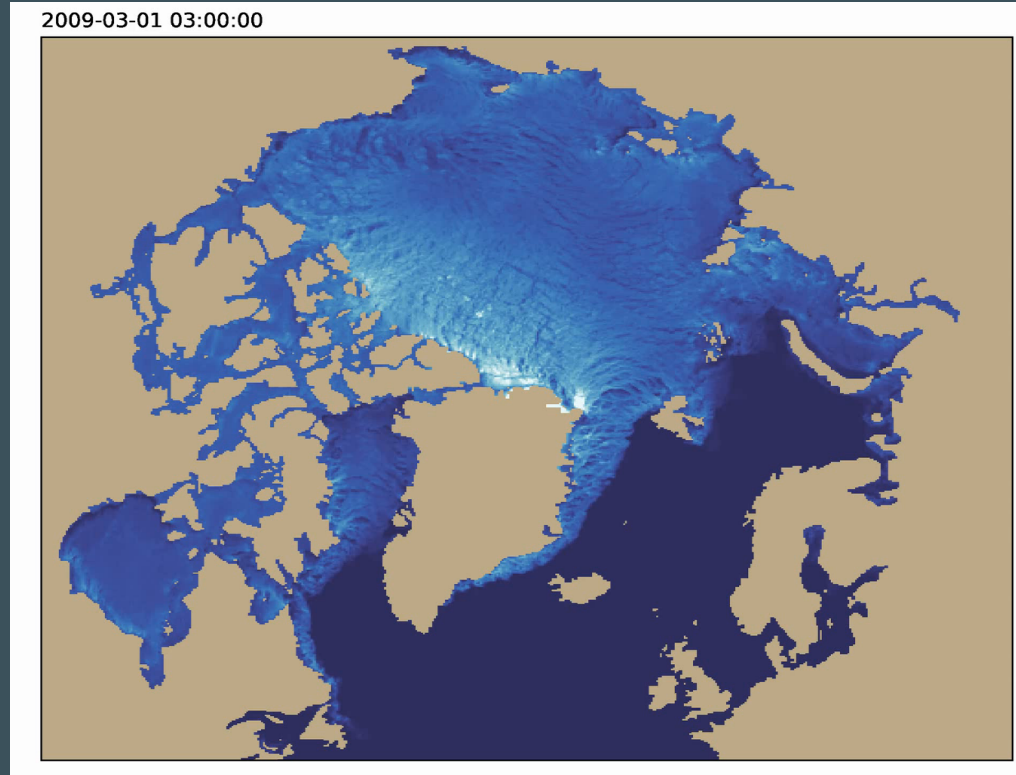
ESA Living Plant Symposium - Bonn

Learning and screening of **neural networks** for sub-grid-scale parametrisations of **sea-ice dynamics**

Tobias Sebastian Finn

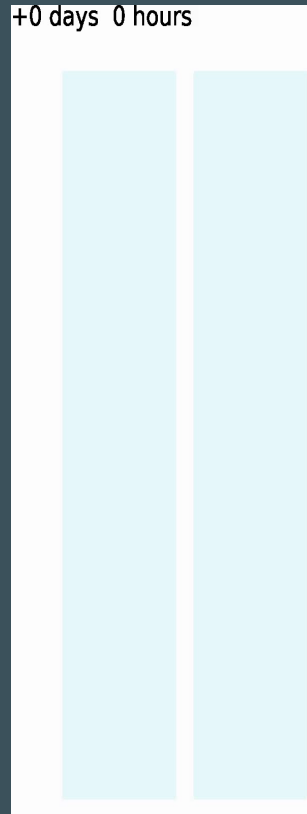
Charlotte Durand, Alban Farchi, Marc Bocquet,
Yumeng Chen, Alberto Carrassi, Veronique Dansereau

For the first time, one blink away from predicting sea-ice



27.05.2022

These advanced geophysical sea-ice models are not perfect

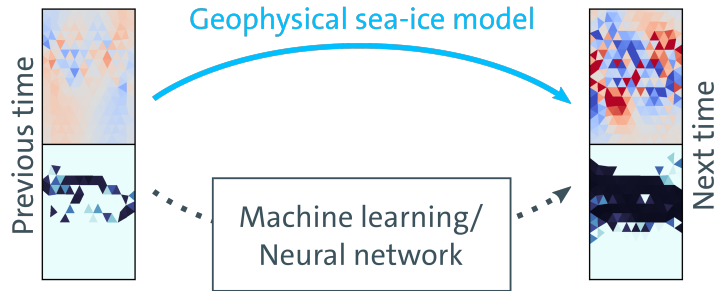


Enhance these advanced models with neural networks

Enhance these advanced models with neural networks



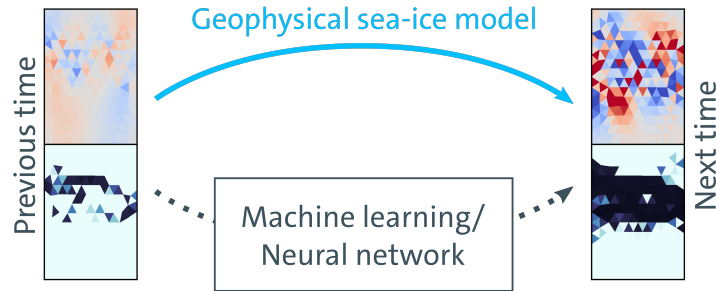
Correct forecast errors of sea-ice dynamics with machine learning before they appear



Enhance these advanced models with neural networks



Correct forecast errors of sea-ice dynamics with machine learning before they appear



Already possible (not exclusive):

Cloud convection (Rasp et al., 2018)

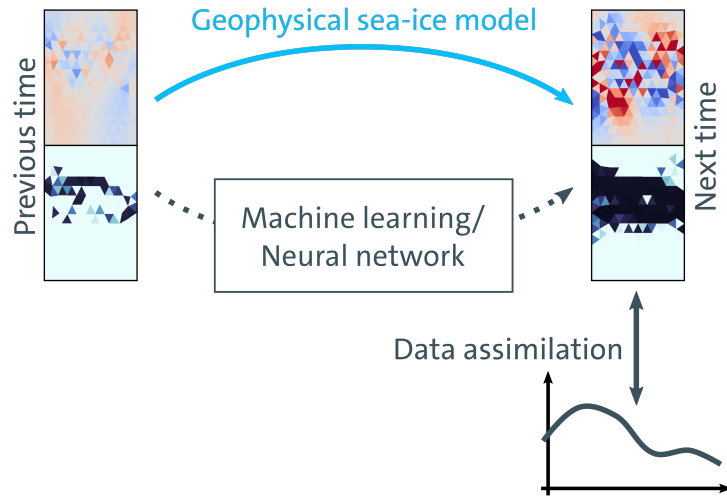
Atmospheric boundary layer (Chen et al., 2022)

Ocean turbulence (Bolton and Zanna, 2020)

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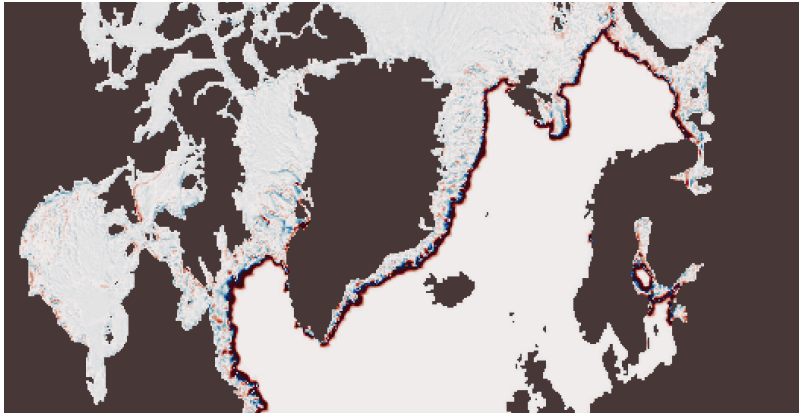
We can even learn the dynamics from observations
(Bocquet et al. 2020, Gottwald and Reich 2021, Farchi et al. 2021)

How can we use similar approaches for the sea-ice dynamics?

Sea-ice imposes new challenges for neural networks

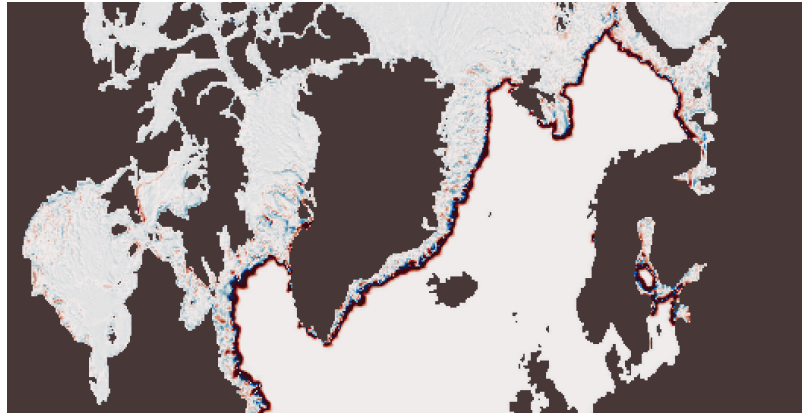
Sea-ice imposes new challenges for neural networks

⚡ Marginal ice zone

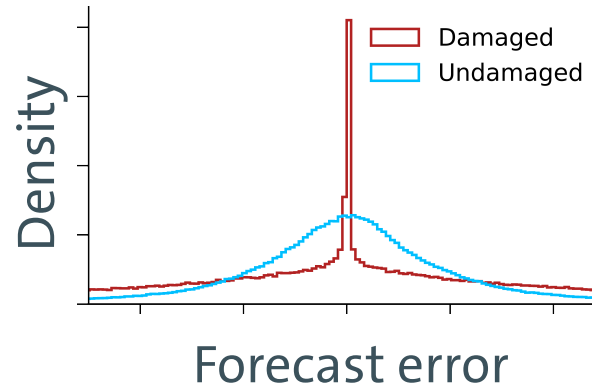


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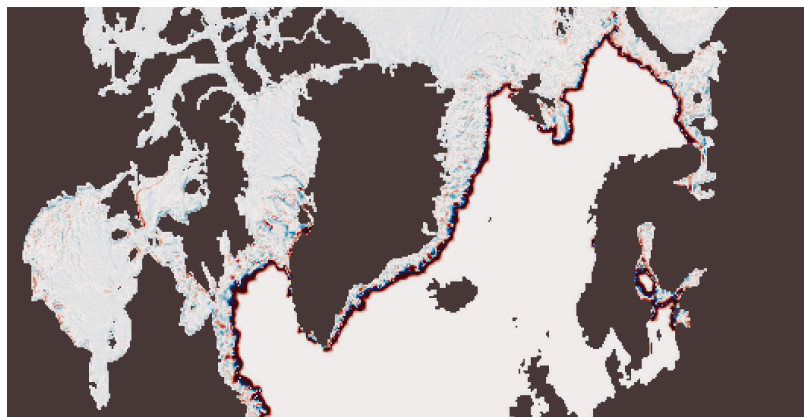


⚡ Damage

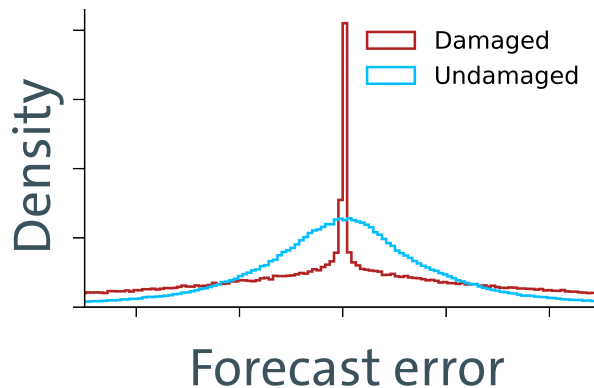


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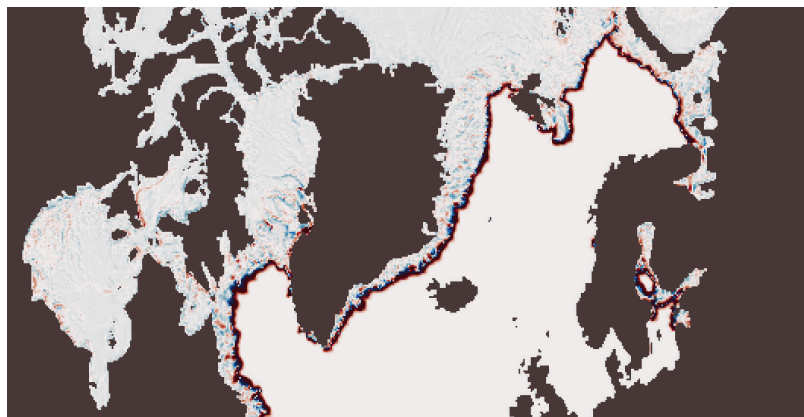


⚡ Multifractality

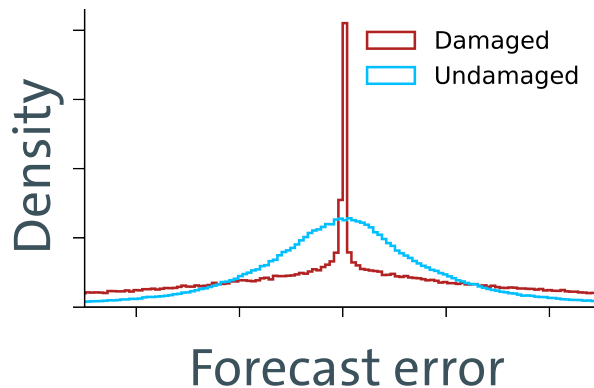


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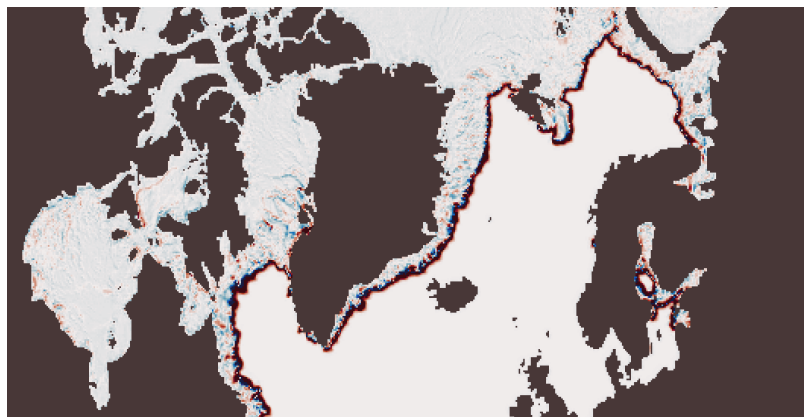


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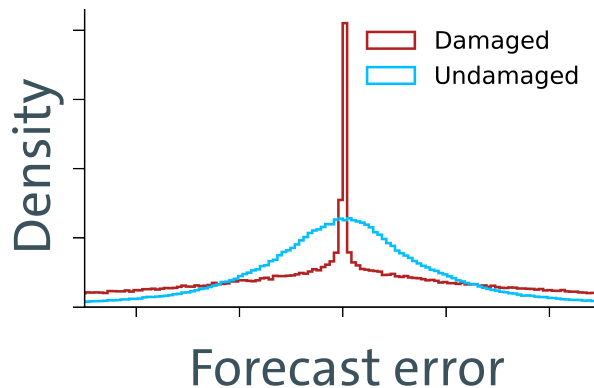


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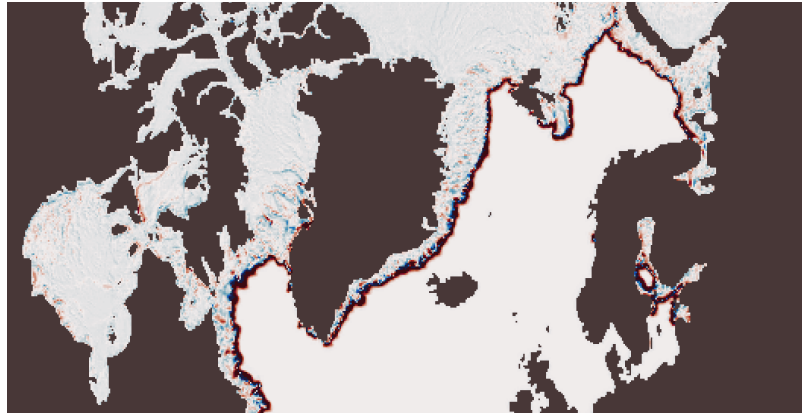
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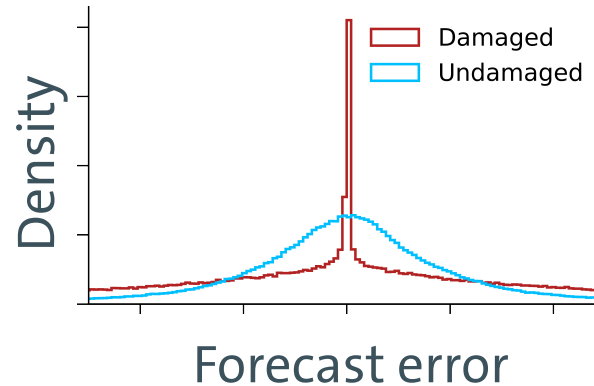
Scaling from small-scale model to Arctic-scale model

Sea-ice imposes new challenges for neural networks

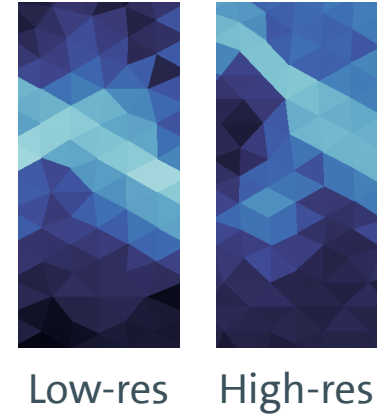
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Scaling from small-scale model to Arctic-scale model

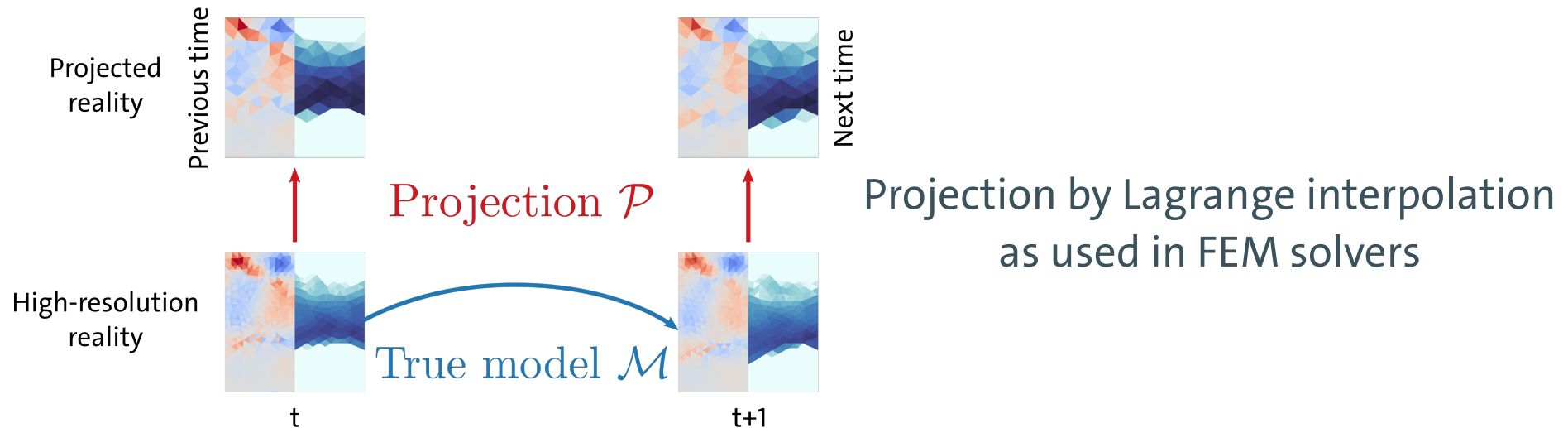
→ Screening of possible approaches

How to learn parametrisations with twin experiments

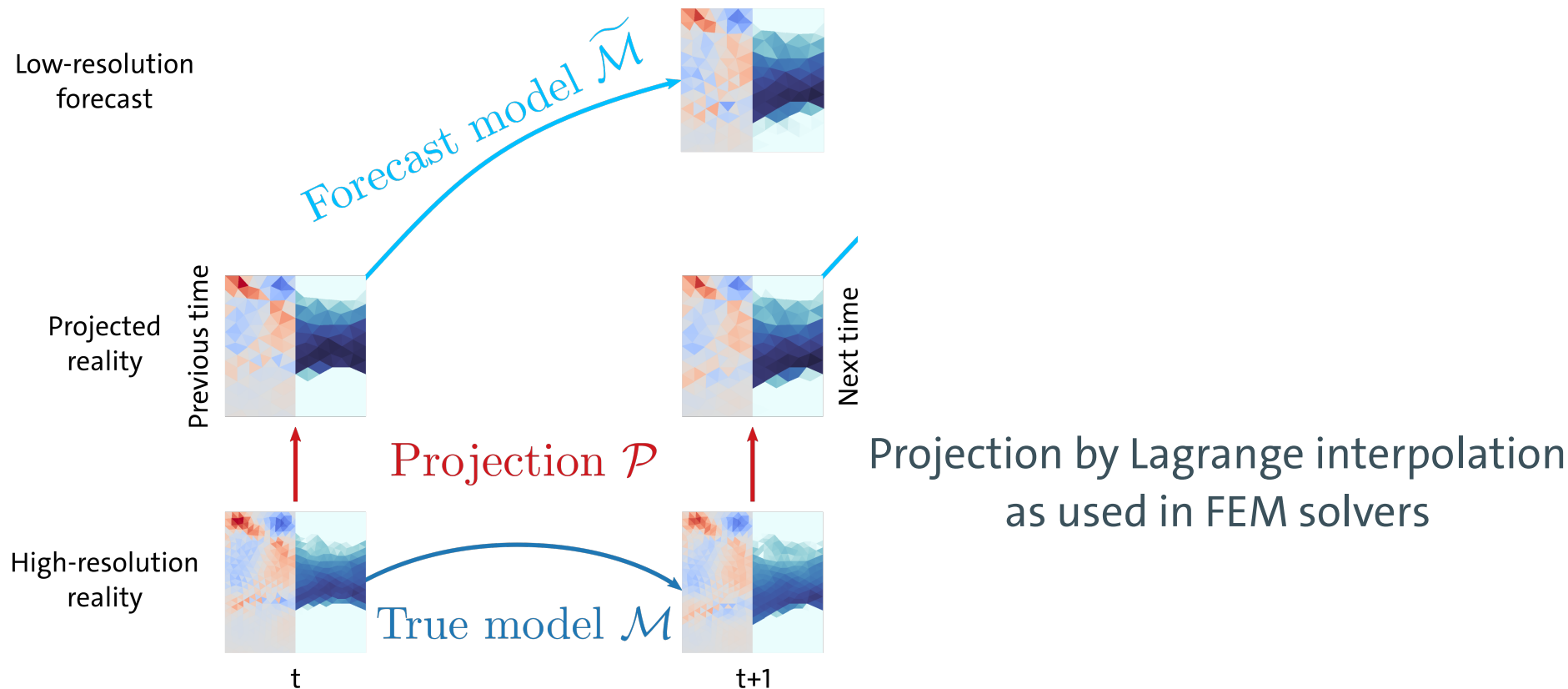
How to learn parametrisations with twin experiments



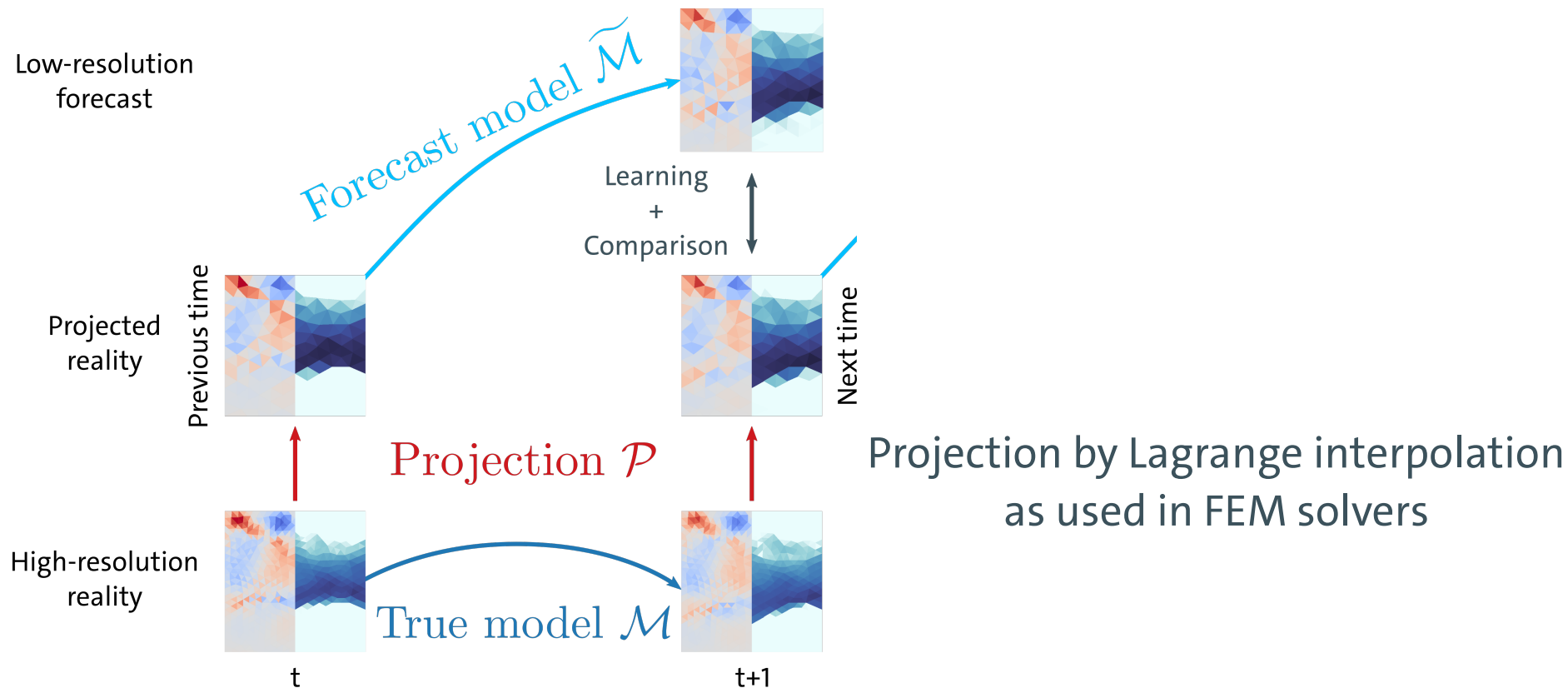
How to learn parametrisations with twin experiments



How to learn parametrisations with twin experiments



How to learn parametrisations with twin experiments



Testbed based on a sea-ice dynamics-only model

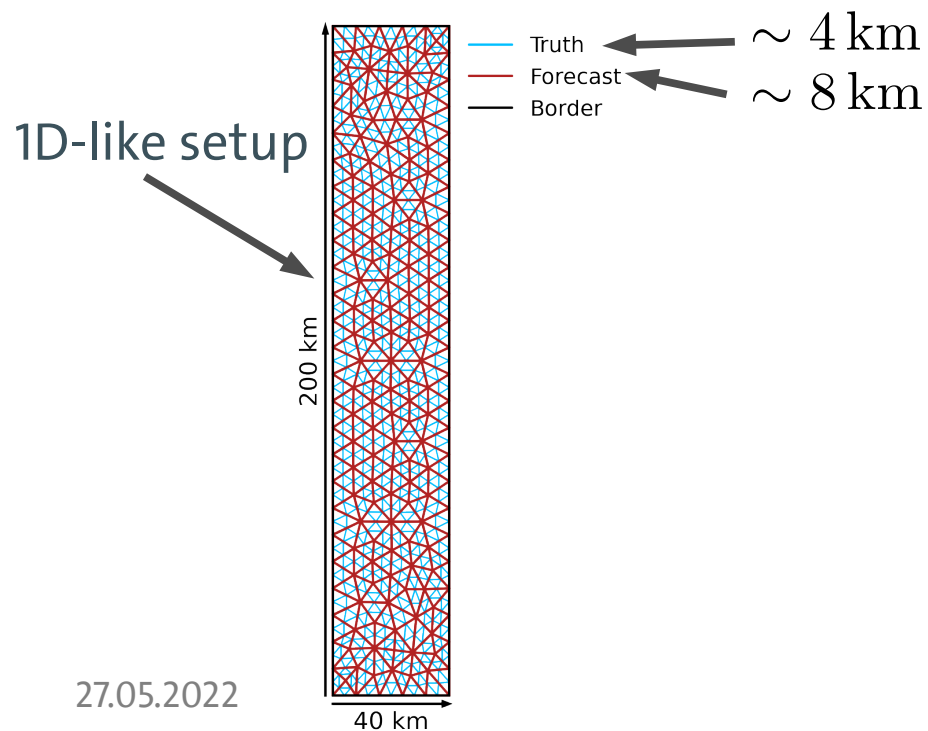
Maxwell-Elasto-Brittle model (Dansereau et al. 2016; Dansereau et al. 2017)

based on discontinuous Galerkin finite elements and Rheolef solver (Saramito 2020)

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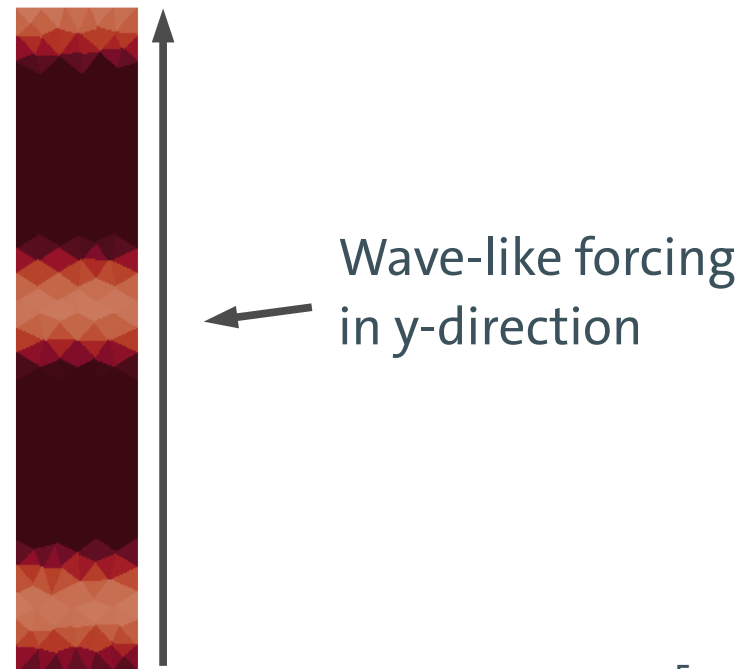
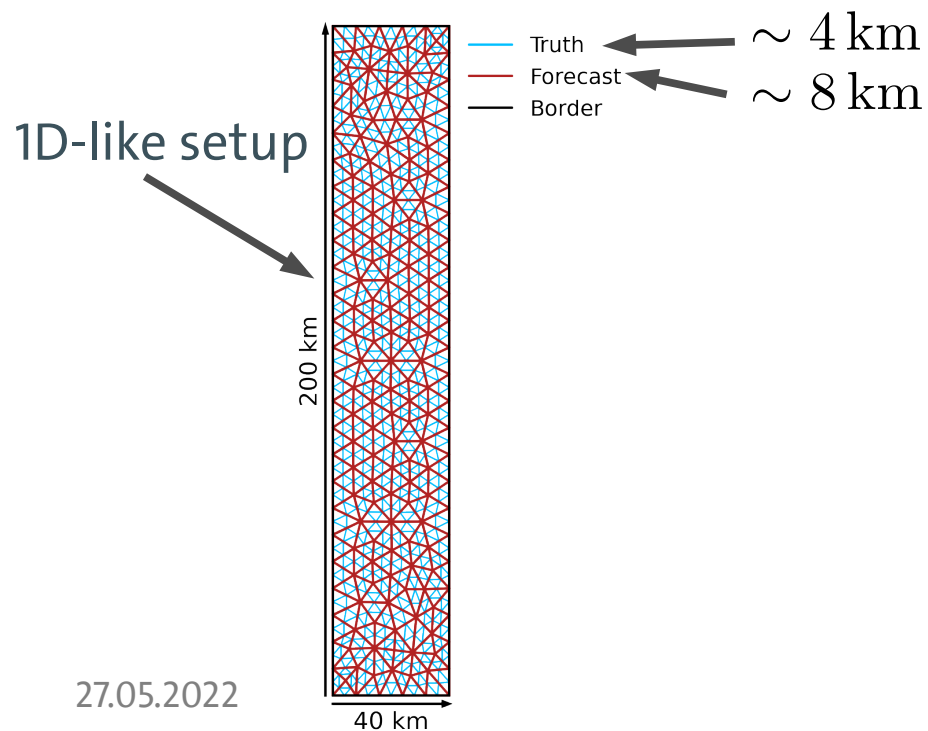
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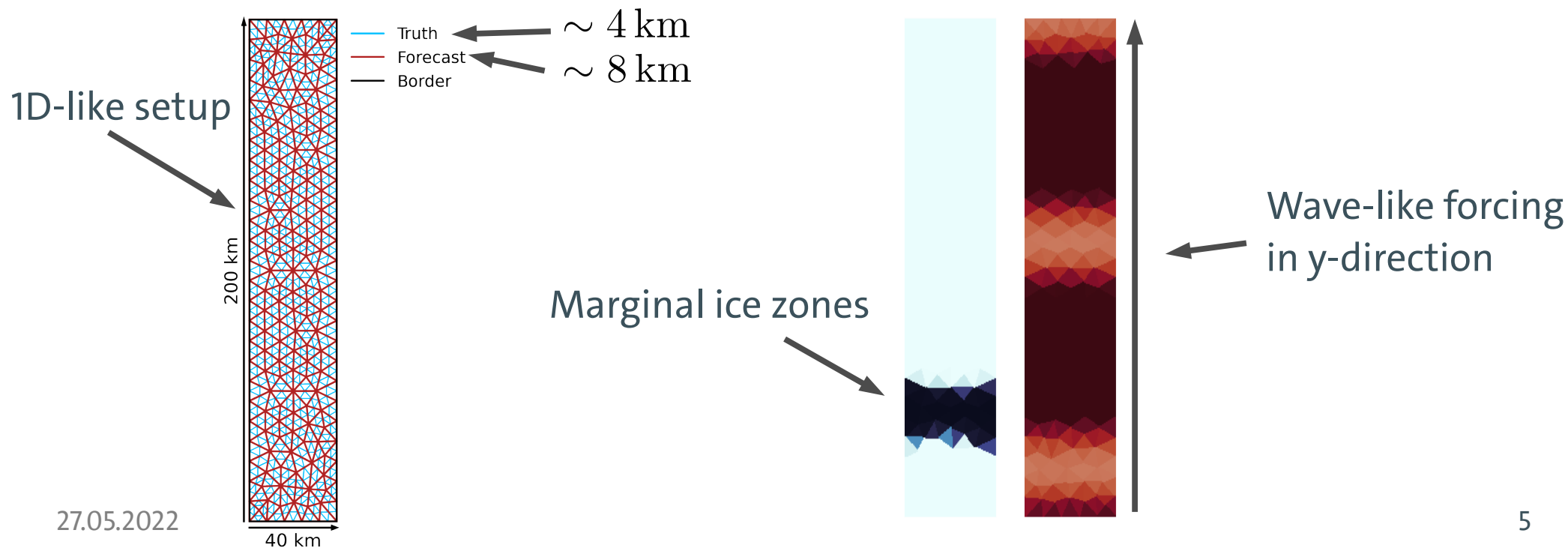
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How to train for all nine variables at the same time?

$$\mathcal{L}_{tot} = \lambda_1 \mathcal{L}_1 + \lambda_2 \mathcal{L}_2 + \cdots + \lambda_9 \mathcal{L}_9$$

Use maximum likelihood approach

$$\mathcal{L}_{tot} = \lambda_1 \mathcal{L}_1 + \lambda_2 \mathcal{L}_2 + \cdots + \lambda_9 \mathcal{L}_9$$

Maximum likelihood approach



Global per-variable uncertainty

$$\mathcal{L}_{tot} \approx \frac{1}{\text{scale}_1} \mathcal{L}_1 + \log(2 \text{ scale}_1) + \cdots + \frac{1}{\text{scale}_9} \mathcal{L}_9 + \log(2 \text{ scale}_9)$$

Training based on an ensemble of trajectories

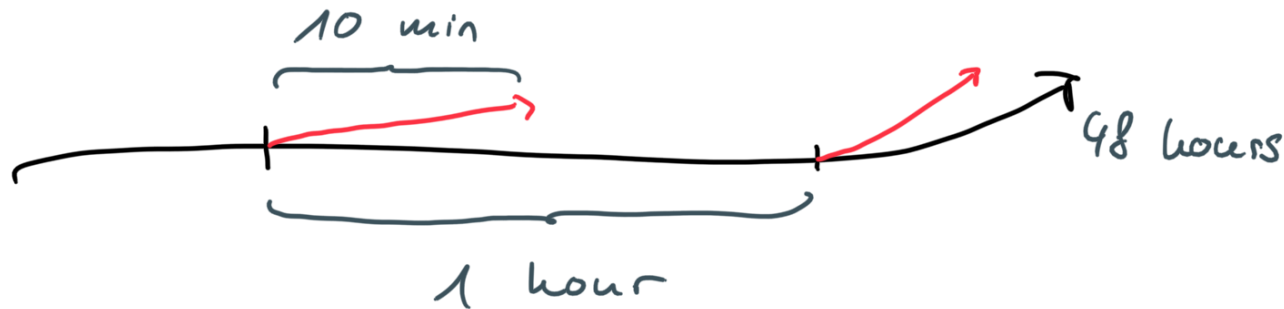
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Ensemble of forcing parameters and initial cohesion

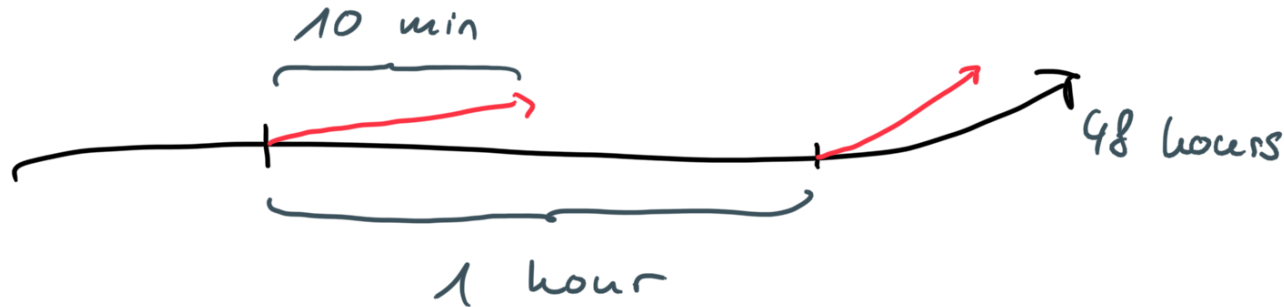
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Ensemble of forcing parameters and initial cohesion

4800/960/2400 training/validation/test samples

How to make use of inductive bias for triangular data?

Input



Prediction



Project into Cartesian space

Input



Interpolate
→



Prediction



Project into Cartesian space and apply convolutional neural network

Input



Interpolate
→



U-Net backbone
(Ronneberger et al. 2015)



+ dilation



Prediction



Project into Cartesian space and apply convolutional neural network

Input



Interpolate
→



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Features



Project
→

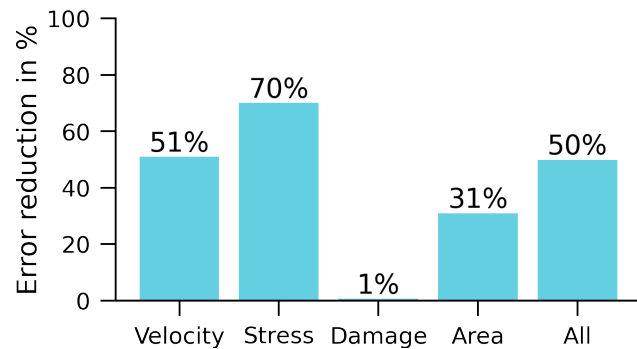


Linear
function
→

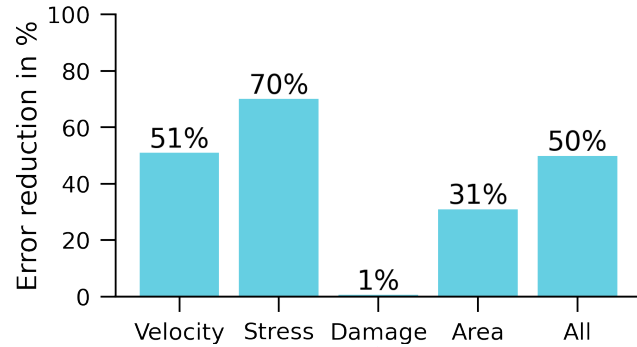


How is the performance of our neural network?

Forecast error reduced in offline testing dataset

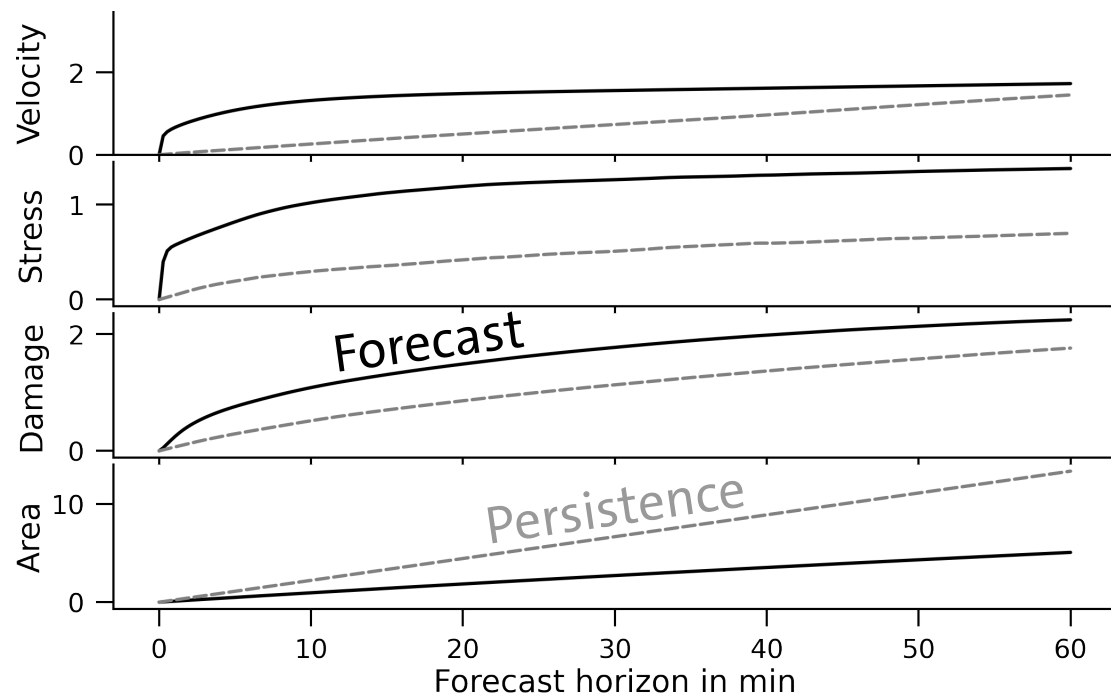
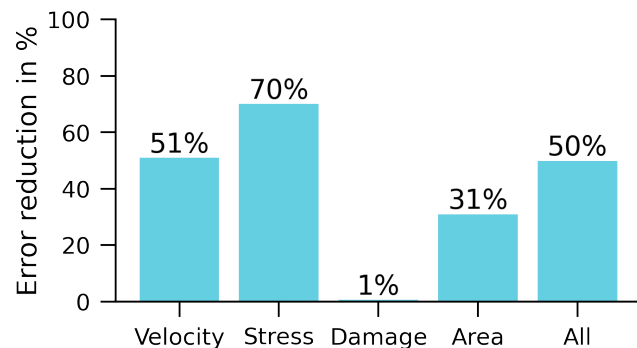


Forecast error reduced in offline testing dataset

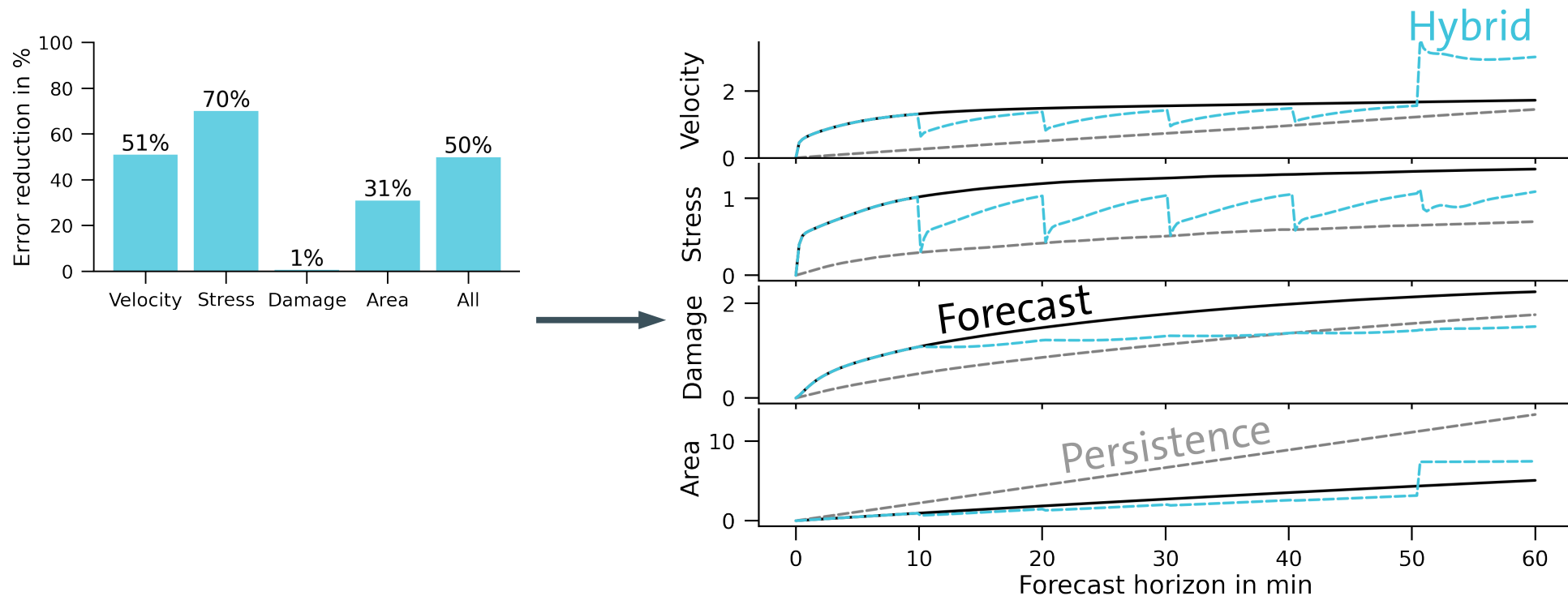


Multi-modality of damage

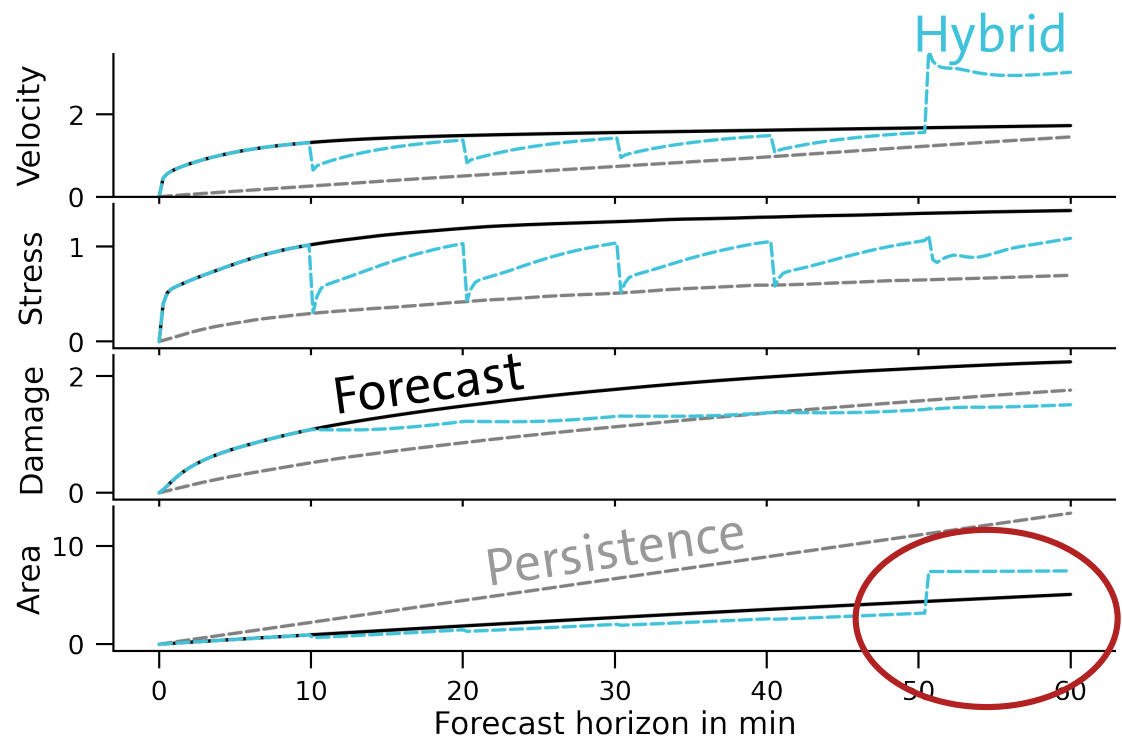
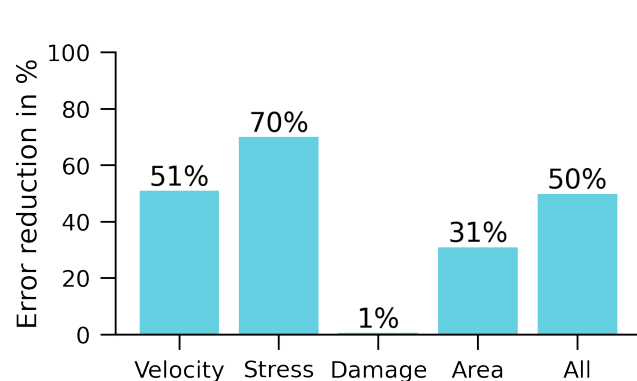
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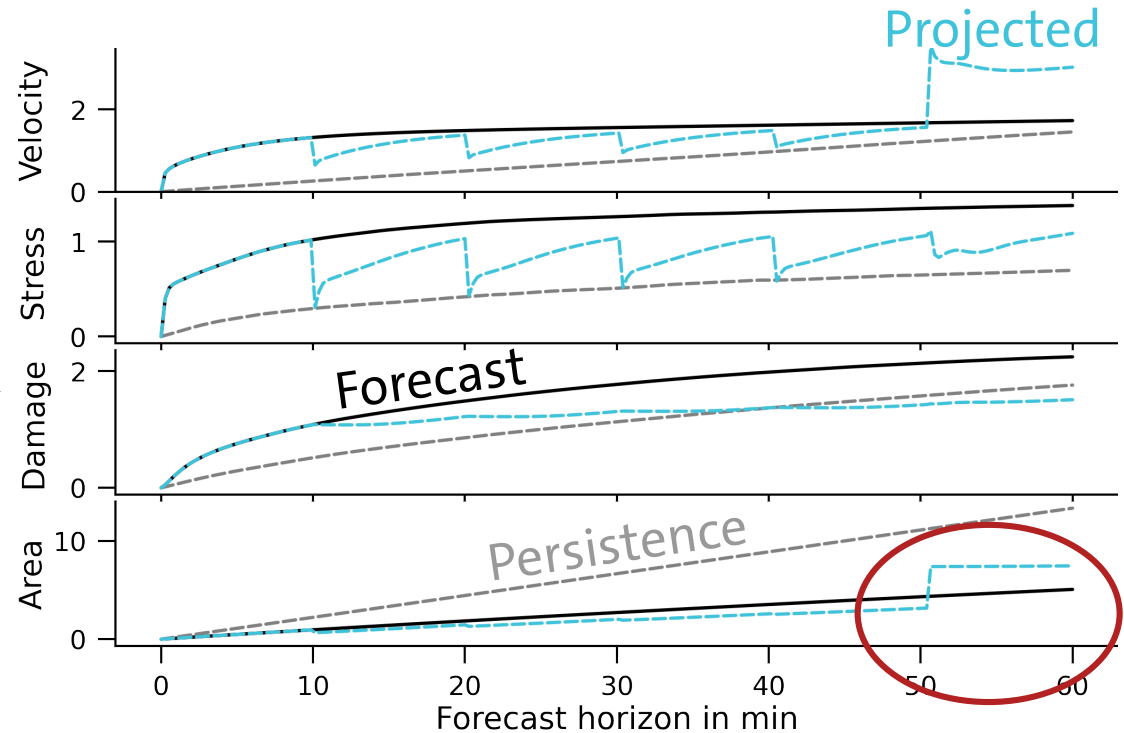
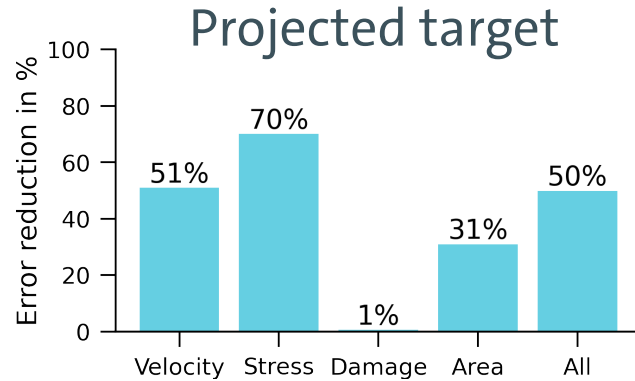


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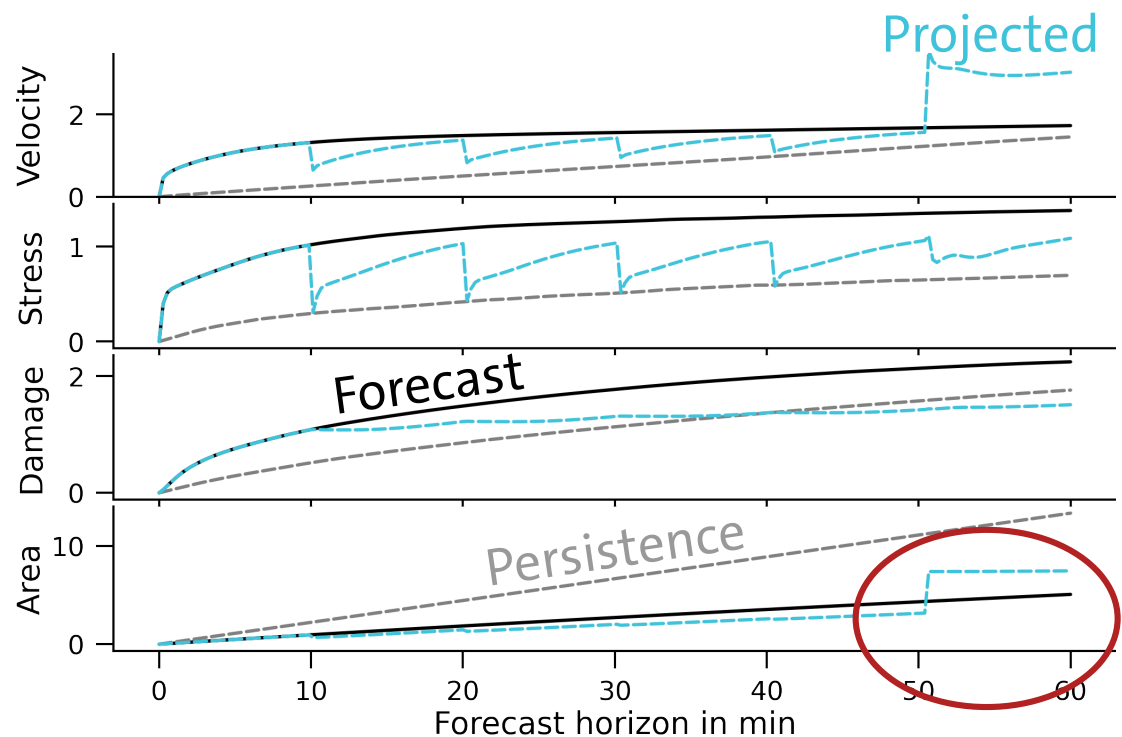
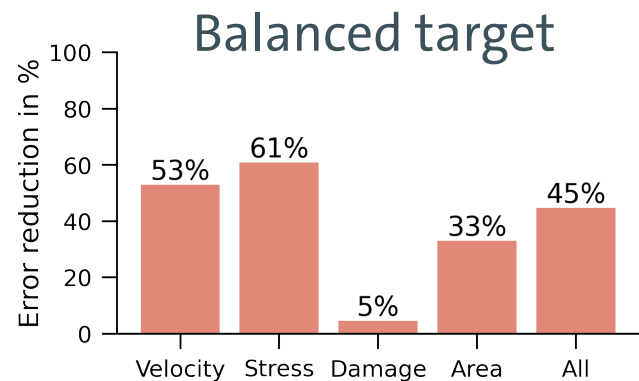
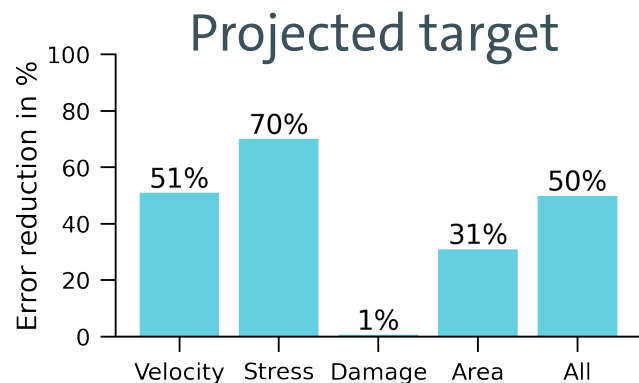
Instabilities

Forecast error reduced in offline testing dataset



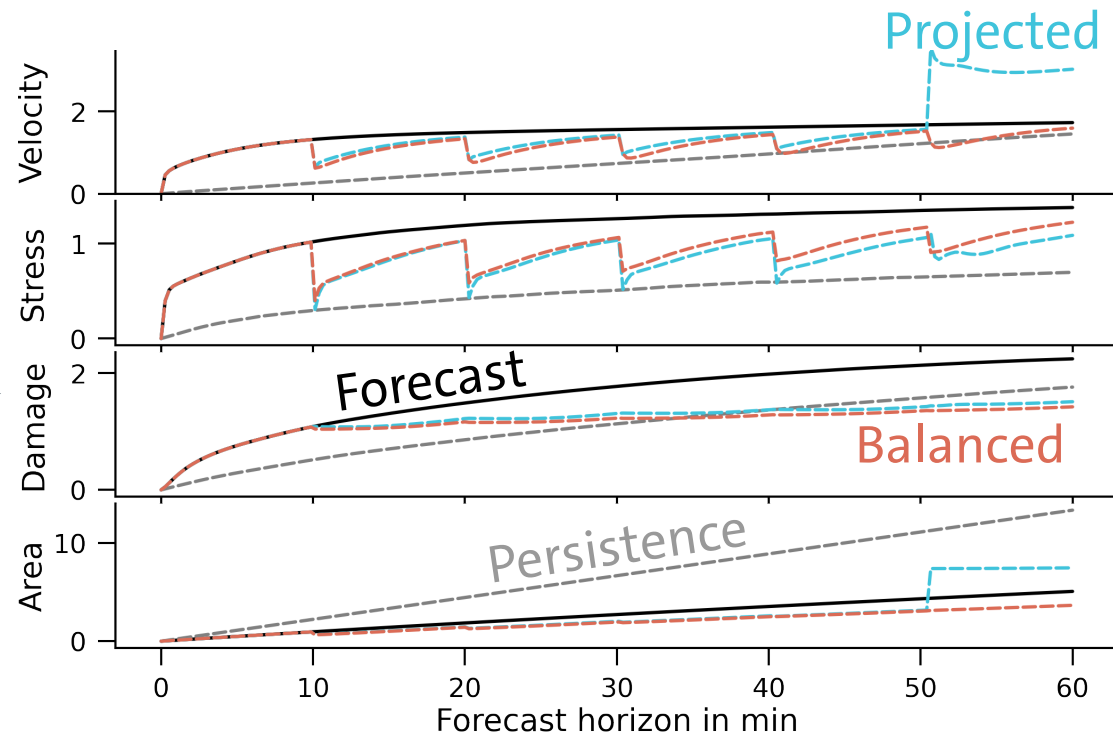
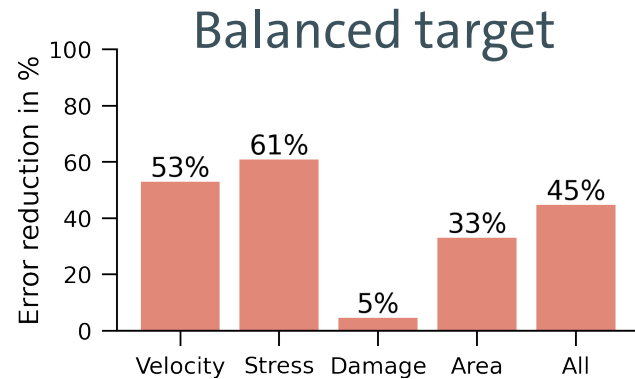
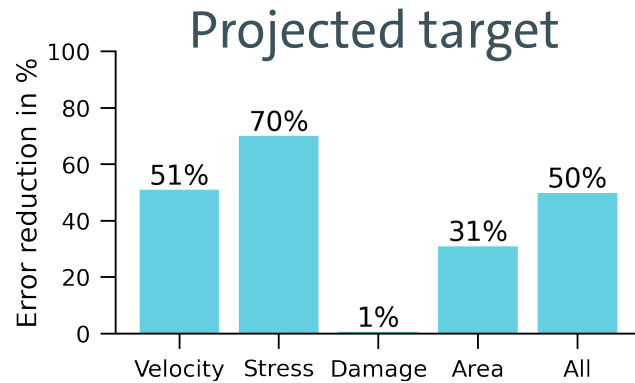
Might be caused by unbalanced training data

Balancing step has only little impact on offline performance

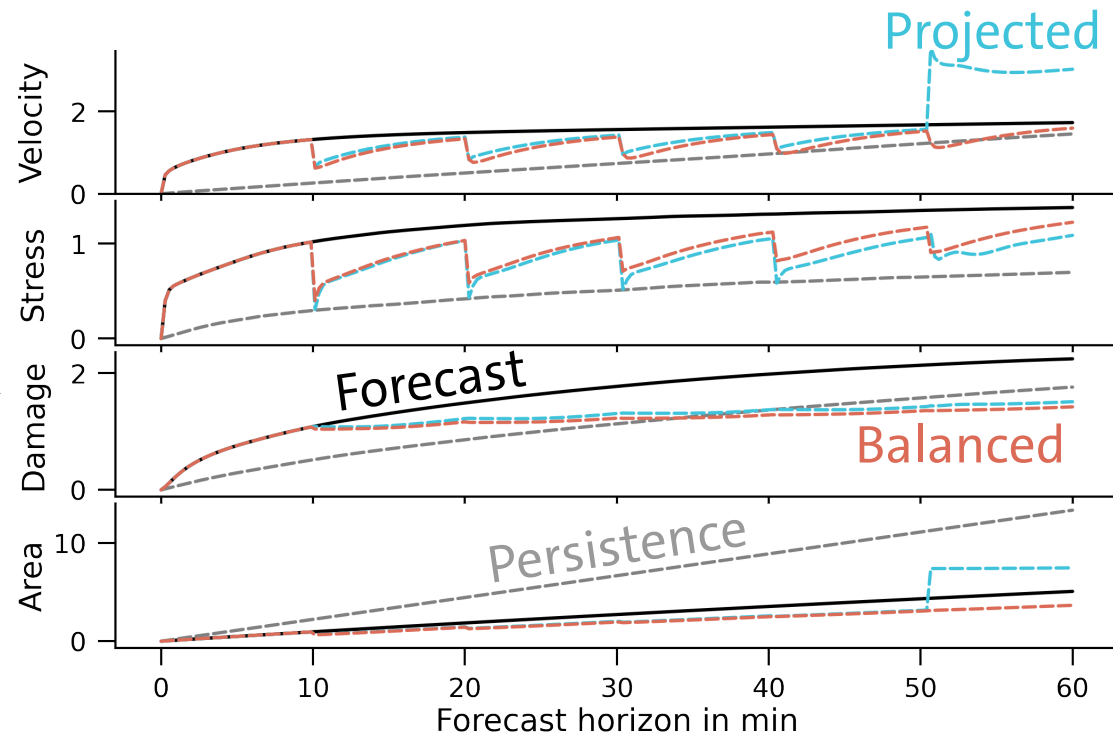
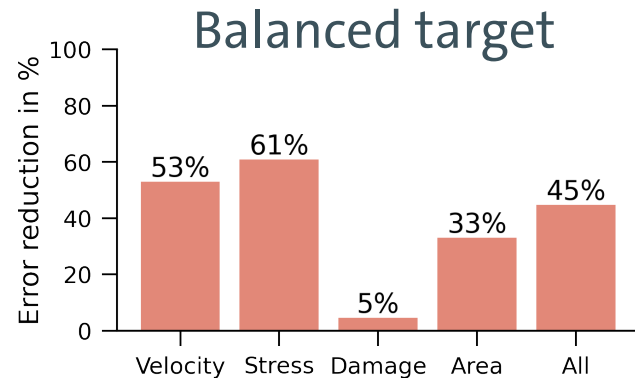
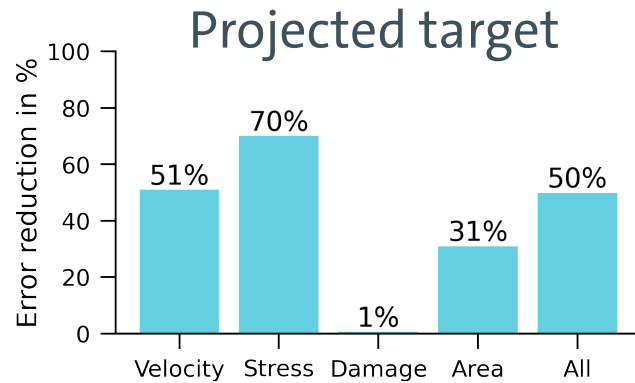


Might be caused by unbalanced training data

Balancing step within training data stabilises hybrid forecast

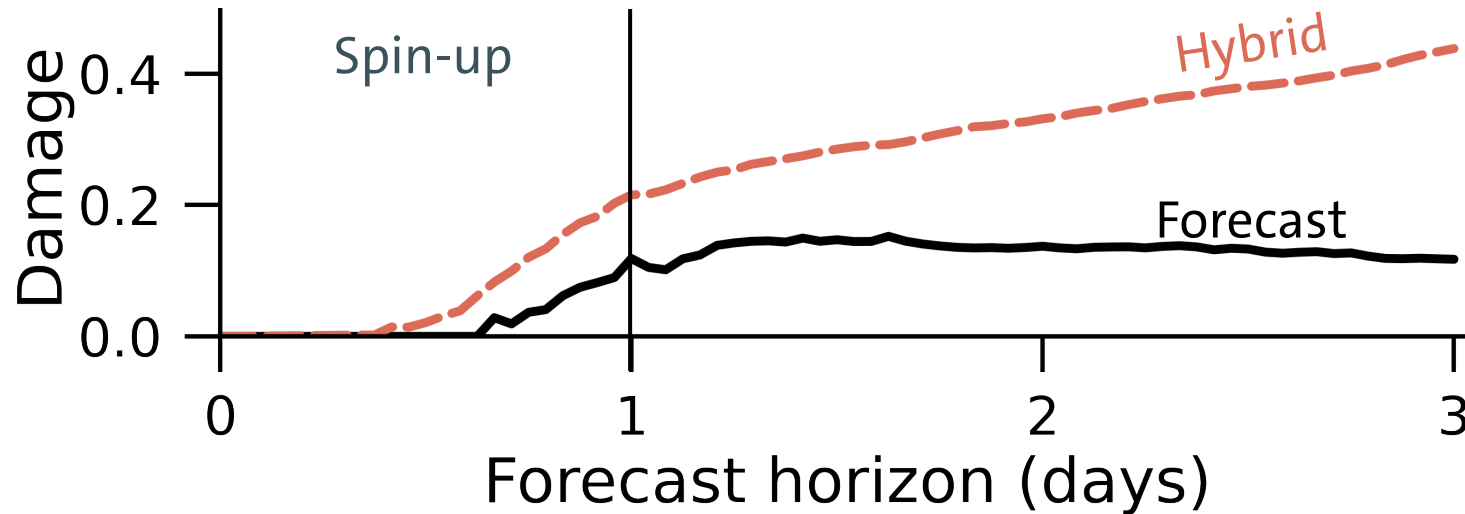


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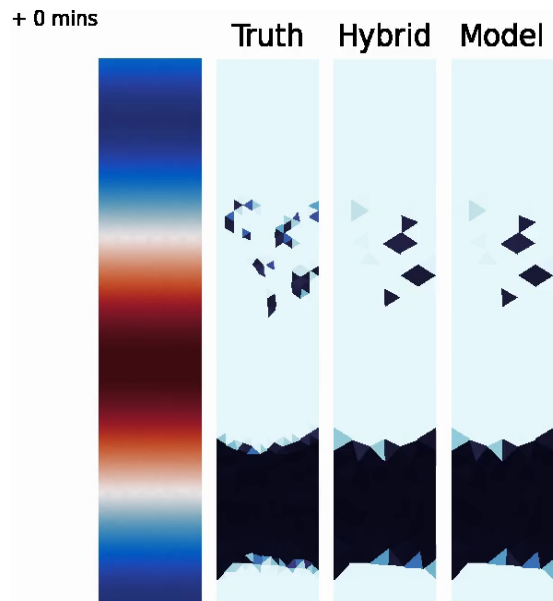


Network is trained after spin-up

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→ **at the moment problems with spin-up**



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→ **at the moment problems with spin-up**



Take home messages

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with neural networks

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Efficient feature mapping in projected Cartesian space with U-Nets
+ learning of all variables with maximum likelihood

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Forecast errors reduction by around 45% in a 1D MEB model setup
+ first promising results in the hybrid modelling setup

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+ learning of all variables with maximum likelihood

Forecast errors reduction by around 45% in a 1D MEB model setup
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Do you have questions?

Feel free to also write me an email: tobias.finn@enpc.fr