# Interannual hydrographic variability beneath Thwaites Eastern Ice Shelf, West Antarctica

-200

-300

-600

-700

Seroussi et al. (2017: GRL)



### **Tiago S. Dotto**

Karen Heywood, Rob Hall, Ted Scambos, Yixi Zheng, Yoshihiro Nakayama, Tasha Snow, Anna Wåhlin, Christian Wild, Martin Truffer, Atsuhiro Muto, and Erin Pettit

t.segabinazzi-dotto@uea.ac.uk tiagosdotto@gmail.com

# EGU General Assembly 2022





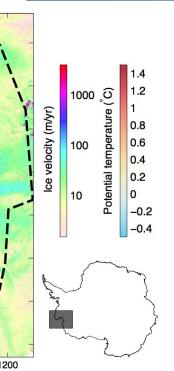


-1700

x (km)

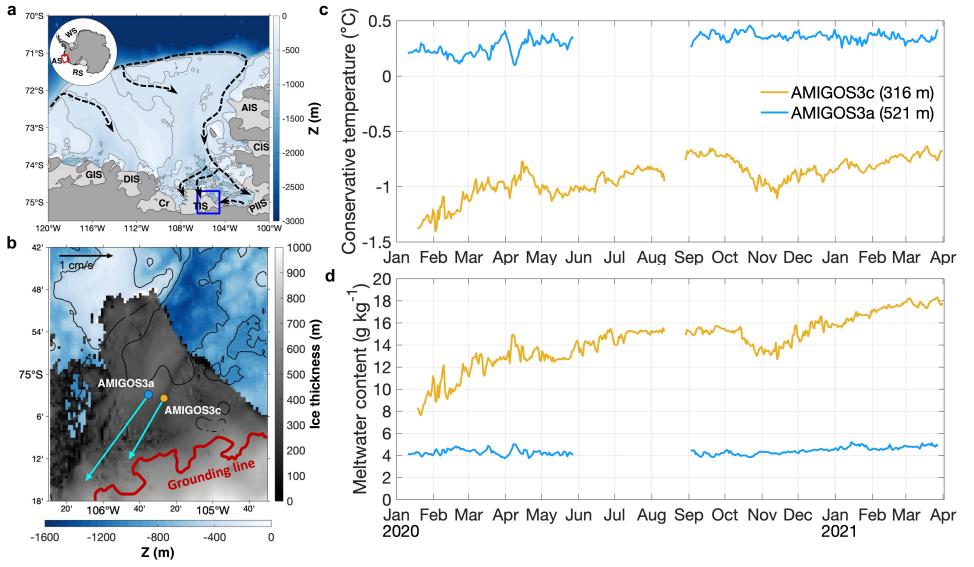
-1600







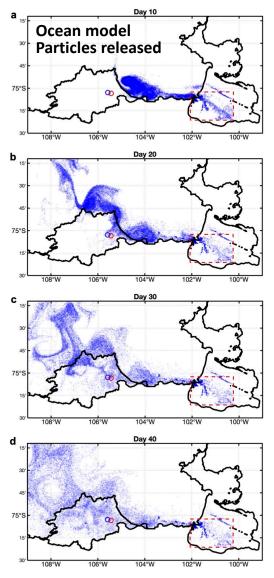
### Results and discussion: TARSAN project (https://thwaitesglacier.org/projects/tarsan)



The moorings beneath Thwaites Eastern Ice Shelf show warmer conditions along time and higher meltwater fraction --> ancillary datasets show no evidence of local melting



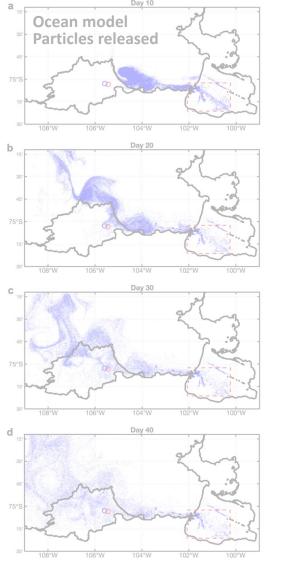
## Results and discussion: TARSAN project (https://thwaitesglacier.org/projects/tarsan)



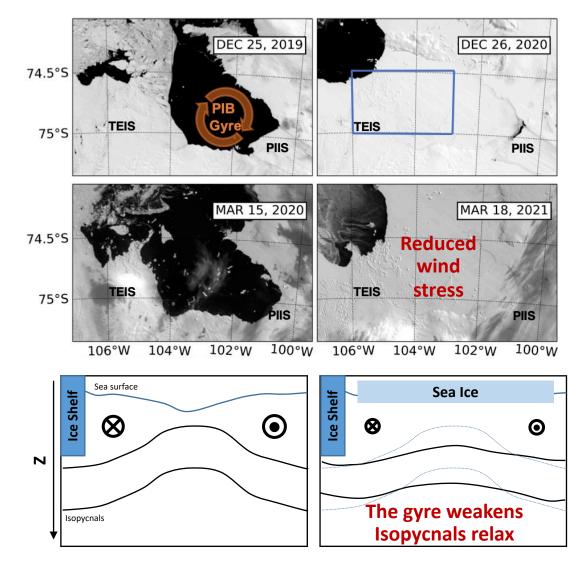
Meltwater is imported from Pine Island Ice Shelf (PIIS)



### Results and discussion: TARSAN project (https://thwaitesglacier.org/projects/tarsan)



Meltwater is imported from Pine Island Ice Shelf (PIIS)



A weaker Pine Island Bay gyre helps to explain the persistent warm condition within the sub-ice shelf cavity

### **Conclusions**

- Between 2020 and 2021 the water column has become warmer and meltwater fraction increased
- Ocean currents suggest inflow towards the interior of the ice shelf cavity
- Meltwater is imported from Pine Island Ice Shelf through coastal circulation
- Persistent sea ice cover between winter 2020 and summer 2021 likely spun down the Pine Island Bay gyre, which relaxed the isopycnals and brought warmer water upwards

# Thanks for listening

ITGC https://thwaitesglacier.org/TARSAN https://thwaitesglacier.org/projects/tarsan

t.segabinazzi-dotto@uea.ac.uk tiagosdotto@gmail.com

