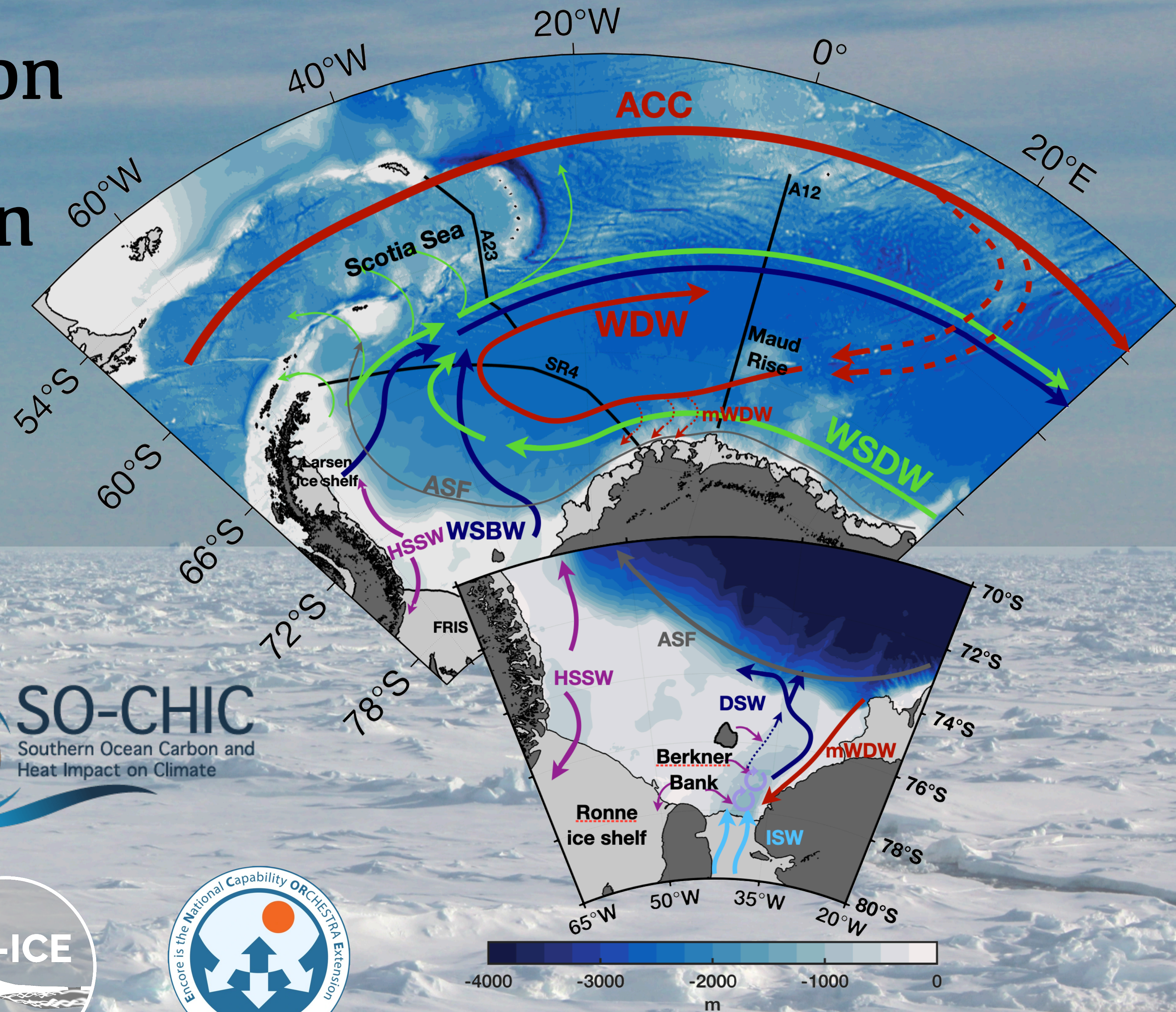


Multi-decadal reduction of WSBW volume forced by wind-driven sea ice condition

Shenjie Zhou¹, Andrew Meijers¹, Michael Meredith¹, Povl Abrahamsen¹, Paul Holland¹, Alessandro Silvano², Jean-Baptiste Sallée³ & Svein Østerhus⁴

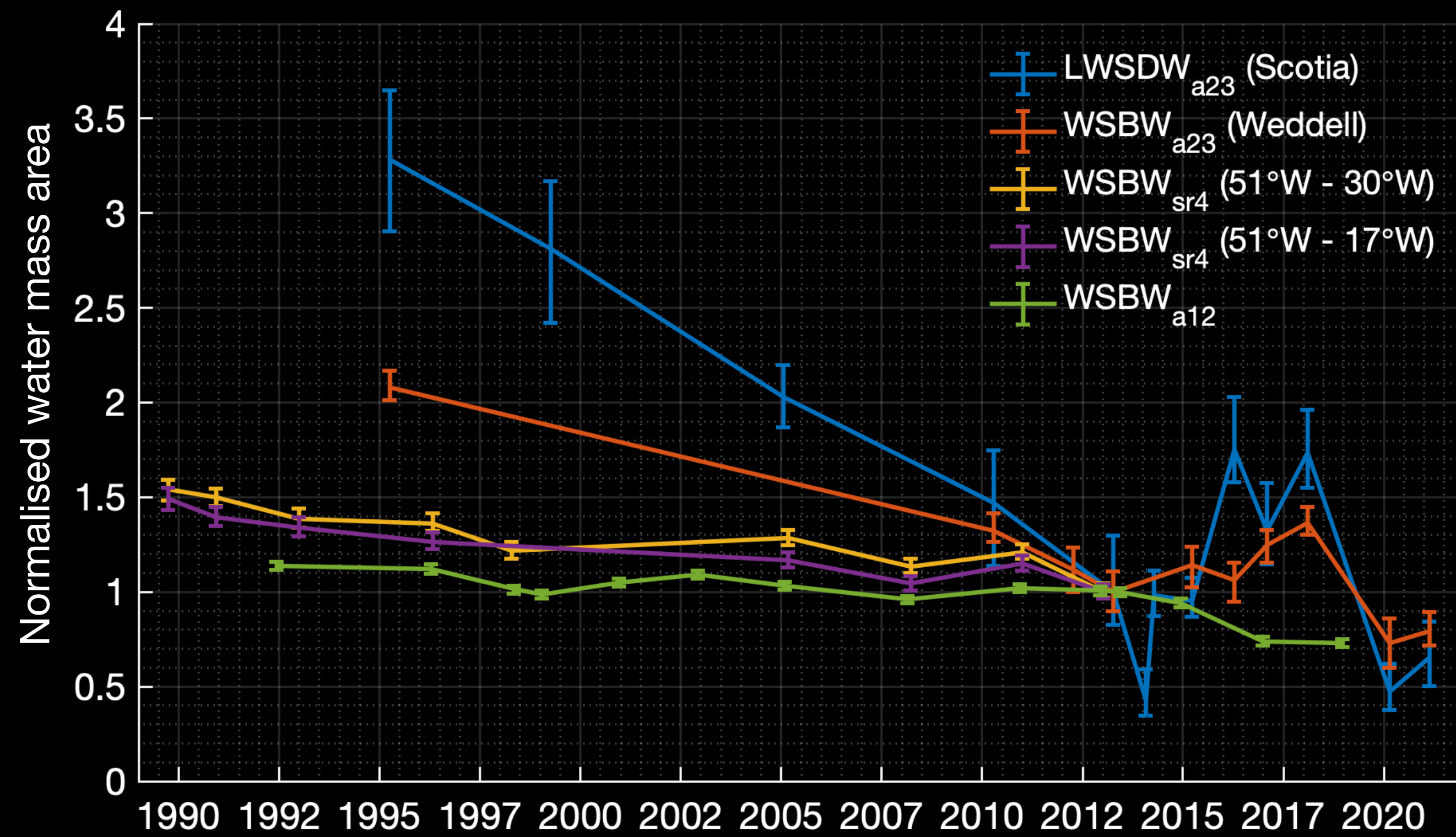
✉ shezhou@bas.ac.uk



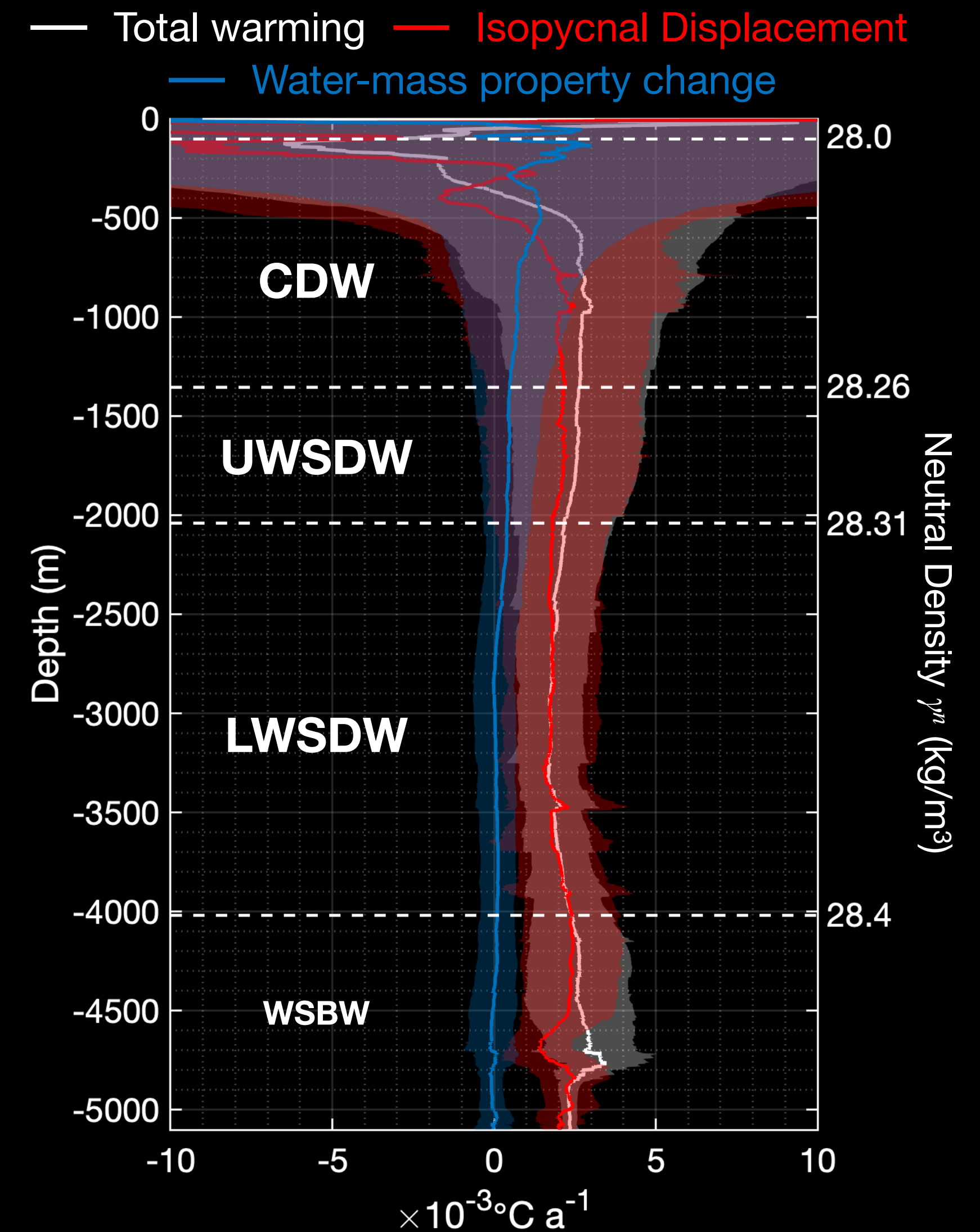
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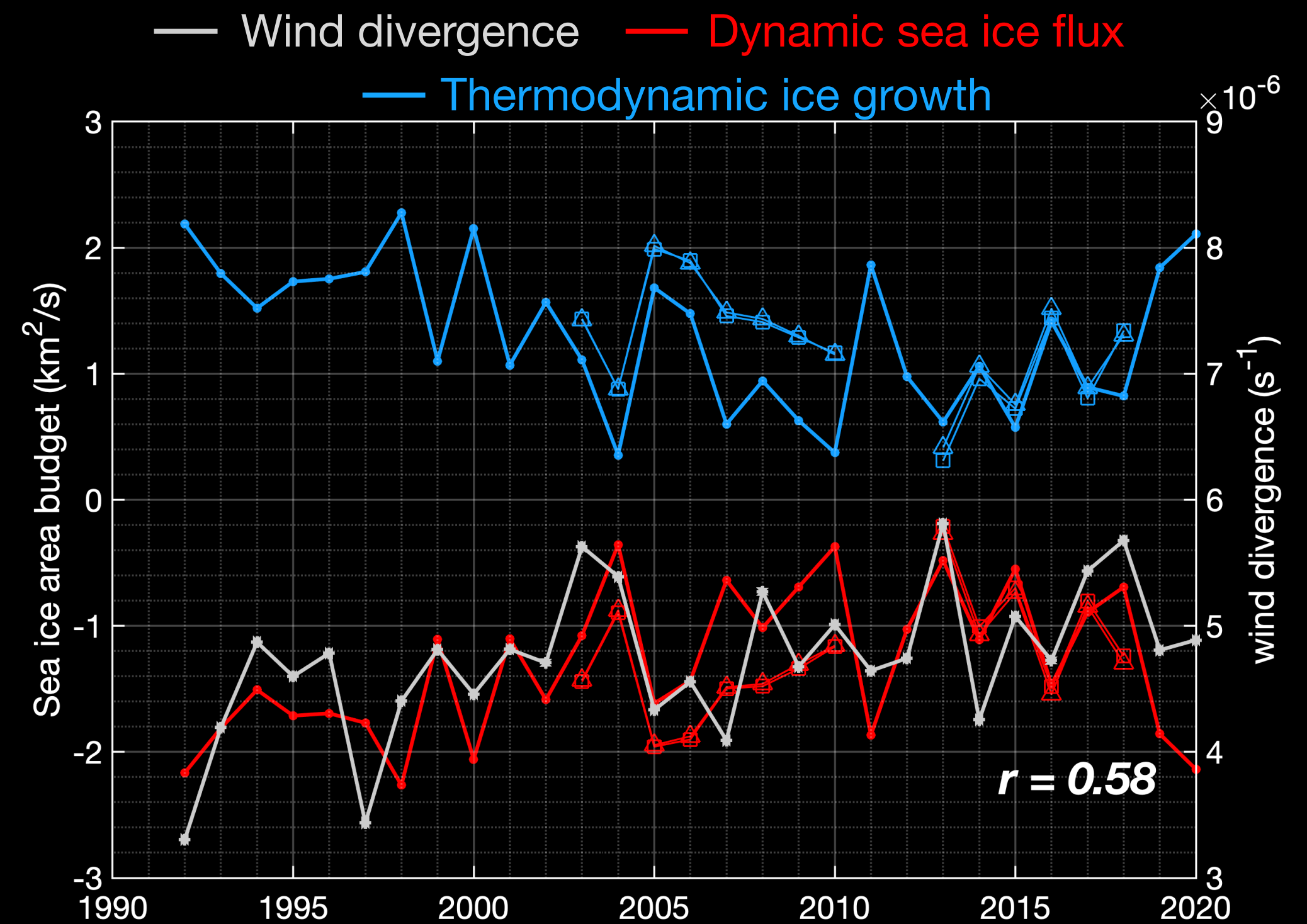
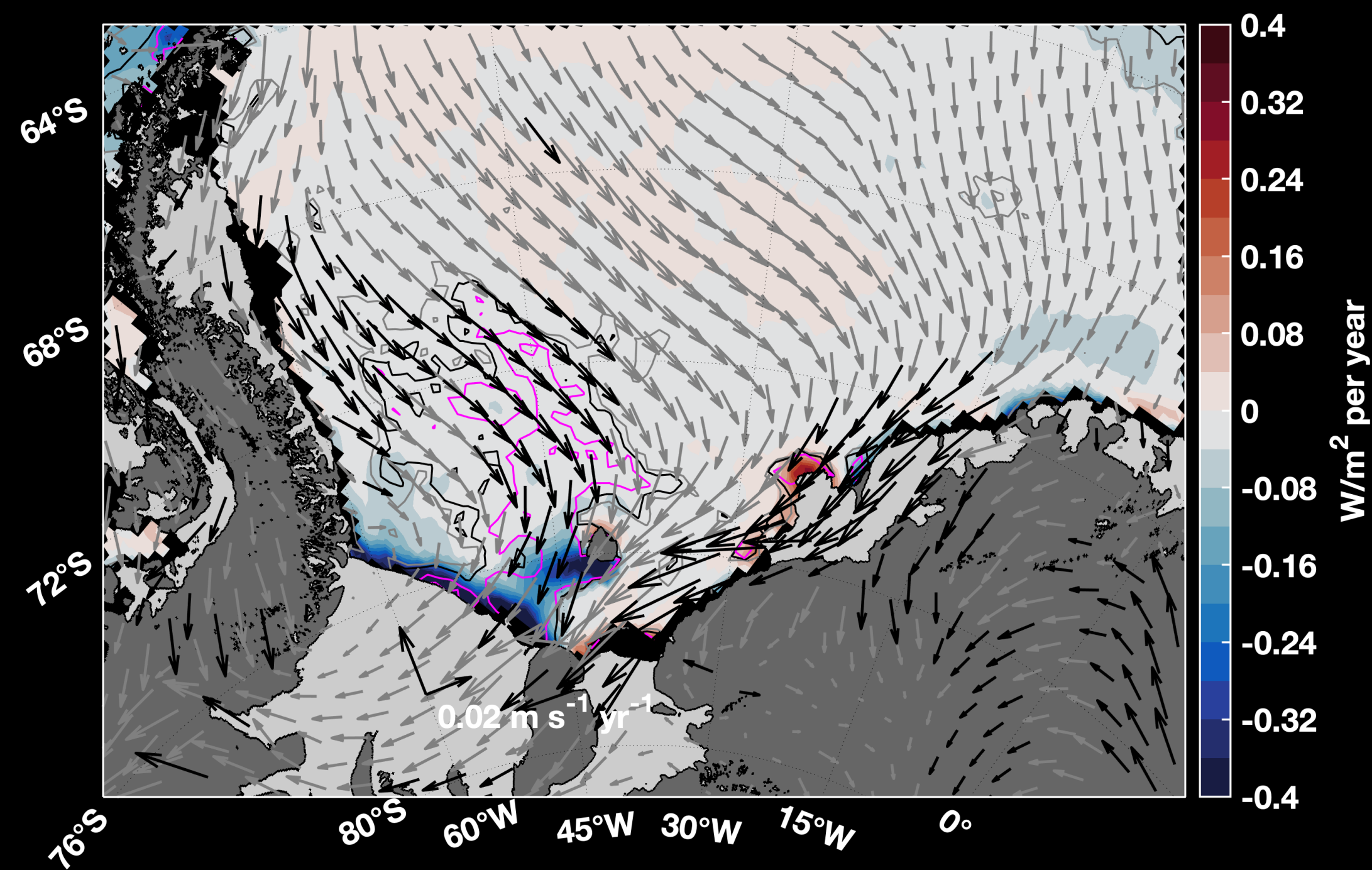




- Bottom Water volume reduced by ~ 30% over 30 yrs
 ➔ This reduction causes deep-Weddell-Sea warming of about 2 m°C / year

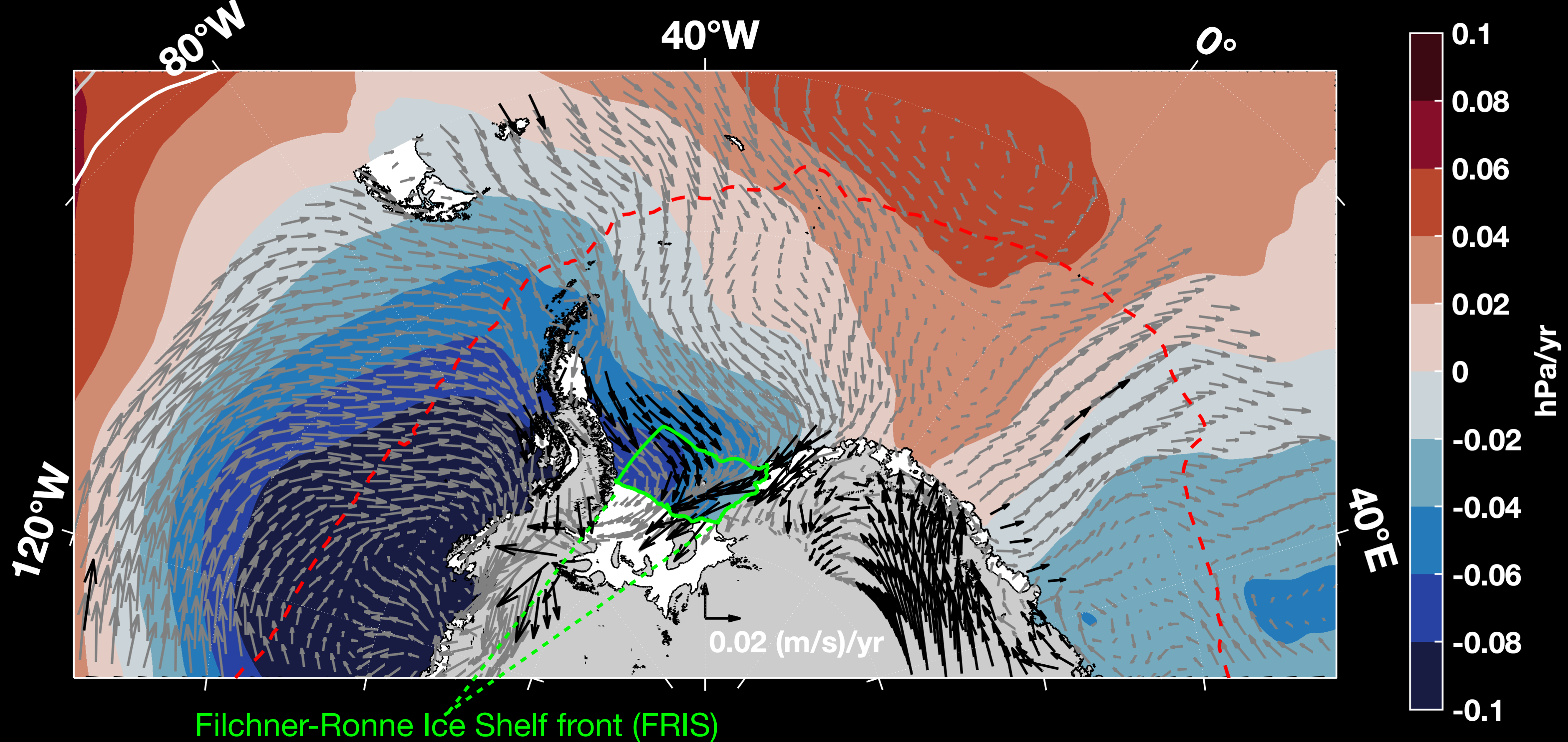


What is causing this reduction?



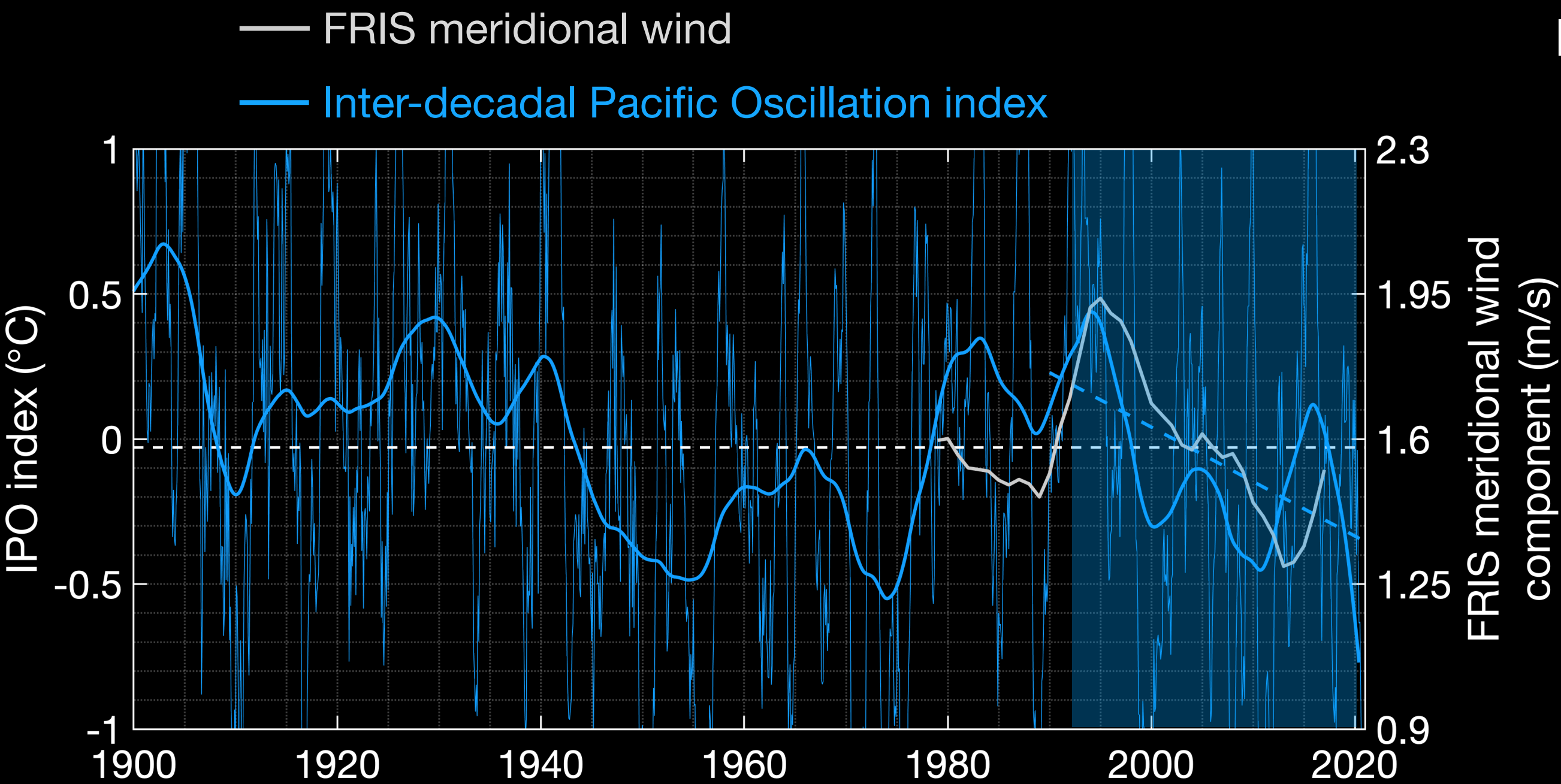
- Sea ice formation rate **slowdown** in Ronne and Berkner Bank
- Wind-drive **sea ice flux less divergence**
- Thermodynamic ice growth **reduced**

What is causing this wind trend?

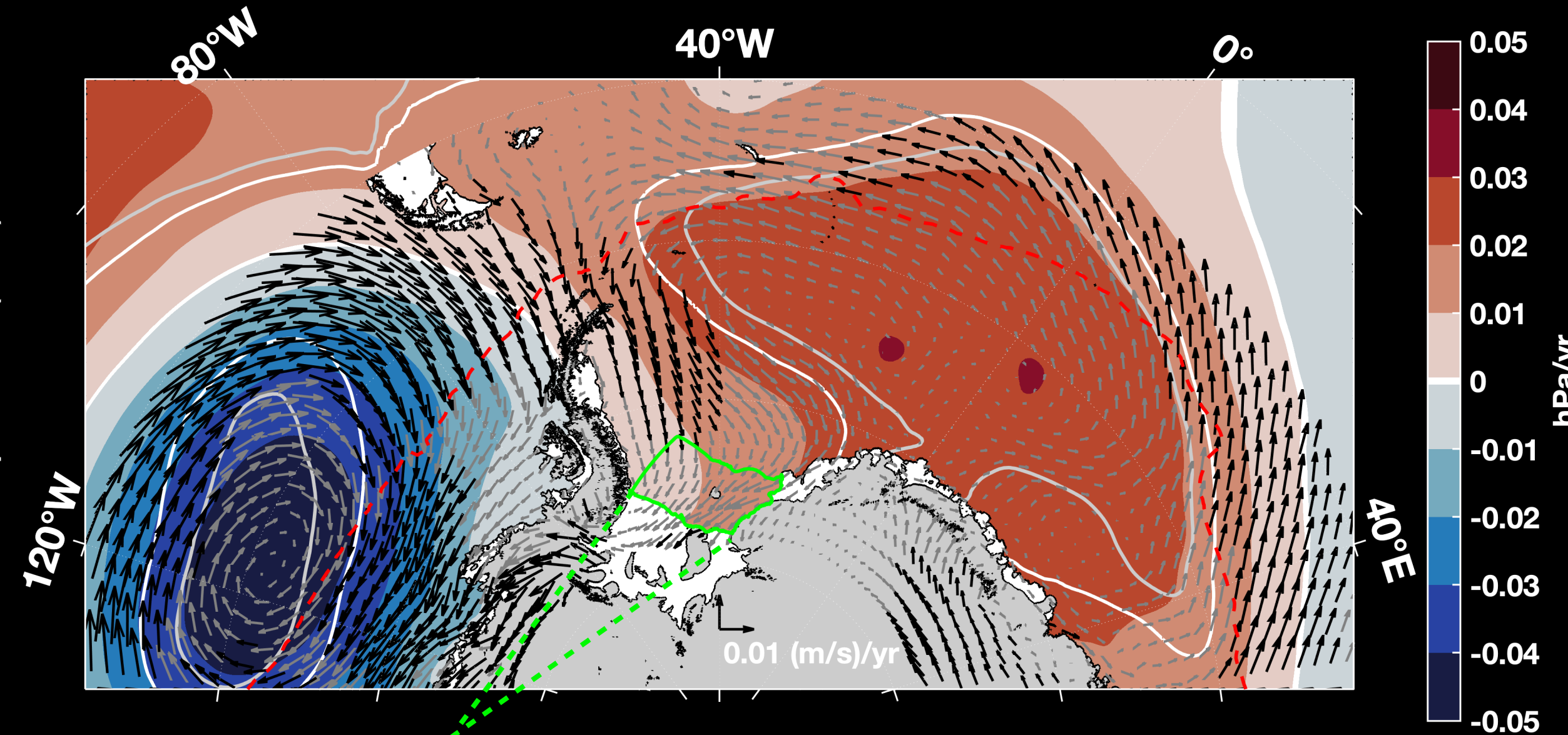


Reanalysis wind vector and mean sea level pressure trend between 1992 and 2020

- ➔ Wide spread **Amundsen Sea Low deepening** since 1990
- ➔ Resultant **northerly wind trend** in southern Weddell Sea continental shelf



Regression of wind vector and mean sea level pressure on **-IPO**



Filchner-Ronne Ice Shelf front (FRIS)

- **High correlation** between **IPO** and **FRIS** wind
- Regression of atmospheric fields on **-IPO** *resembles* the reanalysis trend
- A new teleconnection between *tropical SST* variability and *southern Weddell sea ice/WSBW* on multi-decadal scale?

Thanks for listening
Questions are welcome!



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