



Real-time air mercury response from sediment-covered, volcanogenic massive sulphide mineralization on southern Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Canada

Rukhlov, A.S.¹, Mashyanov, N.R.², Pitirimov, P.V.³,
Hickin, A.S.¹, Golovetsky, M.¹, and Coates, B.¹

EGU22

May 23rd, 2022

¹ British Columbia Geological Survey, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada

² Lumex-marketing LLC, St. Petersburg, Russia

³ Lumex Instruments, Mission, British Columbia, Canada





Overview

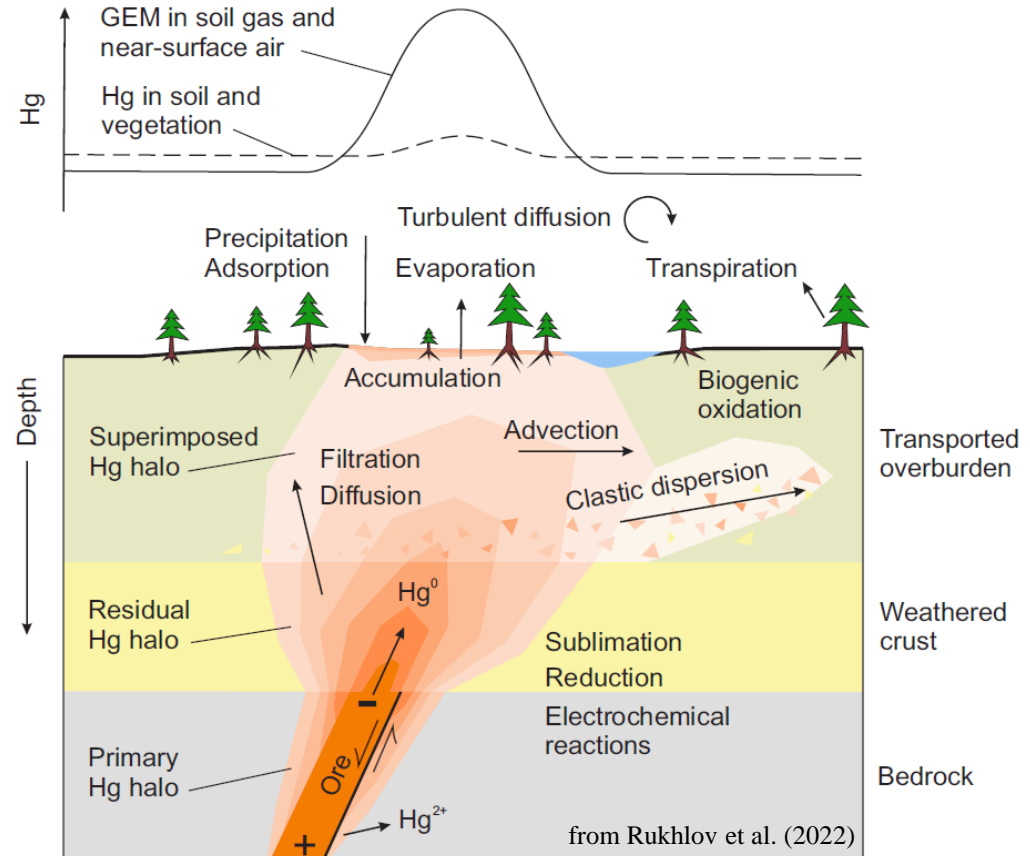


- Problem and basics of Hg dispersal in surficial environment
- Geology of the Lara-Coronation polymetallic VMS occurrence on southern Vancouver Island
- Methodology
- Highlights of this study

Mercury dispersal

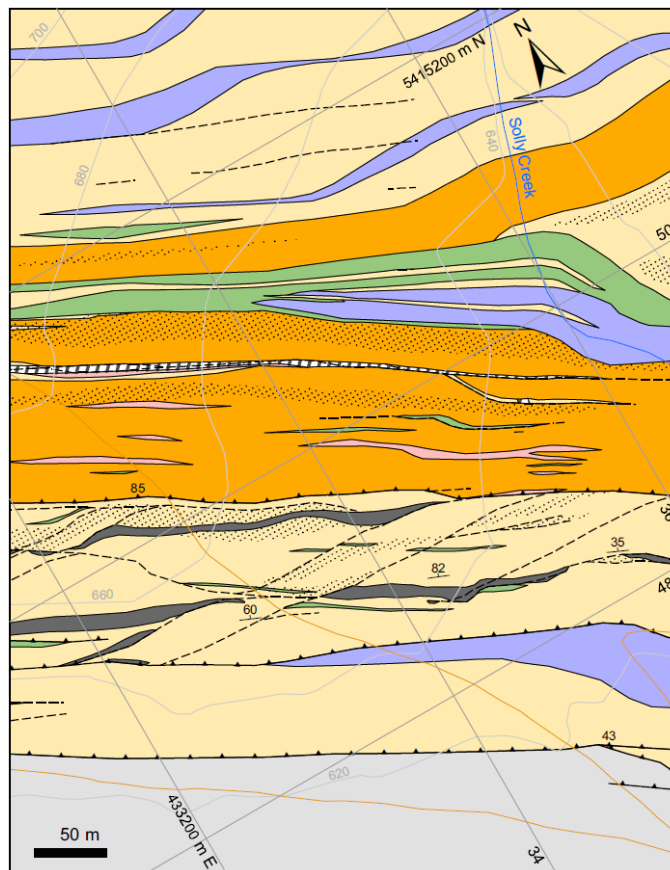
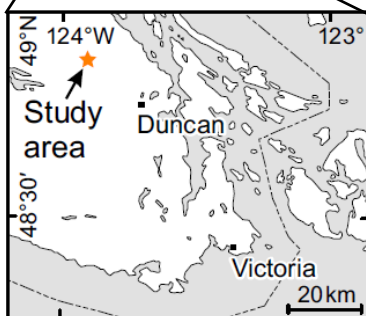
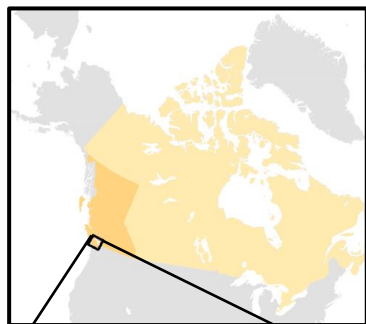
Mercury is particularly informative for mineral exploration, because it:

- is highly mobile
- is common in many ore deposits
- forms haloes directly above mineralization
- is a trace metal, with the ultra-low background concentrations in the Earth's crust (30 to 80 ppb) and atmosphere ($<1.5 \text{ ng} \cdot \text{m}^{-3}$).



Polymetallic VMS deposit

Location: Vancouver
Island, B.C., Canada



LATE CRETACEOUS

Nanaimo Group

□ Conglomerate, sandstone

MIDDLE TO LATE TRIASSIC

Mount Hall gabbro

■ Gabbro, diorite

MIDDLE TO LATE DEVONIAN

Sicker Group

McLaughlin Ridge Formation

■ Altered mafic rock

■ Intermediate volcanic rock

■ Felsic volcanic rock, minor black argillite, mudstone

Saltspring intrusive suite

■ Felsic dike

■ Polymetallic VMS mineralization

▨ Silicified shear-hosted pyrite and chalcopyrite

▤ Pyrite ± arsenopyrite-bearing rock

-- Shear zone

— Thrust fault

— Forest road

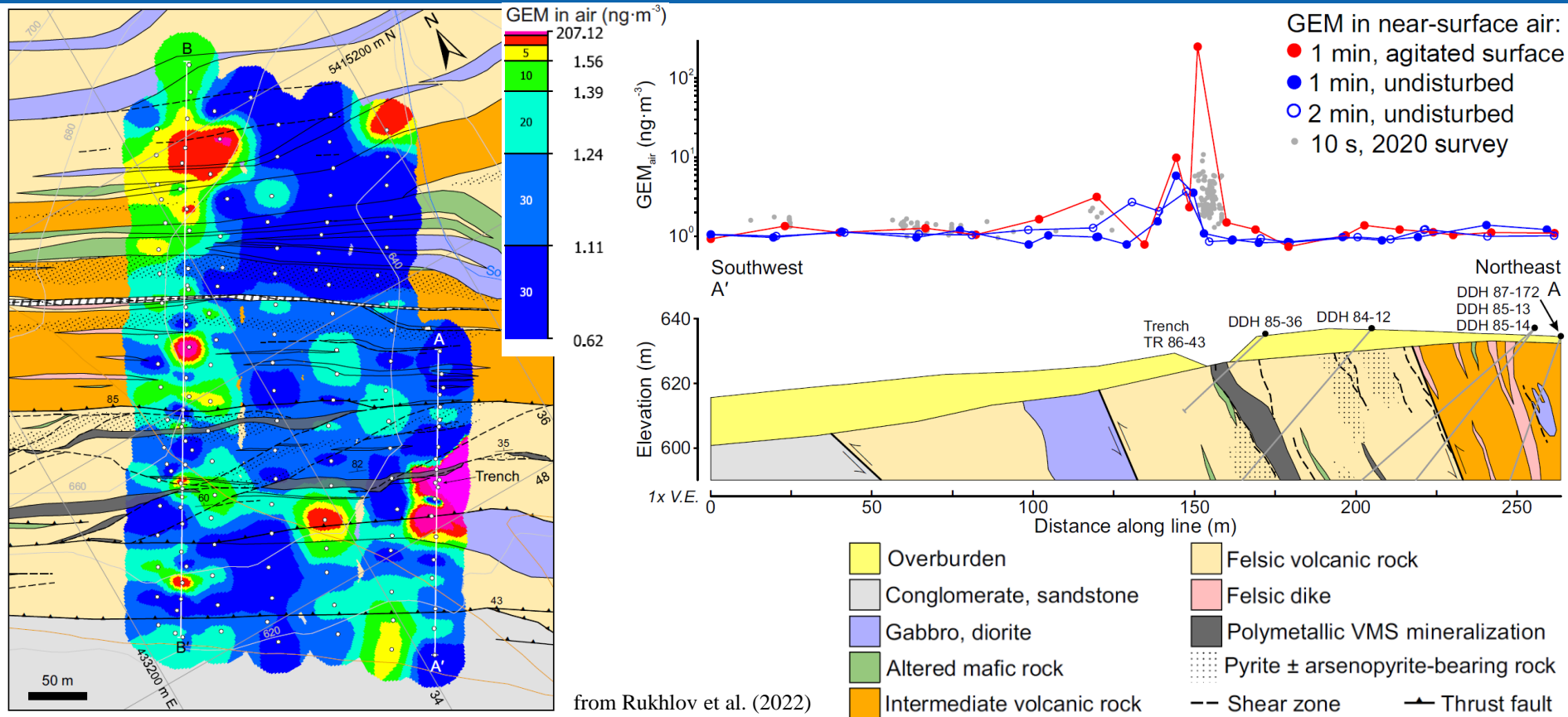
Methodology



- Real-time analysis of Hg in air 1 cm above ground
- Average of 60 to 120 readings (1 second each) per station
- Mechanically disturbed surface immediately before sampling



Air Hg haloes above mineralization





Conclusion



- Real-time Hg vapour sampling of near-surface air can instantly delineate mineralization buried beneath overburden.
- Mechanically induced release of Hg⁰ adsorbed in overburden enhances anomaly contrast.
- Grid survey reveals a pattern of air Hg haloes above the mineralized zones that reflect the bedrock structure.
- Real-time air Hg sampling is a simple and effective technique for mineral exploration in overburden-covered areas.

Download full paper, free of charge, from the British Columbia Geological Survey website:

<https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/industry/mineral-exploration-mining/british-columbia-geological-survey/publications>

