

Storage, pools, and chemical composition of soil organic matter surplus due to tillage intensity drop

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soil organic matter surplus due to tillage intensity drop



SOC gain replacing the released C





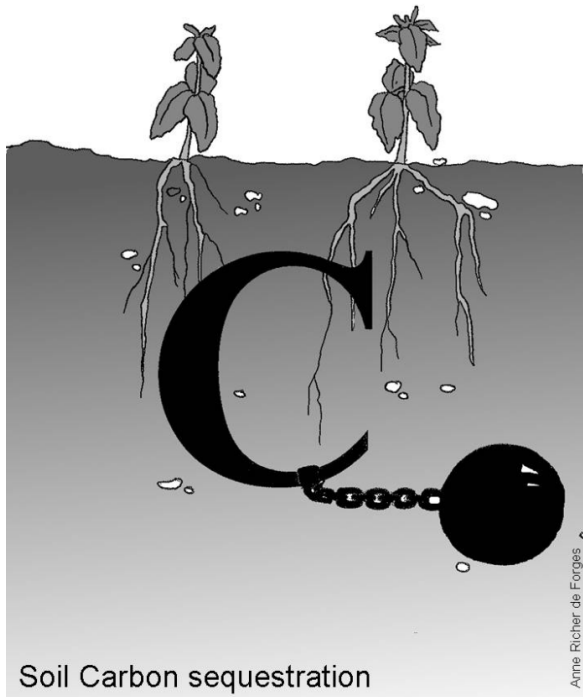
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soil organic matter surplus due to tillage intensity drop



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OC pools in the soil



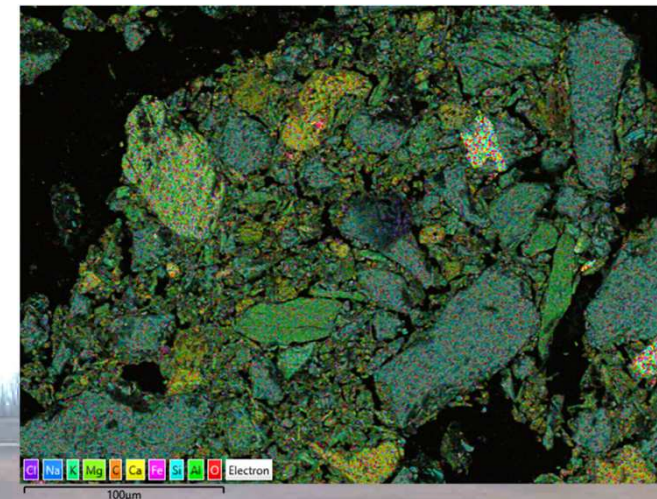
Mobility

Mineral phase associated SOC

Aggregate associated SOC

Particulate organic carbon

Residence time



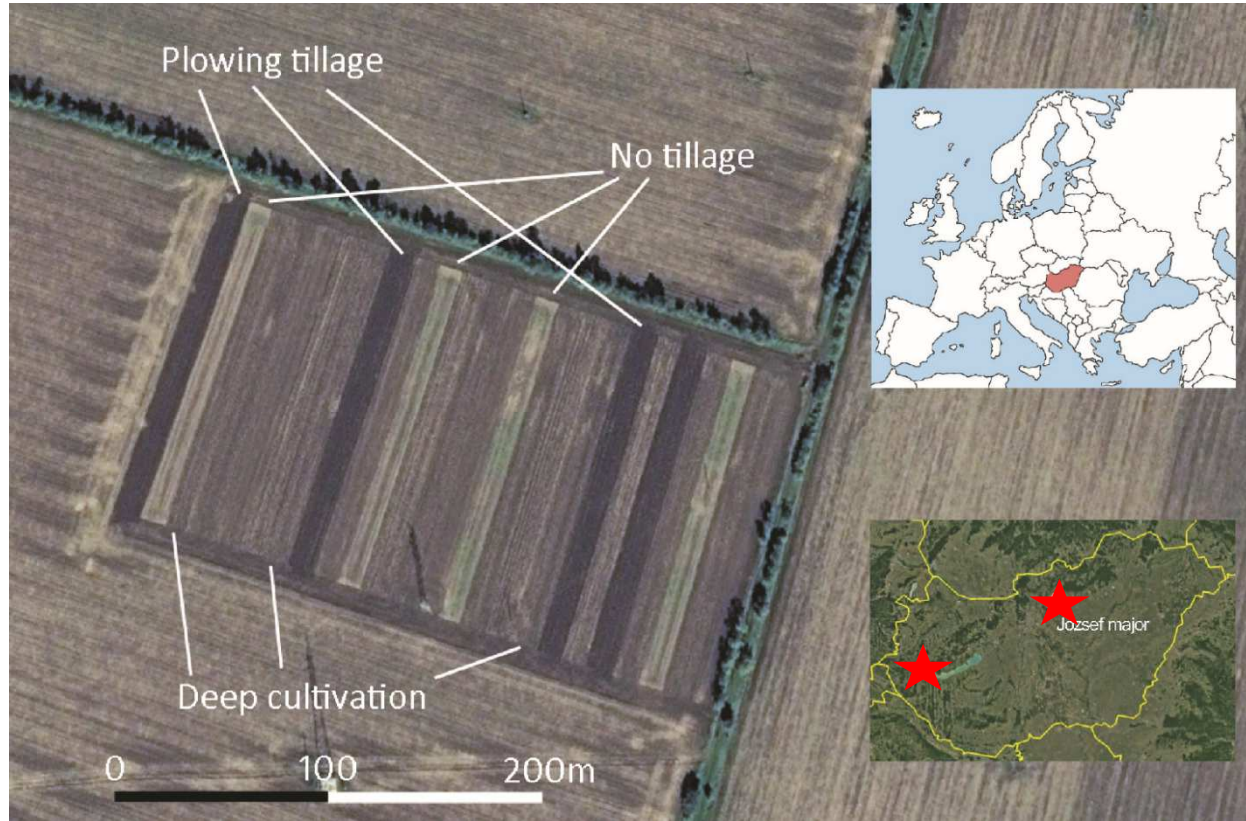


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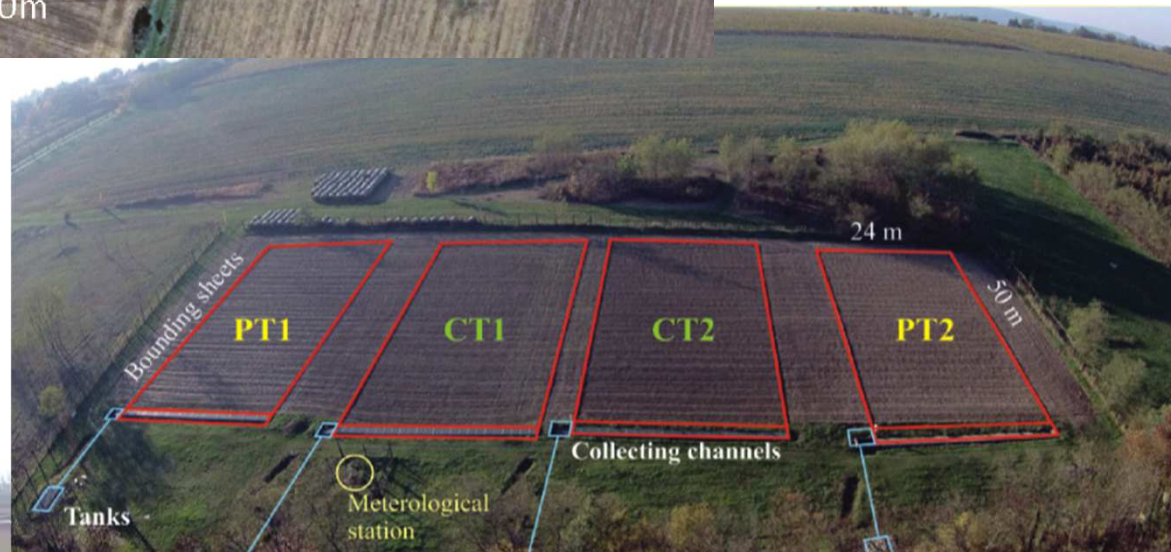


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Chernozem
Carbonates
2003-

Luvisol
Acidic
2003-





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soil organic matter surplus due to tillage intensity drop

Methods



- Sampling 0-10 cm; 30-40 cm
- Fractionation to identify SOC pools
- CHNS Elemental analyzer
- FTIR spectroscopy (SOM composition)



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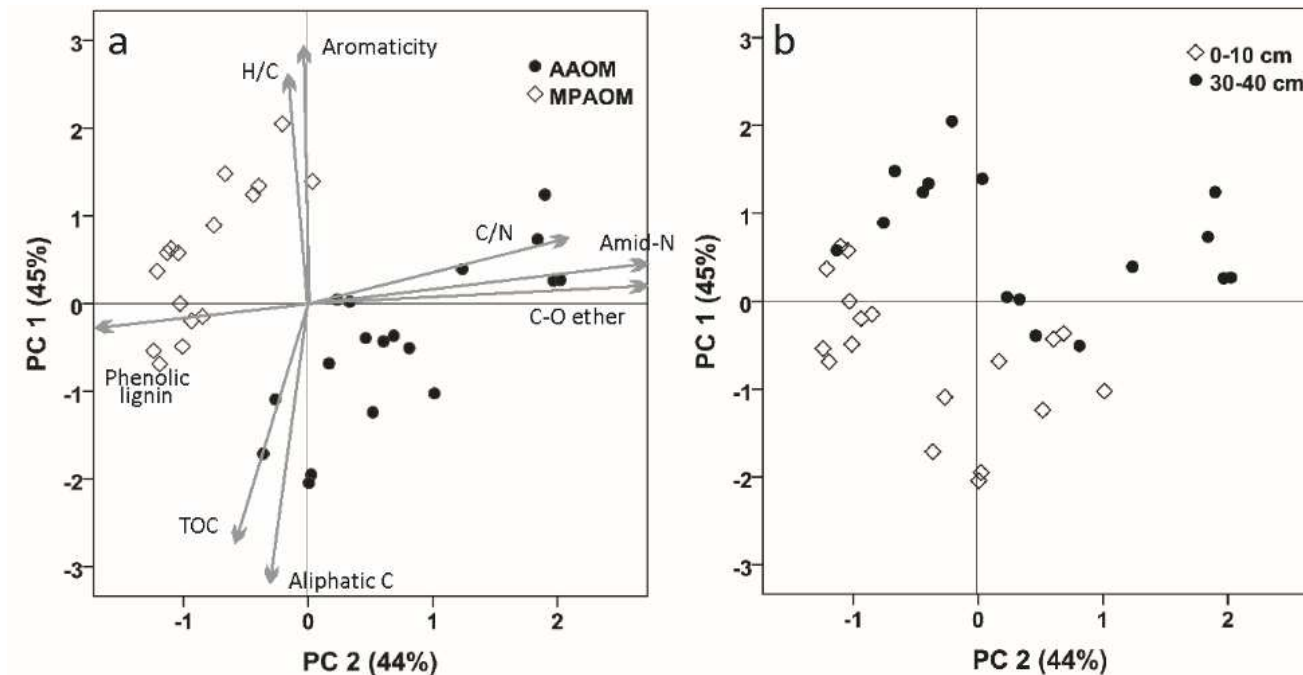
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soil organic matter surplus due to tillage intensity drop



Results

SOM increased in the topsoil but not in the subsoil (19 years) BOTH SITES
Both stable and labile pools increased BOTH SITES



Aromatic surplus was stabilized by the fine fraction CALCARIC

No difference among the tillage systems



Results (acidic)

Aromatic component of the surplus was stabilized by the **aggregates**

	Luvisol	Chernozem
●Clay content	25	vs. 43%
●SOC content	1.4	vs. 2.3 mg/100g
●WSA	51	vs. 70%
●Mineral composition		
●Microbiom		

Jakab, G.; Madarász, B.; Masoudi, M.; Karlik, M.; Zacháry, D.; Filep, T.; Dekemati, I.; Centeri, Cs.; Al-Garaiti, T.; Szalai, Z.; Soil organic matter gain by reduced tillage intensity: Storage, pools, and chemical composition. *Soil.Till.Res.* under review.

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Thank you

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Supported by National Research, Development, and Innovation
Office (NKFIH), grant number: K-123953 and supported by the
Eötvös Loránd Research Network SA41/2021

