# Baffin Bay surface flux perspectives on autumn Greenland blocking

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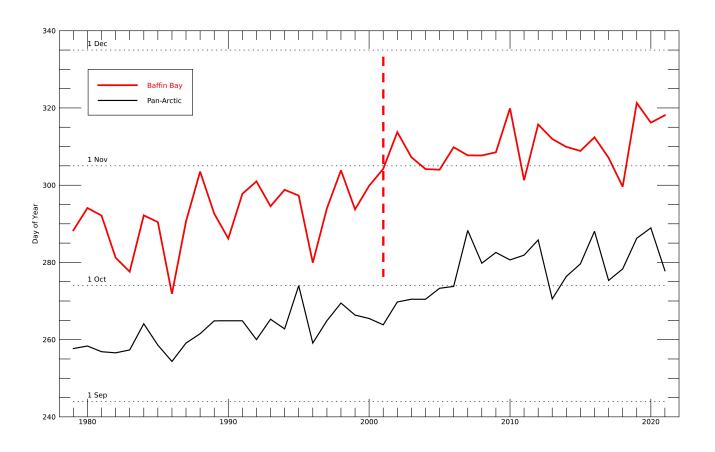


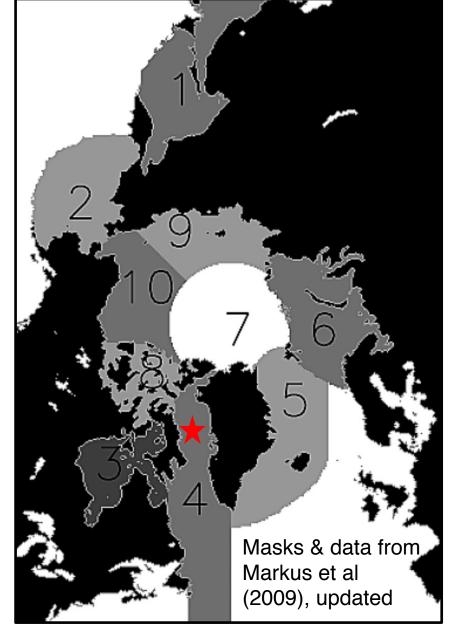
#### **EGU 2022**

Arctic changes – processes and feedbacks in climate, ocean and cryosphere (CL 4.9)

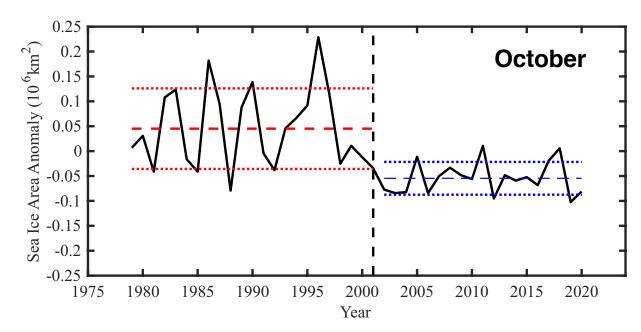


### Recent Baffin ice change: Later formation







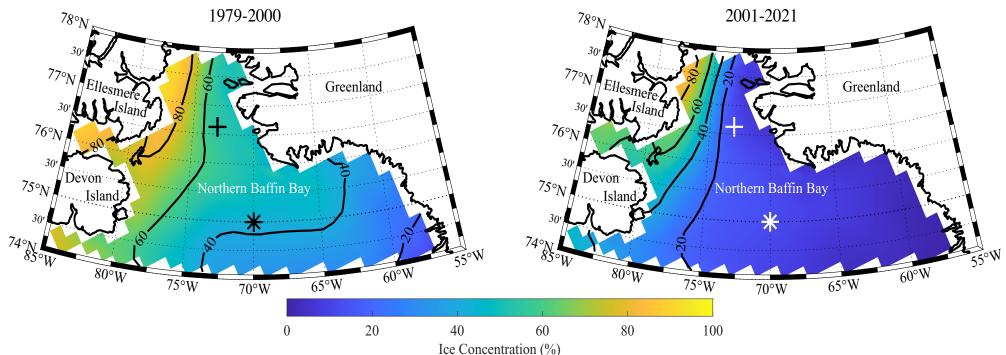


### Recent Baffin ice change: Less coverage

Data from NSIDC/NOAA CDR (Meier et al., 2022)

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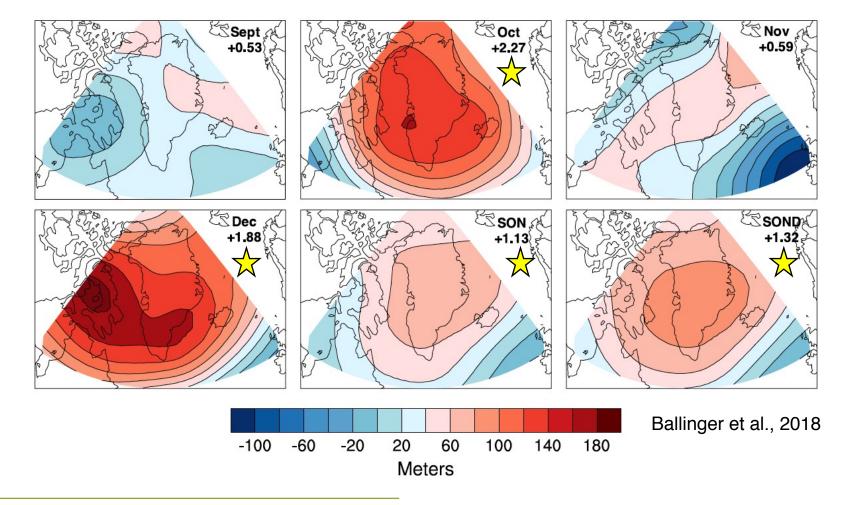
From Ballinger et al., in prep



### A sea ice-heat flux feedback?

Delayed Baffin ice formation since 2001 favors an amplified z500 (i.e. "blocking" ★ ) pattern aloft...or vice versa

How do Baffin autumn surface fluxes interact with overlying circulation regimes?

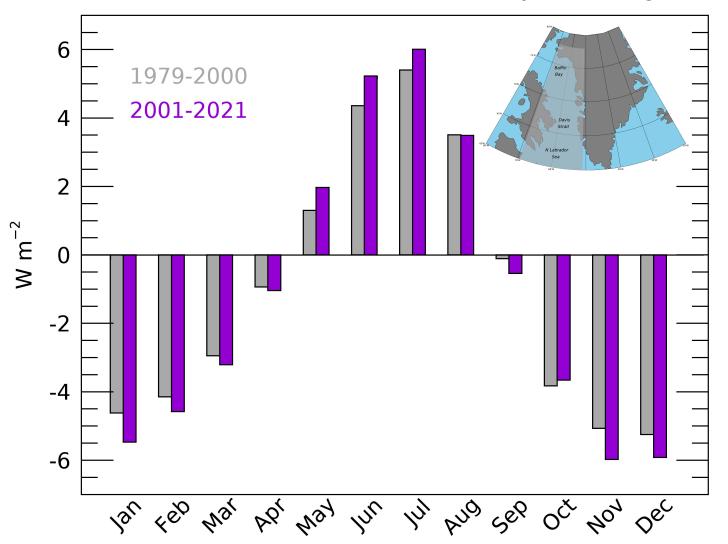


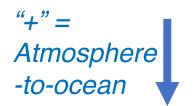


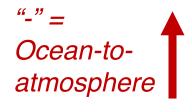
### Results: Net Surface Heat Flux (Qnet)

Mean flux/day within each month; data from ERA5

Note: ERA5 fluxes generally agree with NASA Atmospheric Infrared Sounder (AIRS) retrievals E Baffin-Davis-N Labrador Qnet Monthly Climatologies





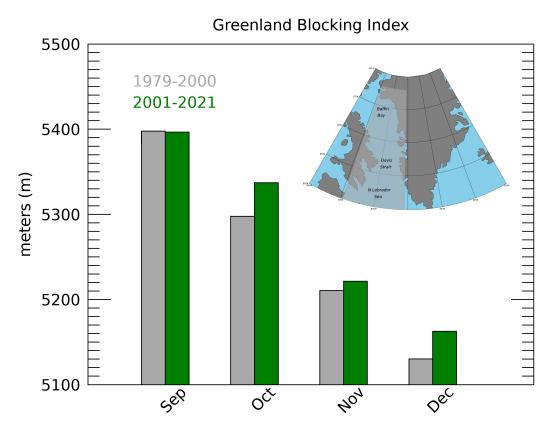




# a) Baffin Net Surface Flux (Qnet) b) Baffin Net Longwave (LW) b) Baffin Latent Heat Flux (LHF) b) Baffin Sensible Heat Flux (SHF)

Note: Fluxes are shown as mean values/day within each month

# Flux terms & the GBI



GBI data from Hanna et al. (2014); each month correlated with Hurrell NAO r≤-0.78

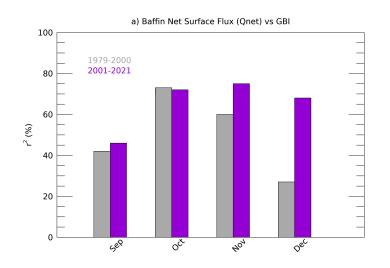


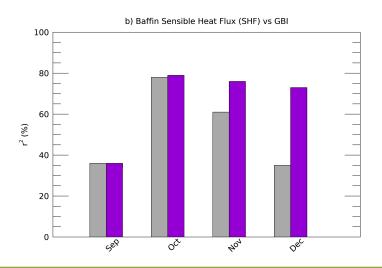
### Flux terms vs GBI

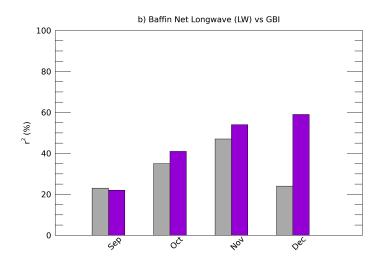
Increased predictability of GBI by EB terms

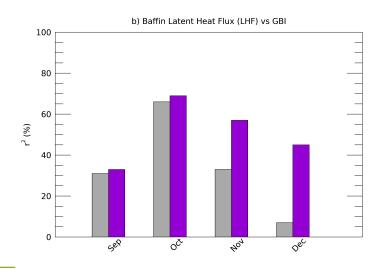
Largest  $\Delta$  (%) in Dec;  $r^2 \ge 35\%$ 

\*All data are detrended

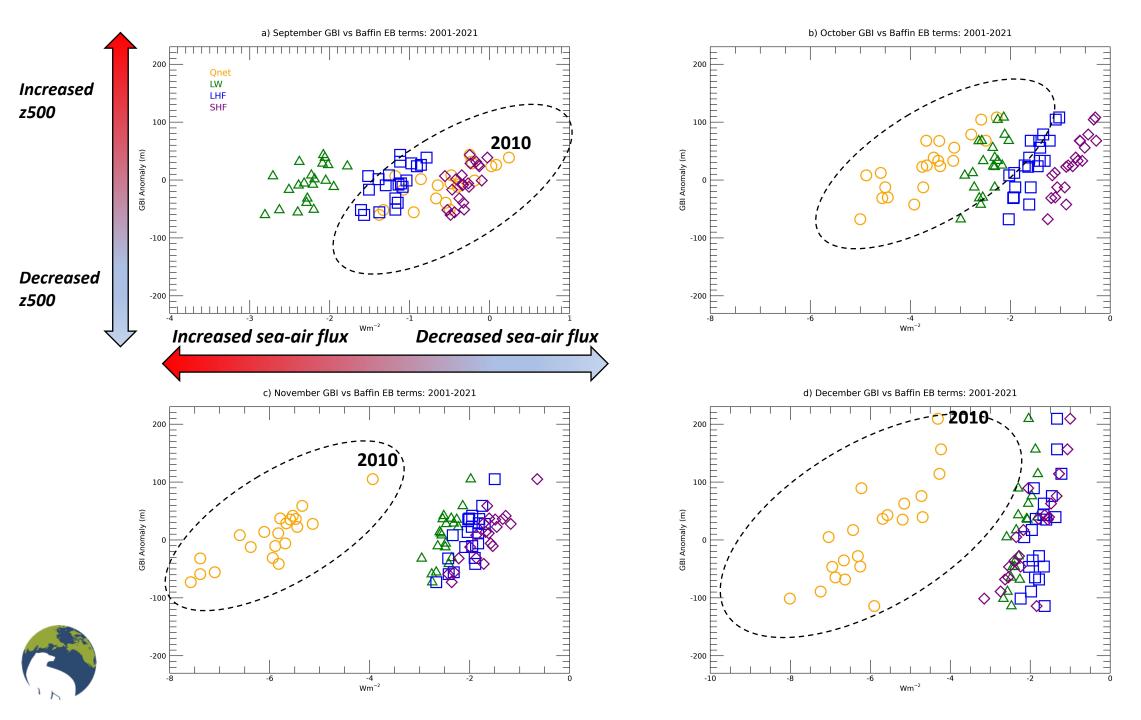








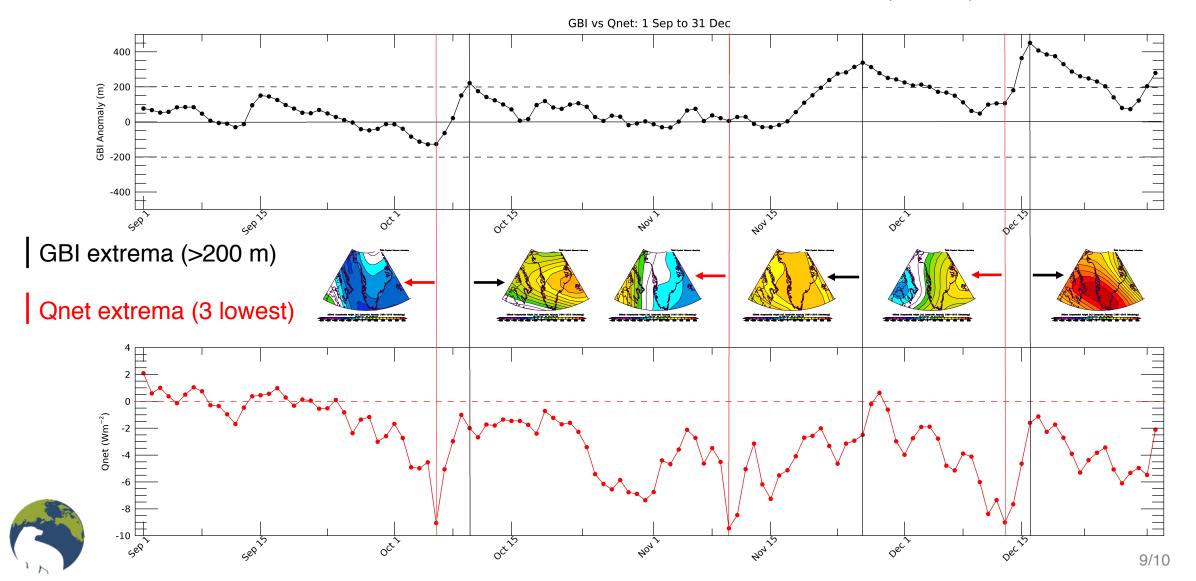




## Extreme GBI Case: Fall 2010

+GBI extremes align with relatively weak upward Qnet

-Qnet extremes align with -GBI (Oct 6) and +GBI (Dec 13) anomalies and neutral values (Nov 10)



### Summary

#### Since 2001:

- ERA5 suggests intensified autumn surface fluxes in Baffin Bay
- Energy balance terms explain more GBI variance through time, namely Qnet & SHF
  - decreased surface-to-atmosphere fluxes under +GBI

#### Future work:

 Similarly examine surface-atmosphere interactions in CAM6 (prescribed boundary conditions) and in CESM (nudging runs)