

Imaging high-enthalpy geothermal reservoirs using seismic noise interferometry

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SM3.1 Ambient Seismic Noise & Seismic Interferometry

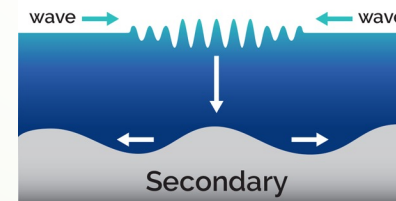
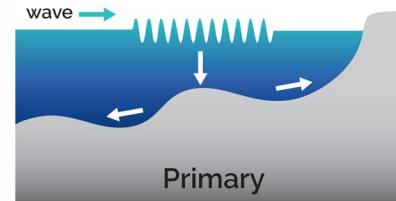
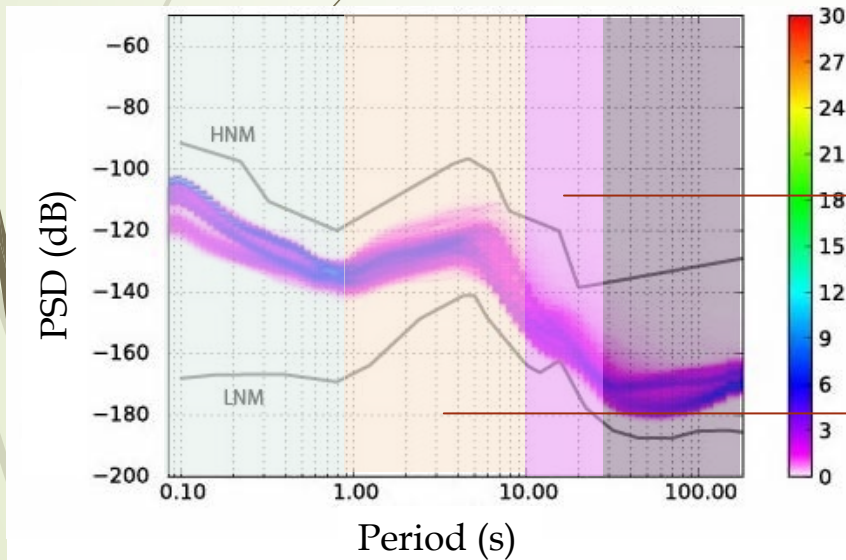
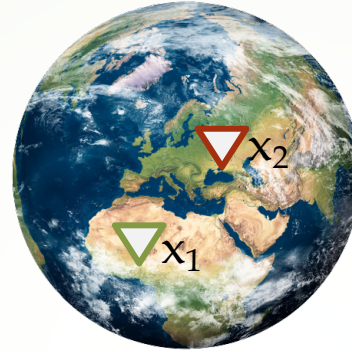
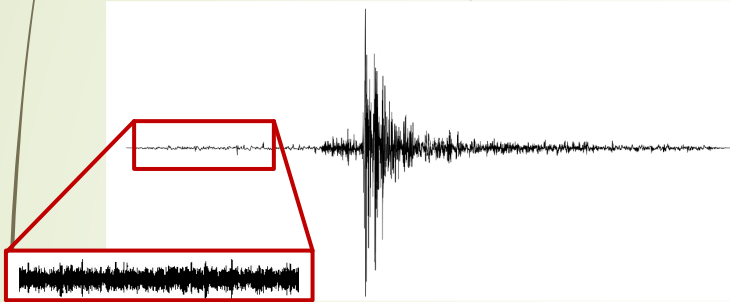
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Ambient seismic noise

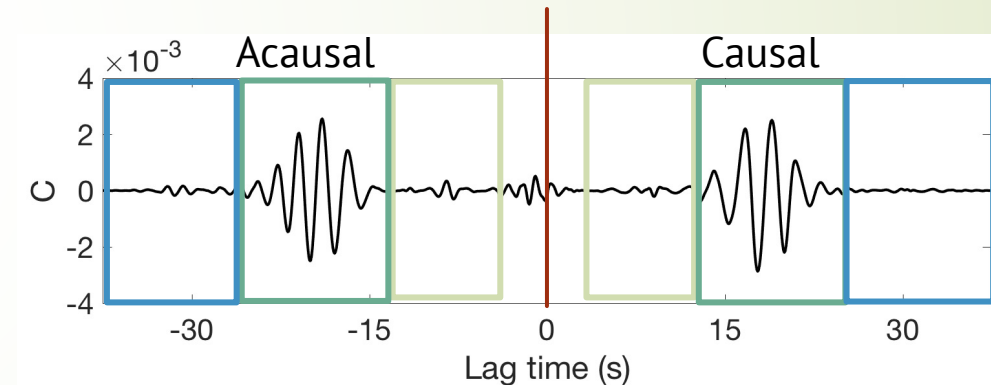


Ocean-wave interactions

How can we study the subsurface with noise?

$$\text{corr} \left(\begin{array}{c} u(x_1, t) \\ \text{[Seismic Trace]} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} u(x_2, t) \\ \text{[Seismic Trace]} \end{array} \right) \approx G(x_1, x_2, t) + G(x_1, x_2, -t)$$

Seismic response of the medium



Seismic noise interferometry

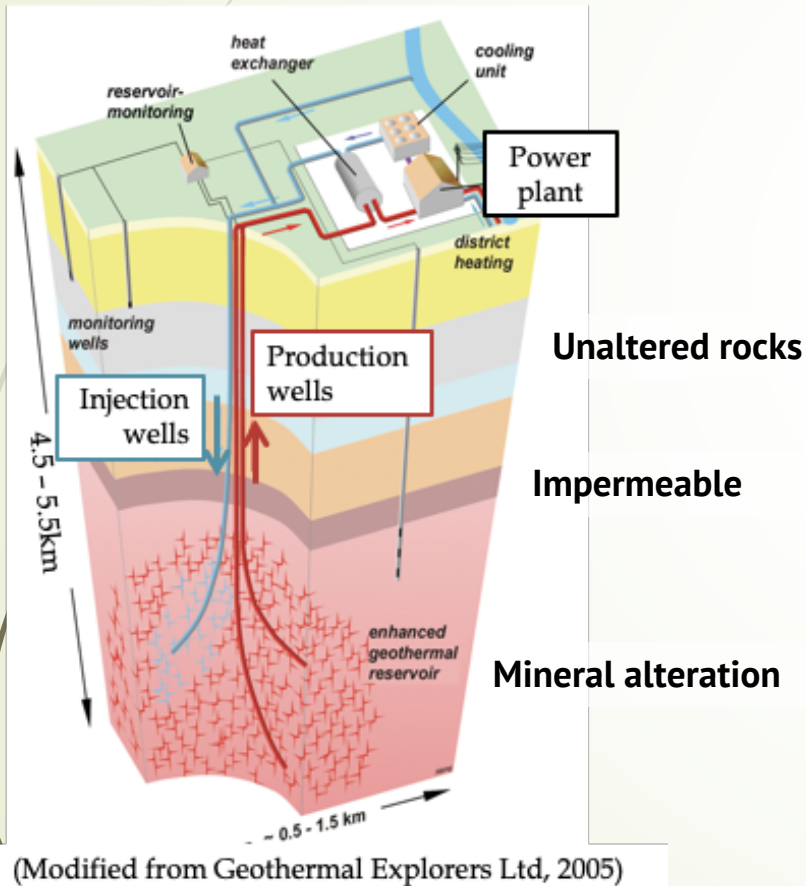
Imaging Monitoring

Body waves Surface waves Coda waves

Widely used
but barely in geothermal settings (?)

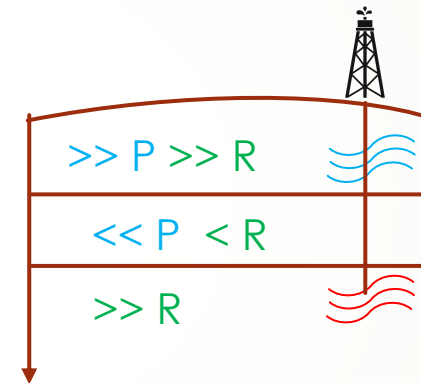
Geothermal reservoirs

High temperatures
Presence of fluids
High permeability



Geoelectrical methods

$T_{\text{alteration}}$



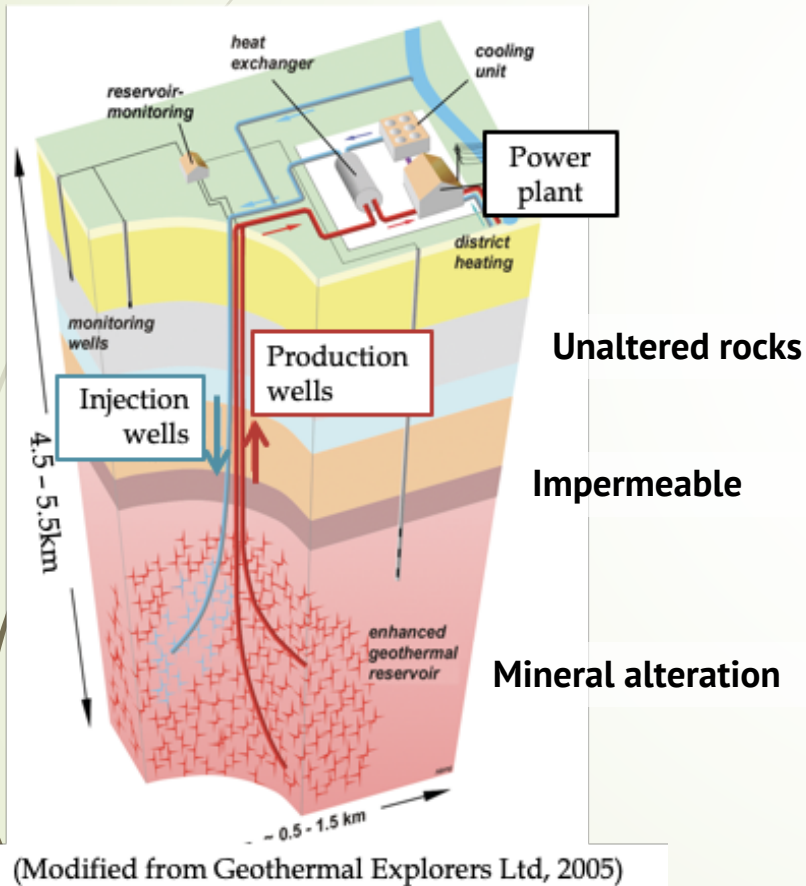
What if...? 🔥 🔥 🔥

No thermal equilibrium

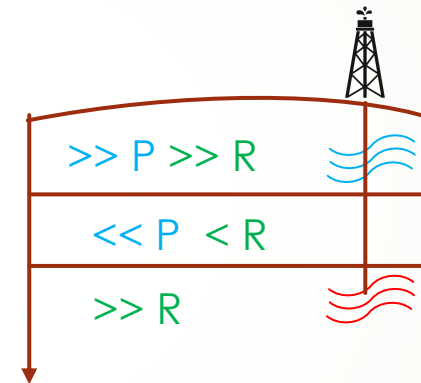
$T_a \neq T_f$ **Limitation!**

Geothermal reservoirs

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Presence of fluids
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What if...? 🔥 🔥 🔥

No thermal equilibrium

$T_a \neq T_f$ **Limitation!**

Seismic methods

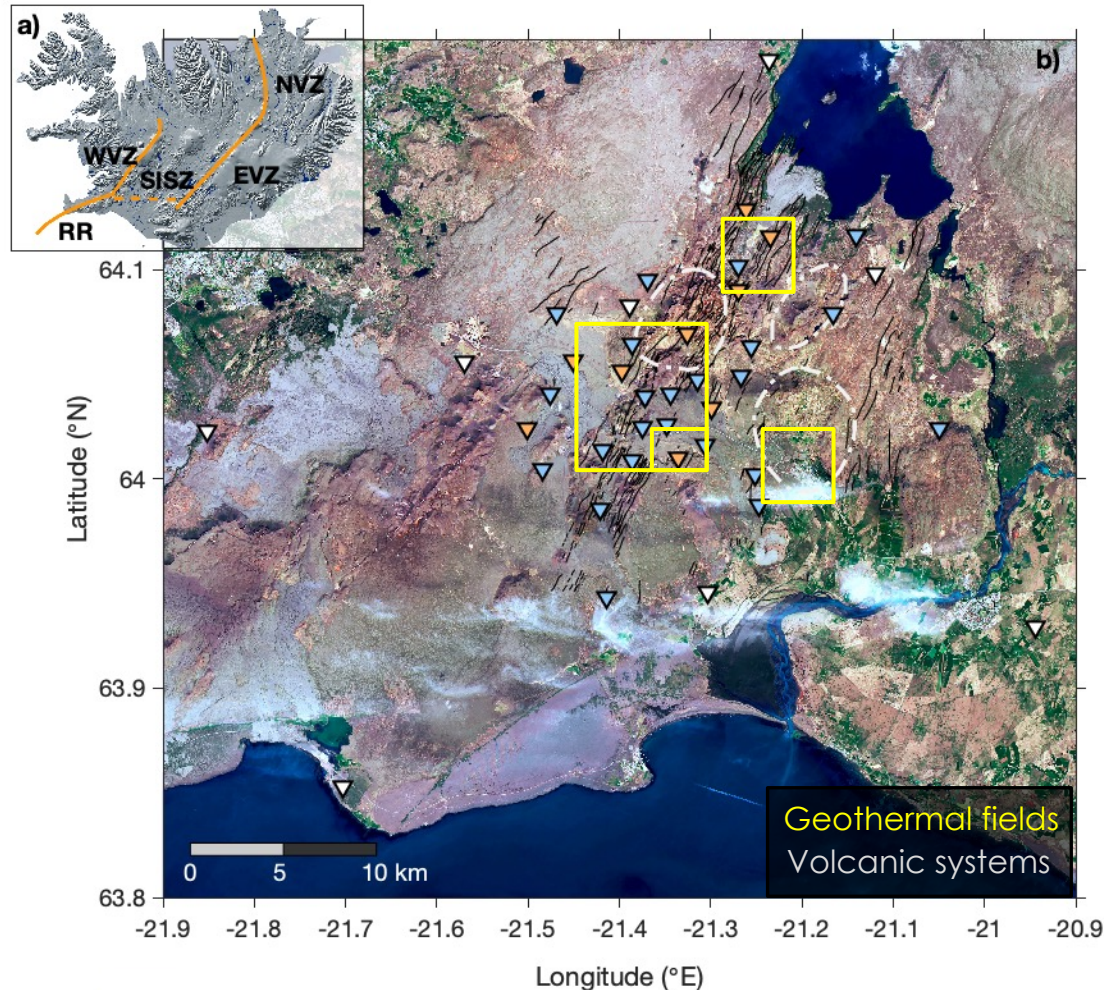
 $T_{\text{formation}}$

Earthquake tomography 📊

Active sources 📡

Seismic noise 😊

The Hengill area



Hengill

Triple junction between the RR, WVZ, SISZ

Seismic and volcanic activity – Geothermal resources

IDDP (Iceland Deep Drilling Project)

Super-critical fluids

CoseismiQ project

Monitoring microseismicity and imaging of the Hengill geothermal area

3D seismic noise tomography

Ambient seismic noise – 2018 – mid-2019



Seismic noise tomography

Seismic network deployment

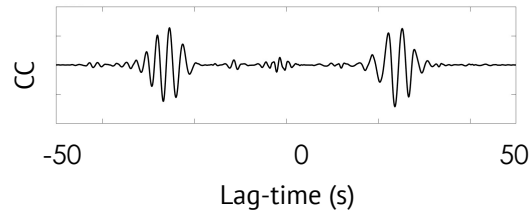


Pre-processing

- PSD plots
- Spectra
- Instrument response
- Gaps
- Filter (0.1 – 3) Hz
- (...)

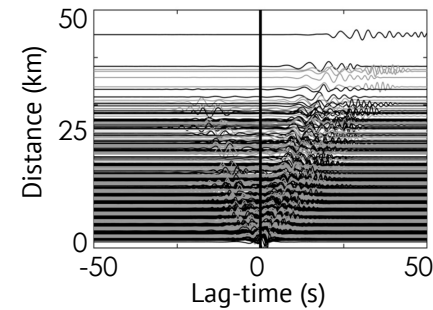
Correlation

Phase-Cross Correlation
(PCC; Schimmel, 1999)



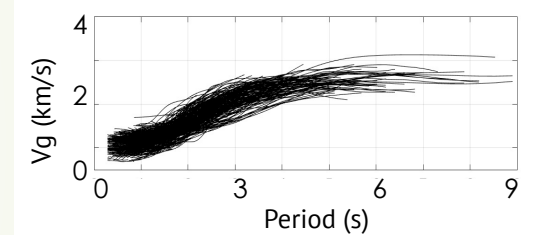
Stack

Time-frequency domain
phase-weighted stack
(Schimmel et al., 2011)

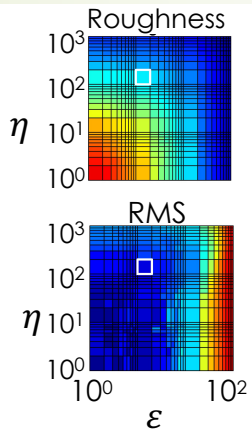


Dispersion curves

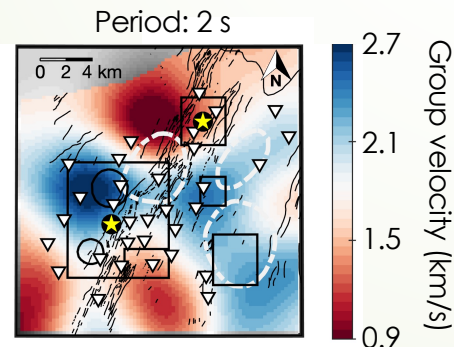
Fundamental mode Rayleigh waves
Group velocities
Automatic approach + Manual selection
(Schimmel et al., 2017)



2D Rayleigh-wave tomography

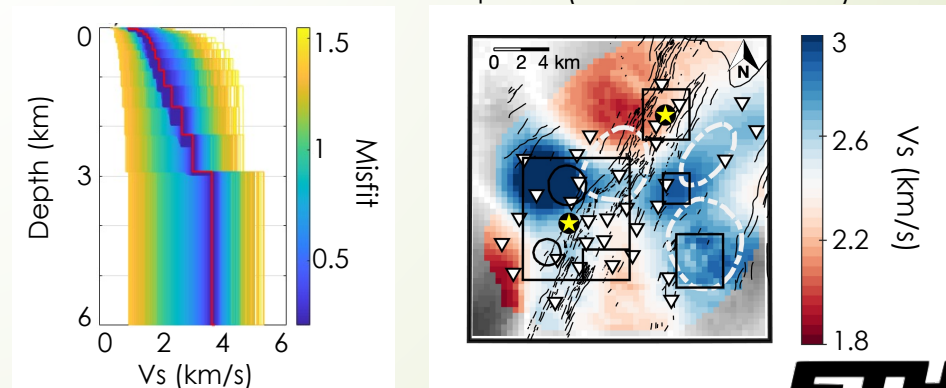


Fast-Marching Surface Tomography
(FMST; Rawlinson, 2005)

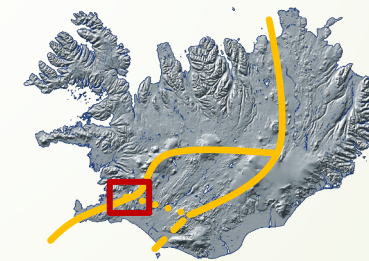
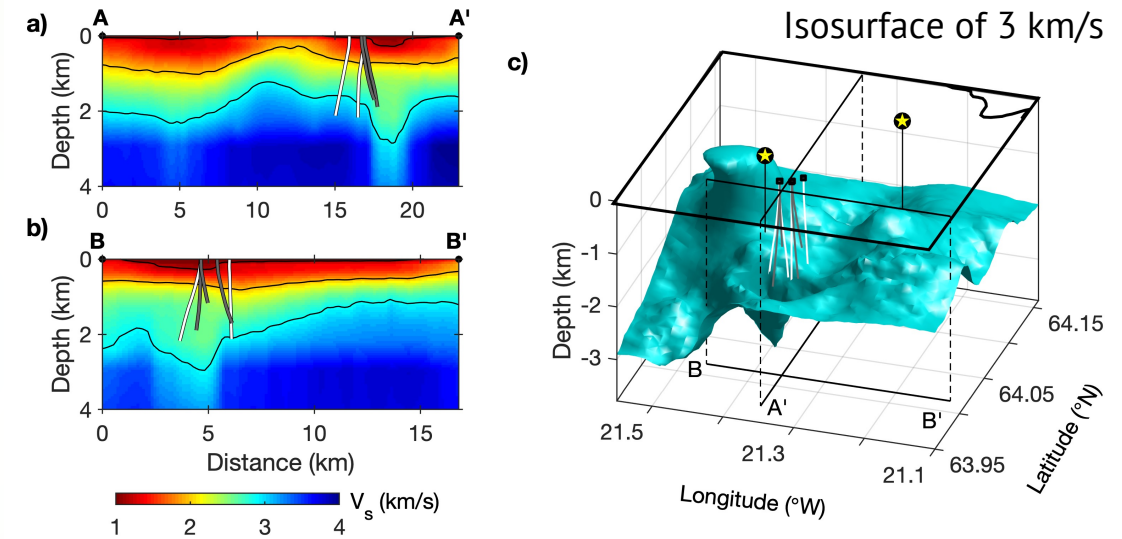
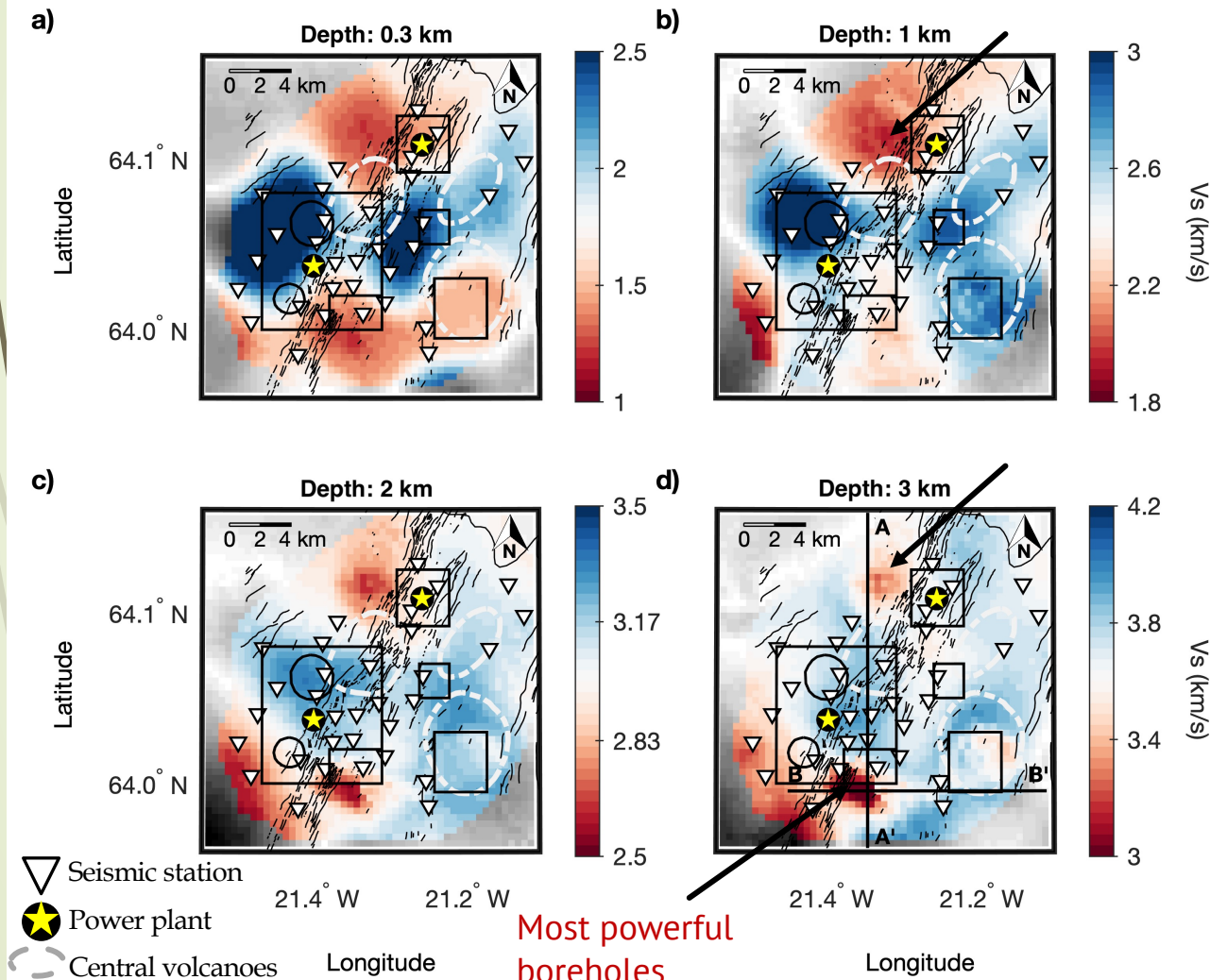


3D Shear-wave tomography

Neighbourhood Algorithm (Sambridge, 1999)
Power-law + Cubic B-splines (Mordret et al. 2014)



3D shear-wave tomography

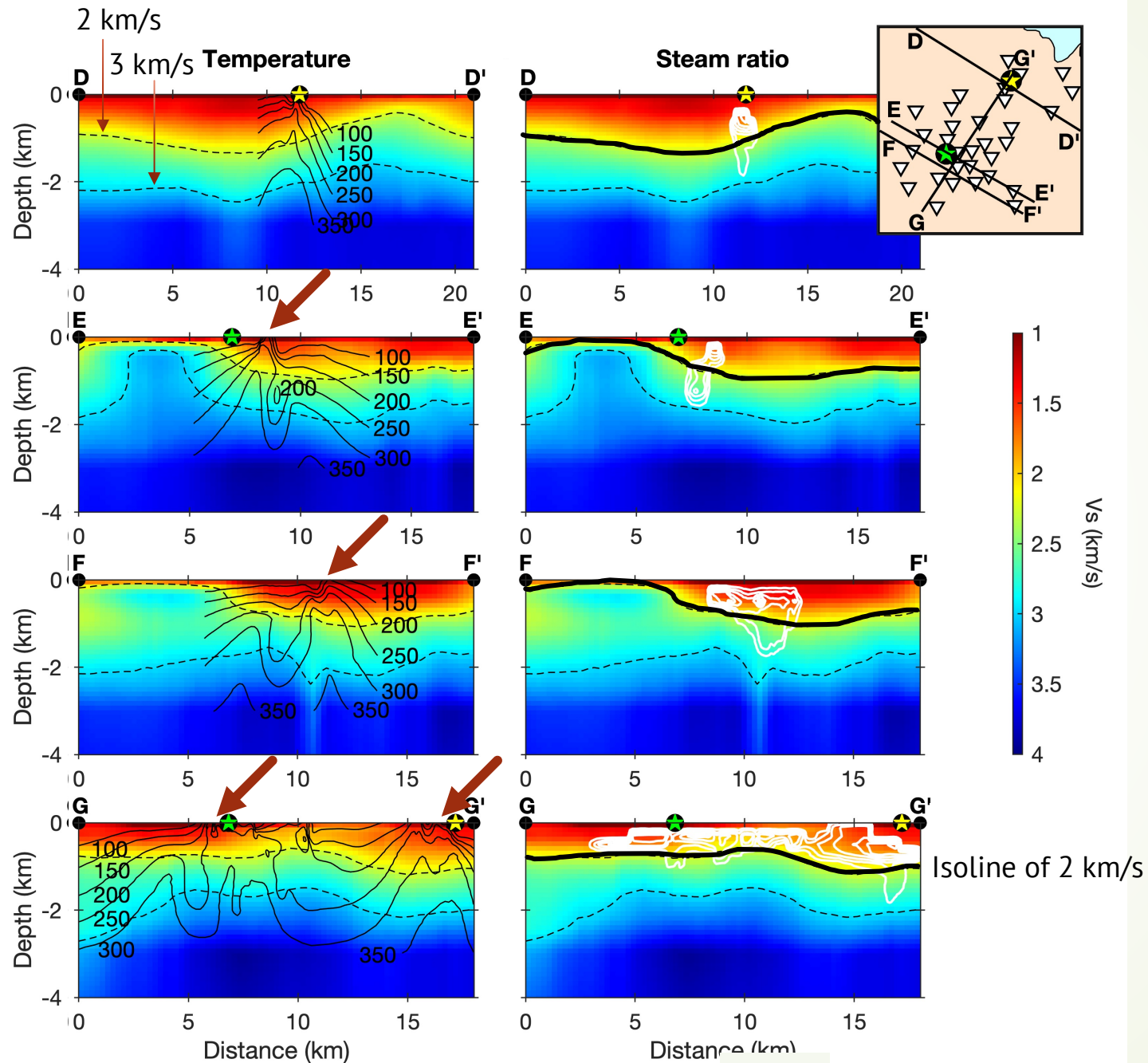


↑ Density of faults

↑ Permeability

Attractive target for future drilling projects

Results



Steam cap

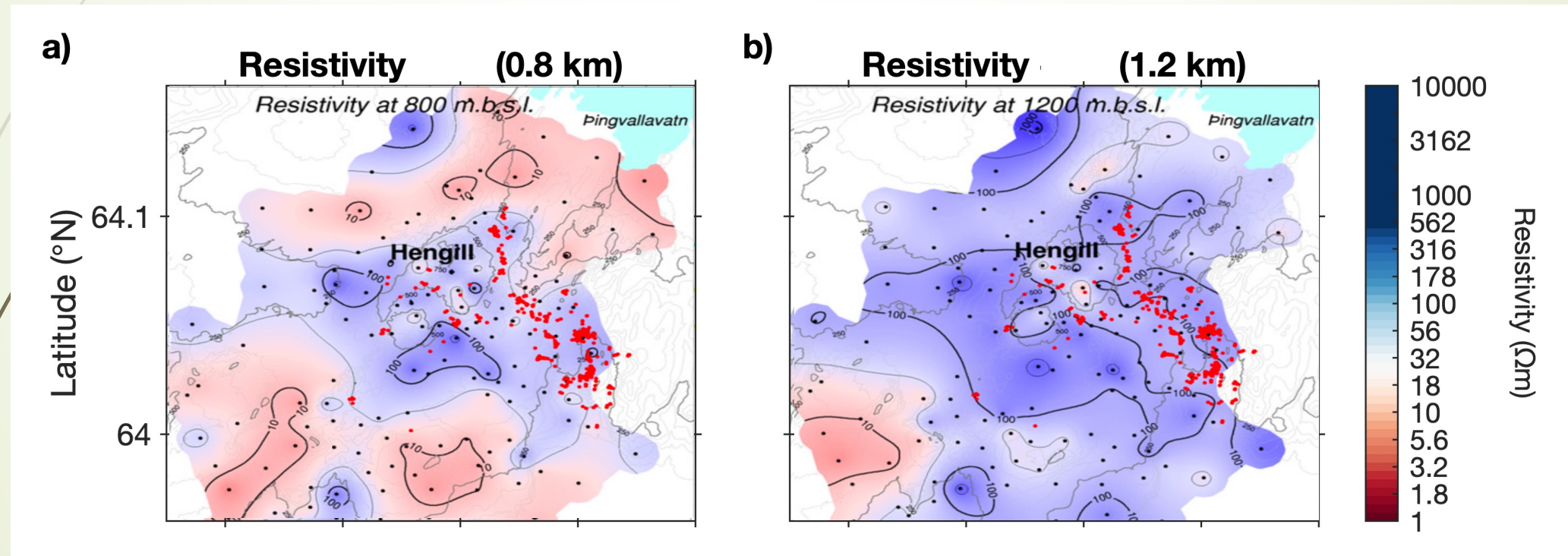
Decompression boiling

Seismic noise tomography

- Formation temperature
- Content of fluids

Resistivity

1D Joint inversion of TEM and MT data



(Modified from Árnason et al., 2010)

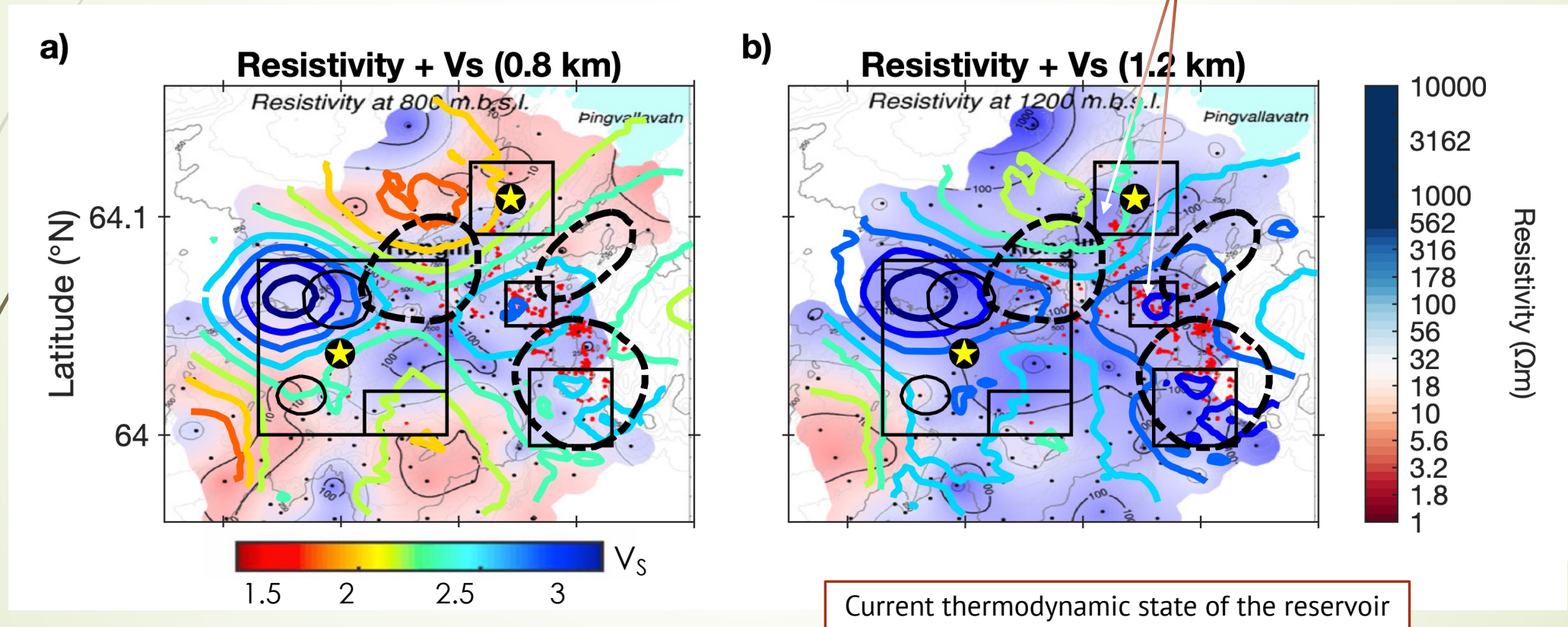
Resistivity vs seismic velocity

EM – Alteration temperature
Seismics – Formation temperature

1D Joint inversion of TEM and MT data

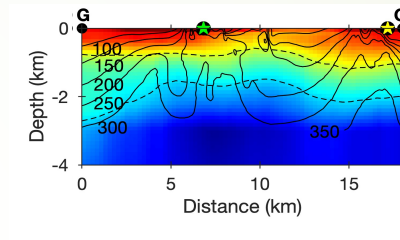
Excellent correlation

Small discrepancies → **No thermal equilibrium**

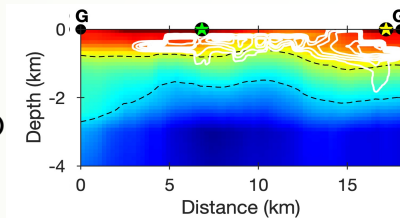


Conclusions

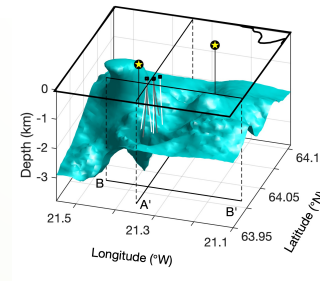
- 3D shear-wave velocity model in Hengill (Iceland) with only 1.5 years of data
- Shallow velocity anomalies related to high thermal gradient



- Bottom of the steam cap



- Potential site for future drilling projects



- Formation temperature of the system
Geoelectrical methods – Alteration temperature

