

Glacier-permafrost interactions and GLOF's. Insights from 7 decades of kinematics and elevation changes in the Southern French Alps

Diego Cusicanqui^{1,2,*},

Xavier Bodin², Antoine Rabatel¹, Pierre-Allain Duvillard^{2,4}, André Revil², Phillipe Schoeneich³, Johan Berthet⁴.

- 1 Univ. Grenoble Alpes, CNRS, IRD, Institut de Géosciences de l'Environnement (IGE, UMR 5001), F-38000 Grenoble, France.
- 2 Laboratoire EDYTEM, Université Savoie Mont-Blanc, CNRS, Le Bourget du Lac, France.
- 3 Université Grenoble Alpes, IUGA, PACTE, 38000 Grenoble, France.
- 4 Styx 4D, 73370 Le Bourget du Lac, France.
- * Corresponding author: diego.cusicangui@univ-grenoble-alpes.fr



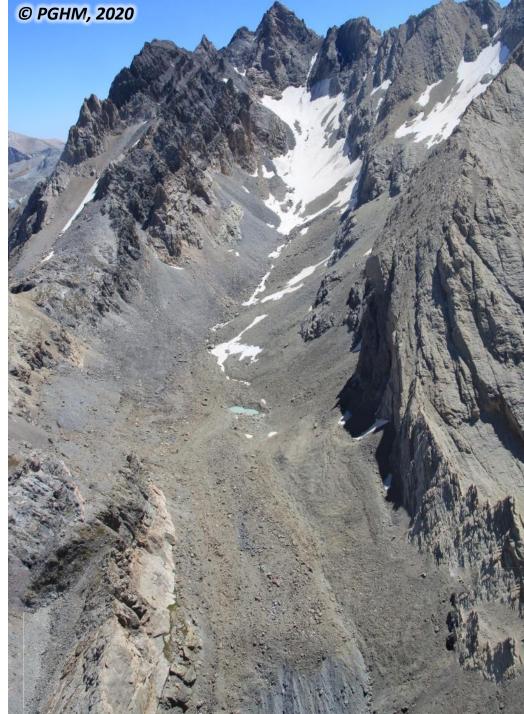




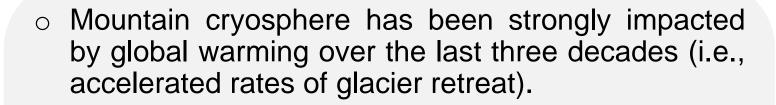








I. Intro – Context

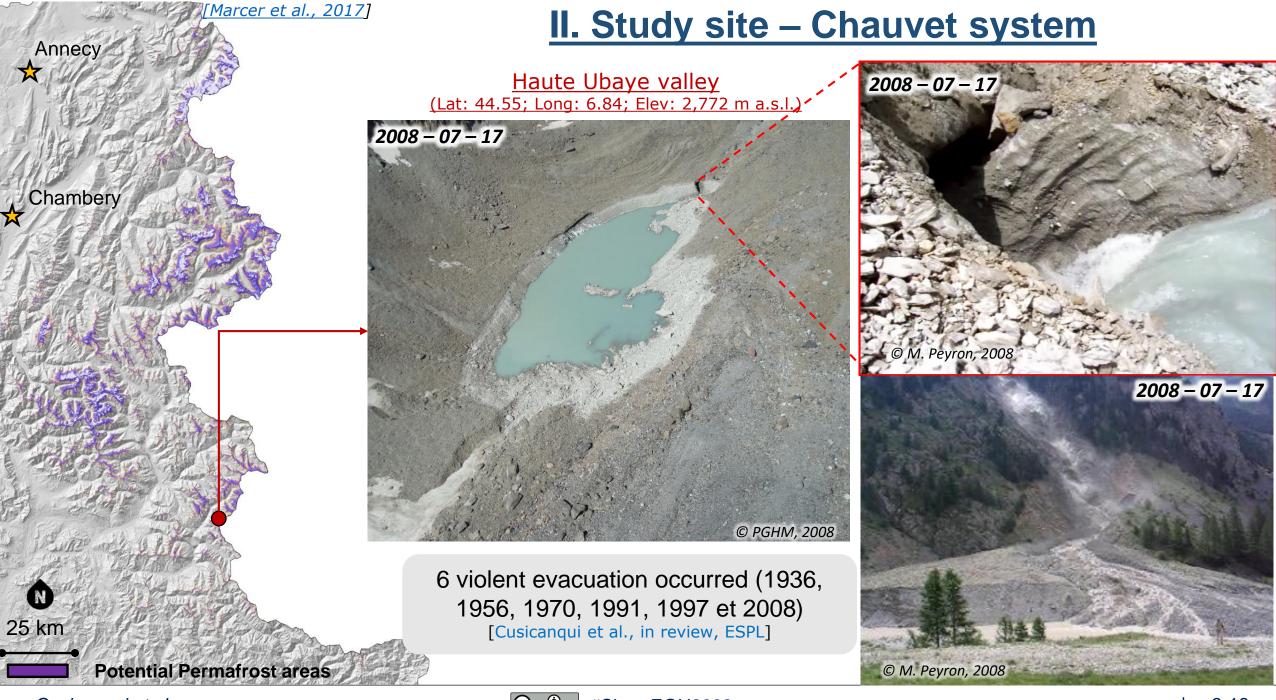


- This leads to mountain slopes instabilities amplifying existing hazards or even generating new ones.
- However, it depends on their physical characteristics and topographic configuration.

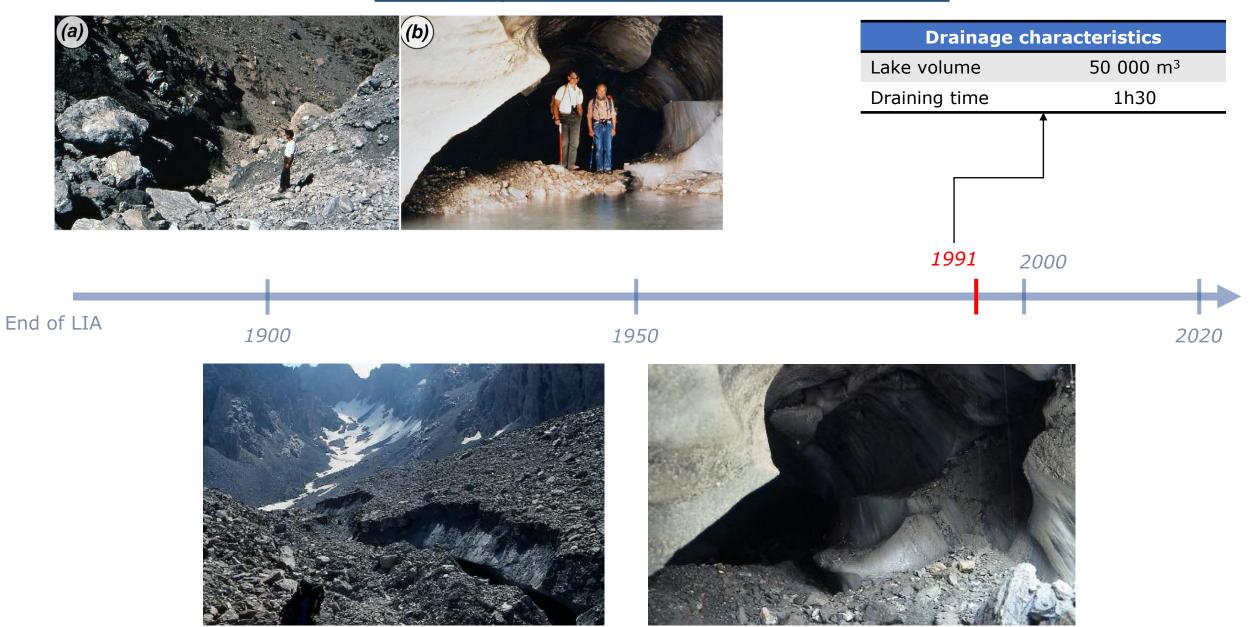




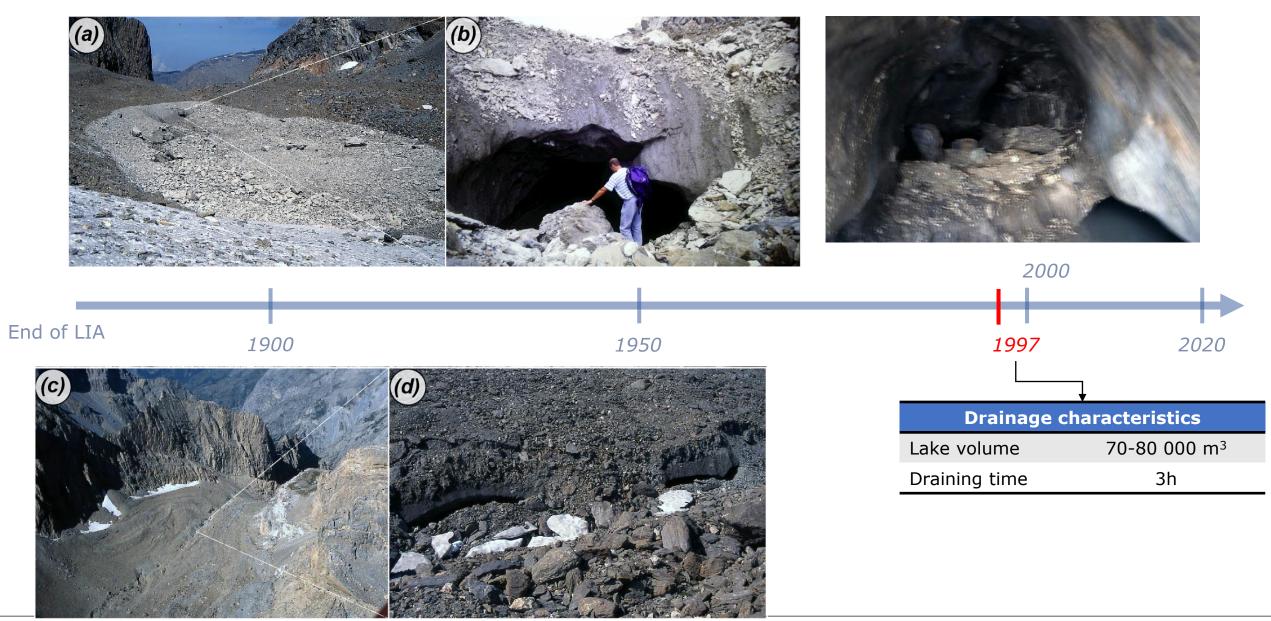
Gruben glacier and rock glacier, Switzerland, 1958 and 1994. [Kääb et.al., 1997, Haeberli et. al., 2001]



II. Study site – Historical context



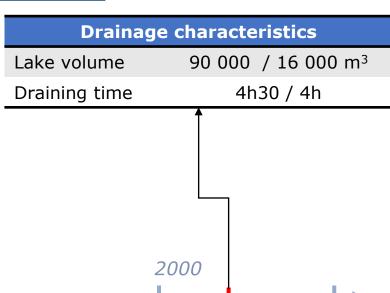
II. Study sites – Historical context



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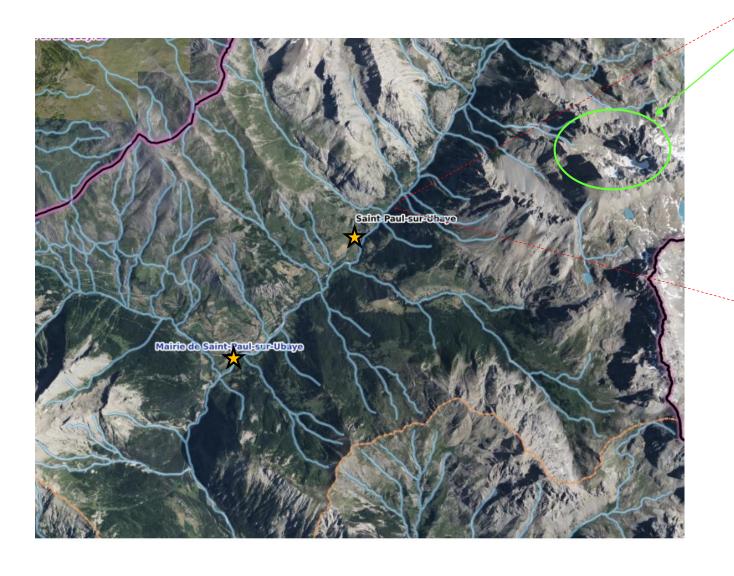
2008 – May – 30

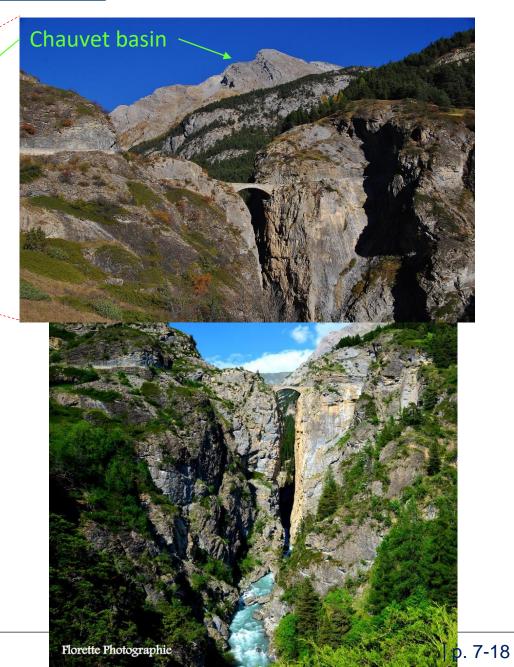


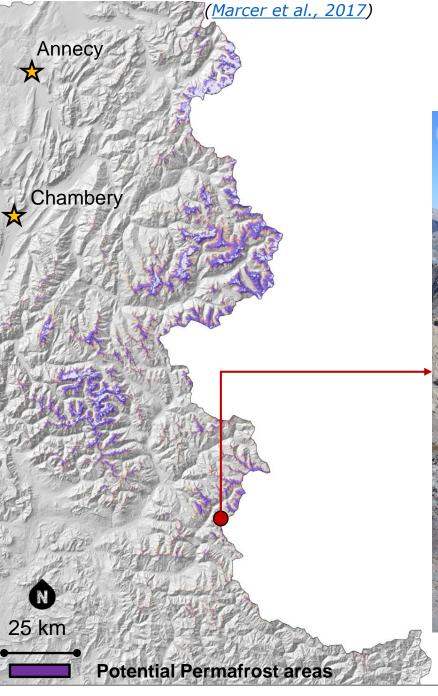




II. Study sites – Relevance







II. Study site - Plan chauvet system

Haute Ubaye valley

(Lat: 44.55; Long: 6.84; Elev: 2,772 m a.s.l.)



Goal:

Explain which are the outburst floods origins?

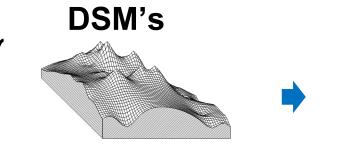
6 violent evacuation occurred (1936, 1956, 1970, 1991, 1997 et 2008)

[Cusicanqui et al., in review, ESPL]

III. Processing - Data and methods

Photogrammetry 1950 - 2020





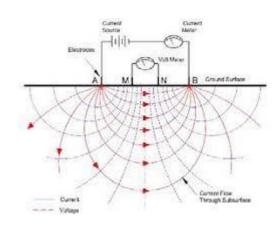
Surface elevation changes

Orthoimages



Feature tracking image correlation

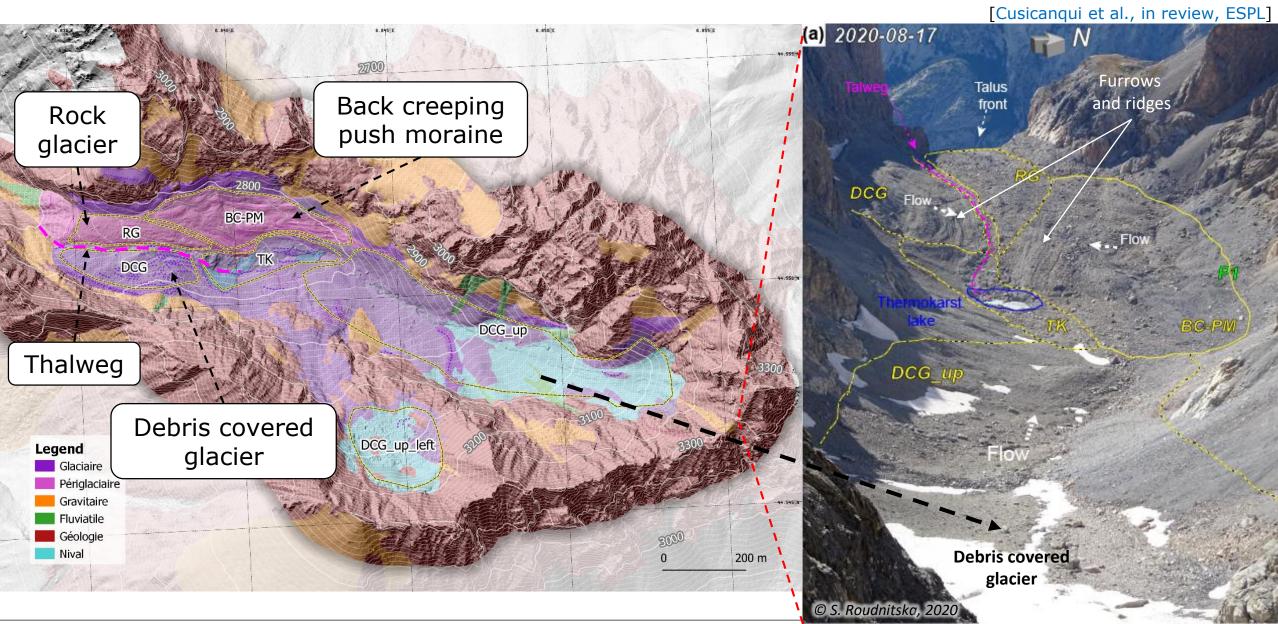
Geophysics (ERT)



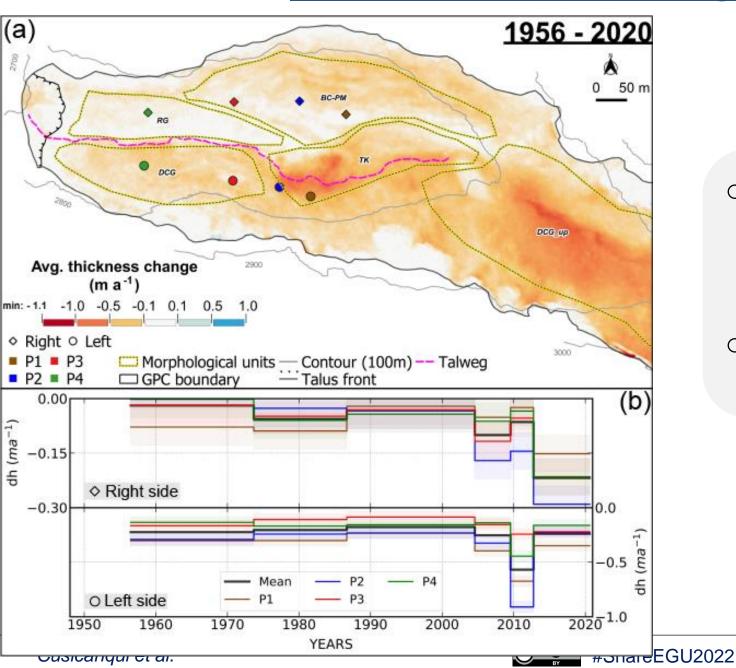
Geomorphology



IV. Results - Geomorphology



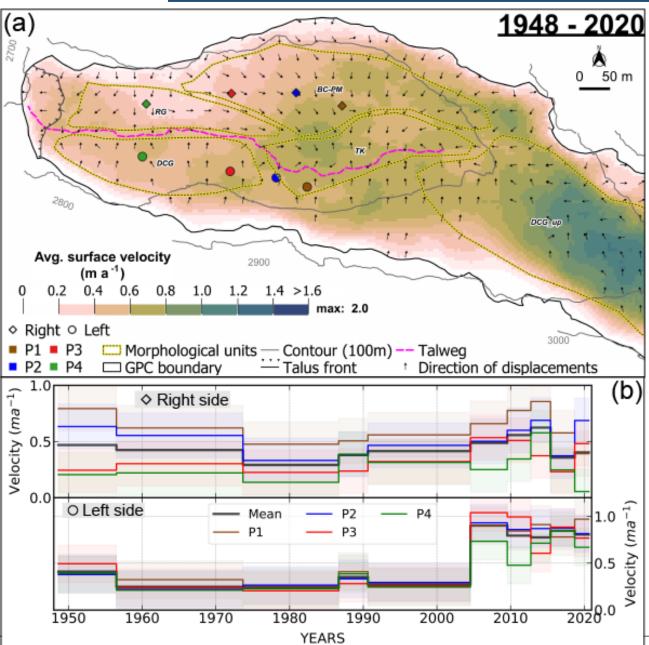
IV. Results – Thinning rates



- Limited thickness change rates depending on the location over the landform.
- Most important thickness changes on debris cover glacier.

| p. 11-18

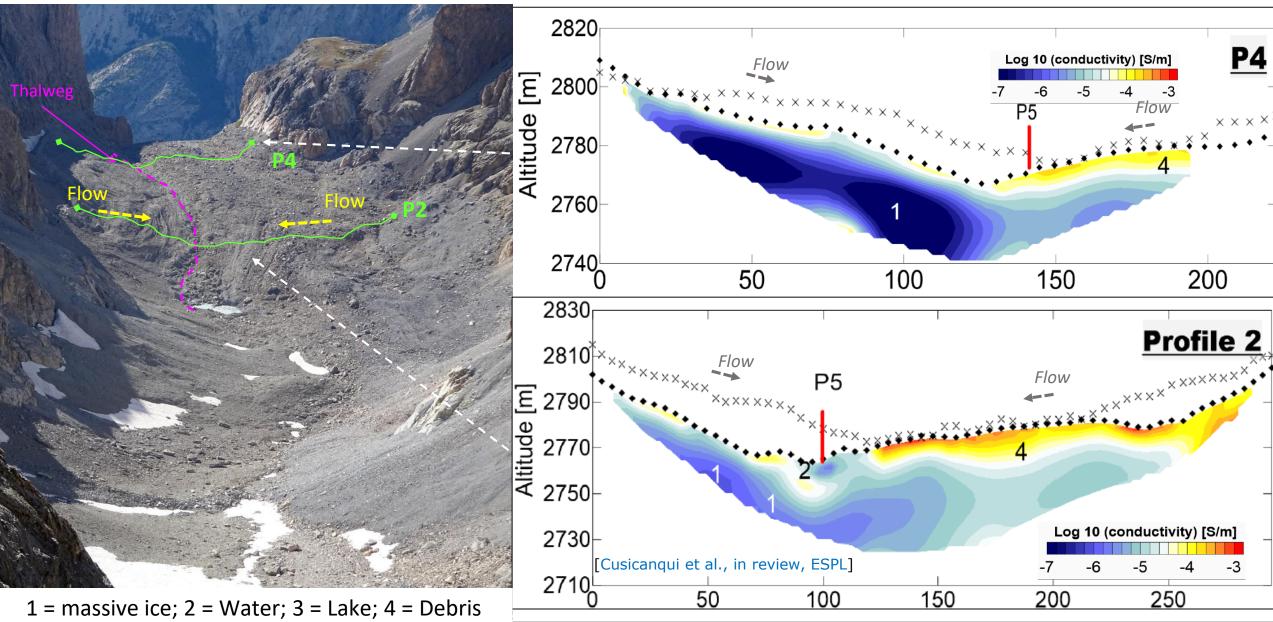
IV. Results – Surface velocities



- Marked acceleration after 2000's.
- Right hand side shows almost constant velocity.
- Left hand side doubled in speed after 2000.

Cusicanqui et al. #ShareEGU2022 | p. 12-18

IV. Results – Internal structure

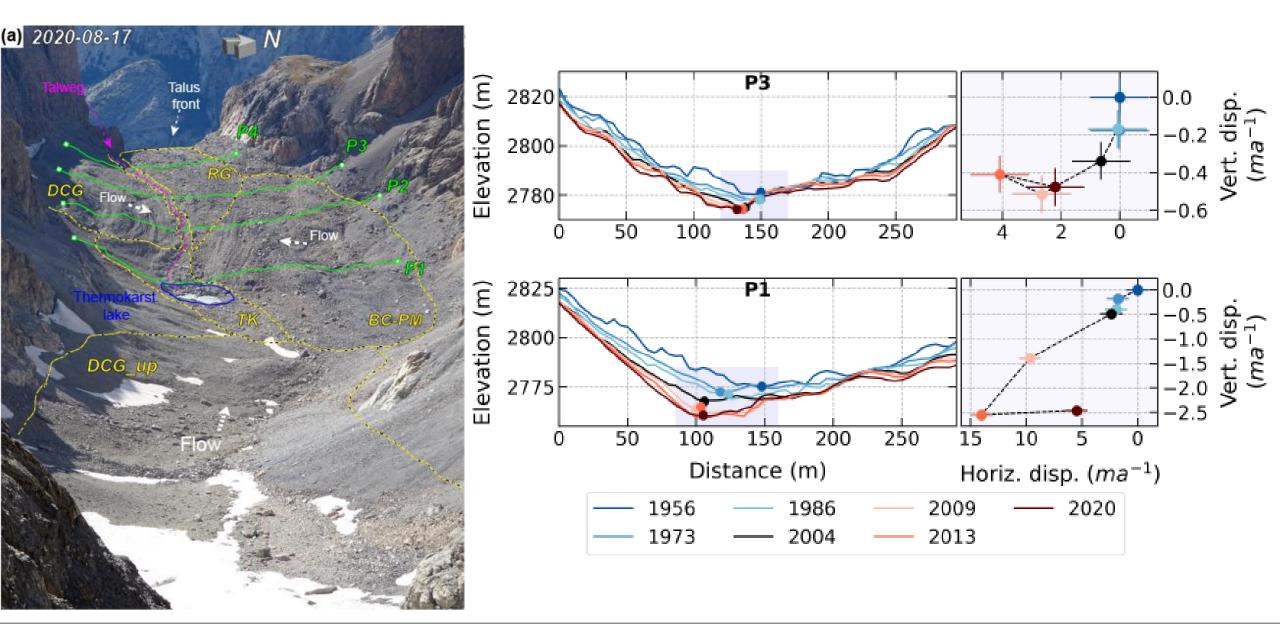


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p. 13-18

1 = massive ice; 2 = Water; 3 = Lake; 4 = Debris covered; 5 = Bedrock

IV. Results – Thalweg dynamics



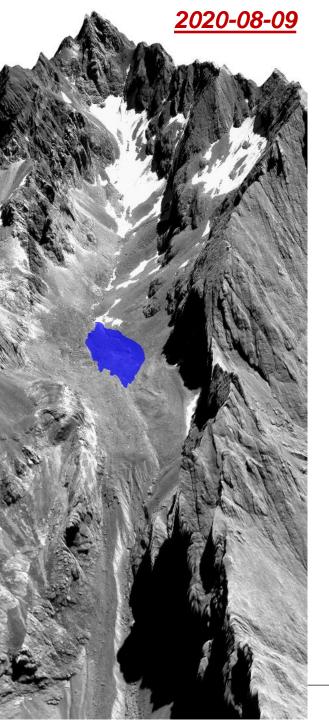
2008 – July – 17 2008 – July – 17

IV. Results – Discussion

Which are the outburst floods origins?

- 1. Hydro meteorological conditions
- 2. Closure of englacial conduit by creep
- 3. Internal thermal state
- 4. Karstic network
- 5. Topographic conditions

Currently, potential storage of $180\ 060 \pm 418\ m^3$ of water, which is two times higher than previous events.



V. Conclusions

- Outburst floods origins still unknown. More data is required... However, we shed light on mechanisms that could likely control outburst floods.
- Complex spatio-temporal patterns and functional interactions between different landforms were evidenced.
- Doubling in flow velocity after 90's, coherent with displacements in European Alps.
- Given the current context, new outburst floods can took place in the future.

2020-08-09

Open questions

- How to explain the presence of a rock glacier and debris covered glacier side by side?
- What about rock glacier origins?

