

# Modelling of the spatial and temporal patterns of dust storms emitted from the Aralkum (the former Aral Sea) in Central Asia

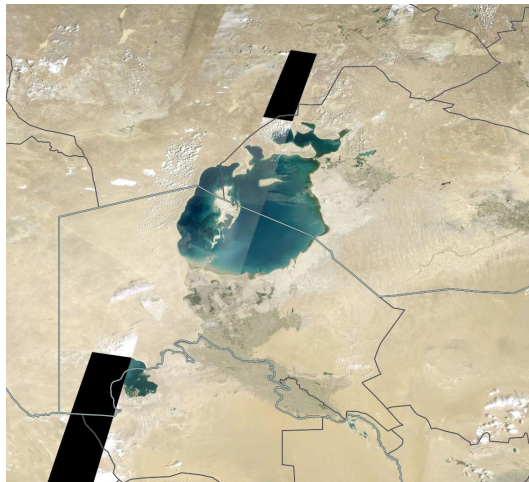
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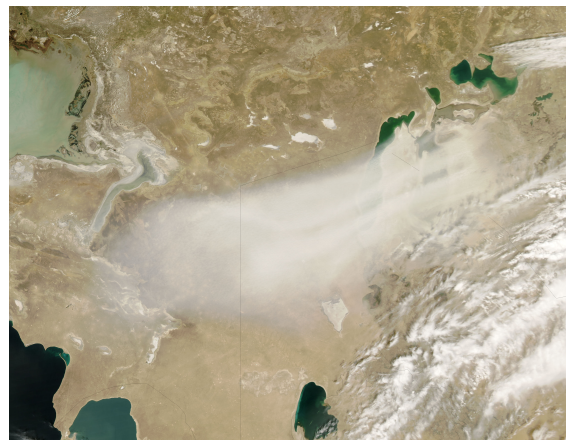
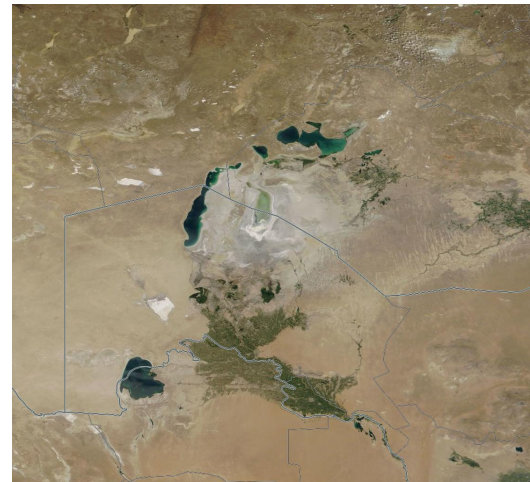
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**Landsat,  
June 1986**



**Terra MODIS,  
28<sup>th</sup> July 2015**



**Aqua MODIS,  
29<sup>th</sup> April 2008**

# Surface water coverage change in Central Asia

~60,000 km<sup>2</sup> (87%) of the Aral Sea's surface area was lost between 1960 and 2009 [Micklin, 2010]

The Aral Desert (Aralkum) is now a known dust source [e.g. Xi et al., 2014, JGR]

Global Surface Water product, derived from Landsat data [Pekel et al., 2016]

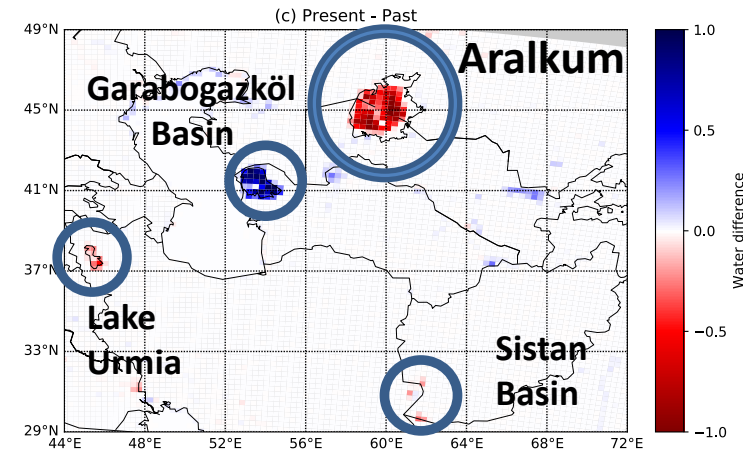
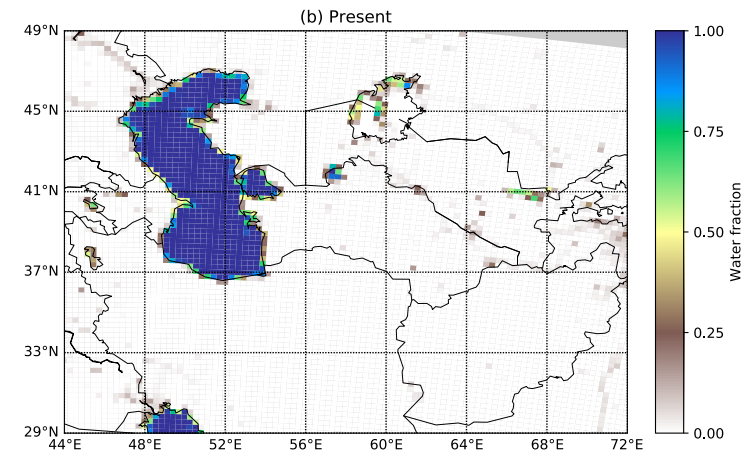
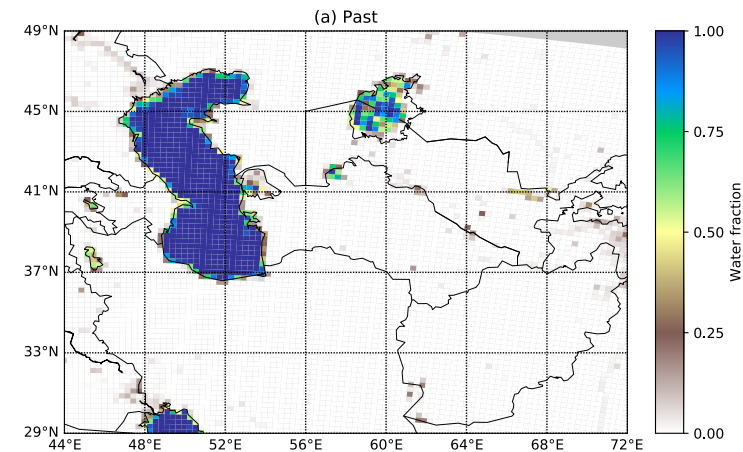
**Past** – 1980-1990s

**Present** – 2000-2010s

~28,000 km<sup>2</sup> of land has been added to the Aralkum.

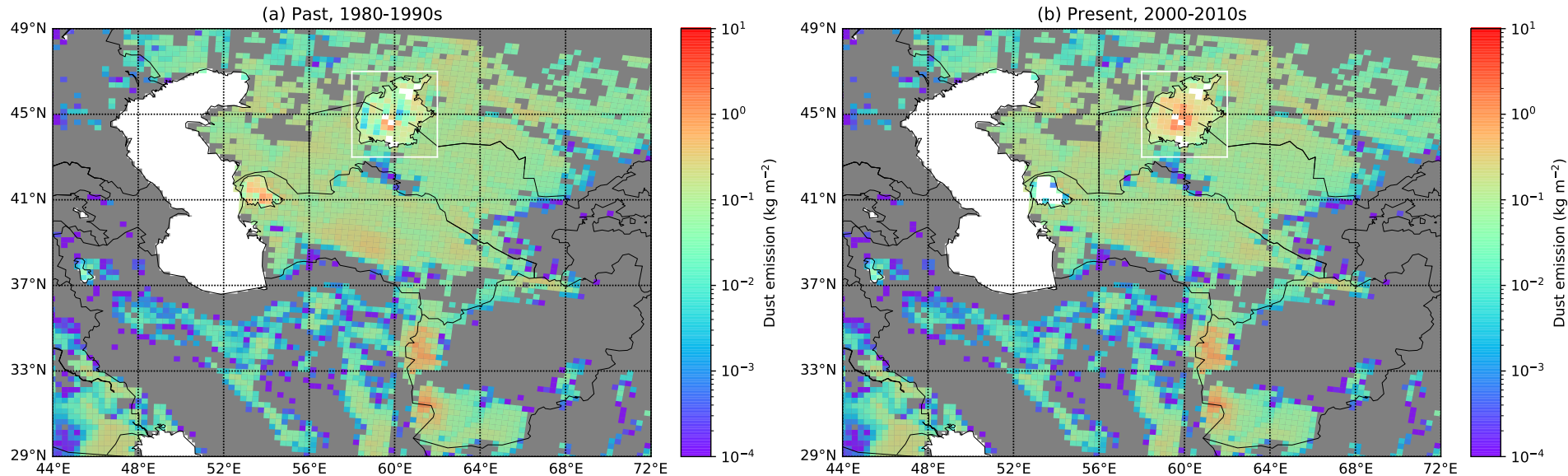
Using the regional aerosol model COSMO-MUSCAT, two dust transport scenarios are simulated for the Dustbelt (DUBLT), for the 'Past' and 'Present'.

Paper currently under review at JGR.



# 'DUBLT' simulated emissions March 2015 – March 2016

**Key point #1:**  
The expanded lakebed of the Aralkum has contributed an estimated extra ~7% to Central Asian dust emissions over the past 30 years.

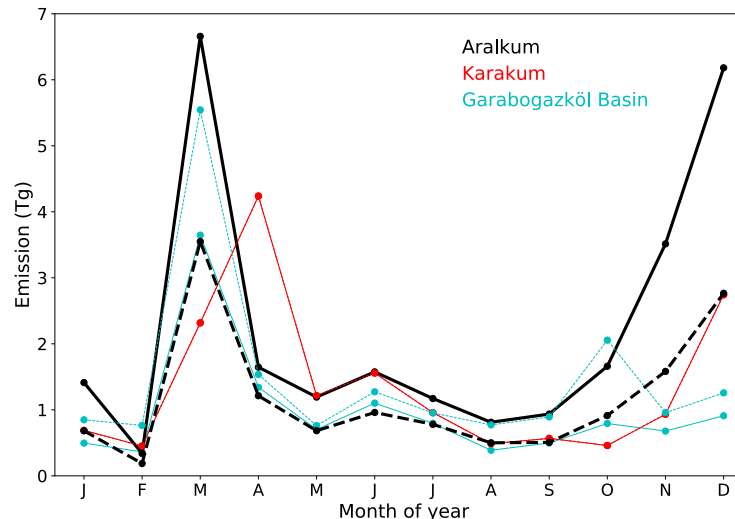


## Regional emissions (Past → Present)

Aralkum: 14.3 → 27.1 Tg

Karakum (old desert): 16.6 Tg

Garabogazköl Basin: 17.61 → 11.71 Tg



## Total emissions (Tg)

Past : 180.3

Present : 187.3

Solid lines: Present  
Dashed lines: Past

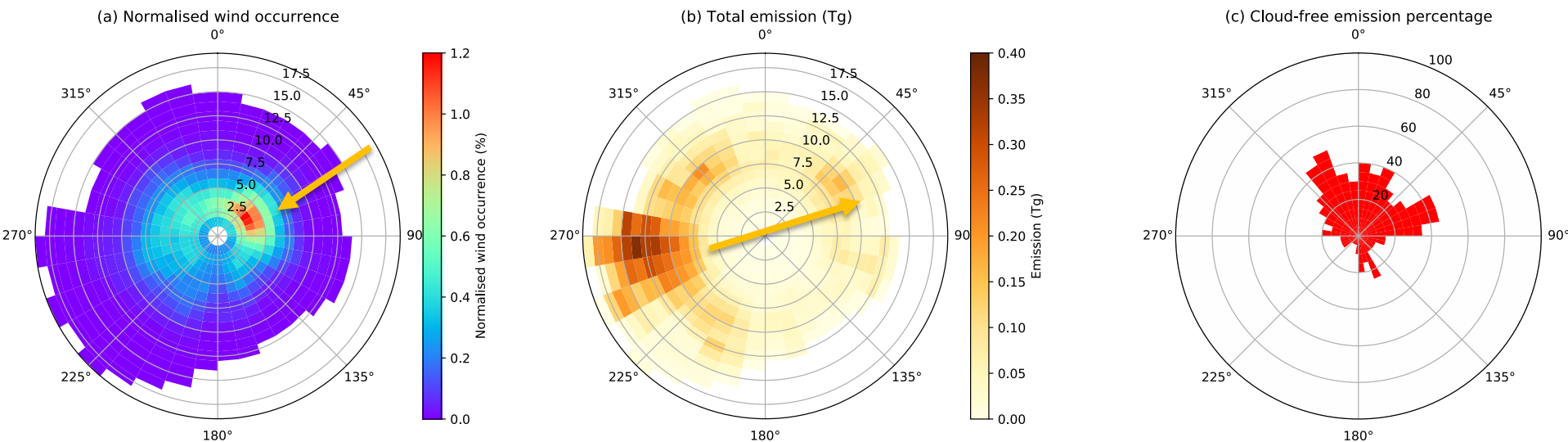
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# Aralkum dust emission directions

## March 2015 – March 2016

### Key point #2:

Over two thirds of the Aralkum's dust events may not be observable by satellites.



**All-sky total = 27.1 Tg**  
**Clear-sky total = 4.5 Tg**

**68%** of the total emissions occur when the cloud cover > 95%.

**17%** occur when the cloud cover < 5%.

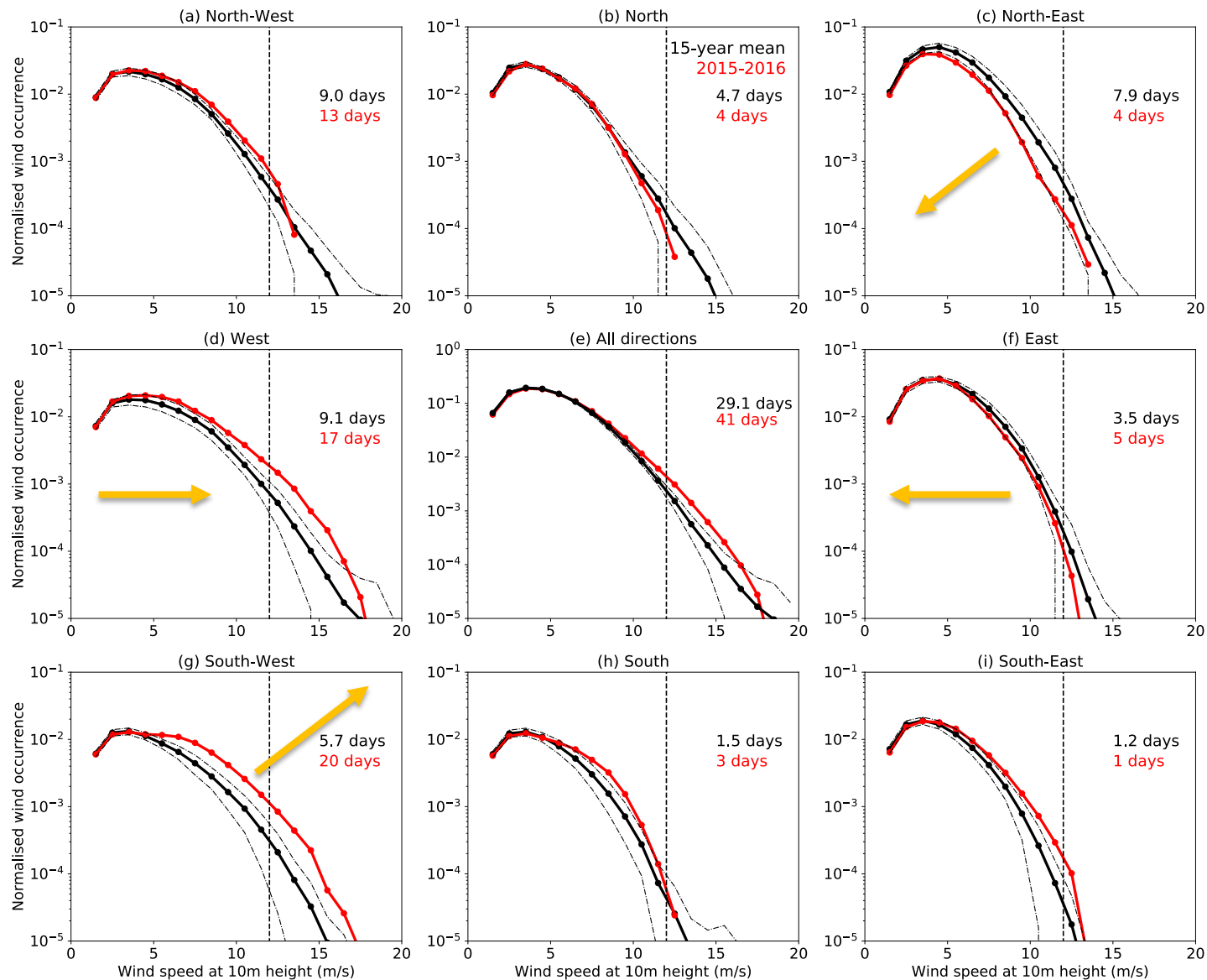
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# ERA5 directional wind distributions over the Aralkum, 2006-2020

The number of days refers to the number of days per year on which the wind speeds exceed  $12 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  somewhere in the Aralkum.

Standard deviation lines bracket the mean.



## Key point #3:

There is a high degree of interannual variability in the directions of dust-producing high wind speed events over the Aralkum.

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# Case studies of Aralkum dust events

Left: COSMO-MUSCAT dust optical depths

Right: Aqua MODIS true-colour images

## Daily emission rankings within the year

3) 18<sup>th</sup> December 2015: 1.24 Tg



6) 17<sup>th</sup> March 2016: 0.86 Tg



12) 13<sup>th</sup> June 2015: 0.41 Tg

## Outlook:

Investigations of the Aralkum's dust radiative effects are ongoing.

