

# climpred

## weather and climate prediction in python

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*Try climpred now live: [https://github.com/aaronspring/climpred\\_egu22\\_demo](https://github.com/aaronspring/climpred_egu22_demo)*

# What impacts the velocity of science?

## *Data, Software and Computation*

- Data: time to find, access, clean & format for analysis
- Software: easily available and combinable
- Computation: access and resources

### Traditional Analysis Workflow



### Pangeo Analysis Workflow



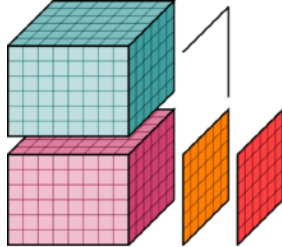

# climpred

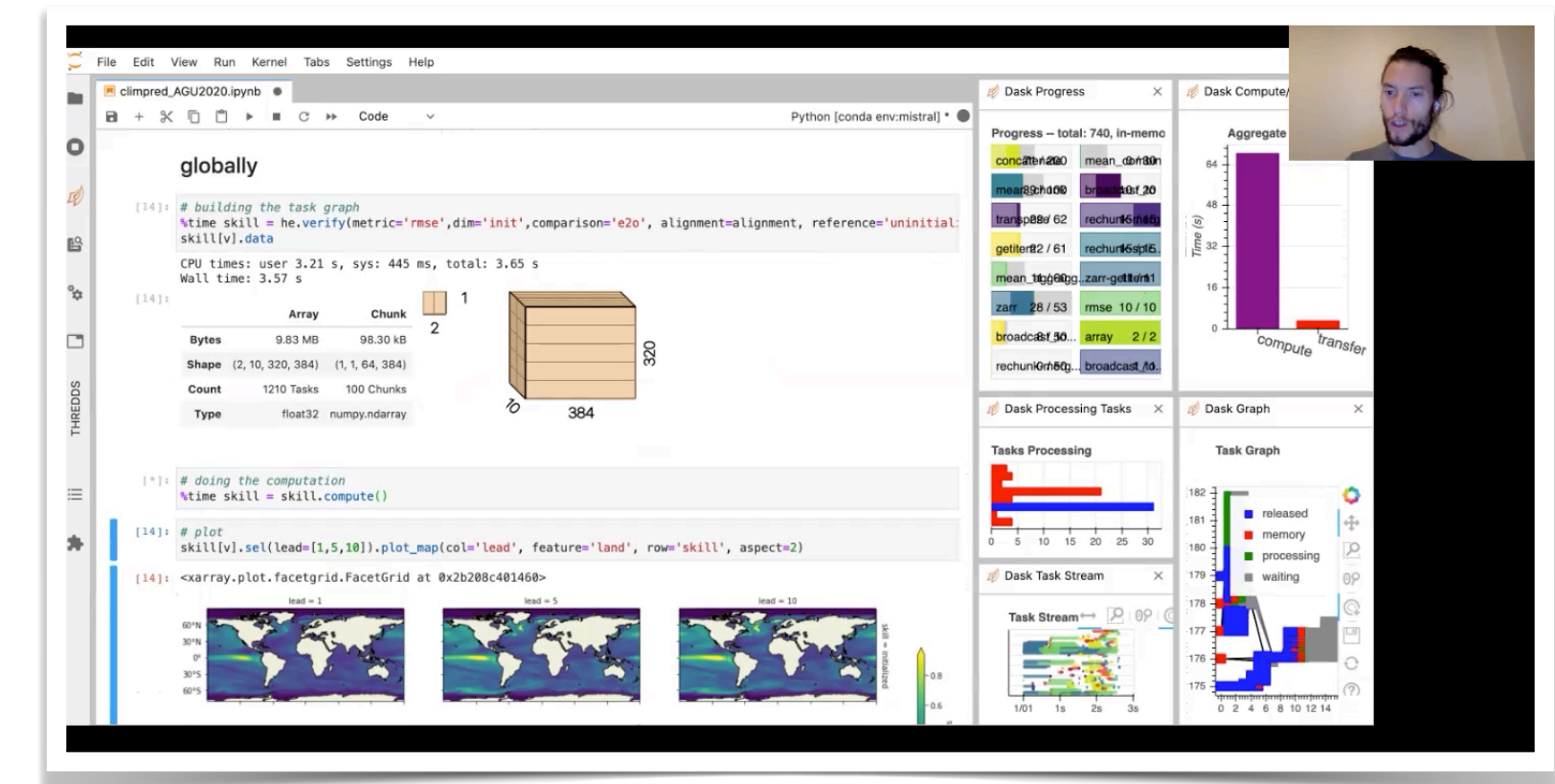
We believe forecast verification should be:

- ▶ interactive
- ▶ standardised
- ▶ reproducible
- ▶ simple to use

```
PredictionEnsemble.verify(  
    # Score forecast using the Anomaly Correlation Coefficient.  
    metric='acc',  
    # Compare the ensemble mean to observations.  
    comparison='e2o',  
    # Keep the same set of initializations at each lead time.  
    alignment='same_inits',  
    # Reduce the verification over the initialization dimension.  
    dim='init',  
    # Score performance of a persistence forecast as well.  
    reference='persistence',  
)
```

## What to not worry about

- ▶ metadata and time alignment: solved by  xarray
- ▶ parallelisation and batch processing: solved by  DASK

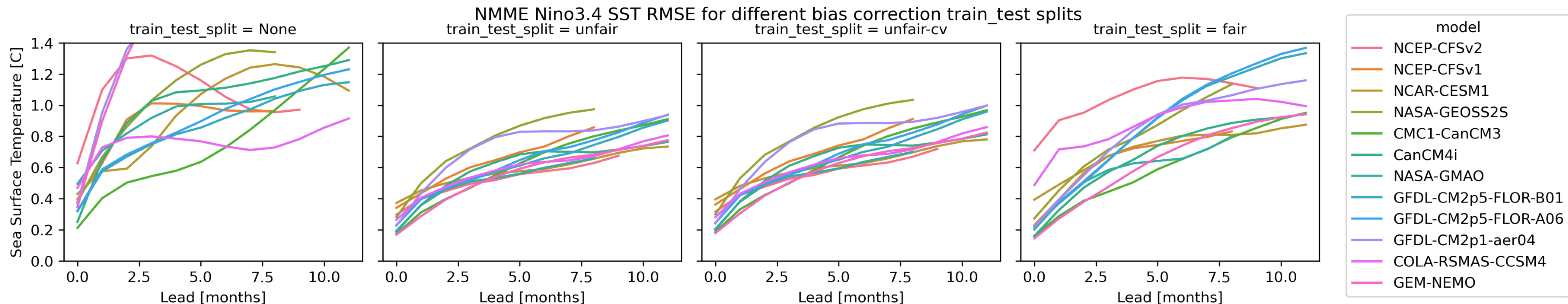


# climpred API table

- ▶ `HindcastEnsemble.verify()` and `HindcastEnsemble.bootstrap()`
  - ▶ `metric`: `rmse`, `acc`, `roc`, `rank_histogram`, `reliability`, `crps`, ...
  - ▶ `comparison`: `e2o`: ensemble mean against observations, `m2o`: member against observations
  - ▶ `dim`: dimension over which apply `metric`: `init`, `member`
  - ▶ `alignment`: which forecasts and verification to match: `same_inits`, `same_verifs`, `maximize`
  - ▶ `reference`: add reference forecast skill persistence, `climatology`, `uninitialized`
- ▶ `HindcastEnsemble.remove_bias()`
  - ▶ `how`: `method`: `additive_mean`, `gamma_mapping`, `EmpiricalQuantileMapping`, ...
  - ▶ See `verify()`
  - ▶ `train_test_split`: which `inits` to use for training bias correction: `unfair`, `unfair-cv`, `fair`

# Demo: Nino 3.4 NMME Hindcast vs. NOAA OISST Verification

- ▶ Bias correction `train_test_split` following Risbey et al. (2021). Standard assessments of climate forecast skill can be misleading. *Nature Comm.*:
    - ▶ `none`: no bias correction
    - ▶ `unfair`: train bias correction on same `inits` as verification
    - ▶ `unfair-cv`: as `unfair` but leave out given `init`
    - ▶ `fair`: train on different `inits` than used for `verify()`
- Information of future verification data used in bias correction!  
✗ Not possible for real-time forecasts ✗



# Demo: Data: Nino 3.4 NMME vs. NOAA OISST Verification

```
import climpred

initialized = climpred.tutorial.load_dataset("NMME_hindcast_Nino34_sst")
obs = climpred.tutorial.load_dataset("NMME_OIv2_Nino34_sst")

hindcast = climpred.HindcastEnsemble(initialized).add_observations(obs)
hindcast
```

Here postprocessed to download or your data

- ▶ NMME: North American Multi-Model Ensemble
- ▶ OISST: NOAA Optimum Interpolation (OI) Sea Surface Temperature
- ▶ Nino34: SST area averaged 5N-5S;170W-120W

climpred.HindcastEnsemble

Initialized

▶ Dimensions: (member: 24, lead: 12, init: 499, model: 12)

▼ Coordinates:

member	(member)	float32	1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 ... 22.0 23.0 24.0		
lead	(lead)	float64	0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 ... 9.0 10.0 11.0		
init	(init)	object	1980-01-01 00:00:00 ... 2021-07-...		
model	(model)	object	'NCEP-CFSv2' ... 'GEM-NEMO'		
valid_time	(lead, init)	object	1980-01-01 00:00:00 ... 2022-06-...		

▼ Data variables:

sst	(model, init, lead, member)	float64	nan nan nan nan ... nan nan nan nan		
-----	-----------------------------	---------	-------------------------------------	--	--

▶ Attributes: (3)

Observations

▶ Dimensions: (time: 470)

▼ Coordinates:

time	(time)	object	1981-11-01 00:00:00 ... 2020-12-...		
------	--------	--------	-------------------------------------	--	--

▼ Data variables:

sst	(time)	float64	26.06 26.26 26.72 ... 25.34 25.53		
-----	--------	---------	-----------------------------------	--	--

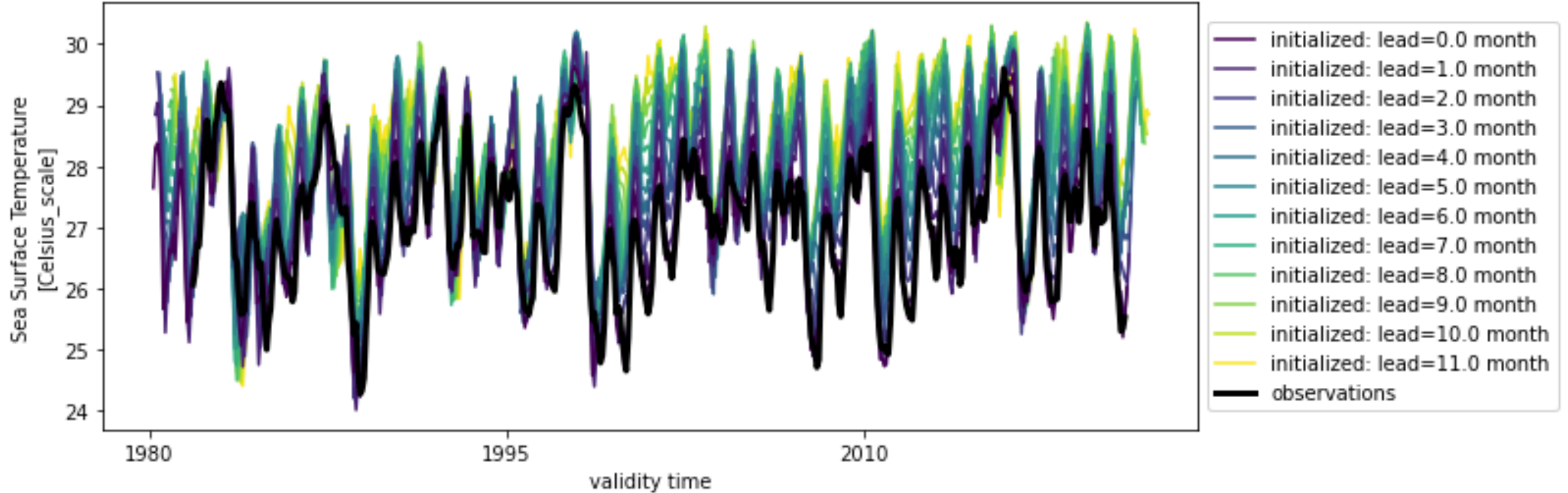
▶ Attributes: (3)

xr.Datasets with metadata

Easily plotting:  
time = init + lead

```
hindcast.sel(model="GFDL-CM2p5-FLOR-A06").plot()
```

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='validity time', ylabel='Sea Surface Temperature\n[Celsius\_scale] '>











# Demo: verify() for lead-time dependent bias

```
bias = hindcast.verify(metric="additive_bias", comparison="e2o", dim=[], alignment="same_verifs")
bias
```

xarray.Dataset

► Dimensions: (init: 481, lead: 12, model: 12)

▼ Coordinates:

init	(init)	object	1980-12-01 00:00:00 ... 2020-12-...	 
lead	(lead)	float64	0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 ... 9.0 10.0 11.0	 
model	(model)	object	'NCEP-CFSv2' ... 'GEM-NEMO'	 
valid_time	(lead, init)	object	nan nan nan nan ... nan nan nan nan	 
skill	()	<U11	'initialized'	

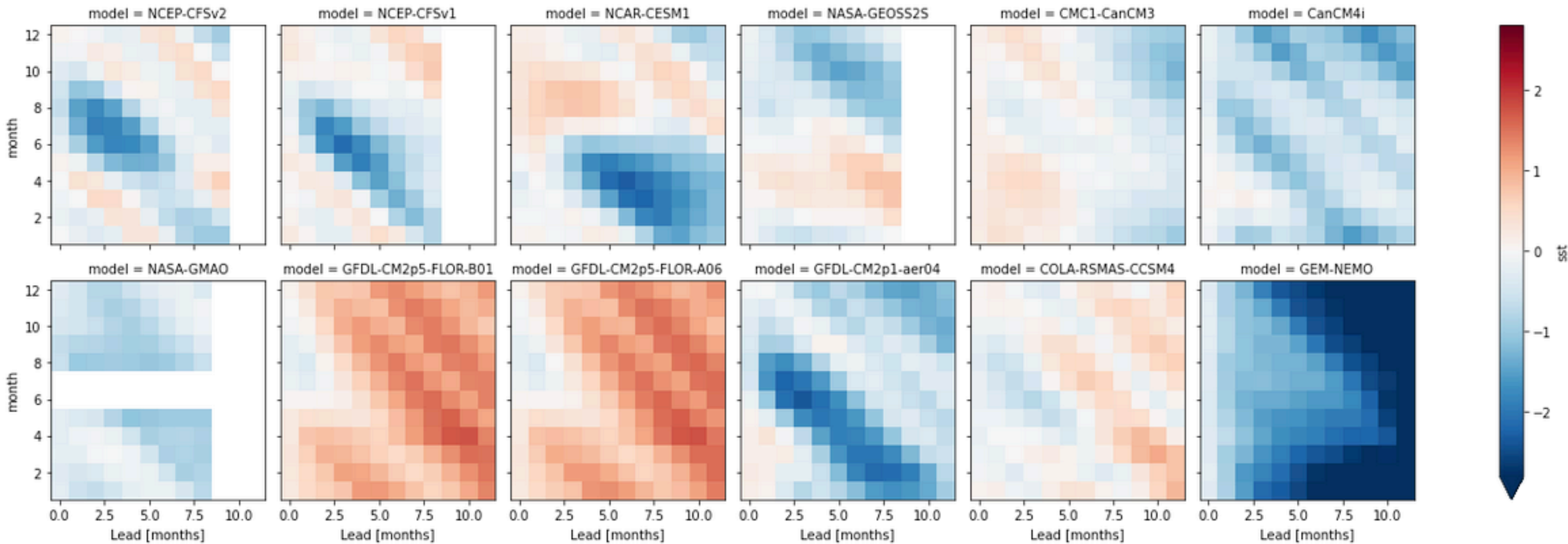
▼ Data variables:

sst	(lead, model, init)	float64	nan nan nan n
-----	---------------------	---------	---------------

xr.Dataset with metadata

xr.DataArray.plot()

```
bias.groupby(f"init.month").mean()[v].plot(col="model", col_wrap=6, robust=True)
```

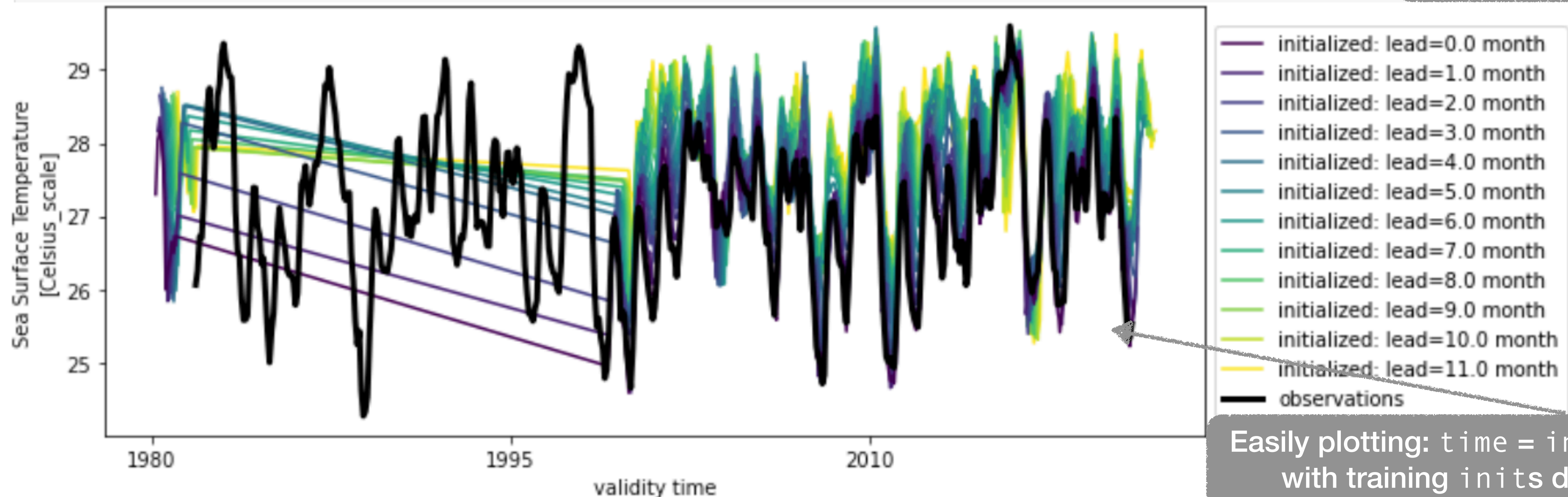


# Demo: lead time-dependent bias removal

```
# fair calculates bias for train_time/train_init and drops these indices from hindcast
hindcast.remove_bias(
    how="additive_mean",
    alignment=metric_kwargs["alignment"],
    train_test_split="fair",
    train_time=slice("1982", "1998"),
).sel(model="GFDL-CM2p5-FLOR-A06").plot()
```

remove mean bias while  
separating train and  
test data

multi-dimensional:  
on all models at once



Easily plotting:  $\text{time} = \text{init} + \text{lead}$   
with training inits dropped

# Demo: Calculate skill for different train\_test\_split strategies

```
metric_kwargs = dict(metric="rmse", alignment="same_verifs", dim="init", comparison="e2o", skipna=True)
```

verify() API

```
train_test_split = ["unfair", "unfair-cv", "fair"] # different train_test_split methods to compare
```

```
verify_init = slice("1999", None)
```

```
skill_train_test_split = [hindcast.sel(init=verify_init).verify(**metric_kwargs)]
```

```
skill_train_test_split.append(
```

```
hindcast.remove_bias(
```

```
how="additive_mean",
```

```
alignment=metric_kwargs["alignment"],
```

```
train_test_split="unfair",
```

```
).sel(init=verify_init).verify(**metric_kwargs)
```

```
)
```

```
skill_train_test_split.append(
```

```
hindcast.remove_bias(
```

```
how="additive_mean",
```

```
alignment=metric_kwargs["alignment"],
```

```
train_test_split="unfair-cv",
```

```
cv="L00", # leave-one-out
```

```
).sel(init=verify_init).verify(**metric_kwargs)
```

```
)
```

```
skill_train_test_split.append(
```

```
hindcast.remove_bias(
```

```
how="additive_mean",
```

```
alignment=metric_kwargs["alignment"],
```

```
train_test_split="fair",
```

```
train_time=slice("1982", "1998")
```

```
).sel(init=verify_init).verify(**metric_kwargs)
```

```
)
```

```
skill_train_test_split = xr.concat(skill_train_test_split, "train_test_split")[v].assign_coords(train_test_split=["None"] + train_test_split)
```

First bias removal, then skill

use same inits for bias as for verify()

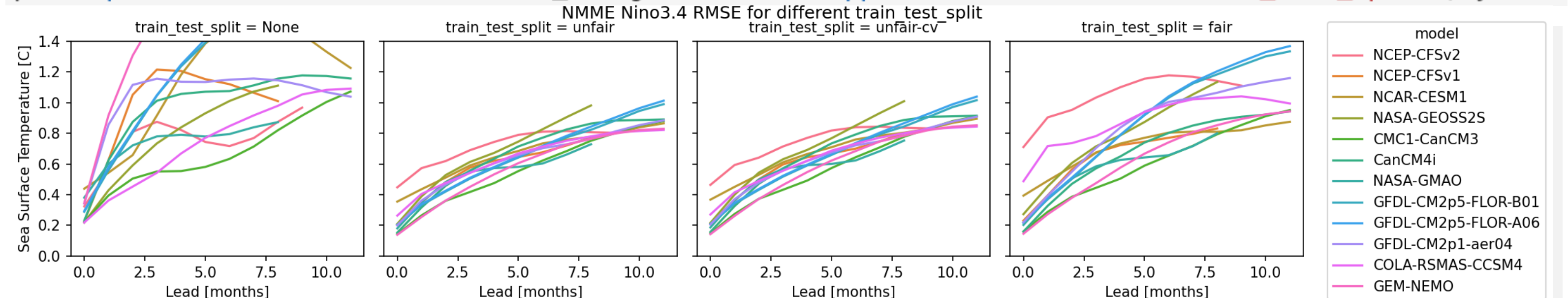
as above, but leave out given init

xr.DataArray.plot()

```
skill_train_test_split.plot(hue="model", col="train_test_split", x="lead")
```

```
plt.ylim([0, 1.4])
```

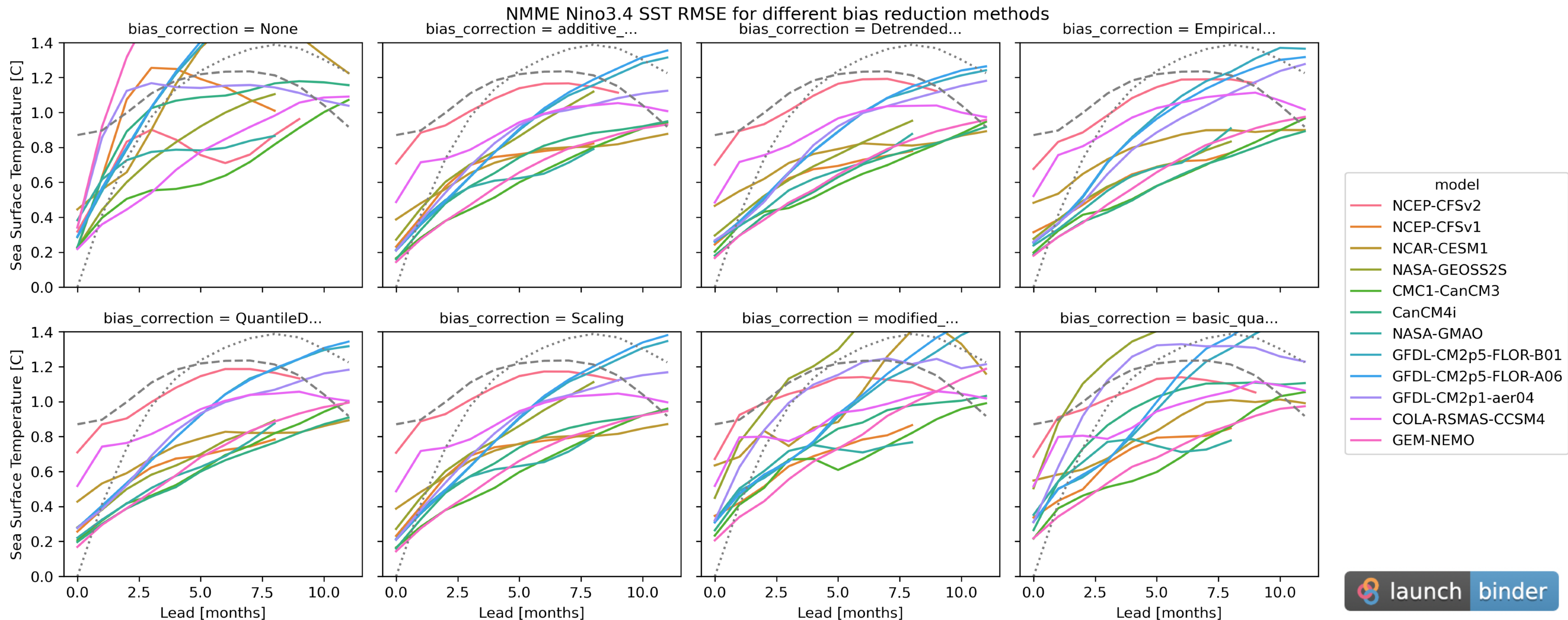
```
plt.suptitle(f"NMME Nino3.4 {metric_kwargs['metric'].upper()} for different train_test_split", y=1.0)
```



use different inits for bias correction than for verify()

# Demo II: Hindcast data NMME Nino 3.4 vs. Verification NOAA OISST


- Bias correction trained during init 1982-1998, verification for remaining inits
- +/- 2 month predictable signal depending on bias correction with fair splits



# climpred is open-source.


If you waited for long to switch from NCL to python, climpred might be what you have been waiting for.

- ▶ Call for switching to python: The xarray community is awesome.
- ▶ Call for new users and developers
  - NWP (lead minutes to hours)
  - S2S (lead days to weeks)
  - S2D (lead months to decades)
- ▶ Call for feedback.
- ▶ Call for new contributors.



# climpred

Verification of weather and climate forecasts.

docs	docs <span>passing</span>
tests	build <span>passing</span> requirements <span>up-to-date</span>  <span>94%</span>
package	conda-forge <span>v2.1.1</span> pypi <span>v2.1.1</span>
license	license <span>MIT</span>
community	gitter <span>join chat</span> contributors <span>5</span> downloads <span>7.8k</span>
tutorials	climpred <span>example gallery</span> climpred <span>workshop</span> climpred <span>cloud demo</span>

## Installation

You can install the latest release of `climpred` using `pip` or `conda` :

```
pip install climpred
```

```
conda install -c conda-forge climpred
```



**Documentation: <https://climpred.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>**  
**Github repository: <https://github.com/pangeo-data/climpred>**

**Backup slides**

# The alignment keyword in `verify()` and `bootstrap()`

The user can simply change the alignment strategy by passing in the keyword `alignment=...`

`HindcastEnsemble.plot_alignment()` shows `valid_time` dates that are verified against observations.

```
hindcast.plot_alignment(edgecolor="w")
```

```
<xarray.plot.facetgrid.FacetGrid at 0x148fc5c10>
```

