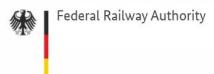
German Centre for Rail Traffic Research at the





# Risk of embankment fires for rail traffic systems in Germany

Bott Frederick, Veit Blauhut, Sonja Szymczak, Hermann Carina, Benjamin Stöckigt



### **DZSF** - The German Centre for Rail Traffic Research

German Centre for Rail Traffic Research at the



Federal Railway Authority

- Independent, technical-scientific departmental research facility of the German Federal Government.
- Established in May **2019** as successor of the research activities of EBA (since 2015/2016)

#### The main tasks of DZSF

- Launch and accelerate necessary innovation processes in the field of rail transport and rail traffic
- Governmental railway research in a problemoriented, practical and interdisciplinary way
- Deliver scientific advice & support for the German Federal Ministry of Transport
- Retain and develop know how and expertise within the railway sector

bridge the gap between university and industry research and the practical implementation of innovations, new technologies





German Centre for Rail Traffic Research at the



Risk of embankment fires for rail traffic systems in Germany

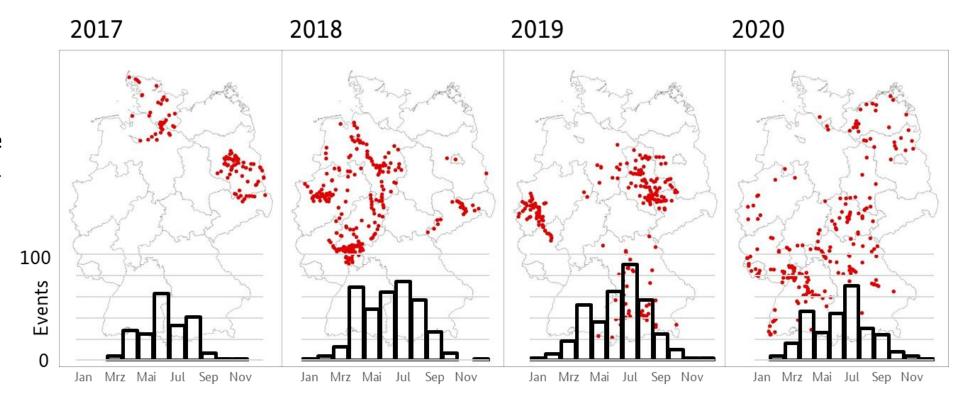
First attempt to model embankment fire risk on local scale



Luftbild Umwelt Planung GmbH, Potsdam

#### Data (DB Netz AG)

- 1.207 reports on operation disturbance due to embankment fire
- 2017 bis 2020, temporal resol.: minutes (start/end)
- Spatial resol.: rail sections
- Brief description





# Input data for risk model Impact data & drivers

**Impact** 

• 1207 reported disturbances with localisation to track sections

→60 reported disturbances with localisation to XY (manually attributed)



## Input data for risk model Impact data & drivers

#### **Impact**

 1207 reported disturbances with localisation to track sections

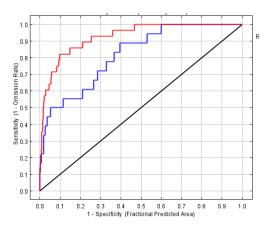
→60 reported disturbances with localisation to XY (manually attributed)

#### Driver

Category	Variable
Infrastructure	Distance to curves and service
	Distance to settlements
Meteorology	Difference of wind direction angle to rail orientation
	Soil Moisture Index SMI, upper soil, summer average
	Surface temperature by Landsat8 / Sentinel 2
	Average wind
Topography	Angle between aspect of slope and rail orientation
	Aspect (slope)
	Elevation
	Slope (DEM-5m)
Vegetation	FuelMap classification

Federal Railway Authority

- 1. Correlation of variables
- 2. Selection by spatial resolution, number of correlations, representation of category
- 3. Maximum Entropy Model (Jaynes 1957)
- 4. AUCROC



- Training data (AUC = 0.927) Test data (AUC = 0.819)
- Random Prediction (AUC = 0.5) ■

Percent contrib.	Variable	Category
29,2	Slope (DEM-5m)	Topography
17,8	Soil Moisture Index SMI, upper soil, summer average	Meteorology
15,9	Aspect (slope)	Topography
11,6	Distance to settlements	Infrastructure
8,6	Elevation	Topography
7,1	Surface temperature by Landsat8 / Sentinel 2	Meteorology
4	Distance to curves and service	Infrastructure
2,8	FuelMap classification	Vegetation
1,4	Angle between aspect of slope and rail orientation	Topography
0,8	Difference of wind direction angle to rail orientation	Meteorology
0,6	Average wind	Meteorology



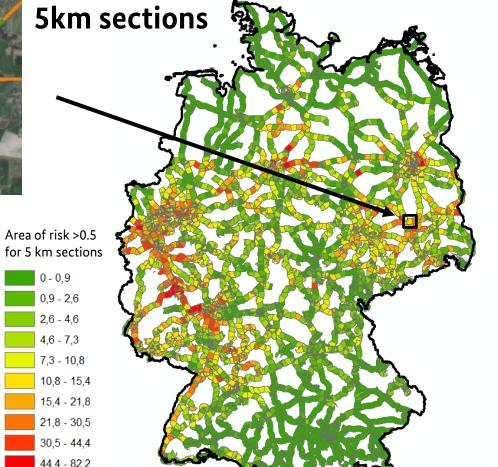
Federal Railway Authority

### **Results:** Multi- scale risk analysis









Risk (likelihood) of embankment fire



#### Identification of embankment risk

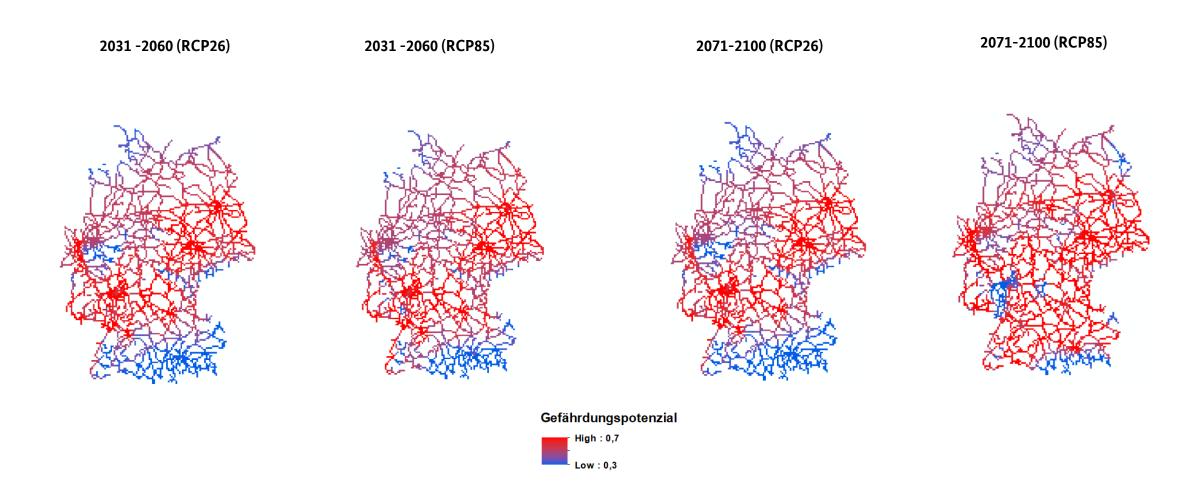
- Identification of drivers of embankment fires
- Risk mapping at multi scales (5m<sup>2</sup>- 5km sections)
- Evaluation of future embankment fire risk

23/05/2022

### Results: Future risk







23/05/2022

#### Deutsches Zentrum für Schienenverkehrsforschung beim



### Contact Veit Blauhut, BlauhutV@dzsf.bund.de Frederick Bott, BottV@dzsf.bund.de

+49 (0)351 47931 - 0 forschung@dzsf.bund.de www.dzsf.bund.de