Spatial scale evaluation of forecast flood inundation maps with SAR data

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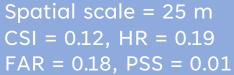


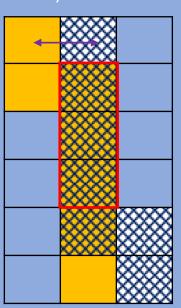


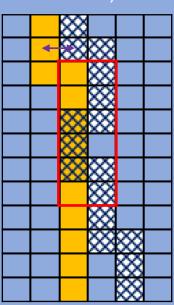
The trouble with conventional binary performance measures

Which forecast is more accurate?

Spatial scale = 50 m CSI = 0.40, HR = 0.57 FAR = 0.27, PSS = 0.30







Forecast flood edge location
Observed flood edge location

- Spatial scale dependent
- Flood magnitude biased
- o Domain averaged
- Mask flood edge accuracy

The solution: scale-selective Fraction Skill Score (FSS)

$$n = 3$$

1	1	1	Forecast fraction flooded
			$M_{1ij} = O$
1	1	1	$M_{3ij} = 6/9$

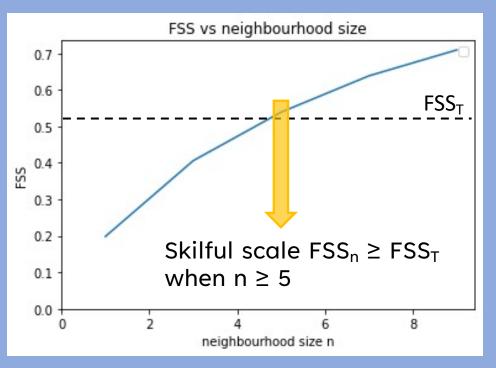


Observed fraction flooded

111
$$O_{1ij} = 1$$
001 $O_{3ij} = 5/9$

$$FSS_1 = 0$$
, $FSS_3 = 0.92$

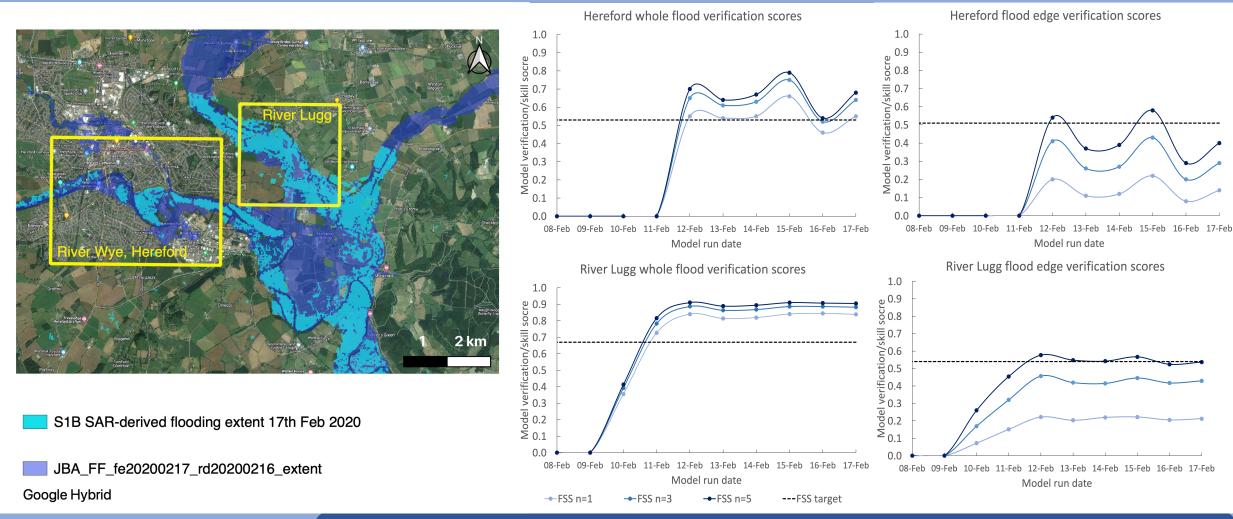
Example flood edge verification



$$FSS_{TARGET} = 0.5 + \frac{observed\ fraction\ flooded}{2}$$

Roberts and Lean, 2008

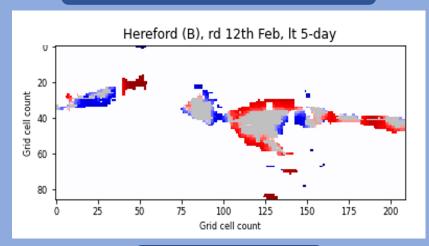
Results: UK flooding following Storm Dennis, February 2020



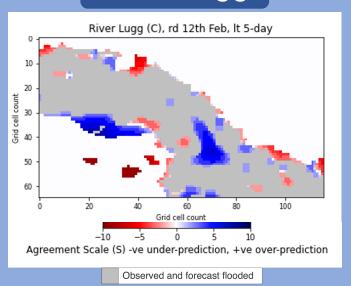
River Lugg flood edge skilful scale at $FSS_n \ge FSS_T$ at n = 5Displacement distance $D_T = 2n_T = 2.5$ grid cells (62.5 m)

Results: Categorical Scale Maps

River Wye, Hereford



River Lugg



- A location specific skilful scale can be calculated at each grid cell.
- Combining this with a contingency map creates a new categorical scale map.

Dey et al., 2014

Summary and benefits of scale selective evaluation

- With emphasis on scale, rather than score, we can compare across different flooding scenarios, spatial scales and forecast systems.
- The skilful scale determined for the flood edge location provides a physically meaningful measure of forecast accuracy.



o Categorical scale maps allow location specific model improvements. EGU Abstract

References

- o Dey, S.R., Leoncini, G., Roberts, N.M., Plant, R.S., Migliorini, S., 2014. A spatial view of ensemble spread in convection permitting ensembles. Monthly Weather Review, doi:10.1175/MWR-D-14-00172.1.
- Hooker, H., Dance, S. L., Mason, D. C., Bevington, J., and Shelton, K.: Spatial scale evaluation of forecast flood inundation maps, doi.org/10.31223/X5DG9C, 2022.
- o Roberts, N. M. and Lean, H. W.: Scale-selective verification of rainfall accumulations from high-resolution forecasts of convective events. Monthly Weather Review, doi.org/10.1175/2007MWR2123.1, 2008.

